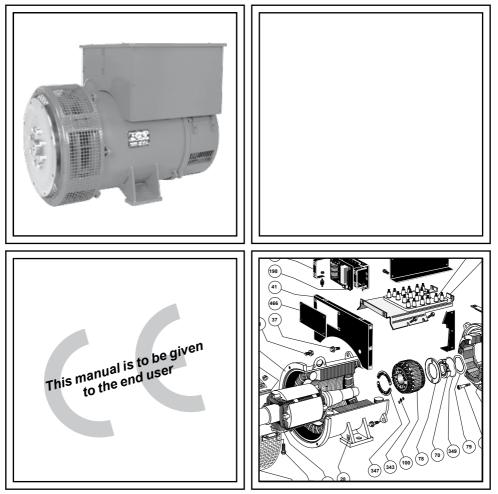


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# **LSA 46.2 - 4 POLES**

## ALTERNATORS

Installation and maintenance

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### LSA 46.2 - 4 POLES ALTERNATORS

This manual concerns the alternator which you have just purchased.

We wish to draw your attention to the contents of this maintenance manual.

#### SAFETY MEASURES

Before using your machine for the first time, it is important to read the whole of this installation and maintenance manual.

All necessary operations and interventions on this machine must be performed by a qualified technician.

Our technical support service will be pleased to provide any additional information you may require.

The various operations described in this manual are accompanied by recommendations or symbols to alert the user to the potential risk of accidents. It is vital that you understand and take notice of the different warning symbols used.

## WARNING

Warning symbol for an operation capable of damaging or destroying the machine or surrounding equipment.



Warning symbol for general danger to personnel.



Warning symbol for electrical danger to personnel.

#### WARNING SYMBOLS

We wish to draw your attention to the following 2 safety measures which must be complied with:

a) During operation, do not allow anyone to stand in front of the air outlet guards, in case anything is ejected from them.

## b) Do not allow children younger than 14 to go near the air outlet guards.

A set of self-adhesive stickers depicting the various warning symbols is included with this maintenance manual. They should be positioned as shown in the drawing below once the machine has been fully installed.

#### WARNING

The alternators must not be put into service until the machines in which they are to be incorporated have been declared compliant with Directives EC and plus any other directives that may be applicable.

Note: LEROY-SOMER reserves the right to modify the characteristics of its products at any time in order to incorporate the latest technological developments. The information contained in this document may therefore be changed without notice.

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C declaration of incorporation22
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#### 1 - RECEIPT

## 1.1 - Standards and safety measures

Our alternators comply with most international standards.

See the EC Declaration of Incorporation on the last page.

#### 1.2 - Inspection

On receipt of your alternator, check that it has not suffered any damage in transit. If there are obvious signs of knocks, contact the transporter (you may be able to claim on their insurance) and after a visual check, turn the machine by hand to detect any malfunction.

#### 1.3 - Identification

The alternator is identified by means of a nameplate fixed on the machine (see drawing).

Make sure that the nameplate on the machine conforms to your order.

The machine name is defined according to various criteria, for example :

LSA 46.2 M5 C6/4 -

- LSA : name used in the PARTNER range M : Marine
  - C: Cogeneration
- T: Telecommunications
- 46.2 : machine type
- M5 : model

C : excitation system

(C: AREP / J: SHUNT or PMG)

• 6/4 : winding number / number of poles.

#### 1.3.1 - Nameplate

So that you can identify your machine quickly and accurately, we suggest you write its specifications on the nameplate below.

#### 1.4 - Storage

Prior to commissioning, machines should be stored :

- Away from humidity (< 90%); after a long period of storage, check the machine insulation (section 3.2.1). To prevent the bearings from becoming marked, do not store in an environment with significant vibration.

#### 1.5 - Application

These alternators are mainly designed to produce electricity in the context of applications involving the use of generators.

#### 1.6 - Contraindications to use

Use of the machine is restricted to operating conditions (environment, speed, voltage, power, etc) compatible with the characteristics indicated on the nameplate.

• Alternated	rsPARTNER <u>alternator</u> s
LSA Date Hz N Hz Min-1/R.P.M. Protection Cos Ø /P.F. Cl. ther. / Th.class Régulateur/A.V.R. Altit. MMasse / Weight RIt AV/D.E bearing Graisse / Grease Valeurs excit / Excit. values	PUISSANCE / RATING       Tension     V       Voltage     Ph.       Connex.     Ph.       Continue     KMA       Continues     KWA       40C     A       Secours     KMA       Std by     KWA
en charge / full load à vide / at no load	e à C.E.I 60034-1. According to I.E.C 60034-1.



#### 2 - TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS

#### 1.1 - Electrical characteristics

The LSA 46.2 alternator is a machine without sliprings or revolving armature brushes, wound as "2/3 pitch", 6 or 12-wire, with class H insulation and a field excitation system available in either SHUNT, AREP or «PMG» version (see diagrams and AVR manuals).

#### 2.1.1 - Electrical options

- Stator temperature detection sensors
- Bearing sensors (PTC, PT100, etc)
- Space heater

Interference suppression conforms to standard EN 55011, group 1, class B (Europe).

#### 2.2 - Mechanical characteristics

- Steel frame
- Cast iron end shields

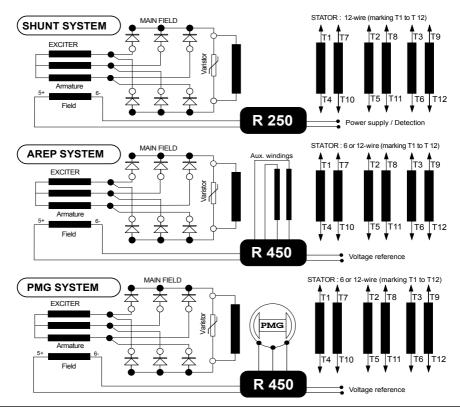
- Protected ball bearings, greased for life - Mounting arrangements:

IM 1201 (MD 35) foot and flange mounted, single-bearing with SAE coupling disc. IM 1001 (B 34) double-bearing with SAE flange and standard cylindrical shaft extension.

- Drip-proof machine, self-cooled
- Degree of protection: IP 23

#### 2.1.1 - Mechanical options

- Air inlet filter
- Regreasable ball bearings
- IP 44 protection





#### **3 - INSTALLATION**

Personnel undertaking the various operations indicated in this section must wear personal protective equipment appropriate for mechanical and electrical hazards.

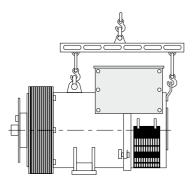
#### 3.1 - Assembly



All mechanical handling operations must be undertaken using suitable equipment and the machine must be horizontal. Check how much the machine weighs (see 4.8.3.) before choosing the lifting tool.

#### 3.1.1 - Handling

The generously-sized lifting rings are for handling the alternator alone. They must not be used to lift the genset. The choice of lifting hooks or handles should be determined by the shape of these rings. Choose a lifting system which respects the integrity and the environment of the alternators.



During this operation, do not allow anyone to stand under the load.

#### 3.1.2 - Coupling

#### 3.1.2.1 - Single-bearing alternator

Before coupling the machines, check that they are compatible by:

- undertaking a torsional analysis of the transmission,

- checking the dimensions of the flywheel and its housing, the flange, coupling discs and offset.



When coupling the alternator to the prime mover, do not use the fan to turn the alternator or rotor.

The holes of the coupling discs should be aligned with the flywheel holes by cranking the engine.

Make sure the alternator is securely bedded in position during coupling.

Check that there is lateral play on the crankshaft.

#### 3.1.2.2 - Double-bearing alternator

- Semi-flexible coupling

Careful alignment of the machines is recommended, checking that the lack of concentricity and parallelism of both parts of the coupling do not exceed 0.1 mm.

This alternator has been balanced with a 1/2 key.

#### 3.1.3 - Location

The room where the alternator is placed must be ventilated to ensure that the ambient temperature cannot exceed the data on the nameplate.

## 3.2 - Checks prior to first use 3.2.1 - Electrical checks



Under no circumstances should an alternator, new or otherwise, be operated if the insulation is less than 1 megohm for the stator and 100,000 ohms for the other windings.



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There are 2 possible methods for restoring the above minimum values.

a) Dry out the machine for 24 hours in a drying oven at a temperature of 110 °C (without the regulator).

b) Blow hot air into the air intake, having made sure that the machine is rotating with the exciter field disconnected.

**Note :** Prolonged standstill: In order to avoid these problems, we recommend the use of space heaters, as well as turning over the machine from time to time. Space heaters are only really effective if they are working continuously while the machine is stopped.

## WARNING

Ensure that the alternator has the degree of protection matching the defined environmental conditions.

#### 3.2.2 - Mechanical checks

Before starting the machine for the first time, check that:

- all fixing bolts and screws are tight.

- the cooling air is drawn in freely.

- the protective grilles and housing are correctly in place. - the standard direction of rotation is clockwise as seen from the shaft end (phase rotation in order 1 - 2 - 3).

For anti-clockwise rotation, swap 2 and 3. - the winding connection corresponds to the site operating voltage (see section 3.3).

#### 3.3 - Terminal connection diagrams

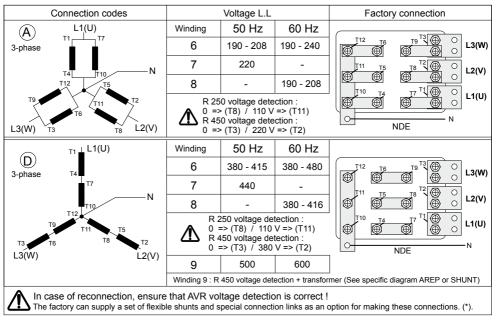
To modify the connection, change the position of the stator cables on the terminals. The winding code is specified on the nameplate.

#### 3.3.1 - Terminal connection: 12 wire

The connection accessories are detailed in section 5.3.3.



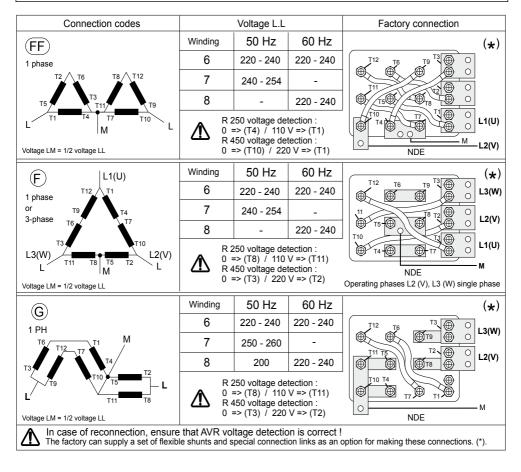
Any intervention on the alternator terminals during reconnection or checks should be performed with the machine stopped.





Installation and maintenance

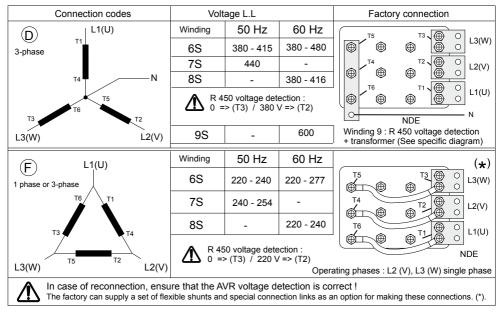
## LSA 46.2 - 4 POLES ALTERNATORS



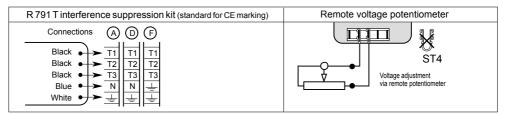


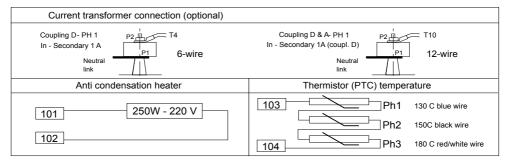


#### 3.3.2 - Terminal connection: 6 wire (not possible with the R 250)



#### 3.3.3 - Option connection diagram







### LSA 46.2 - 4 POLES ALTERNATORS

#### 3.3.4 - Connection checks



Electrical installations must comply with the current legislation in force in the country of use.

Check that:

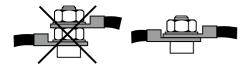
- The residual circuit-breaker conforms to legislation on protection of personnel, in force in the country of use, and has been correctly installed on the alternator power output as close as possible to the alternator. (In this case, disconnect the wire of the interference suppression module linking the neutral).

- Any protection devices in place have not been tripped.

- If there is an external AVR, the connections between the alternator and the cabinet are made in accordance with the connection diagram.

- There is no short-circuit phase-phase or phase-neutral between the alternator output terminals and the generator set control cabinet (part of the circuit not protected by circuitbreakers or relays in the cabinet).

- The machine should be connected with the busbar separating the terminals as shown in the terminal connection diagram.



#### 3.4 - Commissioning



The machine can only be started up and used if the installation is in accordance with the regulations and instructions defined in this manual.

The machine is tested and set up at the factory. When first used with no load, make sure that the drive speed is correct and stable (see the nameplate). With the regreasable bearing option, we recommend greasing the bearings at the time of commissioning (see 4.2.2).

On application of the load, the machine should achieve its rated speed and voltage; however, in the event of abnormal operation, the machine setting can be altered (follow the adjustment procedure in section 3.5). If the machine still operates incorrectly, the cause of the malfunction must be located (see section 4.4).

#### 3.5 - Setting up



The various adjustments during tests must be made by a qualified engineer.

Ensure that the drive speed specified on the nameplate is reached before commencing adjustment.

After operational testing, replace all access panels or covers.

The AVR is used to make any adjustments to the machine.



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## LSA 46.2 - 4 POLES ALTERNATORS

#### 4 - SERVICING - MAINTENANCE

#### 4.1 - Safety measures

Servicing or troubleshooting must be carried out strictly in accordance with instructions so as to avoid the risk of accidents and to maintain the machine in its original state.



All such operations performed on the alternator should be undertaken by personnel trained in the commissioning, servicing and maintenance of electrical and mechanical components, who must wear personal protective equipment appropriate for mechanical and electrical hazards.

Before any intervention on the machine, ensure that it cannot be started by a manual or automatic system and that you have understood the operating principles of the system.

#### 4.2 - Routine maintenance

#### 4.2.1 - Checks after start-up

After approximately 20 hours of operation, check that all fixing screws on the machine are still tight, plus the general state of the machine and the various electrical connections in the installation.

#### 4.2.2 - Bearings

As standard, the alternator is fitted with permanently greased bearings. As an option, they may be regreasable. It is advisable to lubricate the alternator during operation. Time intervals and quantity of grease are given in the table below.

DE/NDE bearing	6316 C3	6315 C3
Quantity of grease	33 g	30 g
Regreasing interval	4000 H	4500 H

Lubrication intervals are given for grease type: LITHIUM - standard - NLGI 3.

In the factory, the grease used for lubrication is: ESSO - Unirex N3.

Before using another grease, check for compatibility with the original one. Monitor the temperature rise in the bearings (see section 4.4).

#### 4.2.3 - Electrical servicing

Commercially-available volatile degreasing agents can be used.



Do not use: trichlorethylene, perchlorethylene, trichloroethane or any alkaline products.



These operations must be performed at a cleaning station, equipped with a vacuum system that collects and flushes out the products used.

The insulating components and the impregnation system are not at risk of damage from solvents. Avoid letting the cleaning product run into the slots.

Apply the product with a brush, sponging frequently to avoid accumulation in the housing. Dry the winding with a dry cloth. Let any traces evaporate before reassembling the machine.

#### 4.2.4 - Mechanical servicing

## WARNING

Cleaning the machine using water or a highpressure washer is strictly prohibited. Any problems arising from such treatment are not covered by our warranty.

Degreasing: Use a brush and detergent (suitable for paintwork).

Dusting: Use an air gun.

If the machine is fitted with air inlet and outlet filters, the maintenance personnel should clean them routinely at regular intervals. In the case of dry dust, the filter can be cleaned using compressed air and/or replaced if it is clogged.

After cleaning the alternator, it is essential to check the winding insulation (see sections 3.2 and 4.8).

#### 4.3 - Fault detection

If, when commissioned, the alternator does not work normally, the source of the malfunction must be identified (see sections 4.4 and 4.5).



## LSA 46.2 - 4 POLES ALTERNATORS

#### 4.4 - Mechanical defects

Fault		Action	
Bearing	Excessive temperature rise in one or both bearings (bearing temperature more than 80 °C) with or without abnormal bearing noise	<ul> <li>If the bearing has turned blue or if the grease has turned black, change the bearing</li> <li>Bearing not fully locked (abnormal play in the bearing cage)</li> <li>Check the end shield alignment (flange not properly fitted)</li> </ul>	
Abnormal temperature	Excessive temperature rise in the alternator housing (more than 40° C above the ambient temperature)	<ul> <li>Air flow (intake-outlet) partially clogged or hot air is being recycled from the alternator or engine</li> <li>Alternator operating at too high a voltage (&gt; 105% of Un on load)</li> <li>Alternator overloaded</li> </ul>	
Excessive vibration		- Misalignment (coupling) - Defective mounting or play in coupling - Rotor balancing fault (Engine - Alternator)	
	Excessive vibration and humming noise coming from the machine	- Phase imbalance - Stator short-circuit	
Abnormal noise	Alternator damaged by a significant impact, followed by humming and vibration	- System short-circuit - Mis-paralleling Possible consequences: - Broken or damaged coupling - Broken or bent shaft extension - Shifting and short-circuit of revolving field winding - Fan fractured or coming loose on shaft - Irreparable damage to rotating diodes, AVR, surge suppressor	

### 4.5 - Electrical faults

Fault	Action	Effect	Check/Cause
Connect a new battery No voltage of 4 to 12 volts to at no load on terminals E- and E+, start-up respecting the polarity,		The alternator builds up and its voltage is still correct when the battery is removed	- Lack of residual magnetism
		The alternator builds up but its voltage does not reach the rated value when the battery is removed	<ul> <li>Check the connection of the voltage reference to the AVR</li> <li>Faulty diodes</li> <li>Armature short-circuit</li> </ul>
	for 2 to 3 seconds	The alternator builds up but its voltage disappears when the battery is removed	- Faulty AVR - Field windings open circuit (check winding) - Revolving field coil open circuit (check the resistance)
Voltage too low	Check the drive speed	Correct speed	Check the AVR connections (AVR may be faulty) - Field windings short-circuited - Rotating diodes burnt out - Revolving field coil short-circuited - Check the resistance
		Speed too low	Increase the drive speed (do not touch the AVR voltage pot. (P2) before running at the correct speed)
Voltage too high	Adjust AVR voltage potentiometer	Adjustment ineffective	Faulty AVR
Voltage oscillations	Adjust the AVR stability potentiometer	If no effect: try normal or fast stability modes (ST2)	<ul> <li>Check the speed: possibility of cyclic irregularity</li> <li>Loose connections</li> <li>Faulty AVR</li> <li>Speed too low when on load (or AVR LAM set too high)</li> </ul>
Voltage correct at no check the voltage		Voltage between E+ and E- (DC) SHUNT / AREP / PMG < 10V	- Check the speed (or AVR LAM set too high)
load and too low when on load	between E+ and E- on the AVR	Voltage between E+ and E- SHUNT / AREP / PMG > 15V	<ul> <li>Faulty rotating diodes</li> <li>Short-circuit in the revolving field coil. Check the resistance.</li> <li>Faulty exciter armature. Check the resistance.</li> </ul>
Voltage disappears during operation	Check the AVR, the surge suppressor, the rotating diodes, and replace any defective components	The voltage does not return to the rated value	- Exciter winding open circuit - Faulty exciter armature - Faulty AVR - Revolving field coil open circuit or short-circuited



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## LSA 46.2 - 4 POLES ALTERNATORS

#### 4.5.1 - Checking the winding

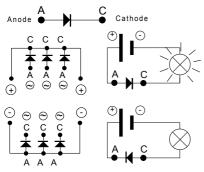
You can check the winding insulation by performing a high voltage test. In this case, you must disconnect all AVR wires.



Damage caused to the AVR in such conditions is not covered by our warranty.

#### 4.5.2 - Checking the diode bridge

A diode in good working order should allow the current to flow only in the anode-tocathode direction.



4.5.3 - Checking the windings and rotating diodes using separate excitation

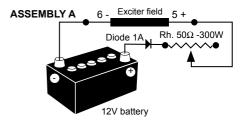


During this procedure, make sure that the alternator is disconnected from any external load and inspect the terminal box to check that the connections are fully tightened.

1) Stop the unit, disconnect and isolate the AVR wires.

2) There are two ways of creating an assembly with separate excitation.

**Assembly A:** Connect a 12 V battery in series with a rheostat of approximately 50 ohms - 300 W and a diode on both exciter field wires (5+) and (6-).

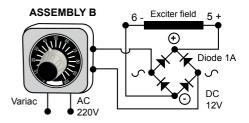


**Assembly B:** Connect a "Variac" variable power supply and a diode bridge on both exciter field wires (5+) and (6-).

Both these systems should have characteristics which are compatible with the field excitation power of the machine (see the nameplate).

3) Run the unit at its rated speed.

4) Gradually increase the exciter field current by adjusting the rheostat or the variac and measure the output voltages on L1 - L2 - L3, checking the excitation voltage and current at no load (see the machine nameplate or ask for the factory test report). When the output voltage is at its rated value and balanced within 1% for the rated excitation level, the machine is in good working order. The fault therefore comes from the AVR or its associated wiring (ie. sensing, auxiliary windings).





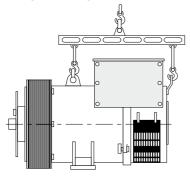
### LSA 46.2 - 4 POLES ALTERNATORS

4.6 - Dismantling, reassembly (see sections 5.4.1. & 5.4.2.)

## WARNING

During the warranty period, this operation should only be carried out in an LEROY-SOMER approved workshop or in our factory, otherwise the warranty may be invalidated.

Whilst being handled, the machine should remain horizontal (rotor not locked in position). Check how much the machine weighs (see 4.8.3) before choosing the lifting method.



#### 4.6.1 - Tools required

To fully dismantle the machine, we recommend using the tools listed below:

- 1 ratchet spanner + extension
- 1 torque wrench
- 1 set of flat spanners: 8 mm, 10 mm, 18 mm
- 1 socket set: 8, 10, 13, 16, 18, 21, 24, 30 mm
- 1 socket with male ferrule: 5 mm
- 1 puller

#### 4.6.2 -Screw tightening torque

See section 5.4.

#### 4.6.3 - Access to diodes

- Open the air intake grille (51).

- Disconnect the diodes.

- Check the 6 diodes, change the diode bridges if necessary.

## 4.6.4 - Access to connections and the regulation system

Access directly by removing the top of the cover (48) or the AVR access door (466).

#### 4.6.5 - Replacing the NDE bearing

- Remove the box lid (48) and the NDE panel (365) and remove the 2 screws from the part (122).

- Disconnect the stator outputs (T1 to T12).

- Disconnect the auxiliary winding wires AREP (X1,X2,Z1,Z2).

- Disconnect the exciter wires (5+,6-).

- Remove the air inlet louvre (51).

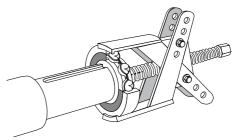
If using a single-bearing or double-bearing machine with the regreasable bearing option:

- Remove the bearing (78) thrust screws (72).

- Remove all 4 screws (37).

- Remove the shield (36).

- Take out the antifriction bearing (70) using a puller with a central screw (see drawing below).



- Fit the new antifriction bearing onto the shaft after heating it by induction to approximately 80 °C.

- Mount the new preloading (wavy) washer (79) + the new "O" ring seal (349) in the shield (36) and coat the bearing seat with adhesive paste (see After Sales Service).

If using a single-bearing or double-bearing machine with the regreasable bearing option:

- Screw a threaded rod into the thrust bearing (78).

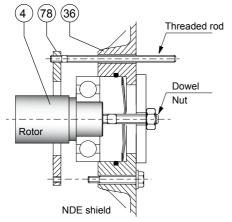
- Refit the end shield on the machine using a dowel and nut in the shaft extension (see drawing).



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- Slide the threaded rod into the shield hole to make it easier to assemble (see basic diagram).



- Fit the thrust bearing screws (78), remove the threaded rod, fit the other screw and tighten up the assembly.

- Tighten the 4 bearing screws (37).
- Reconnect wires.
- Fit the 2 support screws (122).
- Fit the air inlet louvre (51).
- Replace the cover.



When dismantling the shields, you will need to change the antifriction bearings, the "O" ring seal, the preloading (wavy) washer and adhesive paste.

#### 4.6.6 - Replacing the DE bearing

- Remove the air outlet grille (33).

- Remove the 6 screws (31) from the DE shield and the 3 screws (62) from the inner bearing retainer.

- Remove the shield (30).

- Take out the ball bearing (60) using a puller with a central screw (see section 4.6.5).

- Fit the new bearing, after heating it by induction to approximately 80 °C.

- Screw a threaded rod into the thrust bearing (68).

- Refit the shield (30) on the machine.

- Slide the threaded rod into the shield hole to make it easier to assemble (see basic diagram).

- Tighten the bottom thrust bearing screws (78), remove the threaded rod and fit the other screws.

- Tighten the 6 shield screws (31).

- Refit the air outlet grille (33).

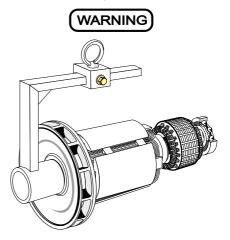
#### 4.6.7 - Dismantling the rotor assembly

- Remove the NDE shield (36) as described in section 4.6.5.

- Remove the DE shield (30) as described in section 4.6.6 if it is a double-bearing machine.

- Support the DE rotor (4) with a strap or with a support constructed in accordance with the following drawing.

- Move the strap as the rotor moves in order to distribute the weight over it.



When dismantling the rotor involves changing parts or rewinding, the rotor must be rebalanced.

#### 4.6.8 - Reassembling the machine

- Mount the rotor (4) in the stator (1) (see drawing above) taking care not to knock the windings.



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If using a single-bearing or double-bearing machine with the regreasable bearing option:

- Mount the new preloading (wavy) washer (79) + the new "O" ring seal (349) in the shield (36).

- Screw a threaded rod into the thrust bearing (78).

- Refit the shield (36) on the machine using a dowel and nut in the shaft extension (see diagram).

- Slide the threaded rod into the shield hole to make it easier to assemble (see diagram).

- Fit the thrust bearing screws (78), remove the threaded rod, fit the other screw and tighten up the assembly.

- Tighten the 4 bearing screws (37).
- Reconnect exciter wires E+, E-.
- Finish reassembling the cover.
- Refit the flange (30) on the stator (1).
- Tighten the screws (31).
- If using a double-bearing machine:

- Mount the new preloading (wavy) washer (79) + the new "O" ring seal (349) in the shield (36).

- Refit the shield (36) on the machine using a dowel and nut in the shaft extension (see diagram).

- Tighten the 4 shield screws (37).
- Reconnect exciter wires E+, E-.
- Finish reassembling the cover.

- Screw a threaded rod into the thrust bearing (68).

- Refit the shield (30) on the machine.

- Slide the threaded rod into the shield hole to make it easier to assemble (see basic diagram).

- Fit the thrust bearing screws (68), remove the threaded rod, fit the other screw and tighten up the assembly.

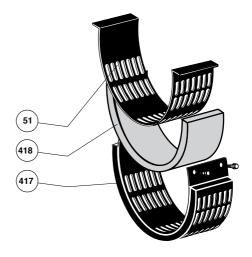
- Tighten the 6 shield screws (31).
- Refit the air outlet grille (33).

- Check that the machine assembly is correctly mounted and that all screws are tightened.

## 4.6.9 - Dismantling and reassembly of the filters

- Remove the grille (417) then take out the filter (418). Change the filter if necessary; please refer to section 4.2.5 for cleaning the filter.

To replace, follow the instructions in reverse order.



## 4.7 - Installation and maintenance of the PMG

For the LSA 46.2, the PMG reference is: PMG 2.

See the PMG manual ref : 4211.



### LSA 46.2 - 4 POLES ALTERNATORS

#### 4.8 - Table of characteristics

Table of average values

Alternator - 4 poles - 50 Hz - Standard winding No. 6.

(400V for the excitation values)

The voltage and current values are given for no-load operation and operation at rated load with separate field excitation.

All values are given to within  $\pm$  10% and may be changed without prior notification (for exact values, consult the test report).

#### 4.8.1 - LSA46.2 average values

Resistances at 20 °C (Ω)

LSA 46.2	Stator L/N	Rotor	Field	Armature
M3	0.022	0.23	8.8	0.035
M5	0.0182	0.24	8.8	0.035
L6	0.0148	0.264	8.8	0.035
L9	0.012	0.295	8.8	0.035
VL12	0.0085	0.343	10	0.037

## Resistance of AREP auxiliary windings at 20 °C ( $\Omega$ )

LSA 46.2	Auxil wdg: X1, X2	Auxil wdg: Z1, Z2
M3	0.24	0.4
M5	0.215	0.36
L6	0.185	0.36
L9	0.19	0.32
VL12	0.17	0.32

#### Field excitation current i exc (A)

Symbols : "i exc": excitation current of the exciter field

LSA 46.2	No load	At rated load
M3	1.1	4
M5	1.1	3.8
L6	1.1	4.1
L9	1.2	4
VL12	1.1	3.5

For 60 Hz machines, the "i exc" values are approximately 5 to 10 % lower.

## 4.8.2 - Voltage of auxiliary windings at no load

LSA 46.2	Auxil wdg: X1, X2	Auxil wdg: Z1, Z2	
50 Hz	70 V	10 V	
60 Hz	85 V	12 V	

#### 4.8.3 - Table of weights

(values given for information only)

LSA 46.2	Total weight (kg)	Rotor (kg)
M3	600	250
M5	700	260
L6	800	290
L9	850	320
VL12	1000	380



After operational testing, it is essential to replace all access panels or covers.



#### **5 - SPARE PARTS**

#### 5.1 - First maintenance parts

Emergency repair kits are available as an option.

They contain the following items:

Emergency kit SHUNT	ALT 472 KS 001
AVR R 250	-
Diode bridge assembly	-
Surge suppressor	-
Emergency kit AREP	ALT 461 KS 001
AVR R 450	-
Diode bridge assembly	-
Surge suppressor	-
Single-bearing kit	ALT 471 KB 002
Non drive end bearing	-
«O» ring	-
Preloading (wavy) washer	-
Double-bearing kit	ALT 461 KB 001
Non drive end bearing	-
Drive end bearing	-
«O» ring	-

#### 5.2 - Technical support service

Our technical support service will be pleased to provide any additional information you may require.

When ordering spare parts, you should indicate the complete machine type, its serial number and the information given on the nameplate.

Address your enquiry to your usual contact.

Part numbers should be identified from the exploded views and their description from the parts list.

Our extensive network of service centres can dispatch the necessary parts without delay.

To ensure correct operation and the safety of our machines, we recommend the use of original manufacturer spare parts. In the event of failure to comply with this advice, the manufacturer cannot be held responsible for any damage.

#### 5.3 - Accessories

## 5.3.1 - Space heater for use when stopped

The space heater must run as soon as the alternator stops. It is installed at the rear of the machine. Its standard power is 250W with 220V or 250W with 110V on request.



Warning: the power supply is present when the machine has stopped.

## 5.3.2 - Temperature sensors with thermistors (PTC)

These are thermistor triplets with a positive temperature coefficient installed in the stator winding (1 per phase). There can be a maximum of 2 triplets in the winding (at 2 levels: warning and trip) and 1 or 2 thermistors in the shields.

These sensors must be linked to adapted sensing relays (supplied optionally).

Cold resistance of cold thermistor sensors: 100 to  $250 \Omega$  per sensor.

#### 5.3.3 - Connection accessories

- 6-wire machines : coupling (F)
- 12-wire machines : coupling (A), (F .F), (F)

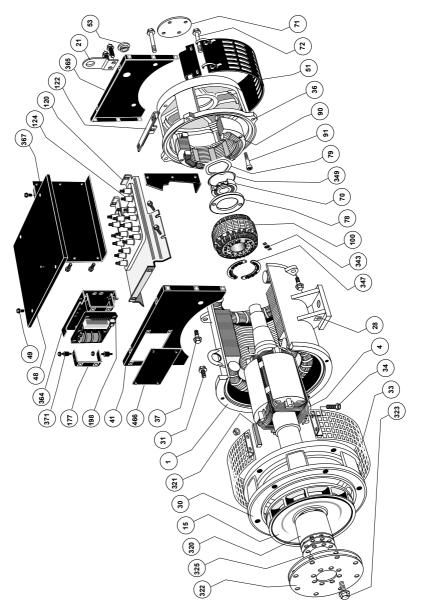


After operational testing, it is essential to replace all access panels or covers.



LEROY-SOMER	Installation and maintenance	3856 en -2011.01/ h
	LSA 46.2 - 4 POLES ALTERNATORS	

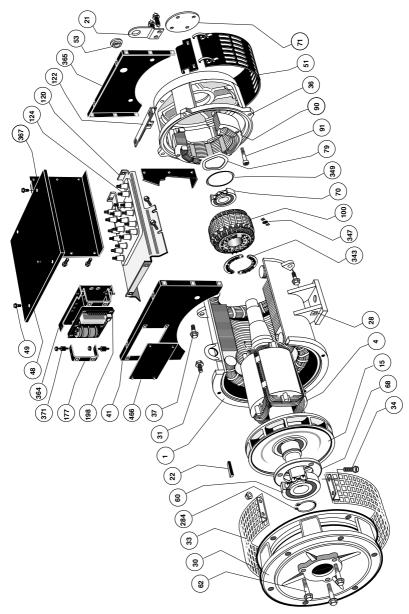
## 5.4 - Exploded view, parts list and tightening torque 5.4.1 - LSA 46.2 single-bearing





## LSA 46.2 - 4 POLES ALTERNATORS

#### 5.4.2 - LSA 46.2 double-bearing





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## LSA 46.2 - 4 POLES ALTERNATORS

Ref.	Qty	Description	Screw Ø	Torque N.m	Ref.	Qty	Description	Screw Ø	Torque N.m
1	1	Stator assembly	-	-	90	1	Exciter field	-	-
4	1	Rotor assembly	-	-	91	4	Fixing screws	M6	10
15	1	Fan	-	-	100	1	Exciter armature	-	-
21	1	Lifting ring	-	-	120	1	Terminal plate support	-	-
22	1	Shaft extension key	-	-	122	1	Plate support	-	-
28	1	Earth terminal	M10	20	124	1	Terminal plate	M12	35
30	1	Drive end shield	-	-	177	2	AVR support bracket	-	-
31	6 or 4	Fixing screws	M14	80(*)	198	1	Voltage regulator (AVR)	-	-
33	1	Protective grille	-	-	284	1	Circlips	-	-
34	2	Fixing screws	M6	5	320	1	Coupling sleeve	-	-
36	1	Exciter end shield	-	-	321	1	Sleeve key	-	-
37	4	Fixing screws	M12	50	322	3	Coupling disc	-	-
41	1	Cover front panel	-	-	323	6	Fixing screw	M16	170
48	1	Cover top panel	-	-	325	-	Spacer shim	-	-
49	-	Cover screws	M6	5	343	1	Diode bridge assembly	M6	4
51	1	Air intake grille	-	-	347	1	Protection varistor (+ PCB)	-	-
53	1	Plug	-	-	349	1	"O" ring	-	-
60	1	Drive end bearing	-	-	364	1	AVR support	-	-
62	3 or 4	Fixing screws	M8	20	365	1	Cover rear panel	-	-
68	1	Inner bearing retainer	-	-	367	2	Side panel	-	-
70	1	Non drive end bearing	-	-	371	4	Damper	-	-
71	1	Cover	-	-	416	1	Filter	-	-
72	2	Fixing screws	M8	20	417	1	Filter support	-	-
78	1	Inner bearing retainer	-	-	466	2	AVR inspection door	-	-
79	1	Preloading (wavy) washer	-	-					

(\*) 80 N.m in M / 190 N.m in L, VL



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#### **Electric Power Generation Division**

### Declaration of CE compliance and incorporation

This Declaration applies to the generators designed to be incorporated into machines complying with the Machinery Directive Nr 2006/42/CE dated 17 May 2006.

MOTEURS LEROY-SOMER Boulevard Marcellin Leroy 16015 ANGOULEME France MLS HOLICE STLO.SRO SLADKOVSKEHO 43 772 04 OLOMOUC Czech Republic MOTEURS LEROY-SOMER 1, rue de la Burelle Boite Postale 1517 45800 St Jean de Braye France

Declares hereby that the electric generators of the types LSA 36 - 37 - 40 - 42.2 - 43.2 - 44.2 - 46.2 - 47.2 - 49.1 - 50.2 - 51.2, as well as their derivatives, manufactured by Leroy Somer or on Leroy Somer's behalf, comply with the following International Standards and Directive :

- EN and IEC 60034 -1 and 60034 -5
- ISO 8528 3 "Reciprocating internal combustion engine driven alternating current generating sets. Part 3. Alternating current generators for generating sets "
- Low Voltage Directive Nr 2006/95/CE dated 12 December 2006.

Furthermore, these generators, designed in compliance with the Machine Directive Nr 2006/42, are therefore able to be incorporated into Electrical Gen-Sets complying with the following International Directives :

- Machinery Directive Nr 2006/42/CE dated 17 May 2006
- EMC Directive Nr 2004/108/CE dated 15 December 2004, as intrinsic levels of emissions and immunity are concerned

WARNING :

The here above mentioned generators should not be commissioned until the corresponding Gen-Sets have been declared in compliance with the Directives Nr 2006/42/CE et 2004/108/CE, as well as with the other relevant Directives.

Leroy Somer undertakes to transmit, in response to a reasoned request by the national authorities, relevant information on the generator.

Technical Managers P Betge – J.Begué

Es Alie

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LEROY-SOMER 16015 ANGOULÊME CEDEX - FRANCE 338 567 258 RCS ANGOULÊME

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