

Instruction Manual
for AC Generators
QAS 30 - 45 - 60 Pd

Warranty and Liability Limitation

Use only authorized parts.

Any damage or malfunction caused by the use of unauthorized parts is not covered by Warranty or Product Liability.

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This applies in particular to trademarks, model denominations, part numbers and drawings.

Congratulations on the purchase of your AC generator. It is a solid, safe and reliable machine, built according to the latest technology. Follow the instructions in this booklet and we guarantee you years of troublefree operation. Please read the following instructions carefully before starting to use your machine.

While every effort has been made to ensure that the information in this manual is correct, Atlas Copco does not assume responsibility for possible errors. Atlas Copco reserves the right to make changes without prior notice.

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1. Safety precautions for portable generators

To be read attentively and acted accordingly before towing, lifting, operating, performing maintenance or repairing the generator.

1.1 Introduction

The policy of Atlas Copco is to provide the users of their equipment with safe, reliable and efficient products. Factors taken into account are among others:

- the intended and predictable future use of the products, and the environments in which they are expected to operate,
- applicable rules, codes and regulations,
- the expected useful product life, assuming proper service and maintenance,
- providing the manual with up-to-date information.

Before handling any product, take time to read the relevant instruction manual. Besides giving detailed operating instructions, it also gives specific information about safety, preventive maintenance, etc.

Keep the manual always at the unit location, easy accessible to the operating personnel.

See also the safety precautions of the engine and possible other equipment, which are separately sent along or are mentioned on the equipment or parts of the unit.

These safety precautions are general and some statements will therefore not always apply to a particular unit.

Only people that have the right skills should be allowed to operate, adjust, perform maintenance or repair on Atlas Copco equipment. It is the responsibility of management to appoint operators with the appropriate training and skill for each category of job.

Skill level 1 : Operator

An operator is trained in all aspects of operating the unit with the push-buttons, and is trained to know the safety aspects.

Skill level 2 : Mechanical technician

A mechanical technician is trained to operate the unit the same as the operator. In addition, the mechanical technician is also trained to perform maintenance and repair, as described in the instruction manual, and is allowed to change settings of the control and safety system. A mechanical technician does not work on live electrical components.

Skill level 3 : Electrical technician

An electrical technician is trained and has the same qualifications as both the operator and the mechanical technician. In addition, the electrical technician may carry out electrical repairs within the various enclosures of the unit. This includes work on live electrical components.

Skill level 4 : Specialist from the manufacturer

This is a skilled specialist sent by the manufacturer or its agent to perform complex repairs or modifications to the equipment.

In general it is recommended that not more than two people operate the unit, more operators could lead to unsafe operating conditions. Take necessary steps to keep unauthorized persons away from the unit and eliminate all possible sources of danger at the unit.

When handling, operating, overhauling and/or performing maintenance or repair on Atlas Copco equipment, the mechanics are expected to use safe engineering practices and to observe all relevant local safety requirements and ordinances. The following list is a reminder of special safety directives and precautions mainly applicable to Atlas Copco equipment.

Neglecting the safety precautions may endanger people as well as environment and machinery:

- endanger people due to electrical, mechanical or chemical influences,
- endanger the environment due to leakage of oil, solvents or other substances,
- endanger the machinery due to function failures.

All responsibility for any damage or injury resulting from neglecting these precautions or by non-observance of ordinary caution and due care required in handling, operating, maintenance or repair, also if not expressly mentioned in this instruction manual, is disclaimed by Atlas Copco.

The manufacturer does not accept any liability for any damage arising from the use of non-original parts and for modifications, additions or conversions made without the manufacturer's approval in writing.

If any statement in this manual does not comply with local legislation, the stricter of the two shall be applied.

Statements in these safety precautions should not be interpreted as suggestions, recommendations or inducements that it should be used in violation of any applicable laws or regulations.

1.2 General safety precautions

- 1 The owner is responsible for maintaining the unit in a safe operating condition. Unit parts and accessories must be replaced if missing or unsuitable for safe operation.
 - 2 The supervisor, or the responsible person, shall at all times make sure that all instructions regarding machinery and equipment operation and maintenance are strictly followed and that the machines with all accessories and safety devices, as well as the consuming devices, are in good repair, free of abnormal wear or abuse, and are not tampered with.
 - 3 Whenever there is an indication or any suspicion that an internal part of a machine is overheated, the machine shall be stopped but no inspection covers shall be opened before sufficient cooling time has elapsed; this to avoid the risk of spontaneous ignition of oil vapour when air is admitted.
 - 4 Normal ratings (pressures, temperatures, speeds, etc.) shall be durably marked.
 - 5 Operate the unit only for the intended purpose and within its rated limits (pressure, temperature, speeds, etc.).
 - 6 The machinery and equipment shall be kept clean, i.e. as free as possible from oil, dust or other deposits.
 - 7 To prevent an increase in working temperature, inspect and clean heat transfer surfaces (cooler fins, intercoolers, coolant jackets, etc.) regularly. See the maintenance schedule.
 - 8 All regulating and safety devices shall be maintained with due care to ensure that they function properly. They may not be put out of action.
 - 9 Pressure and temperature gauges shall be checked regularly with regard to their accuracy. They shall be replaced whenever outside acceptable tolerances.
 - 10 Safety devices shall be tested as described in the maintenance schedule of the instruction manual to determine that they are in good operating condition.
 - 11 Mind the markings and information labels on the unit.
 - 12 In the event the safety labels are damaged or destroyed, they must be replaced to ensure operator safety.
 - 13 Keep the work area neat. Lack of order will increase the risk of accidents.
 - 14 When working on the unit, wear safety clothing. Depending on the kind of activities these are: safety glasses, ear protection, safety helmet (including visor), safety gloves, protective clothing, safety shoes. Do not wear the hair long and loose (protect long hair with a hairnet), or wear loose clothing or jewellery.
 - 15 Take precautions against fire. Handle fuel, oil and anti-freeze with care because they are inflammable substances. Do not smoke or approach with naked flame when handling such substances. Keep a fire-extinguisher in the vicinity.
- 16a Portable generators (with earthing pin):**
Earth the generator as well as the load properly.
- 16b Portable generators IT:**
Note: This generator is built to supply a sheer alternating current IT network.
Earth the load properly.

1.3 Safety during transport and installation

To lift a unit, all loose or pivoting parts, e.g. doors and towbar, shall first be securely fastened.

Do not attach cables, chains or ropes directly to the lifting eye; apply a crane hook or lifting shackle meeting local safety regulations. Never allow sharp bends in lifting cables, chains or ropes.

Helicopter lifting is not allowed.

It is strictly forbidden to dwell or stay in the risk zone under a lifted load. Never lift the unit over people or residential areas. Lifting acceleration and retardation shall be kept within safe limits.

- 1 Before towing the unit:
 - check the towbar, the brake system and the towing eye. Also check the coupling of the towing vehicle,
 - check the towing and brake capability of the towing vehicle,
 - check that the towbar, jockey wheel or stand leg is safely locked in the raised position,
 - ascertain that the towing eye can swivel freely on the hook,
 - check that the wheels are secure and that the tyres are in good condition and inflated correctly,
 - connect the signalisation cable, check all lights and connect the pneumatic brake couplers,
 - attach the safety break-away cable or safety chain to the towing vehicle,
 - remove wheel chocks, if applied, and disengage the parking brake.
- 2 To tow a unit use a towing vehicle of ample capacity. Refer to the documentation of the towing vehicle.
- 3 If the unit is to be backed up by the towing vehicle, disengage the overrun brake mechanism (if it is not an automatic mechanism).
- 4 Never exceed the maximum towing speed of the unit (mind the local regulations).
- 5 Place the unit on level ground and apply the parking brake before disconnecting the unit from the towing vehicle. Unclip the safety break-away cable or safety chain. If the unit has no parking brake or jockey wheel, immobilize the unit by placing chocks in front of and/or behind the wheels. When the towbar can be positioned vertically, the locking device must be applied and kept in good order.
- 6 To lift heavy parts, a hoist of ample capacity, tested and approved according to local safety regulations, shall be used.
- 7 Lifting hooks, eyes, shackles, etc., shall never be bent and shall only have stress in line with their design load axis. The capacity of a lifting device diminishes when the lifting force is applied at an angle to its load axis.
- 8 For maximum safety and efficiency of the lifting apparatus all lifting members shall be applied as near to perpendicular as possible. If required, a lifting beam shall be applied between hoist and load.
- 9 Never leave a load hanging on a hoist.
- 10 A hoist has to be installed in such a way that the object will be lifted perpendicular. If that is not possible, the necessary precautions must be taken to prevent load-swinging, e.g. by using two hoists, each at approximately the same angle not exceeding 30° from the vertical.
- 11 Locate the unit away from walls. Take all precautions to ensure that hot air exhausted from the engine and driven machine cooling systems cannot be recirculated. If such hot air is taken in by the engine or driven machine cooling fan, this may cause overheating of the unit; if taken in for combustion, the engine power will be reduced.
- 12 Generators shall be stalled on an even, solid floor, in a clean location with sufficient ventilation. If the floor is not level or can vary in inclination, consult Atlas Copco.
- 13 The electrical connections shall correspond to local codes. The machines shall be earthed and protected against short circuits by fuses or circuit breakers.
- 14 Never connect the generator outlets to an installation which is also connected to a public mains.
- 15 Before connecting a load, switch off the corresponding circuit breaker, and check whether frequency, voltage, current and power factor comply with the ratings of the generator.

1.4 Safety during use and operation

- 1 When the unit has to operate in a fire-hazardous environment, each engine exhaust has to be provided with a spark arrestor to trap incendiary sparks.
- 2 The exhaust contains carbon monoxide which is a lethal gas. When the unit is used in a confined space, conduct the engine exhaust to the outside atmosphere by a pipe of sufficient diameter; do this in such a way that no extra back pressure is created for the engine. If necessary, install an extractor. Observe any existing local regulations. Make sure that the unit has sufficient air intake for operation. If necessary, install extra air intake ducts.
- 3 When operating in a dust-laden atmosphere, place the unit so that dust is not carried towards it by the wind. Operation in clean surroundings considerably extends the intervals for cleaning the air intake filters and the cores of the coolers.
- 4 Never remove a filler cap of the coolant system of a hot engine. Wait until the engine has sufficiently cooled down.
- 5 Never refill fuel while the unit is running, unless otherwise stated in the Atlas Copco Instruction Book (AIB). Keep fuel away from hot parts such as air outlet pipes or the engine exhaust. Do not smoke when fuelling. When fuelling from an automatic pump, an earthing cable should be connected to the unit to discharge static electricity. Never spill nor leave oil, fuel, coolant or cleansing agent in or around the unit.
- 6 All doors shall be shut during operation so as not to disturb the cooling air flow inside the bodywork and/or render the silencing less effective. A door should be kept open for a short period only e.g. for inspection or adjustment.
- 7 Periodically carry out maintenance works according to the maintenance schedule.
- 8 Stationary housing guards are provided on all rotating or reciprocating parts not otherwise protected and which may be hazardous to personnel. Machinery shall never be put into operation, when such guards have been removed, before the guards are securely reinstalled.
- 9 Noise, even at reasonable levels, can cause irritation and disturbance which, over a long period of time, may cause severe injuries to the nervous system of human beings.
When the sound pressure level, at any point where personnel normally has to attend, is:
 - below 70 dB(A): no action needs to be taken,
 - above 70 dB(A): noise-protective devices should be provided for people continuously being present in the room,
 - below 85 dB(A): no action needs to be taken for occasional visitors staying a limited time only,
 - above 85 dB(A): room to be classified as a noise-hazardous area and an obvious warning shall be placed permanently at each entrance to alert people entering the room, for even relatively short times, about the need to wear ear protectors,
 - above 95 dB(A): the warning(s) at the entrance(s) shall be completed with the recommendation that also occasional visitors shall wear ear protectors,
 - above 105 dB(A): special ear protectors that are adequate for this noise level and the spectral composition of the noise shall be provided and a special warning to that effect shall be placed at each entrance.
- 10 Insulation or safety guards of parts the temperature of which can be in excess of 80°C and which may be accidentally touched by personnel shall not be removed before the parts have cooled to room temperature.
- 11 Never operate the unit in surroundings where there is a possibility of taking in flammable or toxic fumes.
- 12 If the working process produces fumes, dust or vibration hazards, etc., take the necessary steps to eliminate the risk of personnel injury.
- 13 When using compressed air or inert gas to clean down equipment, do so with caution and use the appropriate protection, at least safety glasses, for the operator as well as for any bystander. Do not apply compressed air or inert gas to your skin or direct an air or gas stream at people. Never use it to clean dirt from your clothes.
- 14 When washing parts in or with a cleaning solvent, provide the required ventilation and use appropriate protection such as a breathing filter, safety glasses, rubber apron and gloves, etc.
- 15 Safety shoes should be compulsory in any workshop and if there is a risk, however small, of falling objects, wearing of a safety helmet should be included.

- 16 If there is a risk of inhaling hazardous gases, fumes or dust, the respiratory organs must be protected and depending on the nature of the hazard, so must the eyes and skin.
- 17 Remember that where there is visible dust, the finer, invisible particles will almost certainly be present too; but the fact that no dust can be seen is not a reliable indication that dangerous, invisible dust is not present in the air.
- 18 Never operate the generator in excess of its limits as indicated in the technical specifications and avoid long no-load sequences.
- 19 Never operate the generator in a humid atmosphere. Excessive moisture causes worsening of the generator insulation.
- 20 Do not open electrical cabinets, cubicles or other equipment while voltage is supplied. If such cannot be avoided, e.g. for measurements, tests or adjustments, have the action carried out by a qualified electrician only, with appropriate tools, and ascertain that the required bodily protection against electrical hazards is applied.
- 21 Never touch the power terminals during operation of the machine.
- 22 Whenever an abnormal condition arises, e.g. excessive vibration, noise, odour, etc., switch the circuit breakers to OFF and stop the engine. Correct the faulty condition before restarting.
- 23 Check the electric cables regularly. Damaged cables and insufficient tightening of connections may cause electric shocks. Whenever damaged wires or dangerous conditions are observed, switch the circuit breakers to OFF and stop the engine. Replace the damaged wires or correct the dangerous condition before restarting. Make sure that all electric connections are securely tightened.
- 24 Avoid overloading the generator. The generator is provided with circuit breakers for overload protection. When a breaker has tripped, reduce the concerned load before restarting.
- 25 If the generator is used as stand-by for the mains supply, it must not be operated without control system which automatically disconnects the generator from the mains when the mains supply is restored.
- 26 Never remove the cover of the output terminals during operation. Before connecting or disconnecting wires, switch off the load and the circuit breakers, stop the machine and make sure that the machine cannot be started inadvertently or there is any residual voltage on the power circuit.
- 27 Running the generator at low load for long periods will reduce the lifetime of the engine.

1.5 Safety during maintenance and repair

Maintenance, overhaul and repair work shall only be carried out by adequately trained personnel; if required, under supervision of someone qualified for the job.

- 1 Use only the correct tools for maintenance and repair work, and only tools which are in good condition.
- 2 Parts shall only be replaced by genuine Atlas Copco replacement parts.
- 3 All maintenance work, other than routine attention, shall only be undertaken when the unit is stopped. Steps shall be taken to prevent inadvertent starting. In addition, a warning sign bearing a legend such as "work in progress; do not start" shall be attached to the starting equipment. On engine-driven units the battery shall be disconnected and removed or the terminals covered by insulating caps. On electrically driven units the main switch shall be locked in open position and the fuses shall be taken out. A warning sign bearing a legend such as "work in progress; do not supply voltage" shall be attached to the fuse box or main switch.
- 4 Prior to stripping an engine or other machine or undertaking major overhaul on it, prevent all movable parts from rolling over or moving.
- 5 Make sure that no tools, loose parts or rags are left in or on the machine. Never leave rags or loose clothing near the engine air intake.
- 6 Never use flammable solvents for cleaning (fire-risk).
- 7 Take safety precautions against toxic vapours of cleaning liquids.
- 8 Never use machine parts as a climbing aid.
- 9 Observe scrupulous cleanliness during maintenance and repair. Keep away dirt, cover the parts and exposed openings with a clean cloth, paper or tape.
- 10 Never weld on or perform any operation involving heat near the fuel or oil systems. Fuel and oil tanks must be completely purged, e.g. by steam-cleaning, before carrying out such operations. Never weld on, or in any way modify, pressure vessels. Disconnect the alternator cables during arc welding on the unit.
- 11 Support the towbar and the axle(s) securely if working underneath the unit or when removing a wheel. Do not rely on jacks.
- 12 Do not remove any of, or tamper with, the sound-damping material. Keep the material free of dirt and liquids such as fuel, oil and cleansing agents. If any sound-damping material is damaged, replace it to prevent the sound pressure level from increasing.
- 13 Use only lubricating oils and greases recommended or approved by Atlas Copco or the machine manufacturer. Ascertain that the selected lubricants comply with all applicable safety regulations, especially with regard to explosion or fire-risk and the possibility of decomposition or generation of hazardous gases. Never mix synthetic with mineral oil.
- 14 Protect the engine, alternator, air intake filter, electrical and regulating components, etc., to prevent moisture ingress, e.g. when steam-cleaning.
- 15 When performing any operation involving heat, flames or sparks on a machine, the surrounding components shall first be screened with non-flammable material.
- 16 Never use a light source with open flame for inspecting the interior of a machine.
- 17 When repair has been completed, the machine shall be barred over at least one revolution for reciprocating machines, several revolutions for rotary ones to ensure that there is no mechanical interference within the machine or driver. Check the direction of rotation of electric motors when starting up the machine initially and after any alteration to the electrical connection(s) or switch gear, to check that the oil pump and the fan function properly.
- 18 Maintenance and repair work should be recorded in an operator's logbook for all machinery. Frequency and nature of repairs can reveal unsafe conditions.
- 19 When hot parts have to be handled, e.g. shrink fitting, special heat-resistant gloves shall be used and, if required, other body protection shall be applied.
- 20 When using cartridge type breathing filter equipment, ascertain that the correct type of cartridge is used and that its useful service life is not surpassed.
- 21 Make sure that oil, solvents and other substances likely to pollute the environment are properly disposed of.

- 22 Before clearing the generator for use after maintenance or overhaul, submit it to a testrun, check that the AC power performance is correct and that the control and shutdown devices function correctly.

1.6 Tool applications safety

Apply the proper tool for each job. With the knowledge of correct tool use and knowing the limitations of tools, along with some common sense, many accidents can be prevented.

Special service tools are available for specific jobs and should be used when recommended. The use of these tools will save time and prevent damage to parts.

1.7 Battery safety precautions

Batteries

When servicing batteries, always wear protecting clothing and glasses.

- 1 The electrolyte in batteries is a sulphuric acid solution which is fatal if it hits your eyes, and which can cause burns if it contacts your skin. Therefore, be careful when handling batteries, e.g. when checking the charge condition.
- 2 Install a sign prohibiting fire, open flame and smoking at the post where batteries are being charged.
- 3 When batteries are being charged, an explosive gas mixture forms in the cells and might escape through the vent holes in the plugs. Thus an explosive atmosphere may form around the battery if ventilation is poor, and can remain in and around the battery for several hours after it has been charged. Therefore:
 - never smoke near batteries being, or having recently been, charged,
 - never break live circuits at battery terminals, because a spark usually occurs.
- 4 When connecting an auxiliary battery (AB) in parallel to the unit battery (CB) with booster cables: connect the + pole of AB to the + pole of CB, then connect the - pole of CB to the mass of the unit. Disconnect in the reverse order.

2. Leading particulars

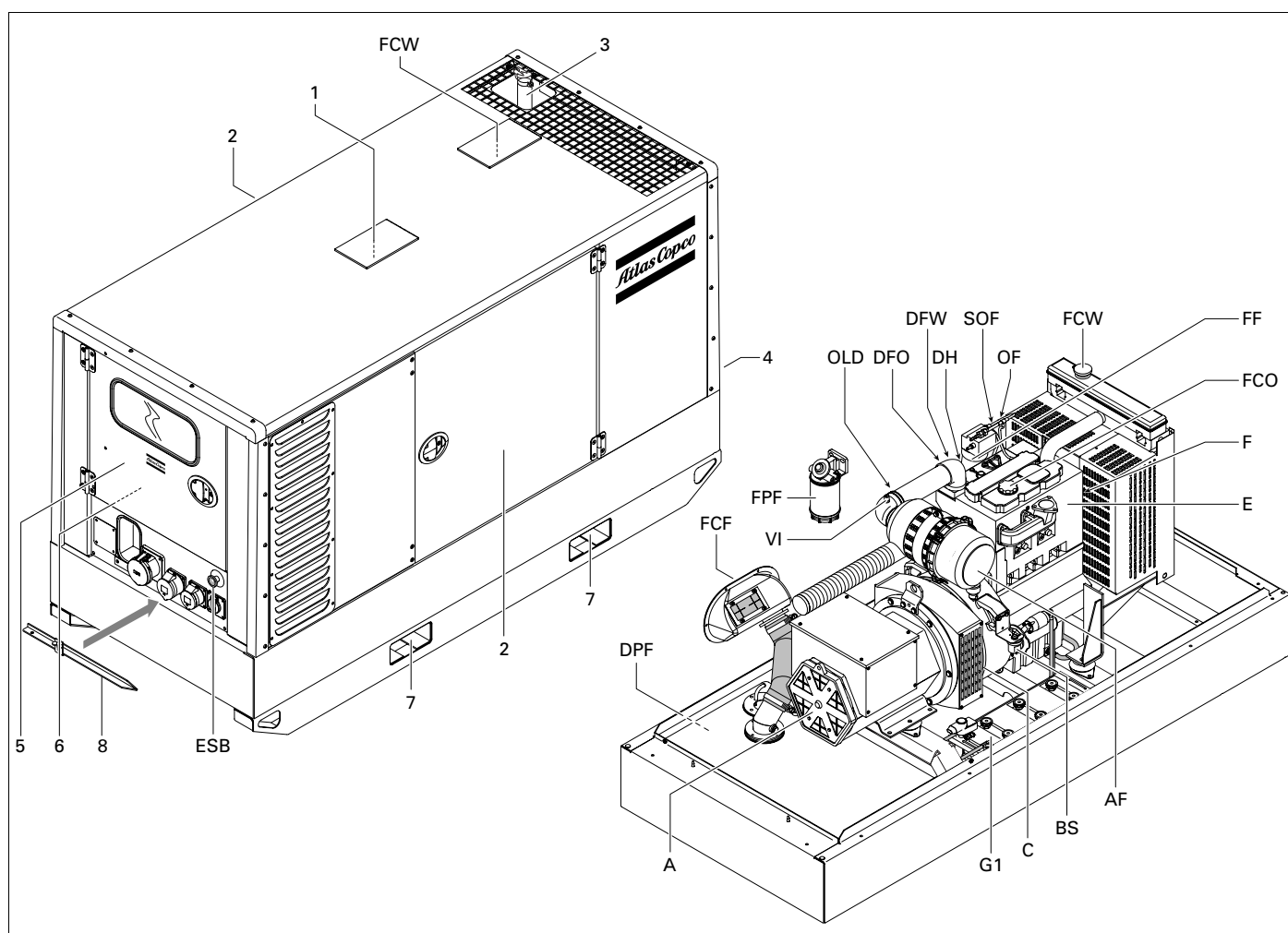
2.1 General description QAS 30 Pd

The QAS 30 Pd is an AC generator, built for continuous running at sites where no electricity is available or as stand-by in cases of interruption of the mains.

The generator operates at 50/60 Hz, 230/240 V in line-to-neutral mode and 400/480 V in line-to-line mode.

The QAS 30 Pd generator is driven by a water-cooled diesel engine, manufactured by PERKINS.

An overview of the main parts is given in the diagram below.



1	Acces to lifting eye
2	Side doors
3	Engine exhaust
4	Data Plate
5	Door, access to control and indicator panel
6	Output terminal board
7	Hole for forklift
8	Earthing rod (Not available in combination with an IT-relay)
A	Alternator
AF	Air filter
BS	Battery switch
C	Coupling
DFO	Drain flexible engine oil
DFW	Drain flexible coolant

DH	Drain and access hole (in the frame)
DPF	Drain plug fuel
E	Engine
ESB	Emergency stop button
F	Fan
FCF	Filler cap fuel
FCO	Filler cap engine oil
FCW	Filler cap coolant
FF	Fuel filter
FPF	Fuel pre-filter
G1	Battery
OF	Oil filter
OLD	Engine oil level dipstick
SOF	Side oilfiller
VI	Vacuum indicator

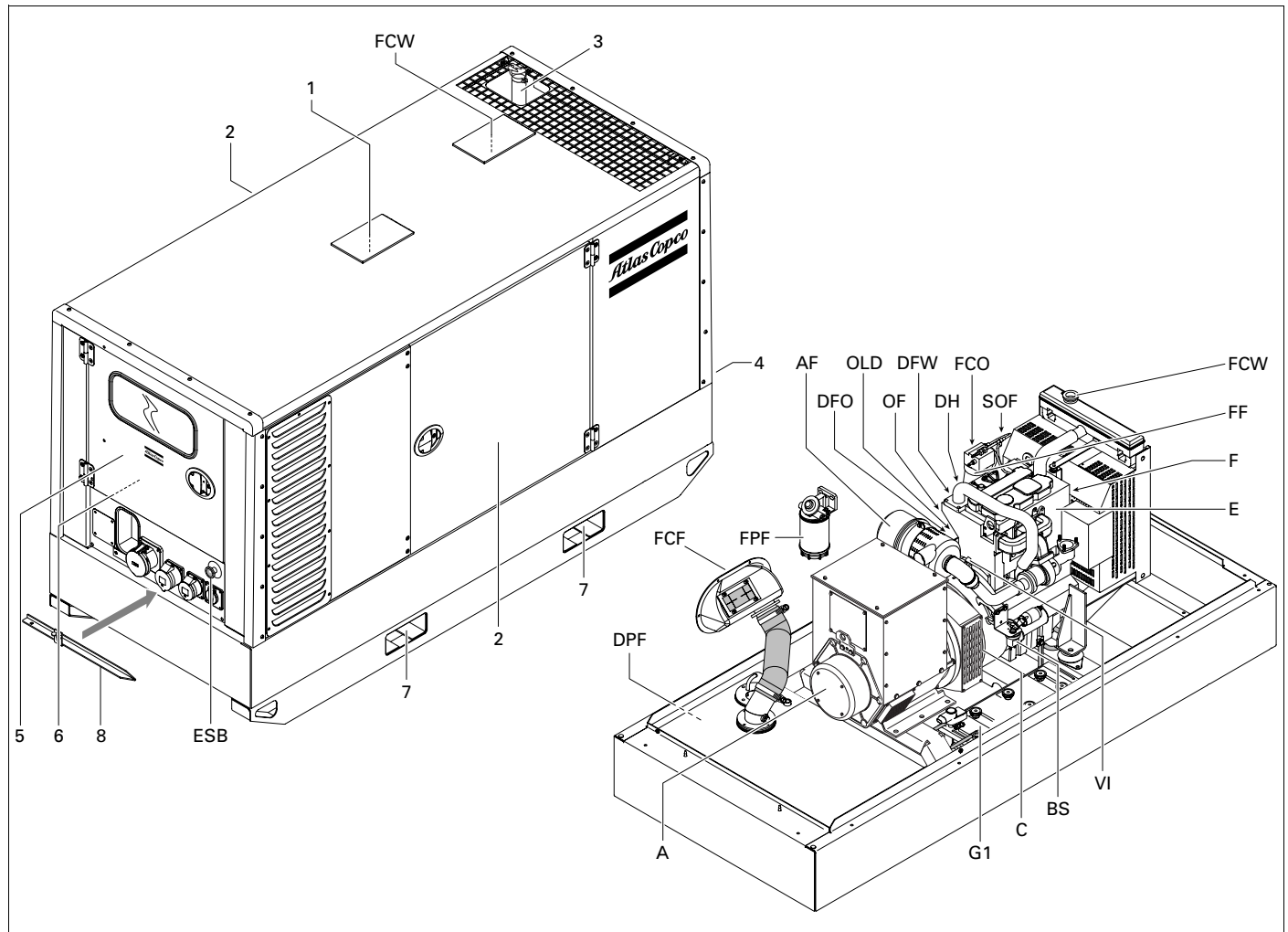
2.2 General description QAS 45 Pd and QAS 60 Pd

The QAS 45 Pd and QAS 60 Pd are AC generators, built for continuous running at sites where no electricity is available or as stand-by in cases of interruption of the mains.

The generator operates at 50/60 Hz, 230/240 V in line-to-neutral mode and 400/480 V in line-to-line mode.

The QAS 45 Pd and QAS 60 Pd generators are driven by a water-cooled diesel engine, manufactured by PERKINS.

An overview of the main parts is given in the diagram below.



1	Access to lifting eye
2	Side doors
3	Engine exhaust
4	Data Plate
5	Door, access to control and indicator panel
6	Output terminal board
7	Hole for forklift
8	Earthing rod (Not available in combination with an IT-relay)
A	Alternator
AF	Air filter
BS	Battery switch
C	Coupling
DFO	Drain flexible engine oil
DFW	Drain flexible coolant

DH	Drain and access hole (in the frame)
DPF	Drain plug fuel
E	Engine
ESB	Emergency stop button
F	Fan
FCF	Filler cap fuel
FCO	Filler cap engine oil
FCW	Filler cap coolant
FF	Fuel filter
FPF	Fuel pre-filter
G1	Battery
OF	Oil filter
OLD	Engine oil level dipstick
SOF	Side oilfiller
VI	Vacuum indicator

2.3 Bodywork

The alternator, the engine, the cooling system, etc. are enclosed in a sound-insulated bodywork that can be opened by means of side doors (and service plates).

To be able to lift the generator by means of a crane, open the door in the middle of the roof to get access to the lifting beam.

To be able to lift the generator by means of a forklift, rectangular holes are provided in the frame.

The earthing rod, connected to the generator’s earth terminal is located at the inside of the cubicle door.

2.4 Markings

A brief description of all markings provided on the generator is given hereafter.

 Indicates that the generator may be refuelled with diesel fuel only.

 Indicates the drain for the engine oil.

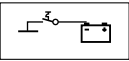
 Indicates the drain for the coolant.

 Indicates the drain plug for the engine fuel.

 Use 15W40 oil only.

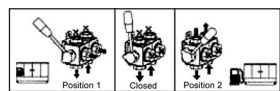
 Indicates the different earthing connections on the generator.

 Indicates that the alternator should not be cleaned with high pressurised water.

 Indicates the battery switch.

 Indicates that the unit may start automatically and that the instruction book has to be consulted prior to use.

 Read the instruction manual before using the lifting eye.

 Indicates the 3-way valve.



Read the instruction manual before use.

Atlas Copco			
QAS 30 Pd, QAS 45 Pd, QAS 60 Pd			
Service Pack			
QAS 30	Yearly (from 2000)	2012 4410 05	
QAS 45-60 Yearly (from 2000)			
2012 4411 05			
Engine Oil			
SI	15W40	PAROIL 15W40	PAROIL 5W30
201	15W40	1615 5953 00	1604 6060 00
201	15W40	1615 5954 00	1604 6059 00
201	15W40	1615 5955 00	
Engine Coolant			
SI	15W40	1604 5308 00	
201	15W40	1604 5307 01	
2101	15W40	1604 5309 00	

Indicates the partnumbers of the different service packs and of the engine oil. These parts can be ordered to the factory.

2.5 Drain plugs and filler caps

The drain holes for the engine oil, the coolant and the plug for the fuel, are located and labelled on the frame; the fuel drain plug at the bottom of the frame cubicle side, the others at the service side.

The drain flexible for engine oil can be brought to the outside of the generator through the drain hole.

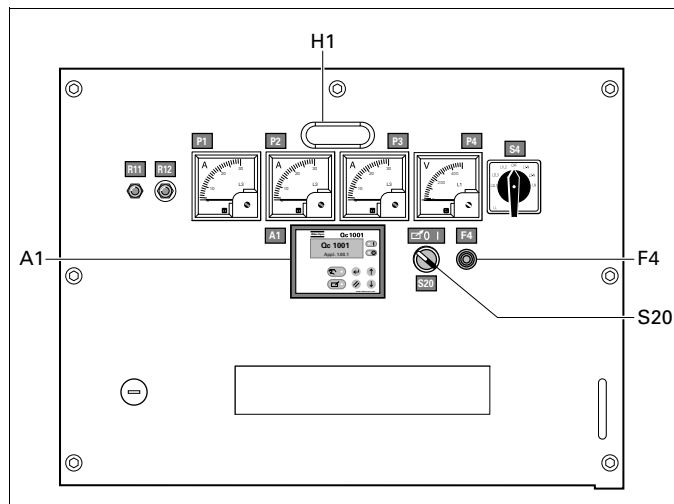


The drain hole can also be used to guide external fuel tank connections. When connecting an external fuel tank, use the 3-way valves. Refer to “External fuel tank connection (with/without quick couplings)”.

The filler cap for the engine coolant is accessible via an opening in the roof. The fuel filler cap is located in the side panel.

2.6 Control and indicator panel Qc1001™

2.6.1 General description Qc1001™ control panel



H1.....Panel light

S20.... ON/OFF/REMOTE switch

To start up the unit (locally or remote).

DC-Fuse

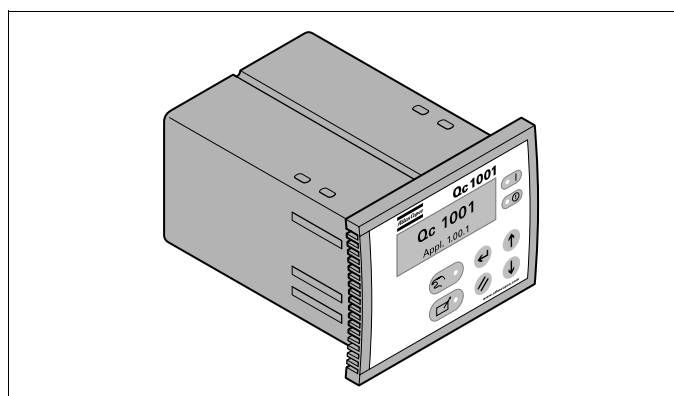
F4Fuse

The fuse activates when the current from the battery to the engine control circuit exceeds its setting. The fuse can be reset by pushing the button.

Qc1001™ display

A1..... Qc1001™ display

2.6.2 Qc1001™ Module



The Qc1001™ module is located inside the control panel. This control module will carry out all necessary tasks to control and protect a generator, regardless of the use of the generator.

This means that the Qc1001™ module can be used for several applications.

2.6.3 Pushbutton and LED functions

Following pushbuttons are used on the Qc1001™:



ENTER: Is used to select and confirm changed settings in the Configuration.



UP: Is used to scroll through the display information. This button is also active in Configuration Mode.



DOWN: Is used to scroll through the display information. This button is also active in Configuration Mode.



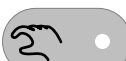
When **UP & DOWN** are pressed at the same time for 3s, Configuration Mode will be entered (see page 16).



BACK: Is used to leave/enter the Warnings pop-up window, to leave the Configuration Mode and to leave menu's without change.

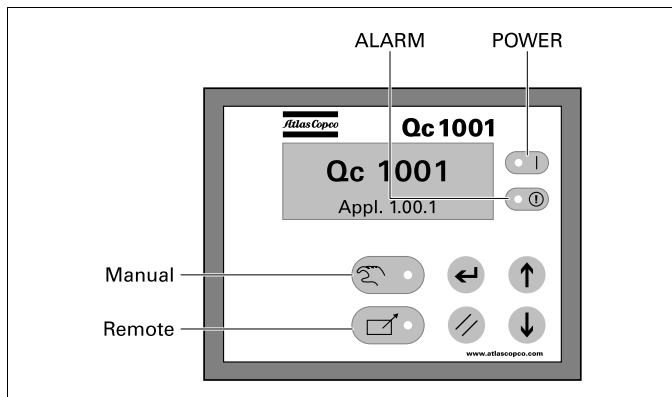


REMOTE MODE: The LED indicates if the gen-set is put in Remote Mode.



MANUAL MODE: The LED indicates if the gen-set is put in Manual Mode.

Following LEDs are used on the Qc1001™:



- Power:** Green LED indicates that the unit is powered up.
- Manual:** Green LED indicates that the Manual Mode is selected.
- Remote:** Green LED indicates that the Remote Mode is selected.
- Alarm:** Flashing red LED indicates that a shutdown is present. Continuous red LED indicates a warning. The exact warning/shutdown is shown at the display.

2.6.4 Qc1001™ Menu Overview

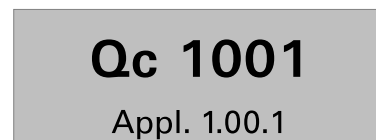
At Qc1001™, the LCD will show following information:

- in **Normal** condition (scroll through the information using **UP** and **DOWN**):
 - Status (eg: preheat, crank, run, cooldown, extended stop time, ...)
 - Running hours
 - Battery Voltage
 - Service Timer 1
 - Service Timer 2
 - Generator Frequency
- in **Warning** condition (scroll through the information using **UP** and **DOWN**):
 - a list of all active Warnings
- in **Shutdown** condition:
 - the cause of shutdown

It's possible to scroll through the views, using the **UP** and **DOWN** buttons. The scrolling is continuous.

If a Special status comes up, the Status Display is shown.
If a Warning comes up, the Warning Display is shown.
If a Shutdown comes up, the Shutdown Display is shown.

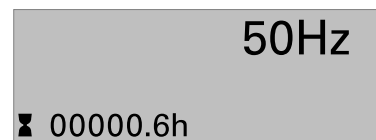
View 0



This view will show the ASW version number.

When there has been no button activity for three minutes, the display will return to the Default View.

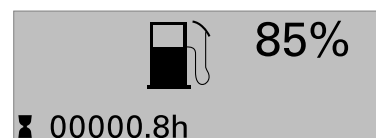
View 1 (Qc1001™-Default Display)



The frequency value is centered in the top-right corner area.

The running hours value is at the bottom-left corner. The service timer indication(s) are shown in the bottom-right corner when the service timer(s) have run out. They will disappear when the service timer(s) have been resetted.

View 2 (Fuel Level Display)

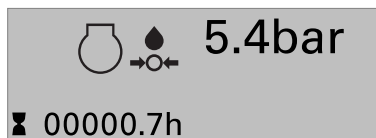


This view shows the fuel level icon.

When the English text view is selected, this view will mention: "FUEL LEVEL ***%".

When there has been no button activity for three minutes, the display will return to the Default View.

View 3 (Engine Oil Pressure Display)



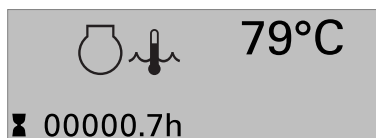
This view shows the oil pressure icons.

When the English text view is selected, this view will mention: "OIL PRESSURE *.*.*bar".

When there has been no button activity for three minutes, the display will return to the Default View.

See also "Configuration Mode View" on page 16 for selection between bar and psi.

View 4 (Engine Coolant Temperature Display)



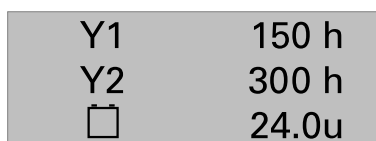
This view shows the coolant temperature icons.

When the English text view is selected, this view will mention: "COOLANT TEMP. *.*.*°C".

When there has been no button activity for three minutes, the display will return to the Default View.

"Configuration Mode View" on page 16 for selection between °C and °F.

View 5 (Service Timers and Battery Voltage)



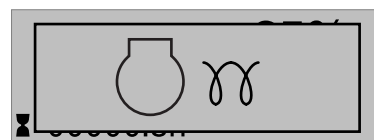
The service timer indications count upwards and give an alarm when the configured value is reached.

Resetting of the Service Timers is possible through a display Configuration Menu.

View 10 (reserved for normal English text)

In case that normal English text is selected i.s.o. icons, views 2 & 3 & 4 are changed into this three-row display format.

Status Display (pop-up window)

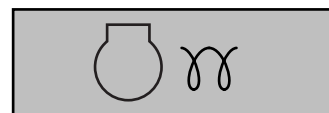


In case when special statuses are entered, a pop-up window will automatically be entered for as long as the status is active.

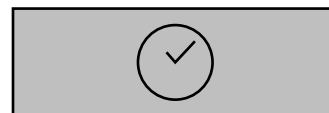
The background screen is not updated when the status pop-up window is active.

These special statuses are:

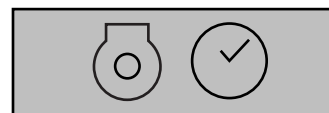
PREHEAT



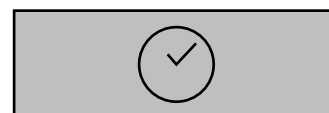
START OFF



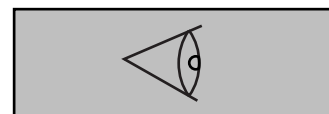
COOLDOWN



EXTENDED STOP TIME



DIAGNOSTIC

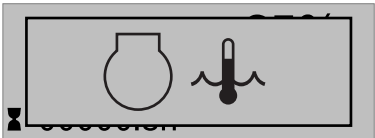


If a special status has elapsed, the default view will be entered again automatically.

If a Warning comes up, the Warning Display is shown.

If a Shutdown comes up, the Shutdown Display is shown.

Warning Display (pop-up window)



In case when a Warning occurs, a pop-up window will automatically be entered for as long as the warning is active, no matter which view is active. The warning icons will be shown (together with a continuous lit alarm LED at the fascia), which is centered at the display. The Warning Display can always be left or entered again by pushing the BACK button.

If more than one warning comes up, it's possible to scroll through the warning messages with the UP and DOWN pushbuttons. The newest warning will be placed at the bottom of the list (meaning that the older warning stays at the display when a newer warning comes up).

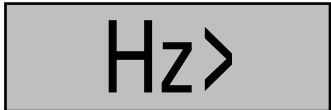
If one or more than one warning is present, an arrow at the right of the display will be shown.

If a Shutdown comes up, the Shutdown Display is shown.

List of possible warnings:

LOW OIL PRESSURE	
HIGH COOLANT TEMPERATURE	
CHARGING ALTERNATOR	
LOW FUEL LEVEL	
LOW COOLANT LEVEL	
GENERATOR OVERVOLTAGE	
GENERATOR UNDERVOLTAGE	

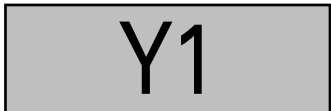
GENERATOR
OVERFREQUENCY



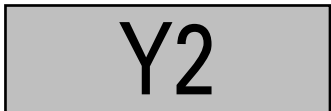
GENERATOR
UNDERFREQUENCY



SERVICE TIMER 1



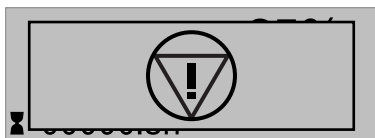
SERVICE TIMER 2



ALARM



Shutdown Display (pop-up window)



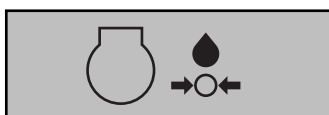
In case when a Shutdown occurs, a pop-up window will automatically be entered, no matter which view is active.

This pop-up window will stay present until the unit is put in OFF.

The shutdown icon will be shown (together with a flashing alarm LED at the fascia), which is centered at the display.

List of possible shutdowns:

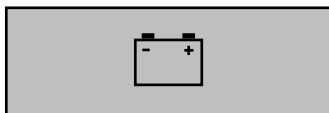
LOW OIL PRESSURE



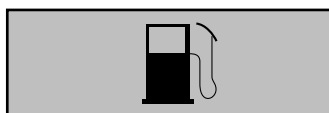
HIGH COOLANT TEMPERATURE



CHARGING ALTERNATOR



LOW FUEL LEVEL



LOW COOLANT LEVEL



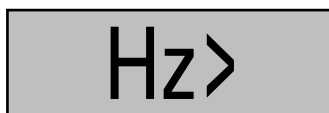
GENERATOR OVERVOLTAGE



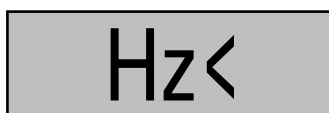
GENERATOR UNDERVOLTAGE



GENERATOR OVERFREQUENCY



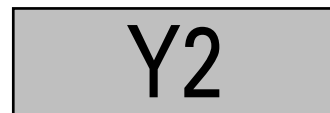
GENERATOR UNDERFREQUENCY



SERVICE TIMER 1



SERVICE TIMER 2



ALARM



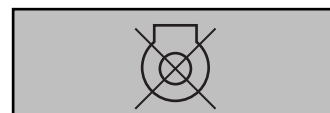
EMERGENCY STOP



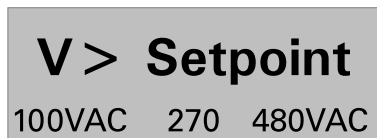
START FAILURE



STOP FAILURE



Configuration Mode View



The Configuration Menu's are pre-programmed!

The Configuration Mode is entered by detection of activation of pushbuttons UP and DOWN at the same time for 3s.

A password will be asked for when an attempt to change a setting is about to be done (user password = "2003").

By entering the configuration mode, pushbuttons MANUAL, REMOTE are disposed of their normal operations and won't perform any functionality.

Menu's shown on the LCD in Configuration Mode:

- Language selection
- Diagnostics Menu
- Running hours adjust

- Service Timer 2 reset
- Service Timer 1 reset
- Start Prepare Time
- Unit Menu
- Unit Type



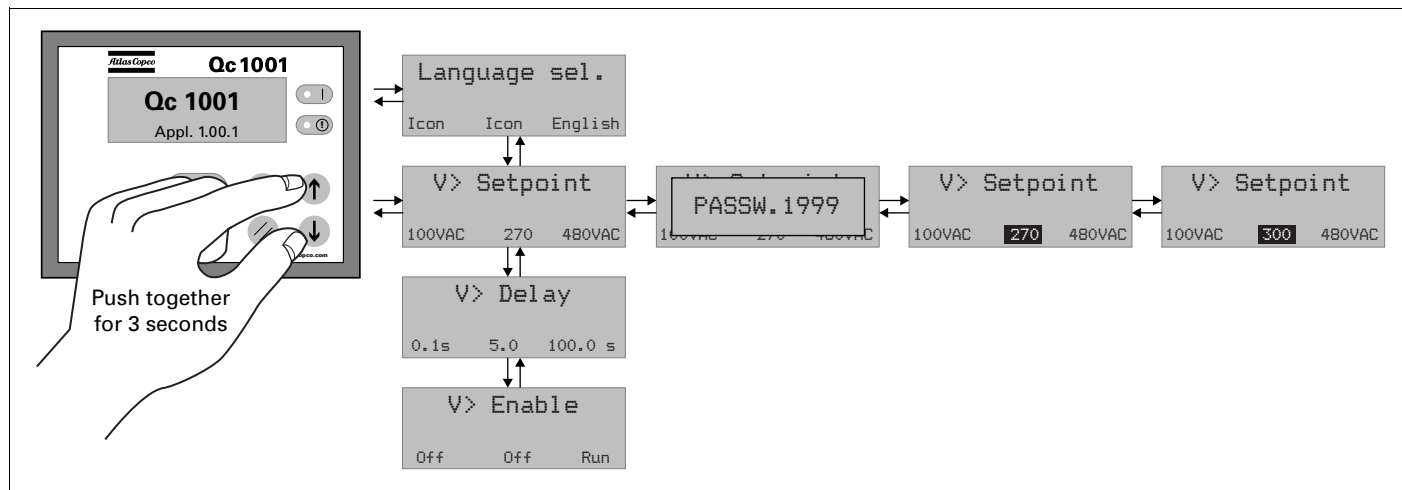
Unit type 2 for QAS 30 - 45 - 60 Pd !

- Generator Underfrequency: failclass, enable, delay, setpoint
- Generator Overfrequency: failclass, enable, delay, setpoint
- Generator Undervoltage: failclass, enable, delay, setpoint
- Generator Overvoltage: failclass, enable, delay, setpoint

It's possible to scroll between configuration menu's by using the pushbuttons UP and DOWN.

Pushing the ENTER button activates the configuration menu which is shown at the display.

This is the described menu flow:



2.6.5 Remote start operation

Installation wirings:

- X25.1 & X25.2 to be wired for the remote start switch.
- X25.3 & X25.4 to be wired for the remote contactor (open/close).

2.6.6 Fail classes

All the activated alarms of the Qc1001™ have their own pre-defined fail class.

All alarms are enabled according to one of these three statuses:

- disabled alarm, no supervision of alarm (OFF)
- enabled alarm, supervision of alarm all the time (ON)
- running alarm, only supervision when the machine is running (RUN)

2.6.7 Event Log

The unit will keep an event log of the latest 30 events.

Events are:

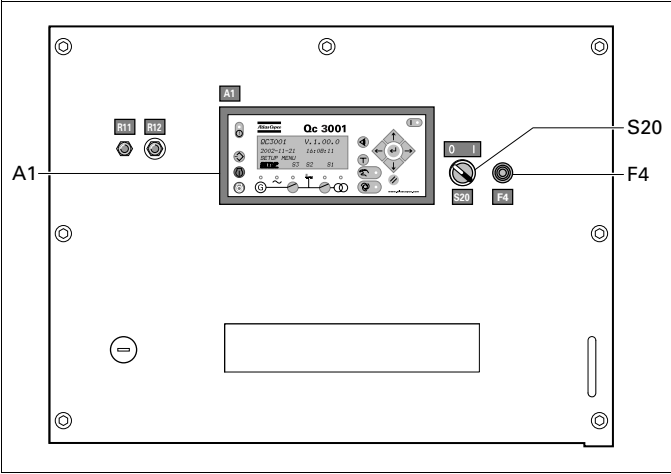
- shutdowns
- service timer 1 reset
- service timer 2 reset
- unit type changes

Together with each event, the running hours at the time of the event will be stored.

The events can only be read by means of the QcUSW.

2.7 Control and indicator panel Qc3001™

2.7.1 General description Qc3001™ control panel



S20.... ON/OFF switch (2 positions)
To power up the Qc3001™ control panel.

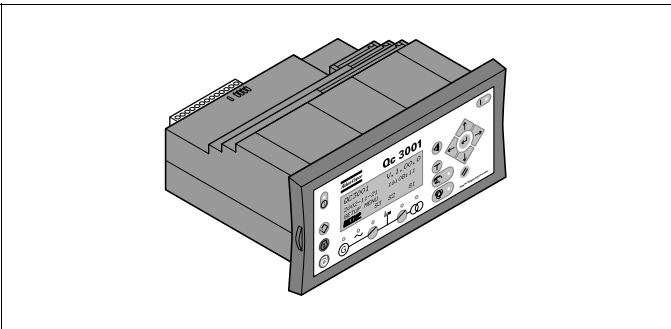
DC-Fuse

F4..... Fuse
The fuse activates when the current from the battery to the engine control circuit exceeds its setting. The fuse can be reset by pushing the button.

Qc3001™ display

A1..... Qc3001™ display

2.7.2 Qc3001™ Module



The Qc3001™ module is located inside the control panel. This control module will carry out all necessary tasks to control and protect a generator, regardless of the use of the generator.

This means that the Qc3001™ module can be used for several applications.

2.7.3 Pushbutton functions

There are 16 pushbuttons on the display unit.

- ALARM:** Shows the active alarm list (up to 30 alarms can be listed).
- JUMP:** Each programmable parameter has a channel number in the menu. Instead of navigating through the entire menu, the user can jump directly to the required parameter, if he knows the channel number of that specific parameter.E.g. if the user wants to change 'language', he can jump directly to channel 4241.
- LEFT:** Moves the cursor left for scrolling in the menus.
- UP:** Increases the value of the selected set-point (in the setting menus). Allows the user to scroll upwards (in the daily use display).
- SELECT:** Is used to select the chosen function. A function can be chosen by the cursor.
- DOWN:** Decreases the value of the selected set-point (in the setting menus). Allows the user to scroll downwards (in the daily use display).
- RIGHT:** Moves the cursor right for scrolling in the menus.
- BACK:** Jumps one step backwards in the menu (until the daily use display is reached).
- START:** Manual Start of the generator (only enabled if the SEMI-AUTO mode is selected).
- STOP:** Manual Stop of the generator (only enabled if the SEMI-AUTO mode is selected).
- GB (Generator Breaker GB) ON:** Manual activation of close breaker and open breaker sequence (only enabled if the SEMI-AUTO mode is selected. Only with motorized breaker).
- MB (Mains Breaker MB) ON:** Manual activation of close breaker and open breaker sequence (only enabled if the SEMI-AUTO mode is selected. Only with motorized breaker).



AUTO: Allows the user to set the generator in AUTO mode.



SEMI-AUTO: Allows the user to set the generator in SEMI-AUTO mode.



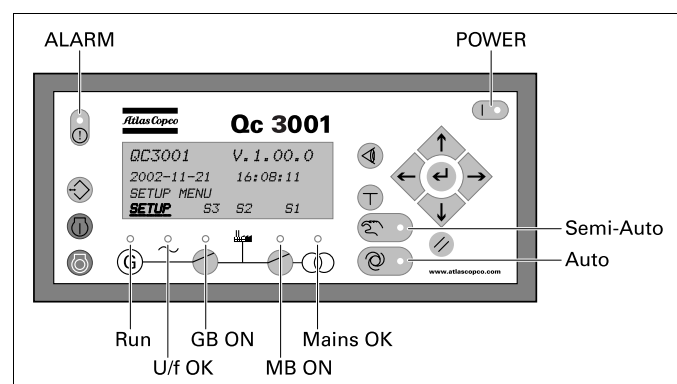
TEST: Allows the user to set the generator in TEST mode. To enter the TEST mode, a password needs to be entered.



VIEW LOG: Shows the latest event. The user can scroll through the event & historical alarm list with the scroll buttons. (Up to 150 events & historical alarms can be listed).

2.7.4 LED functions

9 LEDs are used on the display unit. The colour is green or red or a combination in different situations.



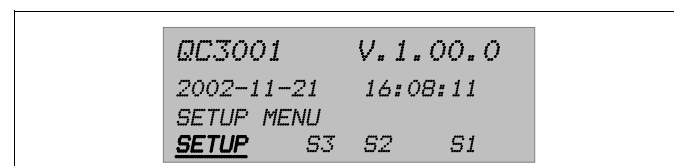
Alarm:	Red LED flashing indicates that unacknowledged alarms are present. Red LED fixed indicates that ALL alarms are acknowledged.
Power:	Green LED indicates that the voltage supply is switched on.
Run:	Green LED indicates that the generator is running.
U/f OK:	Green LED indicates that voltage/frequency is present and OK.
GB ON:	Green LED indicates that the generator breaker is closed.
MB ON:	Green LED indicates that the mains breaker is closed.
Mains OK:	LED is green if the Mains is present and OK. LED is red at a mains failure. LED is flashing green when the mains return during the "MAINS Ok" delay time.
Auto:	Green LED indicates that AUTO mode is selected.
Semi-Auto:	Green LED indicates that SEMI-AUTO mode is selected.

2.7.5 Qc3001™ Menu Overview

Main View

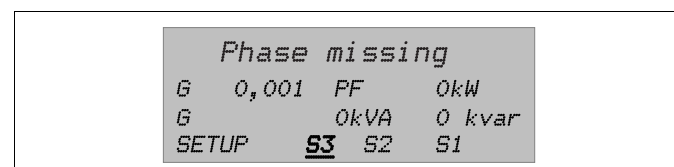
The display has 4 different lines. The information on these lines can change, depending on which view is used. There are 4 different main views possible: SETUP / S3 / S2 / S1.

Setup view



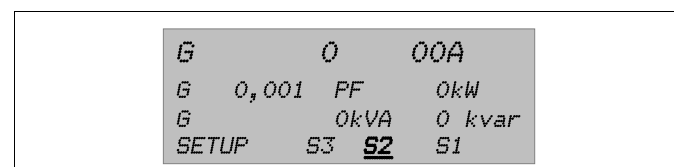
The SETUP view shows the module name, the software version, the date and the time.

S3 view



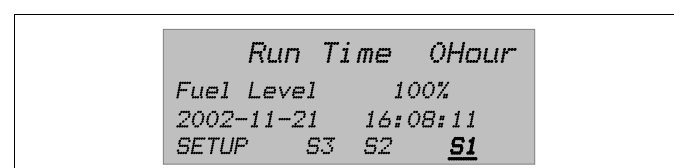
The S3 view shows operational status and selectable measurements.

S2 view



The S2 view shows some selectable measurements.

S1 view



In the S1 view the user can scroll up and down to 15 configurable screens showing different selectable measurements.

The configuration of the 15 different screens is done through the Qc3001™ Utility Software. It is not possible to configure the windows through the display. The screen shown when leaving "S1" will be the screen shown when returning to "S1".

SETUP menu

The control and protection parameters can be programmed according the application. This can be done by scrolling through the setup menu to the appropriate parameter. Each parameter has a specific channel number and is listed in one of the 4 main SETUP menus:

- Protection Setup (PROT): Channels from 1090 to 1890 (steps of 10)
- Control Setup (CTRL): Channel 2050
- Power Setup (POWER): Channel 3070
- System Setup (SYST): Channels from 4010 to 4920 (steps of 10)

If you select SETUP then you get the following view:

```
G  0,001  PF  0kW
I-L1                                OA
PROTECTION SETUP
PROT CTRL POWER SYST
```

The fourth line is the entry selection for the Menu system. If the SELECT button is pressed, the menu indicated with an underscore will be entered.

If PROT is selected, the following view will appear (example of parameter):

```
G  0,001  PF  0kW
1210 Gen high-volt 1
Set point      105,00%
LIM DEL OA  OB  ACT FC
```

For a protective function the first entry shows the "Gen high-volt 1" setting. Scrolling down will give all the protection parameters.

- The first line shows some generator data. The user can scroll through with the VIEW button.

G	0.001 PF	0 kW
G	0 kVA	0 kvar
G-L1	0.0 Hz	0 V
B-L1	0.0 Hz	0 V
G	0	00 V
B	0	00 V
G	0	00 A

- The second line shows the channel number and the name of the parameter.
- The third line shows the value of a set point of this parameter.

- The fourth line shows the different possible set points. In this example:

"LIM"	LIMIT, setting of switch point
"DEL"	DELAY, setting of time delay
"OA"	OUTPUT A, selection of which relay the function must activate
"OB"	OUTPUT B, selection of which relay the function must activate
"ACT"	ACTION, activate/de-activate the function
"FC"	FAIL CLASS, fail class setting.

The user can scroll to these choices and select one choice with the SELECT button. After selection of "LIM" the following view will be visible:

```
G  0,001  PF  0kW
ENTER PASSWORD  1999
ENTER
```

A password is needed in order to change the settings. There are three different password levels.

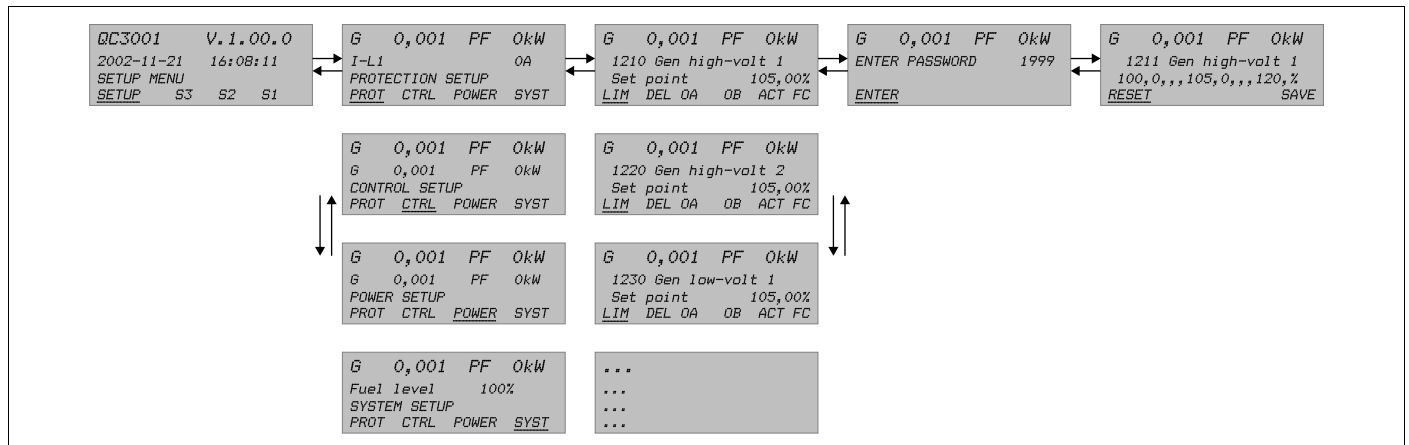
If the correct password is entered, the following view appears:

```
G  0,001  PF  0kW
1211 Gen high-volt 1
100,0,,,105,0,,,120,%
RESET SAVE
```

Now the user can change the "LIM" of parameter "Gen high-volt 1". This can be done with the scroll buttons. Then the user has to select "SAVE" to save the new settings.

To exit the user has to press the BACK button several times, until the main view appears.

This is the described menu flow:



The menu flow is similar in the CONTROL SETUP, POWER SETUP and SYSTEM SETUP.



For more details on the Setup menu we refer to the Qc3001™ User Manual.

The JUMP button

Instead of navigating through the entire menu, the user can jump directly to the required parameter, if he knows the channel number of that specific parameter.

If the JUMP button is pushed the password view will appear. Not all parameters can be changed by the end-user. The required password level for each parameter is given in the set point list.

The following menus can only be reached using the JUMP button:

- 4910 Service Timer 1
- 4920 Service Timer 2
- 4930 Diagnostics Menu
- 4940 Reset Eventlog
- 4950 Single/Split/Three phase
- 4971 User Password Change
Level 2 and Level 3 passwords can only be set through the Atlas Copco Utility Software' PC Software.
- 4980 Service Menu

Use the "up" and "down" buttons to change the settings and the "SELECT" button to store the new setting.

Protection setup: overview of parameters (for correct values refer to controller)

1090	Reverse Power		SERVICE LEVEL
	1091	Setpoint	-40.0%
	1092	Delay	0.5
	1093	Output Relay A	R0
	1094	Output Relay B	R0
	1095	Enable	ON
1096	Fail Class	Trip + Stop	
1100	Over Current 1		CUSTOMER LEVEL
	1101	Setpoint	110.0%
	1102	Delay	10.00s
	1103	Output Relay A	R0
	1104	Output Relay B	R0
	1105	Enable	OFF
1106	Fail Class	Trip + Stop	
1110	Over Current 2		SERVICE LEVEL
	1111	Setpoint	120.0%
	1112	Delay	5.00s
	1113	Output Relay A	R0
	1114	Output Relay B	R0
	1115	Enable	OFF
1116	Fail Class	Trip + Stop	
1120	Over Load 1		CUSTOMER LEVEL
	1121	Setpoint	110.0%
	1122	Delay	10.00s
	1123	Output Relay A	R0
	1124	Output Relay B	R0
	1125	Enable	OFF
1126	Fail Class	Trip + Stop	
1130	Over Load 2		SERVICE LEVEL
	1131	Setpoint	120.0%
	1132	Delay	5.00s
	1133	Output Relay A	R0
	1134	Output Relay B	R0
	1135	Enable	OFF
1136	Fail Class	Trip + Stop	
1140	Current Unbalance		SERVICE LEVEL
	1141	Setpoint	30.0%
	1142	Delay	10.00s
	1143	Output Relay A	R0
	1144	Output Relay B	R0
	1145	Enable	OFF
1146	Fail Class	Trip + Stop	
1150	Voltage Unbalance		SERVICE LEVEL
	1151	Setpoint	10.0%
	1152	Delay	10.00s
	1153	Output Relay A	R0
	1154	Output Relay B	R0
	1155	Enable	OFF
1156	Fail Class	Trip + Stop	
1210	Gen High Voltage 1		CUSTOMER LEVEL
	1211	Setpoint	110.0%
	1212	Delay	5.0s
	1213	Output Relay A	R0
	1214	Output Relay B	R0
	1215	Enable	ON
1216	Fail Class	Warning	
1220	Gen High Voltage 2		MASTER LEVEL
	1221	Setpoint	120.0%
	1222	Delay	1.0s
	1223	Output Relay A	R0
	1224	Output Relay B	R0
	1225	Enable	ON
1226	Fail Class	Shutdown	
1230	Gen Low Voltage 1		CUSTOMER LEVEL
	1231	Setpoint	90.0%
	1232	Delay	15.0s
	1233	Output Relay A	R0
	1234	Output Relay B	R0
	1235	Enable	RUN
1236	Fail Class	Warning	
1240	Gen Low Voltage 2		SERVICE LEVEL
	1241	Setpoint	70.0%
	1242	Delay	10.0s
	1243	Output Relay A	R0
	1244	Output Relay B	R0
	1245	Enable	RUN
1246	Fail Class	Shutdown	
1250	Gen High Frequency 1		CUSTOMER LEVEL
	1251	Setpoint	110.0%
	1252	Delay	5.0s
	1253	Output Relay A	R0
	1254	Output Relay B	R0
	1255	Enable	ON
1256	Fail Class	Warning	
1260	Gen High Frequency 2		MASTER LEVEL
	1261	Setpoint	120.0%
	1262	Delay	1.0s
	1263	Output Relay A	R0
	1264	Output Relay B	R0
	1265	Enable	ON
1266	Fail Class	Shutdown	
1270	Gen Low Frequency 1		CUSTOMER LEVEL
	1271	Setpoint	90.0%
	1272	Delay	10.0s
	1273	Output Relay A	R0
	1274	Output Relay B	R0
	1275	Enable	RUN
1276	Fail Class	Warning	
1280	Gen Low Frequency 2		SERVICE LEVEL
	1281	Setpoint	80.0%
	1282	Delay	5.0s
	1283	Output Relay A	R0
	1284	Output Relay B	R0
	1285	Enable	RUN
1286	Fail Class	Shutdown	
1290	Peak Current 1		CUSTOMER LEVEL
	1291	Setpoint	150.0%
	1392	Delay	5.0s
	1293	Output Relay A	R0
	1294	Output Relay B	R0
	1295	Enable	OFF
1296	Fail Class	Warning	
1300	Peak Current 2		SERVICE LEVEL
	1301	Setpoint	200.0%
	1302	Delay	3.0s
	1303	Output Relay A	R0
	1304	Output Relay B	R0
	1305	Enable	OFF
1306	Fail Class	Shutdown	
1350	VDO 1.1		SERVICE LEVEL
	1351	Setpoint	N/A
	1352	Delay	5.0s
	1353	Output Relay A	R0
	1354	Output Relay B	R0
	1355	Enable	OFF
1356	Fail Class	Warning	
	USW	Sensor Type	N/A
1360	VDO 1.2		SERVICE LEVEL
	1361	Setpoint	N/A
	1362	Delay	5.0s
	1363	Output Relay A	R0
	1364	Output Relay B	R0
	1365	Enable	OFF
1366	Fail Class	Warning	
1370	VDO 2.1		SERVICE LEVEL
	1371	Setpoint	N/A
	1372	Delay	5.0s
	1373	Output Relay A	R0
	1374	Output Relay B	R0
	1375	Enable	OFF
1376	Fail Class	Warning	
	USW	Sensor Type	N/A
1380	VDO 2.2		SERVICE LEVEL
	1381	Setpoint	N/A
	1382	Delay	5.0s
	1383	Output Relay A	R0
	1384	Output Relay B	R0
	1385	Enable	OFF
1386	Fail Class	Warning	

1380	VDO 2.2	SERVICE LEVEL
1381	Setpoint	N/A
1382	Delay	5.0s
1383	Output Relay A	R0
1384	Output Relay B	R0
1385	Enable	OFF
1386	Fail Class	Warning

1390	Fuel Level 1	CUSTOMER LEVEL
1391	Setpoint 1	5.0%
1392	Delay	20.0s
1393	Output Relay A	R0
1394	Output Relay B	R0
1395	Enable	OFF
1396	Fail Class	Warning
USW	Sensor Type	N/A

1400	Fuel Pump Logic	CUSTOMER LEVEL
1401	Setpoint 2	20.0%
1402	Setpoint 3	80.0%
1403	Pump Relay	R3
1404	Enable	OFF
1405	Fill Check Delay	60.0s

1410	Fuel High	CUSTOMER LEVEL
1411	Setpoint 4	98.0%
1412	Delay	5.0s
1413	Output Relay A	R0
1414	Output Relay B	R0

1420	Overspeed	MASTER LEVEL
1421	Setpoint	1650rpm
1422	Delay	3.0s
1423	Output Relay A	R0
1424	Output Relay B	R0
1425	Enable	ON
1426	Fail Class	Shutdown

1430	Overspeed	MASTER LEVEL
1431	Overspeed S2	1650rpm

1440	Engine Failure	SERVICE LEVEL
1441	Delay	1.0s
1442	Output Relay A	R0
1443	Output Relay B	R0
1444	Enable	ON
1445	Fail Class	Shutdown

1450	Emergency Stop	MASTER LEVEL
1451	Delay	0.0s
1452	Output Relay A	R0
1453	Output Relay B	R0
1454	Enable	ON
1455	Fail Class	Shutdown

1460	Coolant Temperature 1	SERVICE LEVEL
1461	Setpoint	N/A
1462	Delay	5.0s
1463	Output Relay A	R0
1464	Output Relay B	R0
1465	Enable	OFF
1466	Fail Class	Warning
USW	Alarm Type	High

1470	Coolant Temperature 2	SERVICE LEVEL
1471	Setpoint	N/A
1472	Delay	5.0s
1473	Output Relay A	R0
1474	Output Relay B	R0
1475	Enable	OFF
1476	Fail Class	Warning
USW	Alarm Type	High

1480	Oil Pressure	SERVICE LEVEL
1481	Setpoint	N/A
1482	Delay	5.0s
1483	Output Relay A	R0
1484	Output Relay B	R0
1485	Enable	OFF
1486	Fail Class	Warning
USW	Alarm Type	Low

1490	Fuel Level 2	CUSTOMER LEVEL
1491	Setpoint	N/A
1492	Delay	20.0s
1493	Output Relay A	R0
1494	Output Relay B	R0
1495	Enable	OFF
1496	Fail Class	Warning

1700	Low Oil Pressure	SERVICE LEVEL
1701	Delay	3.0s
1702	Output Relay A	R0
1703	Output Relay B	R0
1704	Enable	RUN
1705	Fail Class	Shutdown
1706	Type	Low

1710	Coolant Temp. & Cool. Level	SERVICE LEVEL
1711	Delay	3.0s
1712	Output Relay A	R0
1713	Output Relay B	R0
1714	Enable	ON
1715	Fail Class	Shutdown
1716	Type	Low

1720	Low Fuel Switch	CUSTOMER LEVEL
1721	Delay	3.0s
1722	Output Relay A	R0
1723	Output Relay B	R0
1724	Enable	ON
1725	Fail Class	Trip + Stop
1726	Type	High

1730	Dig.Input 4 / GCB closed	CUSTOMER LEVEL
1731	Delay	10.0s
1732	Output Relay A	R0
1733	Output Relay B	R0
1734	Enable	OFF
1735	Fail Class	Warning
1736	Type	High

1860	Run Status	SERVICE LEVEL
1861	Delay	5.0s
1862	Output Relay A	R0
1863	Output Relay B	R0
1864	Enable	OFF

1870	W/L Input	SERVICE LEVEL
1871	Delay	3.0s
1872	Output Relay A	R0
1873	Enable	RUN
1874	Type	Low

1880	Static Charger	SERVICE LEVEL
1881	Delay	10.0s
1882	Output Relay A	R0
1883	Enable	ON
1884	Type	High

Control setup: overview parameters

2050	f/U Limits	SERVICE LEVEL
2051	Df max.	4.0Hz
2052	DU max.	5%

Power setup: overview parameters

3070	Test	CUSTOMER LEVEL
3071	Setpoint	50%
3072	Delay	300.0s
3073	Test Breaker	OFF

System setup: overview of parameters

4010	Nominal Settings	CUSTOMER LEVEL
4011	Frequency	50Hz
4012	Generator Power	13kW
4013	Generator Current	42A
4014	Generator Voltage	230V

4020	Nominal Settings 2	CUSTOMER LEVEL
4021	Frequency	50Hz
4022	Generator Power	13kW
4023	Generator Current	42A
4024	Generator Voltage	230V

4050	Transformer Gen-set	SERVICE LEVEL
4051	Volt. Prim.	440V
4052	Volt. Sec.	440V
4053	Current Prim.	60A
4054	Current Sec.	5A

4060	Transformer Bus	SERVICE LEVEL
4061	Volt. Prim.	440V
4062	Volt. Sec.	440V

4100	Engine Comms.	SERVICE LEVEL
4101	Type	OFF

4110	Date & Time (internal clock)	CUSTOMER LEVEL
4110	Date	dd/mm/yyyy
4110	Time	hh:mm

4120	Counters	MASTER LEVEL
4121	Running Time	0
4122	GB Operations	0
4123	MB Operations	0
4124	Reset kWh	OFF

4220	Battery Low	SERVICE LEVEL
4221	Setpoint	9.0V
4222	Delay	3.0s
4223	Output Relay A	R0
4224	Output Relay B	R0
4225	Enable	ON

4230	Battery High	SERVICE LEVEL
4231	Setpoint	15.0V
4232	Delay	0.5s
4233	Output Relay A	R0
4234	Output Relay B	R0
4235	Enable	ON

4240	Language	CUSTOMER LEVEL
4241	Language	English

4250	Battery Low 2	SERVICE LEVEL
4251	Setpoint	N/A
4252	Delay	10.0s
4253	Output Relay A	R0
4254	Output Relay B	R0
4255	Enable	OFF

4260	Battery High 2	SERVICE LEVEL
4261	Setpoint	N/A
4262	Delay	10.0s
4263	Output Relay A	R0
4264	Output Relay B	R0
4265	Enable	OFF

4290	Mode Relay	CUSTOMER LEVEL
4291	Test	R0
4292	Auto	R0
4293	Semi	R0

4300	Engine Type	MASTER LEVEL
4301	Engine Type	Diesel

4320	Gen-Set Mode	CUSTOMER LEVEL
4321	Gen-Set Mode	Island

4330	CAN Unit	CUSTOMER LEVEL
4331	CAN Unit	bar-celsius

4350	Tacho Configuration	SERVICE LEVEL
4351	Setpoint	500rpm
4352	Teeth	0

4360	Starter	CUSTOMER LEVEL
4361	Start Prepare	1.0s
4362	Start ON Time	12.0s
4363	Start OFF Time	12.0s
4364	Prepare	Normal

4370	Start Attempts	SERVICE LEVEL
4371	Attempts	3
4372	Output Relay A	R0
4373	Output Relay B	R0

4380	f/U OK	SERVICE LEVEL
4381	Delay	3.0s

4390	f/U failure	SERVICE LEVEL
4391	Delay	30.0s
4392	Output Relay A	R0
4393	Output Relay B	R0

4400	Stop	SERVICE LEVEL
4401	Cool Down Time	60.0s
4402	Extended Stop	15.0s
4403	Coil Type	RUN

4410	Stop Failure	SERVICE LEVEL
4411	Delay	20.0s
4412	Output Relay A	R0
4413	Output Relay B	R0

4420	Mains V Failure	CUSTOMER LEVEL
4421	Fail Delay	1.0s
4422	Mains OK Delay	60.0s
4423	Low Voltage	75%
4424	High Voltage	120%
4425	Mains Fail Control	Start+Open MB

4430	Mains Hz Failure	CUSTOMER LEVEL
4431	Fail Delay	1.0s
4432	Mains OK Delay	60.0s
4433	Low Frequency	95%

4430	Mains Hz Failure	CUSTOMER LEVEL
4431	Fail Delay	1.0s
4432	Mains OK Delay	60.0s
4433	Low Frequency	95%
4434	High Frequency	105%

4440	MB Control	CUSTOMER LEVEL
4441	Function	Mode Shift OFF
4442	MB Close Delay	0.5s

4450	Alarm Horn	CUSTOMER LEVEL
4451	Delay	20.0s

4460	GB Control	CUSTOMER LEVEL
4461	GB Close Delay	1.0s

4610	Relay 1	SERVICE LEVEL
4611	Function	Alarm
4612	Off Delay	0.0s

4620	Relay 2	SERVICE LEVEL
4621	Function	Alarm
4622	Off Delay	0.0s

4630	Relay 3	SERVICE LEVEL
4631	Function	Alarm
4632	Off Delay	0.0s

4710	Start/Stop Cmd. 1	CUSTOMER LEVEL
4711	Enable	OFF
4712	START/STOP	STOP
4713	Day(s)	10
4714	Hour	10
4715	Minute	0

4720	Start/Stop Cmd. 2	CUSTOMER LEVEL
4721	Enable	OFF
4722	START/STOP	STOP
4723	Day(s)	10
4724	Hour	10
4725	Minute	0

4730	Start/Stop Cmd. 3	CUSTOMER LEVEL
4731	Enable	OFF
4732	START/STOP	STOP
4733	Day(s)	10
4734	Hour	10
4735	Minute	0

4740	Start/Stop Cmd. 4	CUSTOMER LEVEL
4741	Enable	OFF
4742	START/STOP	STOP
4743	Day(s)	10
4744	Hour	10
4745	Minute	0

4750	Start/Stop Cmd. 5	CUSTOMER LEVEL
4751	Enable	OFF
4752	START/STOP	STOP
4753	Day(s)	10
4754	Hour	10
4755	Minute	0

4760	Start/Stop Cmd. 6	CUSTOMER LEVEL
4761	Enable	OFF
4762	START/STOP	STOP
4763	Day(s)	10
4764	Hour	10
4765	Minute	0

4770	Start/Stop Cmd. 7	CUSTOMER LEVEL
4771	Enable	OFF
4772	START/STOP	STOP
4773	Day(s)	10
4774	Hour	10
4775	Minute	0

4780	Start/Stop Cmd. 8	CUSTOMER LEVEL
4781	Enable	OFF
4782	START/STOP	STOP
4783	Day(s)	10
4784	Hour	10
4785	Minute	0

4790	GSM Pin Code	CUSTOMER LEVEL
4791	Pin code	0000

4910	Service Timer 1	SERVICE LEVEL
4911	Enable	ON
4912	Run Hours	500h
4913	Elapsed Days	365 days
4914	Fail Class	Warning
4915	Output Relay A	R0
4916	Reset	

4920	Service Timer 2	SERVICE LEVEL
4921	Enable	ON
4922	Run Hours	1000h
4923	Elapsed Days	365 days
4924	Fail Class	Warning
4925	Output Relay A	R0
4926	Reset	

4930	Diagnostics Mode	CUSTOMER LEVEL
4930	Diagnostics	Normal

4940	Reset Eventlog	MASTER LEVEL
4940	Reset	OFF

4971	Level 1 Password	CUSTOMER LEVEL
4971	Setting	2003

4972	Level 2 Password	SERVICE LEVEL
4972	Setting	****

4973	Level 3 Password	MASTER LEVEL
4973	Setting	****

2.7.6 Passwords

Changing different parameters requires different password levels. Some parameters cannot be changed by the end-customer because of safety reasons.

There are 4 different password levels:

- No password
- User password (default setting "2003")
- Service password
- Master password

Once the password has been entered, the user can change all the accessible set points.

The user can change the User password (go with JUMP button to channel 4971).

2.7.7 Fail Classes

All the activated alarms of the module are configured with a fail class. The fail class defines the category of the alarm and the subsequent action.

4 different fail classes can be used:

Fail Class	Action				
	Alarm Horn Relay	Alarm Display	GB Trip	Gen-Set Stop	Shutdown
1. Warning		X			
2. Trip of GB	X	X	X	X	
3. Trip & Stop	X	X	X	X	
4. Shutdown	X	X	X		X

All alarms can be disabled or enabled as following:

- OFF: disabled alarm, inactive supervision.
- ON: enabled alarm, supervision of alarm all the time.
- RUN: generator running alarm, only supervision when the generator is running.

2.7.8 Languages

English is the default language ex-factory, but all the 12 European languages can be selected in channel 4241. It is possible to edit and/or add text and to edit and/or add languages.

2.7.9 Standard modes

The following modes can be selected (push the dedicated button on the display unit).

Test mode

Enables the user to test the generator on a regular basis. The generator will follow a predefined sequence of actions.

Semi-Auto mode

Enables the user to have manual control and activation of the sequences with the buttons on the Qc3001™ control panel. The generator can be started/stopped manually.

Auto mode

The module controls the generator and the circuit breakers (generator breaker GB and mains breaker MB) automatically according to the operational state.

Diagnostics menu

This diagnostics menu can only be entered using the "JUMP" pushbutton, and going to channel 4930. This menu is used in engine diagnostics situations.

If 'diagnostics' is selected in this menu, the fuel solenoid relay output will be de-energized for 30 seconds (to make sure that the unit is completely stopped), and then gets energized again. Then engine diagnostics can take place.

To leave this status, normal operation has to be selected again in this menu.



It's only possible to start the generator when "Normal" is selected

2.7.10 Standard applications

In the Qc3001™ module 3 application types can be selected (in channel 4320). A combination of each application type with the running mode results in a specific application.

Depending on the application the user has to connect extra wirings to terminal blocks X25. These terminal blocks can be found inside the control box on a DIN-rail. We refer to the circuit diagram 9822 0992 19/01 for the correct connections.

Island operation

This operation type is selected for installations with one or more generators, but always without the Mains (= stand-alone).

- Combined with Semi-auto mode = Local Start operation. The sequences start/stop can be activated manually.
- Combined with Auto mode = Remote Start operation.

The remote start signal can be given with an external switch or with the internal real time clock. (8 start/stop commands can be defined in channels 4710-4780).



The generator cannot be started with an external signal, if the internal real time clock commands are enabled!

Installation wirings:

- For Remote Start operation: wire the RS switch between X25.9 & X25.10.

Automatic Mains Failure (AMF) operation

This application is only possible in combination with the Auto mode. If the Semi-auto mode is selected the AMF operation will NOT function!

When the Mains exceeds the defined voltage/frequency/current/speed limits for a defined delay time, the generator will take over the load automatically.

When the mains is restored within the defined limits for a defined time, the generator will go into cool down and stop.

Installation wirings:

- The Mains sensing lines L1 / L2 / L3 have to be wired to terminals X25.3 / X25.4 / X25.5 (Mains neutral is not sensed). If the busbar sensing lines are wired, they have to be removed.

Load Take Over (LTO) operation

This application is normally used in combination with Semi-auto or Auto mode in installations with the Mains. The generator will start-up and take over the load from the Mains.

Installation wirings:

- The Mains sensing lines L1 / L2 / L3 have to be wired to terminals X25.3 / X25.4 / X25.5 (Mains neutral is not sensed). If the busbar sensing lines are wired, they have to be removed.

2.7.11 Overview of applications

Single gen-set	Island operation	SEMI-AUTO mode
		AUTO mode
	AMF operation	(SEMI-AUTO mode)
		AUTO mode
	Load Take Over	SEMI-AUTO mode
		AUTO mode

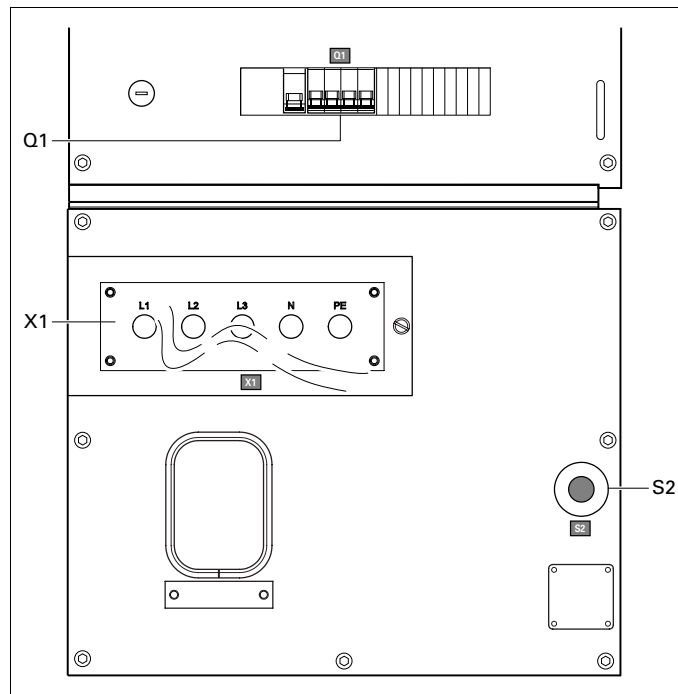
From each of the above applications the module can jump into the Test mode, by pushing the dedicated Test button on the LCDisplay. The generator will follow the defined Test sequences and afterwards the generator will return in its previous application, always in combination with the AUTO mode.



1. Each installation has to be prepared and reviewed very carefully before start-up. Wrong or incomplete wirings can damage the installation brutally!
2. Each application requires a specific combination of the following parameters:
 - Test / Semi-auto / Auto mode
 - Island / AMF / LTO application type
3. For more information on the Qc3001™ module and its applications, we refer to the Qc3001™ User Manual. If you need more assistance, please contact Atlas Copco.

2.8 Output terminal board

The output terminal board is situated below the control and indicator panel.



S2..... Emergency stop button

Push the button to stop the generator in case of an emergency. When the button is pressed, it must be unlocked, by turning it anti-clockwise, before the generator can be restarted. The emergency stop button can be secured in the locked position with the key, to avoid unauthorized use.

Q1 Main circuit breaker

Interrupts the power supply to X1 when a short-circuit occurs at the load side, or when the earth leak detector (30 mA) or the overcurrent protection (QAS 30: 50 A, QAS 45: 63 A, QAS 60: 100 A) is activated or when the shunt trip is energized. It must be reset manually after eliminating the problem.

X1..... Main power supply (400 V AC)

Terminals L1, L2, L3, N (= neutral) and PE (= earthing), hidden behind the control panel door and behind a small transparent door.

2.9 Spillage free

A Spillage free skid with forklift slots allows the customer to transport the generator easily with a forklift.

It avoids accidental spilling of engine fluids.

3. Operating instructions



In your own interest, always strictly observe all relevant safety instructions.

Do not operate the generator in excess of the limitations mentioned in the Technical Specifications.

Local rules concerning the setting up of low voltage power installations (below 1,000 V) must be respected when connecting site distribution panels, switch gear or loads to the generator.

At each start-up and at any time a new load is connected, the earthing of the generator must be verified. Earthing must be done either by the earthing rod or, if available, by an existing, suitable earthing installation. The protective system against excessive contact voltage is not effective unless a suitable earthing is made.

The generator is wired for a TN-system to IEC 364-3, i.e. one point in the power source directly earthed - in this case the neutral. The exposed conductive parts of the electric installation must be directly connected to the functional earth.

If operating the generator in another power system, e.g. an IT-system, other protective devices required for these types must be installed. In any case only a qualified electrician is authorized to remove the connection between the neutral (N) and earth terminals in the terminal box of the alternator.

3.1 Installation

- Place the generator on a horizontal, even and solid floor.
- Protect the generator against dust and rain if it is operated outside.
- Check that the engine exhaust is not directed towards people. If the generator is operated indoors, install an exhaust pipe of sufficient diameter to duct the engine exhaust towards the outside. Check for sufficient ventilation so that the cooling air is not recirculated. If necessary, consult Atlas Copco.
- Leave enough space for operation, inspection and maintenance (at least 1 meter at each side).
- Check that the inner earthing system is in compliance with the local legislation.
- Use coolant for the engine cooling system. Refer to the Engine instruction book for the proper coolant mixture.
- Check the tightness of the bolts and nuts.
- Install the earthing rod as near as possible to the generator and measure its diffusion resistance (max. 1 kΩ) in order not to have a contact voltage higher than 25 V at 30 mA leakage current.
- Check that the cable end of the earthing rod is connected to the earth terminal.

3.2 Connecting the generator

3.2.1 Precautions for non-linear and sensitive loads



Non-linear loads draw currents with high contents in harmonics, causing distortion in the wave form of the voltage generated by the alternator.

The most common non-linear, 3-phase loads are thyristor/rectifier-controlled loads, such as convertors supplying voltage to variable speed motors, uninterruptable power supplies and Telecom supplies. Gas-discharge lighting arranged in single-phase circuits generate high 3rd harmonics and risk for excessive neutral current.

Loads most sensitive to voltage distortion include incandescent lamps, discharge lamps, computers, X-ray equipment, audio amplifiers and elevators.

Consult Atlas Copco for measures against the adverse influence of non-linear loads.

3.2.2 Quality, minimum section and maximum length of cables

The cable connected to the terminal board of the generator must be selected in accordance with local legislation. The type of cable, its rated voltage and current carrying capacity are determined by installation conditions, stress and ambient temperature. For flexible wiring, rubber-sheathed, flexible core conductors of the type H07 RN-F (Cenelec HD.22) or better must be used.

The following table indicates the maximum allowable 3-phase currents (in A), in an ambient temperature of 40°C, for cable types (multiple and single core PVC insulated conductors and H07 RN-F multiple core conductors) and wire sections as listed, in accordance with VDE 0298 installation method C3. Local regulations remain applicable if they are stricter than those proposed below.

Wire section (mm ²)	2,5	4	6	10	16	25	35	50	70	95
Max. current (A)										
Multiple core	22	30	38	53	71	94	114	138	176	212
Single core	25	33	42	57	76	101	123	155	191	228
H07 RN-F	21	28	36	50	67	88	110	138	170	205

The lowest acceptable wire section and the corresponding maximum cable or conductor length for multiple core cable or H07 RN-F, at rated current (20 A), for a voltage drop e lower than 5 % and at a power factor of 0.80, are respectively 2.5 mm² and 144 m. In case electric motors must be started, oversizing the cable is advisable.

The voltage drop across a cable can be determined as follows:

$$e = \frac{\sqrt{3} \cdot I \cdot L \cdot (R \cdot \cos \varphi + X \cdot \sin \varphi)}{1000}$$

e = Voltage drop (V)

I = Rated current (A)

L = Length of conductors (m)

R = Resistance (Ω/km to VDE 0102)

X = Reactance (Ω/km to VDE 0102)

3.2.3 Connecting the load

Site distribution panel

If outlet sockets are required, they must be mounted on a site distribution panel supplied from the terminal board of the generator and in compliance with local regulations for power installations on building sites.

Protection



For safety reasons, it is necessary to provide an isolating switch or circuit breaker in each load circuit. Local legislation may impose the use of isolating devices which can be locked.

- Check whether frequency, voltage and current comply with the ratings of the generator.
- Provide for the load cable, without excessive length, and lay it out in a safe way without forming coils.
- Open the door of the control and indicator panel and the transparent door in front of the terminal board X1.
- Provide the wire ends with cable lugs suited for the cable terminals.
- Loosen the cable clamp and push the wire ends of the load cable through the orifice and clamp.
- Connect the wires to the proper terminals (L1, L2, L3, N and PE) of X1 and tighten the bolts securely.
- Tighten the cable clamp.
- Close the transparent door in front of X1.

3.3 Before starting

- With the generator standing level, check the engine oil level and top up if necessary. The oil level must be near to, but not exceed the high mark on the engine oil level dipstick.
- Check the coolant level in the expansion tank of the engine cooling system. The coolant level must be near to the FULL mark. Add coolant if necessary.
- Drain any coolant and sediment from the fuel pre-filter. Check the fuel level and top up if necessary. It is recommended to fill the tank after the day's operation to prevent coolant damp in a nearly empty tank from condensing.
- Check the vacuum indicator of the air filter. If the red part shows completely, replace the filter element.
- Press the vacuator valve of the air filter to remove dust.
- Check the generator for leakage, tightness of wire terminals, etc. Correct if necessary.
- Check that fuse F4 is not activated and that the emergency stop is in the "OUT" position.
- Check that the load is switched off.
- Check that circuit breaker Q1 is switched off.
- Check that the earth fault protection (N13) has not tripped (reset if necessary).

3.4 Operating Qc1001™

3.4.1 Starting Qc1001™

To start up the unit locally, proceed as follows:

- Switch on the battery switch.
- Switch off circuit breaker Q1. This is not necessary when a plant contactor is installed between Q1 and the load.
- Put the starter switch in position . The unit starts a preheating cycle which takes 12 seconds.
- After the preheating period, the unit will start. The starting attempt will take maximum 12 seconds.
- Switch on circuit breaker Q1 in case no contactor is installed.

To start up the unit from a remote location, proceed as follows:

- Put the starter switch in position .
- Switch on circuit breaker Q1.
- Put the remote start/stop switch in position start. The unit starts a preheating cycle which takes 12 seconds.
- After the preheating period, the unit will start. The starting attempt will take maximum 12 seconds.

3.4.2 During operation Qc1001™

Following points should be carried out regularly:

- Check the engine gauges and the lamps for normal readings.



Avoid to let the engine run out of fuel. If it happened, priming will speed up the starting.

- Check for leakage of oil, fuel or coolant.
- Avoid long low-load periods (< 30 %). In this case, an output drop and higher oil consumption of the engine could occur.
- Check, by means of the generator gauges, that the voltage between the phases is identical and that the rated current in the third phase (L3) is not exceeded.
- When single-phase loads are connected to the generator output terminals, keep all loads well-balanced.

If circuit breakers are activated during operation, switch off the load and stop the generator. Check and, if necessary, decrease the load.



The generator's doors may only remain opened for short periods during operation, to carry out checks for example.

3.4.3 Stopping Qc1001™

To stop the unit locally, proceed as follows:

- Switch off the load.
- Switch off circuit breaker Q1.
- Let the engine run for about 5 minutes.
- Stop the engine by putting the starter switch in position O.
- Lock the side doors and the door of the indicators and control panel to avoid unauthorized access.

To stop the unit when the starter switch is in position  , proceed as follows:

- Switch off the load.
- Stop the engine by putting the remote start/stop switch in position stop or by putting the starter switch in position O.
- Cooldown period default 15 sec.
- Lock the side doors and the door of the indicators and control panel to avoid unauthorized access.

3.5 Operating Qc3001™

3.5.1 Starting Qc3001™

- Turn the optional battery switch to ON.
- Turn the S20 button to the ON position, this will activate the Qc3001™ Controller.
- Select the correct application type and the correct mode on the Qc3001™ module (see Overview of applications for the possible selections).
- Make the correct wirings and program the applicable parameters (see Standard applications for more details).
- When in SEMI-AUTO mode, use the START button to start-up the generator. The GB button cannot be used to close the generator breaker.
- When in AUTO mode, the generator will start-up automatically and close the contactors depending on the selected application.



The START button, the GB-close button and the MB-close button cannot be used in AUTO mode.

3.5.2 During operation Qc3001™

Following points should be carried out regularly:

- Check the display for normal readings.



Avoid letting the engine run out of fuel. If this happens, priming will speed up the starting.

- Check for leakage of oil, fuel or cooling water.
- Avoid long low-load periods (< 30 %). In this case, an output power drop and higher oil consumption of the engine could occur. It is recommended to operate the generator at full load capacity immediately after any low load operating period.
- When single-phase loads are connected to the generator output terminals, keep all loads well-balanced.



Never turn the optional battery switch to OFF during operation.

If circuit breaker Q1 trips off during operation, switch off the load and stop the generator. Check and, if necessary, decrease the load.

3.5.3 Stopping Qc3001™

- When in SEMI-AUTO mode, use the STOP button to stop the generator. The GB button will not work to open the GB.
- When in AUTO mode, the STOP and GB button will not function. The generator shuts down automatically depending on the selected application.



If you want to stop the generator manually, use the S20 button or the emergency stop button.

4. Maintenance

4.1 Maintenance schedule for QAS 30 Pd

 Before carrying out any maintenance activity, check that the starter switch is in position O and that no electrical power is present on the terminals.

4.1.1 Maintenance schedule	Daily	500 hours or yearly	1000 hours
Service pak	-	2912 4410 05	-
For the most important subassemblies, Atlas Copco has developed service kits that combine all wear parts. These service kits offer you the benefits of genuine parts, save on administration costs and are offered at reduced price, compared to the loose components. Refer to the parts list for more information on the contents of the service kits.			
Air/fuel/coolant & oil leakage	Check	Check	Check
Electrolyte level and terminals of battery		Check	Check
Fixation of hoses, cables and pipes		Check	Check
Oil and coolant level	Check	Check	Check
Coolers	Check and clean externally	Check and clean externally	Check and clean externally
Condition of cooling fan assembly	Check	Check	Check
Tension and condition of the drive belt	Check	Check	Check
Door hinges and locks		Grease	Grease
Engine oil		Replace	Replace
Engine oil filter		Replace	Replace
Fuel filter element		Replace	Replace
Fuel prefilter element		Replace	Replace
Water in fuel filter	Drain	Drain	Drain
Air cleaner and dust bowl	Clean	Clean	Clean
Air filter element		Change	Change
Safety cartridge		Replace	Replace
Engine inlet and outlet valves (2)			Check/Adjust if necessary
Alternator and starter motor			Check
Electrical system: security of cables and wear			Check
Mechanical links		Grease	Grease
Condition of vibration dampers		Check	Check
Alternator insulation resistance		Measure	Measure
Glycol level in coolant (1)		Check	Check
PH level of engine coolant		Check	Check
Filter closed breather system		Replace	Replace
Inspection by Atlas Copco Service technician			

(1) Change coolant every 5 years.

(2) Gaskets rocker cover can be re-used. New gasket can be ordered with partnumber 2914 9845 00.

4.2 Maintenance schedule for QAS 45 Pd and QAS 60 Pd



Before carrying out any maintenance activity, check that the starter switch is in position O and that no electrical power is present on the terminals.

4.2.1 Maintenance schedule	Daily	500 hours or yearly	1000 hours
Service pak	-	2912 4411 05	-
For the most important subassemblies, Atlas Copco has developed service kits that combine all wear parts. These service kits offer you the benefits of genuine parts, save on administration costs and are offered at reduced price, compared to the loose components. Refer to the parts list for more information on the contents of the service kits.			
Air/fuel/coolant & oil leakage	Check	Check	Check
Electrolyte level and terminals of battery		Check	Check
Fixation of hoses, cables and pipes		Check	Check
Oil and coolant level	Check	Check	Check
Coolers	Check and clean externally	Check and clean externally	Check and clean externally
Condition of cooling fan assembly	Check	Check	Check
Tension and condition of the drive belt	Check	Check	Check
Door hinges and locks		Grease	Grease
Engine oil		Replace	Replace
Engine oil filter		Replace	Replace
Fuel filter element		Replace	Replace
Fuel prefilter element		Replace	Replace
Water in fuel filter	Drain	Drain	Drain
Air cleaner and dust bowl	Clean	Clean	Clean
Air filter element		Change	Change
Safety cartridge		Replace	Replace
Engine inlet and outlet valves (2)			Check/Adjust if necessary
Alternator and starter motor			Check
Electrical system: security of cables and wear			Check
Mechanical links		Grease	Grease
Condition of vibration dampers		Check	Check
Alternator insulation resistance		Measure	Measure
Glycol level in coolant (1)		Check	Check
PH level of engine coolant		Check	Check
Filter closed breather system		Replace	Replace
Inspection by Atlas Copco Service technician			

- (1) Change coolant every 5 years.
- (2) Gaskets rocker cover can be re-used. New gasket can be ordered with partnumber 2914 9845 00.

4.3 Engine maintenance

Refer to the engine's operator manual for full maintenance schedule.

4.4 (*) Measuring the alternator insulation resistance

A 500 V megger is required to measure the alternator insulation resistance.

If the N-terminal is connected to the earthing system, it must be disconnected from the earth terminal. Disconnect the AVR.

Connect the megger between the earth terminal and terminal L1 and generate a voltage of 500 V. The scale must indicate a resistance of at least 5 MΩ.

Refer to the alternator operating and maintenance instructions for more details.

4.5 Engine oil specifications



It is strongly recommended to use Atlas Copco branded lubrication oils.

High-quality, mineral, hydraulic or synthesized hydrocarbon oil with rust and oxidation inhibitors, anti-foam and anti-wear properties is recommended.

The viscosity grade should correspond to the ambient temperature and ISO 3448, as follows:

Engine	Type of lubricant
between -15°C and 40°C	PAROIL 15W40
between -25°C and 30°C	PAROIL 5W30



Never mix synthetic with mineral oil.

Remark:

When changing from mineral to synthetic oil (or the other way around), you will need to do an extra rinse.

After doing the complete change procedure to synthetic oil, run the unit for a few minutes to allow good and complete circulation of the synthetic oil. Then drain the synthetic oil again and fill again with new synthetic oil. To set correct oil levels, proceed as in normal instruction.

4.5.1 Specifications PAROIL

PAROIL from Atlas Copco is the ONLY oil tested and approved for use in all engines built into Atlas Copco compressors and generators. Extensive laboratory and field endurance tests on Atlas Copco equipment have proven PAROIL to match all lubrication demands in varied conditions. It meets stringent quality control specifications to ensure your equipment will run smoothly and reliably.

The quality lubricant additives in PAROIL allow for extended oil change intervals without any loss in performance or longevity.

PAROIL provides wear protection under extreme conditions. Powerful oxidation resistance, high chemical stability and rust-inhibiting additives help reduce corrosion, even within engines left idle for extended periods.

PAROIL contains high quality anti-oxidants to control deposits, sludge and contaminants that tend to build up under very high temperatures. PAROIL's detergent additives keep sludge forming particles in a fine suspension instead of allowing them to clog your filter and accumulate in the valve/rocker cover area.

PAROIL releases excess heat efficiently, whilst maintaining excellent bore-polish protection to limit oil consumption.

PAROIL has an excellent Total Base Number (TBN) retention and more alkalinity to control acid formation.

PAROIL prevents Soot build-up.

PAROIL is optimized for the latest low emission EURO -3 & -2, EPA TIER II & III engines running on low sulphur diesel for lower oil and fuel consumption.

4.5.2 PAROIL 5W30 and PAROIL 15W40

Synthetic engine oil PAROIL 5W30

PAROIL 5W30 is a Synthetic ultra high performance diesel engine oil with a high viscosity- index. Atlas Copco PAROIL 5W30 is designed to provide excellent lubrication from start-up in temperatures as low as -25°C.

	Liter	US gal	Imp gal	cu.ft	Order number
can	5	1.3	1.1	0.175	1604 6060 00
barrel	210	55.2	46	7.35	1604 6059 00

Mineral engine oil PAROIL 15W40

PAROIL 15W40 is a mineral based high performance diesel engine oil with a high viscosity- index. Atlas Copco PAROIL 15W40 is designed to provide a high level of performance and protection in 'standard' ambient conditions as from -15°C.

	Liter	US gal	Imp gal	cu.ft	Order number
can	5	1.3	1.1	0.175	1615 5953 00
can	20	5.3	4.4	0.7	1615 5954 00
barrel	210	55.2	46	7.35	1615 5955 00

4.6 Engine oil level check

Consult the Engine Operation Manual for the oil specifications, viscosity recommendations and oil change intervals.

For intervals, see "Maintenance schedule".

Check engine oil level according to the instructions in the Engine Operation Manual and if necessary top up with oil.

4.7 Engine oil and oil filter change

See section "Maintenance schedule".

4.8 Engine coolant specifications



Never remove the cooling system filler cap while coolant is hot.

The system may be under pressure. Remove the cap slowly and only when coolant is at ambient temperature. A sudden release of pressure from a heated cooling system can result in personal injury from the splash of hot coolant.

It is strongly recommended to use Atlas Copco branded coolant.

The use of the correct coolant is important for good heat transfer and protection of liquid-cooled engines. Coolants used in these engines must be mixtures of good quality water (distilled or de-ionised), special coolant additives and if necessary freeze protection. Coolant that is not to manufacturer's specification will result in mechanical damage of the engine.

The freezing point of the coolant must be lower than the freezing point that can occur in the area. The difference must be at least 5°C. If the coolant freezes, it may crack the cylinder block, radiator or coolant pump.

Consult the engine's operation manual and follow the manufacturer's directions.



Never mix different coolants and mix the coolant components outside the cooling system.

4.8.1 Specifications PARCOOL EG

PARCOOL EG is the only coolant that has been tested and approved by all engine manufacturers currently in use in Atlas Copco compressors and generators.

Atlas Copco's PARCOOL EG extended life coolant is the new range of organic coolants purpose designed to meet the needs of modern engines. PARCOOL EG can help prevent leaks caused by corrosion. PARCOOL EG is also fully compatible with all sealants and gasket types developed to join different materials used within an engine.

PARCOOL EG is a ready to use Ethylene Glycol based coolant, premixed in an optimum 50/50 dilution ratio, for antifreeze protection guaranteed to -40°C.

Because PARCOOL EG inhibits corrosion, deposit formation is minimized. This effectively eliminates the problem of restricted flow through the engine coolant ducts and the radiator, minimizing the risk for engine overheating and possible failure.

It reduces water pump seal wear and has excellent stability when subjected to sustained high operating temperatures.

PARCOOL EG is free of nitride and amines to protect your health and the environment. Longer service life reduces the amount of coolant produced and needing disposal to minimise environmental impact.

	Liter	US gal	Imp gal	cu.ft	Order number
can	5	1.3	1.1	0.175	1604 5308 00
can	20	5.3	4.4	0.7	1604 5307 01
barrel	210	55.2	46	7.35	1604 5306 00

To ensure protection against corrosion, cavitation and formation of deposits, the concentration of the additives in the coolant must be kept between certain limits, as stated by the manufacturer's guidelines. Topping up the coolant with water only, changes the concentration and is therefore not allowed.

Liquid-cooled engines are factory-filled with this type of coolant mixture.

4.9 Coolant check

4.9.1 Monitoring coolant condition

In order to guarantee the lifetime and quality of the product, thus to optimise engine protection, regular coolant-condition-analysis is advisable.

The quality of the product can be determined by three parameters.

Visual check

- Verify the outlook of the coolant regarding colour and make sure that no loose particles are floating around.

pH measurement

- Check the pH value of the coolant using a pH-measuring device.
- The pH-meter can be ordered from Atlas Copco with part number 2913 0029 00.
- Typical value for EG = 8.6.
- If the pH-level is below 7 or above 9.5, the coolant should be replaced.

Glycol concentration measurement

- To optimise the unique engine protection features of the PARCOOL EG the concentration of the Glycol in the water should be always above 33 vol.%.
- Mixtures with more than 68 vol.% mix ratio in water are not recommended, as this will lead to high engine operating temperatures.
- A refractometer can be ordered from Atlas Copco with part number 2913 0028 00.



In case of a mix of different coolant products this type of measurement might provide incorrect values.

4.9.2 Topping up of coolant

- Verify if the engine cooling system is in a good condition (no leaks, clean,...).
- Check the condition of the coolant.
- If the condition of the coolant is outside the limits, the complete coolant should be replaced (see section “Replacing the coolant”).
- Always top-up with PARCOOL EG.
- Topping up the coolant with water only, changes the concentration of additives and is therefore not allowed.

4.9.3 Replacing the coolant

Drain

- Completely drain the entire cooling system.
- Used coolant must be disposed or recycled in accordance with laws and local regulations.

Flush

- Flush twice with clean water. Used coolant must be disposed or recycled in accordance with laws and local regulations.
- From the Atlas Copco Instruction book, determine the amount of PARCOOL EG required and pour into the radiator top tank.
- It should be clearly understood that the risk for contamination is reduced in case of proper cleaning.
- In case a certain content of ‘other’ coolant remains in the system, the coolant with the lowest properties influences the quality of the ‘mixed’ coolant.

Fill

- To assure proper operation and the release of trapped air, run the engine until normal engine operation temperature is reached. Turn off the engine and allow to cool.
- Recheck coolant level and add if necessary.

5. Storage of the generator

5.1 Storage

- Store the generator in a dry, frost-free room which is well ventilated.
- Run the engine regularly, e.g. once a week, until it is warmed up. If this is impossible, extra precautions must be taken:
 - Consult the engine's operator manual.
 - Remove the battery. Store it in a dry, frost-free room. Keep the battery clean and its terminals lightly covered with petroleum jelly. Recharge the battery regularly.
 - Clean the generator and protect all electrical components against moisture.
 - Place silica gel bags, VCI paper (Volatile Corrosion Inhibitor) or another drying agent inside the generator and close the doors.
 - Stick sheets of VCI paper with adhesive tape on the bodywork to close off all openings.
 - Wrap the generator, except the bottom, with a plastic bag.

5.2 Preparing for operation after storage

Before operating the generator again, remove the wrapping, VCI paper and silica gel bags and check the generator thoroughly (go through the checklist "Before starting").

- Consult the engine's operator manual.
- Check that the insulation resistance of the generator exceeds 5 MΩ.
- Replace the fuel filter and fill the fuel tank. Vent the fuel system.
- Reinstall and connect the battery, if necessary after being recharged.
- Submit the generator to a test run.

6. Checks and trouble shooting



Never perform a test run with connected power cables. Never touch an electrical connector without a voltage check.

When a failure occurs, always report what you experienced before, during and after the failure. Information with regard to the load (type, size, power factor, etc.), vibrations, exhaust gas colour, insulation check, odours, output voltage, leaks and damaged parts, ambient temperature, daily and normal maintenance and altitude might be helpful to quickly locate the problem. Also report any information regarding the humidity and location of the generator (e.g. close to sea).

6.1 Checking voltmeter P4

- Put a voltmeter in parallel with voltmeter P4 on the control panel.
- Check that the read-out of both voltmeters is the same.
- Stop the generator and disconnect one terminal.
- Check that the internal resistance of the voltmeter is high.

6.2 Checking ammeters P1, P2, P3

- Measure the outgoing current during the load, by means of a clamp-on probe.
- Compare the measured current with the current indicated on ammeter. Both readings should be the same.

6.3 Alternator trouble shooting

Symptom	Possible cause	Corrective action
<i>Alternator does not excite</i>	Blown fuse. Insufficient residual voltage. No residual voltage.	Replace fuse. Increase the speed by 15%. For an instant apply on the + and – terminals of the electronic regulator a 12 V battery voltage with a 30 Ω resistor in series respecting the polarities.
<i>After being excited alternator does not excite</i>	Connections are interrupted.	Check connection cables as per attached drawings.
<i>Low voltage at no load</i>	Voltage potentiometer out of setting. Intervention of protection. Winding failure.	Reset voltage potentiometer. Check rpm. Check windings.
<i>High voltage at no load</i>	Voltage potentiometer out of setting. Failed regulator.	Reset voltage potentiometer. Substitute regulator.
<i>Lower than rated voltage at load</i>	Voltage potentiometer out of setting. Intervention by protection. Failed regulator. Rotating bridge failure.	Reset voltage potentiometer. Current too high, power factor lower than 0.8; speed lower than 10% of rated speed. Substitute regulator. Check diodes, disconnect cables.
<i>Higher than rated voltage at load</i>	Voltage potentiometer out of setting. Failed regulator.	Reset voltage potentiometer. Substitute regulator.
<i>Unstable voltage</i>	Speed variation in engine. Regulator out of setting.	Check regularity of rotation. Regulate stability of regulator by acting on “STABILITY” potentiometer.

6.4 Engine trouble shooting

The table below gives an overview of the possible engine problems and their possible causes.

6.4.1 The starter motor turns the engine too slowly

- Battery capacity too low.
- Bad electrical connection.
- Fault in starter motor.
- Wrong grade of lubricating oil.

6.4.2 The engine does not start or is difficult to start

- Starter motor turns engine too slowly.
- Fuel tank empty.
- Fault in fuel control solenoid.
- Restriction in a fuel pipe.
- Fault in fuel lift pump.
- Dirty fuel filter element.
- Air in fuel system.
- Fault in atomisers.

- Cold start system used incorrectly.
- Fault in cold start system.
- Restriction in fuel tank vent.
- Wrong type or grade of fuel used.
- Restriction in exhaust pipe.

6.4.3 Not enough power

- Restriction in a fuel pipe.
- Fault in fuel lift pump.
- Dirty fuel filter element.
- Restriction in air filter/cleaner or induction system.
- Air in fuel system.
- Fault in atomisers or atomisers of an incorrect type.
- Restriction in fuel tank vent.
- Wrong type or grade of fuel used.
- Restricted movement of engine speed control.
- Restriction in exhaust pipe.
- Engine temperature is too high.
- Engine temperature is too low.

6.4.4 Misfire

- Restriction in a fuel pipe.
- Fault in fuel lift pump.
- Dirty fuel filter element.
- Air in fuel system.
- Fault in atomisers or atomisers of an incorrect type.
- Fault in cold start system.
- Engine temperature is too high.
- Incorrect valve tip clearances.

6.4.5 The pressure of the lubricating oil is too low

- Wrong grade of lubricating oil.
- Not enough lubricating oil in sump.
- Defective gauge.
- Dirty lubricating oil filter element.

6.4.6 High fuel consumption

- Restriction in air filter/cleaner or induction system.
- Fault in atomisers or atomisers of an incorrect type.
- Fault in cold start system.
- Wrong type or grade of fuel used.
- Restricted movement of engine speed control.
- Restriction in exhaust pipe.
- Engine temperature is too low.
- Incorrect valve tip clearances.

6.4.7 Black exhaust smoke

- Restriction in air filter/cleaner or induction system.
- Fault in atomisers or atomisers of an incorrect type.
- Fault in cold start system.
- Wrong type or grade of fuel used.
- Restriction in exhaust pipe.
- Engine temperature is too low.
- Incorrect valve tip clearances.
- Engine overload.

6.4.8 Blue or white exhaust smoke

- Wrong grade of lubricating oil.
- Fault in cold start system.
- Engine temperature is too low.

6.4.9 The engine knocks

- Fault in fuel lift pump.
- Fault in atomisers or atomisers of an incorrect type.
- Fault in cold start system.
- Wrong type or grade of fuel used.
- Engine temperature is too high.
- Incorrect valve tip clearances.

6.4.10 The engine runs erratically

- Fault in fuel control.
- Restriction in a fuel pipe.

- Fault in fuel lift pump.
- Dirty fuel filter element.
- Restriction in air filter/cleaner or induction system.
- Air in fuel system.
- Fault in atomisers or atomisers of an incorrect type.
- Fault in cold start system.
- Restriction in fuel tank vent.
- Restricted movement of engine speed control.
- Engine temperature is too high.
- Incorrect valve tip clearances.

6.4.11 Vibration

- Fault in atomisers or atomisers of an incorrect type.
- Restricted movement of engine speed control.
- Engine temperature is too high.
- Fan damaged.
- Fault in engine mounting or flywheel housing.

6.4.12 The pressure of the lubricating oil is too high

- Wrong grade of lubricating oil.
- Defective gauge.

6.4.13 The engine temperature is too high

- Restriction in air filter/cleaner or induction system.
- Fault in atomisers or atomisers of an incorrect type.
- Fault in cold start system.
- Restriction in exhaust pipe.
- Fan damaged.
- Too much lubricating oil in sump.
- Restriction in air or coolant passages of radiator.
- Insufficient coolant in system.

6.4.14 Crankcase pressure

- Restriction in breather pipe.
- Vacuum pipe leaks or fault in exhaust.

6.4.15 Bad compression

- Restriction in air filter/cleaner or induction system.
- Incorrect valve tip clearances.

6.4.16 The engine starts and stops

- Dirty fuel filter element.
- Restriction in air filter/cleaner or induction system.
- Air in fuel system.

6.4.17 The engine shuts down after approx. 15 sec.

- Bad connection towards oil pressure switch/coolant temperature switch.

7. Options available for QAS 30 Pd, QAS 45 Pd and QAS 60 Pd units

7.1 Circuit diagrams

The engine control circuit diagrams and the power circuit diagrams for the standard QAS 30, QAS 45 and QAS 60 Pd units:

Unit	Power circuit	Engine control circuit
QAS 30 Pd Qc1001™	9822 0992 10	9822 0992 18
QAS 45 - 60 Pd Qc1001™	9822 0992 20	9822 0992 18
QAS 30 Pd Qc3001™	9822 0992 10	9822 0992 19
QAS 45 - 60 Pd Qc3001™	9822 0992 20	9822 0992 19
QAS 30 Pd Low voltage	9822 0992 11	
QAS 45 - 60 Pd Low voltage	9822 0992 21	

7.2 Overview of the electrical options

The following “electrical” options are available for the QAS 30, QAS 45 and QAS 60 Pd units:

- Automatic battery charger
- Battery switch
- Engine coolant heater
- Outlet sockets (S)
- Single frequency with electronic speed control (SF)
- Dual frequency with electronic speed control (DF)
- Electronic speed regulator
- Low voltage (LV)
- Single phase (1 Ph)
- Earth leakage relay
- IT-relay
- Refinery equipment pack

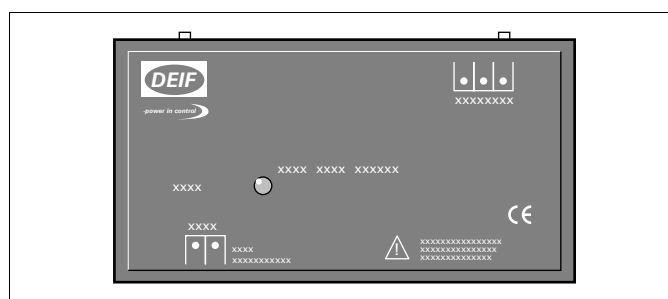
7.3 Description of the electrical options

7.3.1 Automatic battery charger

The “trickle charger” charges the battery completely and is disconnected once the unit starts up.

Besides the output terminals (secondary side) the automatic battery charger has a trim potentiometer for setting of the output voltage. By means of an insulated slotted screwdriver or adjusting pin the output voltage can be set in the range.

The LED on the front indicates that the unit is operational.



Setting:

- Lower output voltage = Counterclockwise rotation
- Higher output voltage = Clockwise rotation

To use the battery charger:

- Provide the X25 connector, located at the side of the power cubicle, with external power to use the battery charger.

7.3.2 Battery switch

The battery switch is situated inside the sound-insulated bodywork. It allows to open or to close the electrical connection between the battery and the engine circuits.



Never turn the battery switch to OFF during operation.

7.3.3 Engine coolant heater

To make sure that the engine can start and accept load immediately, an external coolant heater (1000 W, 240 V) is provided which keeps the engine temperature between 38°C and 49°C.

7.3.4 Outlet sockets (S)

Outlet sockets QAS 30 Pd

A brief description of all outlet sockets and circuit breakers provided on the generator is given hereafter:

X2..... 3-phase outlet socket (400 V AC)

Provides phases L1, L2 and L3, neutral and earthing.

X4..... 3-phase outlet socket (400 V AC)

Provides phases L1, L2 and L3, neutral and earthing.

X5..... 3-phase outlet socket (400 V AC)

Provides phases L1, L2 and L3, neutral and earthing.

X6..... 1-phase outlet socket (230 V AC)

Provides phase L3, neutral and earthing.

Q4..... Circuit breaker for X4

Interrupts the power supply to X4 when a short-circuit occurs at the load side, or when the overcurrent protection (32 A) is activated. When activated, Q4 interrupts the three phases towards X4. It can be activated again after eliminating the problem.

Q5..... Circuit breaker for X5

Interrupts the power supply to X5 when a short-circuit occurs at the load side, or when the overcurrent protection (16 A) is activated. When activated, Q5 interrupts the three phases towards X5. It can be activated again after eliminating the problem.

Q6..... Circuit breaker for X6

Interrupts the power supply to X6 when a short-circuit occurs at the load side, or when the overcurrent protection (16 A) is activated. When activated, Q6 interrupts phase L3 and the neutral towards X6. It can be activated again after eliminating the problem.



Circuit breaker Q1 does not only interrupt the power supply towards X1, but also towards X2, X4, X5 and X6.

Make sure to switch on circuit breakers Q1, Q4, Q5 and Q6 after starting the generator when power supply is done by means of X4, X5 or X6.

Outlet sockets QAS 45 - 60 Pd

A brief description of all outlet sockets and circuit breakers provided on the generator is given hereafter:

X2-X3.. 3-phase outlet socket (400 V AC)

Provides phases L1, L2 and L3, neutral and earthing.

X4..... 3-phase outlet socket (400 V AC)

Provides phases L1, L2 and L3, neutral and earthing.

X5..... 3-phase outlet socket (400 V AC)

Provides phases L1, L2 and L3, neutral and earthing.

X6..... 1-phase outlet socket (230 V AC)

Provides phase L3, neutral and earthing.

Q2-Q3.. Circuit breaker for X2-X3

Interrupts the power supply to X2-X3 when a short-circuit occurs at the load side, or when the overcurrent protection (63 A) is activated. When activated, Q2-Q3 interrupts the three phases towards X2-X3. It can be activated again after eliminating the problem.

Q4..... Circuit breaker for X4

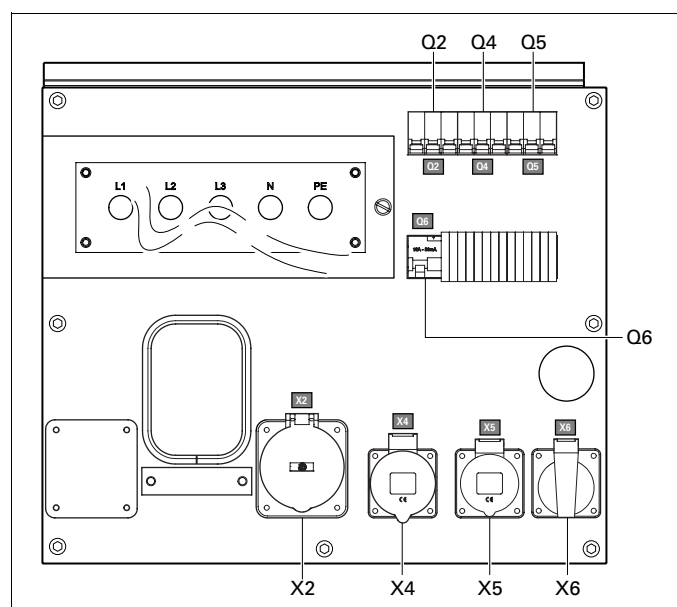
Interrupts the power supply to X4 when a short-circuit occurs at the load side, or when the overcurrent protection (32 A) is activated. When activated, Q4 interrupts the three phases towards X4. It can be activated again after eliminating the problem.

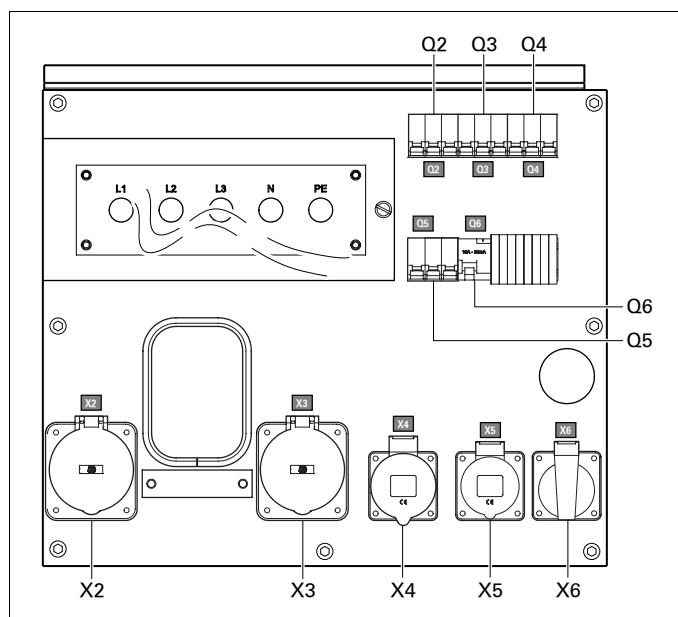
Q5..... Circuit breaker for X5

Interrupts the power supply to X5 when a short-circuit occurs at the load side, or when the overcurrent protection (16 A) is activated. When activated, Q5 interrupts the three phases towards X5. It can be activated again after eliminating the problem.

Q6..... Circuit breaker for X6

Interrupts the power supply to X6 when a short-circuit occurs at the load side, or when the overcurrent protection (16 A) is activated. When activated, Q6 interrupts phase L3 and the neutral towards X6. It can be activated again after eliminating the problem.



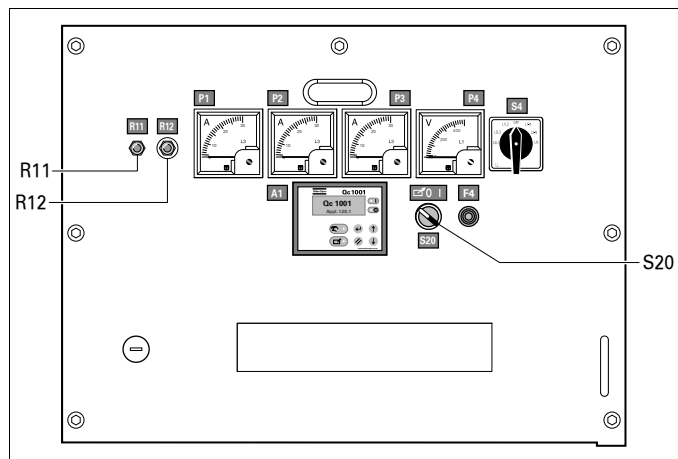


Circuit breaker Q1 does not only interrupt the power supply towards X1, but also towards X2, X3, X4, X5 and X6.

Make sure to switch on circuit breakers Q1, Q2, Q3, Q4, Q5 and Q6 after starting the generator when power supply is done by means of X2, X3, X4, X5 or X6.

7.3.5 Single frequency with electronic speed control (SF)

The “Single frequency” option provides an electronic speed controller which improves the output frequency of the generator at 50/ 60 Hz at a constant load.



R11.... Speed adjustment

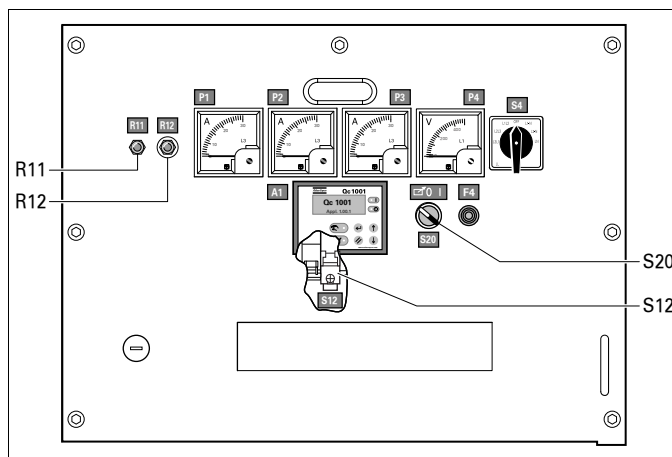
See “Electronic speed regulator”.

R12.... Voltage adjustment

Allows to adjust the output voltage.

7.3.6 Dual frequency with electronic speed control (DF)

The “Dual frequency with electronic speed control” option allows the unit to work at 50 Hz or at 60 Hz with an improved accuracy at constant load. The frequency selection is done by means of switch S12.



R11.... Speed adjustment

See “Electronic speed regulator”.

R12.... Voltage adjustment

Allows to adjust the output voltage.

S12.... Frequency selector switch (50 Hz/60 Hz)

Allows to choose the frequency of the output voltage: 50 Hz or 60 Hz.



Changing the output frequency is only allowed after shutdown.

After changing the output frequency, adjust the output voltage by means of potentiometer R12 to the required value.

7.3.7 Electronic speed regulator

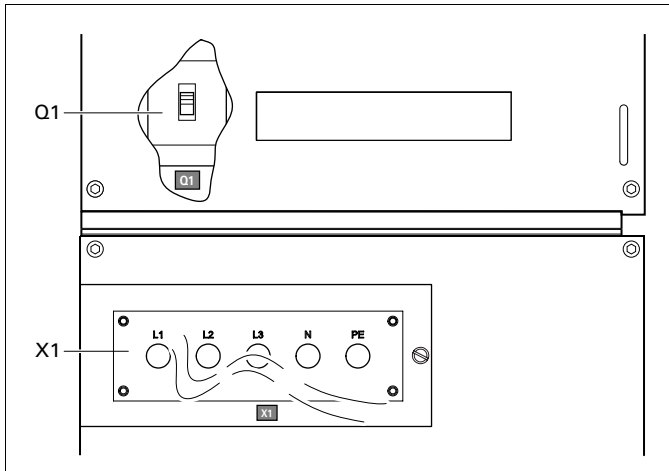
The electronic speed regulator makes sure that the output frequency of the generator is 50/60 Hz, independent of the amount of load.

7.3.8 Low voltage (LV)

The "Low voltage" option allows to run the unit at low voltage (= high current).



All the cables that are used must be suitable for high current.

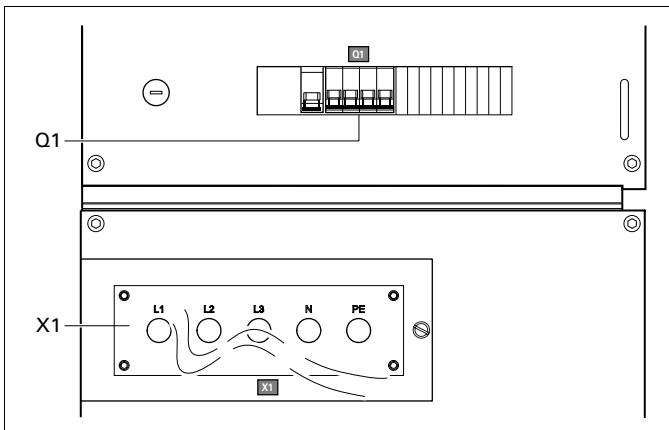


Q1.....Circuit breaker for low voltage, high current

Interrupts the low voltage power supply towards X1 when a short-circuit occurs at the load side or when the overcurrent protection (QAS 30: 80 A, QAS 45: 125 A, QAS 60: 152 A) is activated. It must be reset manually after eliminating the problem.

7.3.9 Single phase (1 Ph)

The "Single phase" option provides single phase output voltage (e.g. 230 V).



X1.....Main power supply (230 V AC)

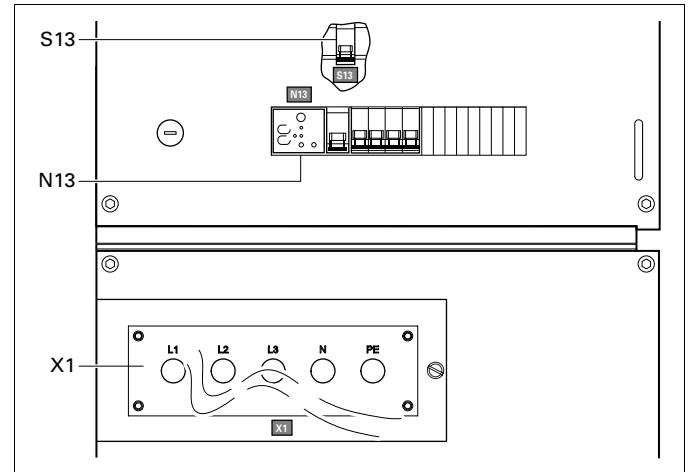
Terminals L1, L2, N (= neutral) and PE (= earthing), hidden behind the control panel door and behind a small transparent door.

Q1.....Circuit breaker for single phase operation

Interrupts phases L1, L2 and N towards X1 when a short-circuit occurs at the load side or when the overcurrent protection is activated. It must be reset manually after eliminating the problem.

7.3.10 Earth leakage relay

The "Earth relay" option provides a detector that will trip the main circuit breaker Q1 when an earth fault current is detected.



Q1.....Main circuit breaker

N13....Earth leak detector

Detects and indicates an earth fault current and activates the main circuit breaker Q1. The detection level can be set at 0.03 A fixed with instantaneous trip but can also be adjusted between 0.1 A and 1 A with time delayed (0 - 0.5 sec) trip. N13 has to be reset manually after eliminating the problem (reset button marked R). It can be overridden by means of the earth leak switch (S13, labelled IAN) but has to be tested monthly (by pushing test button T).

S13.....Lock-out switch for earth fault protection (N13)

This switch is located inside the cubicle and is labelled IAN.
Position O: No de-energising of the main circuit breaker Q1 when an earth fault occurs.
Position 1: De-energising of the main circuit breaker Q1 when an earth fault occurs.



Position O will only be used in conjunction with an external earth fault protection unit (e.g. integrated in a distribution board).

If S13 is in position O, proper earthing is of the utmost importance for the safety of the user. Eliminating any earth fault protection can lead to serious injury or even death for anybody touching the unit or the load.

7.3.11 IT-relay

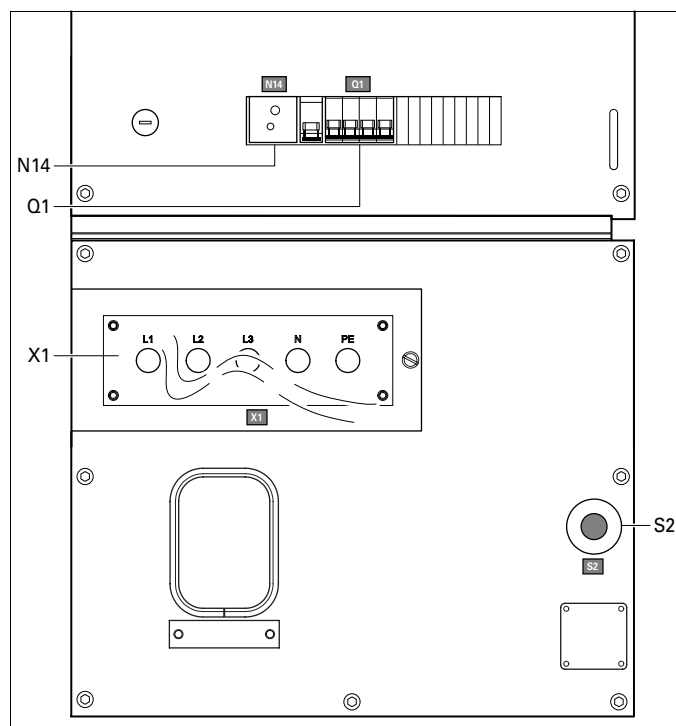
The generator is wired for an IT network i.e. no supply lines of the power supply are directly earthed. A failure in insulation resulting in a too low insulation resistance, is detected by the insulation monitoring relay.



The generator shall not be operated with other networks (such as TT or TN). Doing so will cause tripping of the insulation monitoring relay.

The generator is wired for an IT network i.e. no supply lines of the power supply are directly earthed. A failure in insulation resulting in too low an insulation resistance, is detected by the insulation monitoring relay.

At each start-up and any time a new load is connected, the insulation resistance must be verified. Check for the correct setting of the insulation monitoring relay (factory set at 13 kΩ).



Q1 Circuit breaker for X1

Interrupts the power supply X1 when a short-circuit occurs at the load side, or when the overcurrent protection (QAS 30: 50 A, QAS 45: 63 A, QAS 60: 100 A) is activated. When activated, Q1 interrupts the three phases towards X1. It must be reset manually after eliminating the problem.

X1..... Main power supply (400 V AC)

Terminals L1, L2, L3, N (= neutral) and PE (= earthing), hidden behind the control panel door and behind a small transparent door.

N14 ... Insulation monitoring relay

Checks the insulation resistance and activates Q1 when the insulation resistance is too low.

S2..... Emergency stop button

Push the button to stop the generator in case of an emergency. When the button is pressed, it must be unlocked, by turning it anti-clockwise, before the generator can be restarted. The emergency stop button can be secured in the locked position with the key, to avoid unauthorized use.

7.3.12 Refinery equipment pack

This refinery equipment option consists of :

- Integrated spark arrestor
- Engine air inlet shut-off valve

Air inlet shut-off valve

The engine air inlet shut-off valve option will prevent over-speeding of the engine due to combustible gases being traced within the normal engine air intake.

7.4 Overview of the mechanical options

The following "mechanical" options are available for the QAS 30, QAS 45 and QAS 60 Pd units:

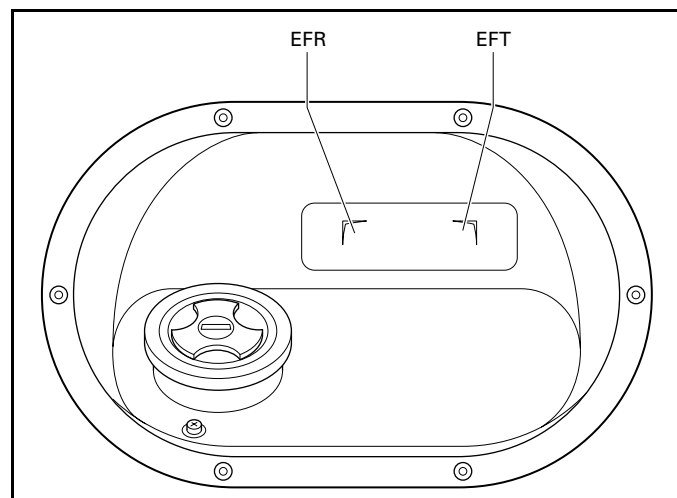
- External fueltank connection (with/without quick couplings)
- Undercarriage (axle, towbar, towing eyes)
- Skid fueltank

7.5 Description of the mechanical options

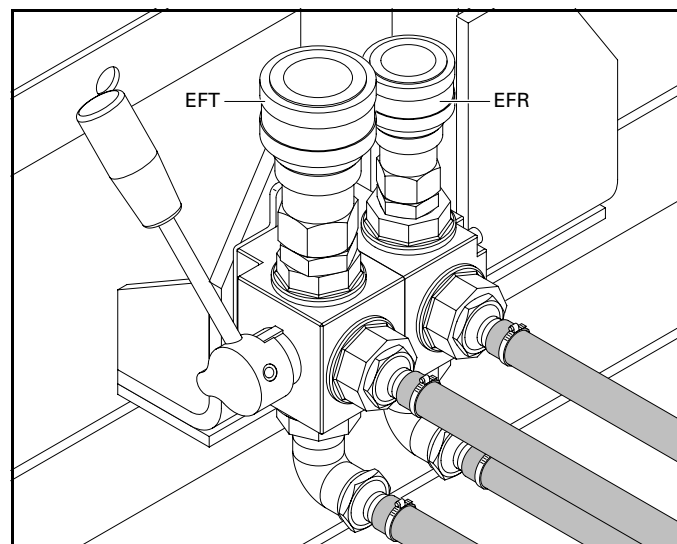
7.5.1 External fueltank connection (with/without quick couplings)

The option "External fueltank connection" allows to bypass the internal fueltank and to connect an external fueltank to the unit.

View outside

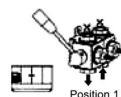


View inside



EFT		External fuel tank connection
EFR		External fuel tank return connection

When using this option, make sure to connect the fuel supply line as well as the fuel return line. Connections to fuellines ought to be air-tight to prevent air from entering the fuel system.



Position 1: Indicates that the fuel supply line to the engine is connected to the internal fueltank.



Position closed: Indicates that the fuel supply line to the engine is closed.



Position 2: Indicates that the fuel supply line to the engine is connected to the external fueltank.

7.5.2 Undercarriage (axle, towbar, towing eyes)

The undercarriage is equipped with an adjustable towbar with brakes, with DIN-eye, AC-eye, NATO-eye, GB-eye, ITA-eye or ball coupling and with road signalisation which is approved by EC legislation.

When using this option

- Make sure that the towing equipment of the vehicle matches the towing eye before towing the generator.
- Never move the generator while electrical cables are connected to the unit.
- Always apply the hand brake when parking the generator.
- Leave enough space for operation, inspection and maintenance (at least 1 meter at each side).

To maintain the undercarriage

- Check the tightness of the towbar bolts, the axle bolts and the wheel nuts at least twice a year and after the initial 50 hours of operation.
- Grease the wheel axle suspension bearings, the drawbar to the steering gear shaft and the spindle of the brake handle at least twice a year. Use ball bearing grease for the wheel bearings and graphite grease for the drawbar and spindle.
- Check the brake system twice a year.
- Check the condition of the vibration dampers twice a year.
- Repack the wheel hub bearings once a year using grease.
- Wheel chocks allows to park the generator on sloping ground. Place wheel chocks in front of or behind the wheels to immobilize the generator.

8. Technical specifications

8.1 Technical specifications for QAS 30 Pd units

8.1.1 Readings on gauges

<i>Gauge</i>	<i>Reading</i>	<i>Unit</i>
Ammeter L1-L3 (P1-P3)	Below max. rating	A
Voltmeter (P4)	Below max. rating	V

8.1.2 Settings of switches

<i>Switch</i>	<i>Function</i>	<i>Activates at</i>
Engine oil pressure	shut down	0.5 bar
Engine coolant temperature	shut down	105°C

8.1.3 Specifications of the engine/alternator/unit

		<i>50 Hz</i>	<i>60 Hz</i>
<i>Reference conditions 1)</i>	Rated frequency	50 Hz	60 Hz
	Rated speed (optional)	1500 rpm	1800 rpm
	Generator service duty	PRP	PRP
	Absolute air inlet pressure	100 kPa	100 kPa
	Relative air humidity	30 %	30 %
	Air inlet temperature	25°C	25°C
<i>Limitations 2)</i>	Maximum ambient temperature	40°C	40°C
	Altitude capability	1000 m	1000 m
	Maximum relative air humidity	85 %	85 %
	Minimum starting temperature unaided	-18°C	-18°C
	Minimum starting temperature aided (optional)	-25°C	-25°C
<i>Performance data 2) 3) 5)</i>	Rated active power (PRP) 3ph	24 kW	28 kW
	Rated power factor (lagging) 3ph	0.8	0.8
	Rated PRP power 3ph	30 kVA	35 kVA
	Rated voltage 3ph line to line	400 V	480 V
	Rated voltage 3ph line to line lower voltage	230 V	240 V
	Rated current 3ph	43.3 A	39.7 A
	Rated current 3ph lower voltage	75.3 A	79.4 A
	Performance class (acc.ISO 8528-5:1993)	G3	G3
	Frequency droop	<5 %	<5 %
		isochronous	isochronous
	Fuel consumption at full load/no load	5.5/1.5 kg/h	6.3/1.7 kg/h
	Specific fuel consumption	0.23 kg/kWh	0.24 kg/kWh
	Fuel autonomy at full load with standard tank	21 h	18 h
	Fuel autonomy at full load with standard tank and optional skid fuel tank	51 h	45 h
	Max. oil consumption at full load	8.3 g/h	9.5 g/h
	Maximum sound power level (LWA @ 75% PRP load) measured according to 2000/14/EC OND	89 dB(A)	92 dB(A)
	Capacity of fuel tank	134 l	134 l
	Capacity of optional skid fuel tank	326 l	326 l
	Single step load acceptance	100 %	100 %
<i>Application data</i>	Mode of operation	PRP	PRP
	Site	land use	land use
	Operation	single	single
	Start-up and control mode	manual/automatic	manual/automatic
	Start-up time	unspecified	unspecified
	Mobility/ Config. acc. to ISO 8528-1:1993 (optional)	transportable/D	transportable/D
	Mounting	mobile/E	mobile/E
	Climatic exposure	fully resilient	fully resilient
	Degree of protection (cubicle)	open air	open air
	Status of neutral	IP54 earthed	IP54 earthed

<i>Alternator 4)</i>	Standard	IEC34-1 ISO 8528-3 NEWAGE	IEC34-1 ISO 8528-3 NEWAGE
	Make		
	Model	BCI 184 H	BCI 184 H
	Rated output, class H temp. rise rating type acc. ISO 8528-3	37.5 kVA BR	46.9 kVA BR
	Degree of protection	IP 23	IP 23
	Insulation stator class	H	H
	Insulation rotor class	H	H
	Number of wires	12	12
<i>Engine 4)</i>	Standard	ISO 3046 ISO 8528-2 1103A-33G2	ISO 3046 ISO 8528-2 1103A-33G2
	Type PERKINS		
	Rated net output rating type acc. ISO 3046-7	27 kW ICXN	30.5 kW ICXN
	Coolant	water	water
	Combustion system	direct injection	direct injection
	Aspiration	natural aspirated	natural aspirated
	Number of cylinders	3	3
	Swept volume	3.3 l	3.3 l
	Speed governing (optional)	mechanical electronic	mechanical electronic
	Capacity of oil sump	7.4 l	7.4 l
	Capacity of cooling system	10.1 l	10.1 l
	Electrical system	12 Vdc	12 Vdc
<i>Power circuit</i>	Circuit-breaker, 3ph		
	Number of poles	4	4
	Thermal release It (thermal release is higher at 25°C)	50 A	50 A
	Magnetic release Im	3..5xIn	3..5xIn
	Circuit-breaker, 3ph, lower voltage		
	Number of poles (optional)	3	4
	Thermal release It (thermal release is higher at 25°C)	80 A	TBA
	Magnetic release Im	3..5xIn	3..5xIn
	Fault current protection		
	Residual current release IDn	0.030-30 A	0.030-30 A
	Insulation resistance (optional)	10-100 kOhm domestic (1x)	
	Outlet sockets (optional)		
		2p + E 16 A + 230 V	
		CEE form (1x) 3p + N + E 16 A + 400 V	
		CEE form (1x) 3p + N + E 32 A + 400 V	
		CEE form (1x) 3p + N + E 63 A + 400 V	
<i>Unit</i>	Dimensions (LxWxH)	2450 x 1100 x 1483 mm	2450 x 1100 x 1483 mm
	Weight net mass	1352 kg	1352 kg
	Weight wet mass	1460 kg	1460 kg

Notes

- 1) Reference conditions for engine performance to ISO 3046-1.
- 2) See derating diagram or consult the factory for other conditions.
- 3) At reference conditions unless otherwise stated.
- 4) Rating Definition (ISO 8528-1):
 - LTP: Limited Time Power is the maximum electrical power which a generating set is capable of delivering (at variable load), in the event of a utility power failure (for up to 500 hours per year of which a maximum of 300 hours is continuous running). No overload is permitted on these ratings. The alternator is peak continuous rated (as defined in ISO 8528-3) at 25°C.
 - PRP: Prime Power is the maximum power available during a variable power sequence, which may be run for an unlimited number of hours per year, between stated maintenance intervals and under the stated ambient conditions. A 10% overload is permitted for 1 hour in 12 hours. The permissible average power output during a 24h period shall not exceed the stated load factor of 80%.
- 5) Specific mass fuel used: 0.86 kg/l.

Derating

Height (m)	Temperature (°C)								
	0	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40
0	100	100	100	100	100	100	99	98	97
500	100	100	100	100	100	100	96	95	94
1000	99	98	97	96	95	94	93	92	91
1500	94	94	93	92	91	90	89	88	86
2000	90	89	88	87	85	84	83	82	81
2500	84	83	81	80	80	78	77	76	75
3000	77	77	75	74	73	72	71	70	68
3500	71	70	68	67	66	65	64	63	61
4000	64	62	61	60	58	58	56	55	54

For use of generator outside these conditions, please contact Atlas Copco.

8.2 Technical specifications for QAS 45 Pd units

8.2.1 Readings on gauges

<i>Gauge</i>	<i>Reading</i>	<i>Unit</i>
Ammeter L1-L3 (P1-P3)	Below max. rating	A
Voltmeter (P4)	Below max. rating	V

8.2.2 Settings of switches

<i>Switch</i>	<i>Function</i>	<i>Activates at</i>
Engine oil pressure	shut down	0.5 bar
Engine coolant temperature	shut down	105°C

8.2.3 Specifications of the engine/alternator/unit

		<i>50 Hz</i>	<i>60 Hz</i>
<i>Reference conditions 1)</i>	Rated frequency	50 Hz	60 Hz
	Rated speed (optional)	1500 rpm	1800 rpm
	Generator service duty	PRP	PRP
	Absolute air inlet pressure	100 kPa	100 kPa
	Relative air humidity	30 %	30 %
	Air inlet temperature	25°C	25°C
<i>Limitations 2)</i>	Maximum ambient temperature	40°C	40°C
	Altitude capability	1000 m	1000 m
	Maximum relative air humidity	85 %	85 %
	Minimum starting temperature unaided	-18°C	-18°C
	Minimum starting temperature aided (optional)	-25°C	-25°C
<i>Performance data 2) 3) 5)</i>	Rated active power (PRP) 3ph	36 kW	44 kW
	Rated power factor (lagging) 3ph	0.8	0.8
	Rated PRP power 3ph	45 kVA	55 kVA
	Rated voltage 3ph. line to line	400 V	480 V
	Rated voltage 3ph. line to line lower voltage	230 V	240 V
	Rated current 3ph.	65 A	66 A
	Rated current 3ph. lower voltage	113 A	132 A
	Performance class (acc.ISO 8528-5:1993)	G2	G2
	Frequency droop	<5 %	<5 %
		isochronous	isochronous
	Fuel consumption at full load/no load	8.3/1.5 kg/h	11.3/2.2 kg/h
	Specific fuel consumption	0.21 kg/kWh	0.24 kg/kWh
	Fuel autonomy at full load with standard tank	14 h	10 h
	Fuel autonomy at full load with standard tank and optional skid fuel tank	47 h	35 h
	Max. oil consumption at full load	12.5 g/h	17.0 g/h
	Maximum sound power level (LWA) measured according to 2000/14/EC OND	88 dB(A)	92 dB(A)
	Capacity of fuel tank	134 l	134 l
	Capacity of optional skid fuel tank	326 l	326 l
	Single step load acceptance	100 %	100 %
<i>Application data</i>	Mode of operation	PRP	PRP
	Site	land use	land use
	Operation	single	single
	Start-up and control mode	manual/automatic	manual/automatic
	Start-up time	unspecified	unspecified
	Mobility/ Config. acc. to ISO 8528-1:1993 (optional)	transportable/D	transportable/D
	Mounting	mobile/E	mobile/E
	Climatic exposure	fully resilient	fully resilient
	Degree of protection (cubicle)	open air	open air
	Status of neutral	IP54	IP54
		earthed	earthed

QAS 30 - 45 - 60 Pd

<i>Alternator 4)</i>	Standard	IEC34-1 ISO 8528-3 NEWAGE	IEC34-1 ISO 8528-3 NEWAGE
	Make		
	Model	UCI 224 D	UCI 224 D
	Rated output, class H temp. rise rating type acc. ISO 8528-3	50 kVA BR	62.5 kVA BR
	Degree of protection	IP 23	IP 23
	Insulation stator class	H	H
	Insulation rotor class	H	H
	Number of wires	12	12
<i>Engine 4)</i>	Standard	ISO 3046 ISO 8528-2 1103A-33TG1	ISO 3046 ISO 8528-2 1103A-33TG1
	Type PERKINS		
	Rated net output rating type acc. ISO 3046-7	41.3 kW ICXN	48.8 kW ICXN
	Coolant	water	water
	Combustion system	direct injection	direct injection
	Aspiration	turbo	turbo
	Number of cylinders	3	3
	Swept volume	3.3 l	3.3 l
	Speed governing (optional)	mechanical electronic	mechanical electronic
	Capacity of oil sump	8 l	8 l
	Capacity of cooling system	12.6 l	12.6 l
	Electrical system	12 Vdc	12 Vdc
<i>Power circuit</i>	Circuit-breaker, 3ph		
	Number of poles	4	4
	Thermal release It (thermal release is higher at 25°C)	63 A	63 A
	Magnetic release Im	3..5xIn	3..5xIn
	Circuit-breaker, 3ph, lower voltage		
	Number of poles (optional)	3	4
	Thermal release It (thermal release is higher at 25°C)	128 A	TBA
	Magnetic release Im	3..5xIn	3..5xIn
	Fault current protection		
	Residual current release IDn	0.030-30 A	0.030-30 A
	Insulation resistance (optional)	10-100 kOhm domestic (1x)	
	Outlet sockets (optional)		
		2p + E 16 A + 230 V	
		CEE form (1x) 3p + N + E 16 A + 400 V	
		CEE form (1x) 3p + N + E 32 A + 400 V	
		CEE form (1x) 3p + N + E 63 A + 400 V	
<i>Unit</i>	Dimensions (LxWxH)	2450 x 1100 x 1483 mm	2450 x 1100 x 1483 mm
	Weight net mass	1454 kg	1454 kg
	Weight wet mass	1547 kg	1547 kg

Notes

- 1) Reference conditions for engine performance to ISO 3046-1.
- 2) See derating diagram or consult the factory for other conditions.
- 3) At reference conditions unless otherwise stated.
- 4) Rating Definition (ISO 8528-1):
 - LTP: Limited Time Power is the maximum electrical power which a generating set is capable of delivering (at variable load), in the event of a utility power failure (for up to 500 hours per year of which a maximum of 300 hours is continuous running). No overload is permitted on these ratings. The alternator is peak continuous rated (as defined in ISO 8528-3) at 25°C.
 - PRP: Prime Power is the maximum power available during a variable power sequence, which may be run for an unlimited number of hours per year, between stated maintenance intervals and under the stated ambient conditions. A 10% overload is permitted for 1 hour in 12 hours. The permissible average power output during a 24h period shall not exceed the stated load factor of 80%.
- 5) Specific mass fuel used: 0.86 kg/l.

Derating

Height (m)	Temperature (°C)								
	0	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40
0	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	98	97
500	100	100	100	100	100	100	99	98	97
1000	100	100	100	100	100	99	98	97	96
1500	100	100	100	100	99	98	97	96	95
2000	100	100	99	98	97	96	96	94	93
2500	97	97	97	97	96	95	94	93	92
3000	97	96	96	95	94	93	92	91	90
3500	90	90	90	90	90	90	89	88	87
4000	90	90	90	89	88	87	86	84	83

For use of generator outside these conditions, please contact Atlas Copco.

8.3 Technical specifications for QAS 60 Pd units

8.3.1 Readings on gauges

<i>Gauge</i>	<i>Reading</i>	<i>Unit</i>
Ammeter L1-L3 (P1-P3)	Below max. rating	A
Voltmeter (P4)	Below max. rating	V

8.3.2 Settings of switches

<i>Switch</i>	<i>Function</i>	<i>Activates at</i>
Engine oil pressure	shut down	0.5 bar
Engine coolant temperature	shut down	105°C

8.3.3 Specifications of the engine/alternator/unit

		<i>50 Hz</i>	<i>60 Hz</i>
<i>Reference conditions 1)</i>	Rated frequency	50 Hz	60 Hz
	Rated speed (optional)	1500 rpm	1800 rpm
	Generator service duty	PRP	PRP
	Absolute air inlet pressure	100 kPa	100 kPa
	Relative air humidity	30 %	30 %
	Air inlet temperature	25°C	25°C
<i>Limitations 2)</i>	Maximum ambient temperature	40°C	40°C
	Altitude capability	1000 m	1000 m
	Maximum relative air humidity	85 %	85 %
	Minimum starting temperature unaided	-18°C	-18°C
	Minimum starting temperature aided (optional)	-25°C	-25°C
<i>Performance data 2) 3) 5)</i>	Rated active power (PRP) 3ph	48 kW	56 kW
	Rated power factor (lagging) 3ph	0.8	0.8
	Rated PRP power 3ph	60 kVA	70 kVA
	Rated voltage 3ph. line to line	400 V	480 V
	Rated voltage 3ph. line to line lower voltage	230 V	240 V
	Rated current 3ph.	87 A	84 A
	Rated current 3ph. lower voltage	151 A	168 A
	Performance class (acc.ISO 8528-5:1993)	G2	G2
	Frequency droop	<5 %	<5 %
		isochronous	isochronous
	Fuel consumption at full load/no load	10.8/1.7 kg/h	13.4/2.2 kg/h
	Specific fuel consumption	0.23 kg/kWh	0.24 kg/kWh
	Fuel autonomy at full load with standard tank	11 h	9 h
	Fuel autonomy at full load with standard tank and optional skid fuel tank	37 h	30 h
	Max. oil consumption at full load	16.2 g/h	20.1 g/h
	Maximum sound power level (LWA) measured according to 2000/14/EC OND	90 dB(A)	94 dB(A)
	Capacity of fuel tank	134 l	134 l
	Capacity of optional skid fuel tank	326 l	326 l
	Single step load acceptance	95 %	100 %
<i>Application data</i>	Mode of operation	PRP	PRP
	Site	land use	land use
	Operation	single	single
	Start-up and control mode	manual/automatic	manual/automatic
	Start-up time	unspecified	unspecified
	Mobility/ Config. acc. to ISO 8528-1:1993 (optional)	transportable/D mobile/E	transportable/D mobile/E
	Mounting	fully resilient	fully resilient
	Climatic exposure	open air	open air
	Degree of protection (cubicle)	IP54	IP54
	Status of neutral	earthed	earthed

<i>Alternator 4)</i>	Standard	IEC34-1 ISO 8528-3	IEC34-1 ISO 8528-3
	Make	NEWAGE	NEWAGE
	Model	UCI 224 E	UCI 224 E
	Rated output, class H temp. rise rating type acc. ISO 8528-3	60 kVA BR	70 kVA BR
	Degree of protection	IP 23	IP 23
	Insulation stator class	H	H
	Insulation rotor class	H	H
	Number of wires	12	12
<i>Engine 4)</i>	Standard	ISO 3046 ISO 8528-2	ISO 3046 ISO 8528-2
	Type PERKINS	1103A-33TG2	1103A-33TG2
	Rated net output rating type acc. ISO 3046-7	59.3 kW ICXN	69.2 kW ICXN
	Coolant	water	water
	Combustion system	direct injection	direct injection
	Aspiration	turbo	turbo
	Number of cylinders	3	3
	Swept volume	3.3 l	3.3 l
	Speed governing (optional)	mechanical electronic	mechanical electronic
	Capacity of oil sump	8 l	8 l
	Capacity of cooling system	12.6 l	12.6 l
	Electrical system	12 Vdc	12 Vdc
<i>Power circuit</i>	Circuit-breaker, 3ph		
	Number of poles	4	4
	Thermal release It (thermal release is higher at 25°C)	100 A	100 A
	Magnetic release Im	3..5xIn	3..5xIn
	Circuit-breaker, 3ph, lower voltage		
	Number of poles (optional)	3	4
	Thermal release It (thermal release is higher at 25°C)	152 A	TBA
	Magnetic release Im	3..5xIn	3..5xIn
	Fault current protection		
	Residual current release IDn	0.030-30 A	0.030-30 A
	Insulation resistance (optional)	10-100 kOhm domestic (1x)	
	Outlet sockets (optional)		
		2p + E 16 A + 230 V	
		CEE form (1x) 3p + N + E 16 A + 400 V	
		CEE form (1x) 3p + N + E 32 A + 400 V	
		CEE form (1x) 3p + N + E 63 A + 400 V	
<i>Unit</i>	Dimensions (LxWxH)	2450 x 1100 x 1483 mm	2450 x 1100 x 1483 mm
	Weight net mass	1456 kg	1456 kg
	Weight wet mass	1566 kg	1566 kg

Notes

- 1) Reference conditions for engine performance to ISO 3046-1.
- 2) See derating diagram or consult the factory for other conditions.
- 3) At reference conditions unless otherwise stated.
- 4) Rating Definition (ISO 8528-1):
 - LTP: Limited Time Power is the maximum electrical power which a generating set is capable of delivering (at variable load), in the event of a utility power failure (for up to 500 hours per year of which a maximum of 300 hours is continuous running). No overload is permitted on these ratings. The alternator is peak continuous rated (as defined in ISO 8528-3) at 25°C.
 - PRP: Prime Power is the maximum power available during a variable power sequence, which may be run for an unlimited number of hours per year, between stated maintenance intervals and under the stated ambient conditions. A 10% overload is permitted for 1 hour in 12 hours. The permissible average power output during a 24h period shall not exceed the stated load factor of 80%.
- 5) Specific mass fuel used: 0.86 kg/l.

Derating

Height (m)	Temperature (°C)								
	0	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40
0	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	98	97
500	100	100	100	100	100	100	99	98	97
1000	100	100	100	100	100	99	98	97	96
1500	97	97	97	97	97	97	97	96	95
2000	94	94	94	94	94	94	94	94	93
2500	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88
3000	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88
3500	82	82	82	82	82	82	82	82	82
4000	82	82	82	82	82	82	82	82	82

For use of generator outside these conditions, please contact Atlas Copco.

8.4 Conversion list of SI units into British units

1 bar	=	14.504 psi	1 m	=	3.281 ft
1 g	=	0.035 oz	1 mm	=	0.039 in
1 kg	=	2.205 lb	1 m³/min	=	35.315 cfm
1 km/h	=	0.621 mile/h	1 mbar	=	0.401 in wc
1 kW	=	1.341 hp (UK and US)	1 N	=	0.225 lbf
1 l	=	0.264 US gal	1 Nm	=	0.738 lbf.ft
1 l	=	0.220 Imp gal (UK)	$t_{°F}$	=	$32 + (1.8 \times t_{°C})$
1 l	=	0.035 cu.ft	$t_{°C}$	=	$(t_{°F} - 32)/1.8$

– A temperature difference of 1°C = a temperature difference of 1.8°F.

8.5 Dataplate

The diagram shows a technical dataplate with the following fields and markings:

- 1: Company code (YA3)
- 2: Product code (*****)
- 3: Unit serial number (*****A B C)
- 4: Name of the manufacturer (ATLAS COPCO AIRPOWER n.v.)
- 5: EEC or national type approval number (*****)
- 6: Vehicle identification number (*****)
- 7: Model number (Model/Modell/Modèle *****)
- 8: Frequency (f_N *** Hz **)
- 9: Apparent power - PRP (P_N *** kVA ***)
- 10: Active power - PRP (P_N * kW ***)
- 11: Nominal rated voltage (U_N * V ***)
- 12: Nominal rated current (I_N * A ***)
- 13: Power factor (cos phi **)
- 14: Manufacturing year (Manuf. year/Baujahr/Année de fabrication ****)
- 15: EEC mark in accordance with Machine Directive 89/392E (CE)
- 16: Mode of operation (16 5 6945 00)
- 17: Winding connections (Atlas Copco logo)

A Maximum permitted loaded weight of the vehicle

B Maximum permitted road weight of the front axle

C Maximum permitted road weight of the rear axle

1 Company code

2 Product code

3 Unit serial number

4 Name of the manufacturer

5 EEC or national type approval number

6 Vehicle identification number

7 Model number

8 Frequency

9 Apparent power - PRP

10 Active power - PRP

11 Nominal rated voltage

12 Nominal rated current

13 Power factor

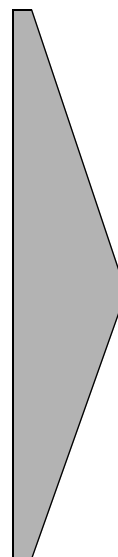
14 Manufacturing year

15 EEC mark in accordance with Machine Directive 89/392E

16 Mode of operation

17 Winding connections

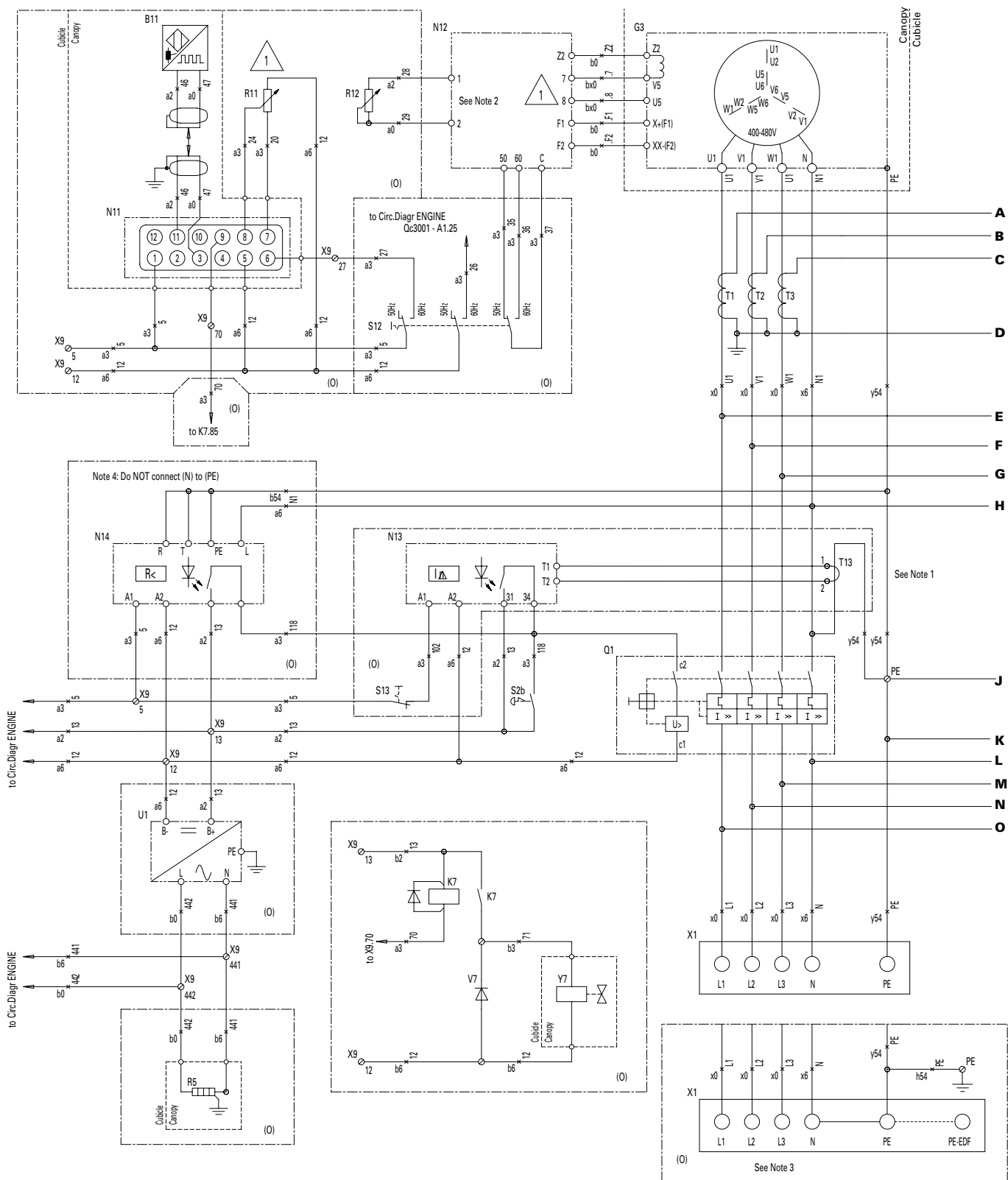
Circuit diagrams



CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

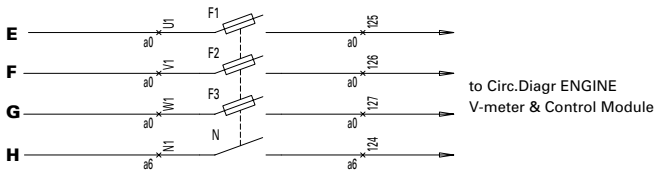
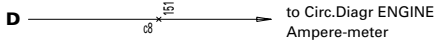
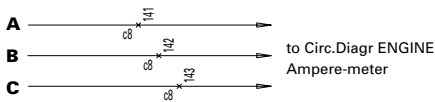
9822 0992 10/01

Applicable for QAS 30 Power Circuit diagram



CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

QAS	T1	Q1	Wire Size x	Wire Size y
30	60/5A	50A	10mm ²	10mm ²

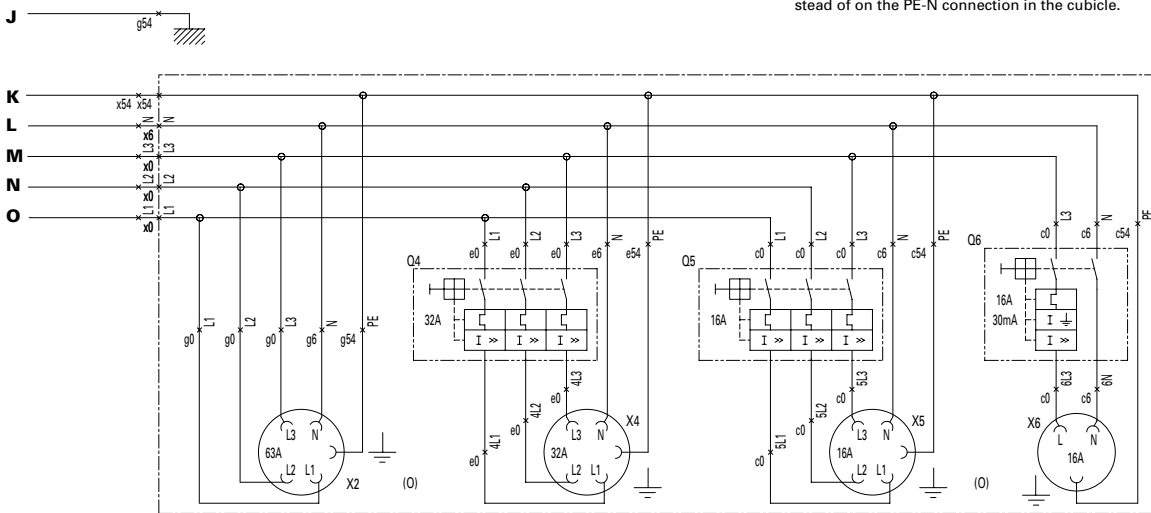


Legend

Wire size :	Colour code :
aa = 0.5mm ²	0 = black
a = 1 mm ²	1 = brown
b = 1.5mm ²	2 = red
c = 2.5mm ²	3 = orange
d = 4 mm ²	4 = yellow
e = 6 mm ²	5 = green
f = 10 mm ²	6 = blue
g = 16 mm ²	7 = purple
h = 25 mm ²	8 = grey
i = 35 mm ²	9 = white
j = 50 mm ²	54= green/yel.
k = 70 mm ²	
bx = 1.5mm ² NSGAFOeU	

Notes

- Note 1: The PE-N connection has to be made at the alternator-side of main Circuit Breaker Q1.
- Note 2: Link N12.1 to N12.2 on gen-sets without Electronic Speed Regulation (= no potentiometer R12).
- Note 3: With "TB EDF", do NOT connect (N) to (PE) at Q1. T13 is to be mounted on the (PE)-conductor, instead of on the PE-N connection in the cubicle.

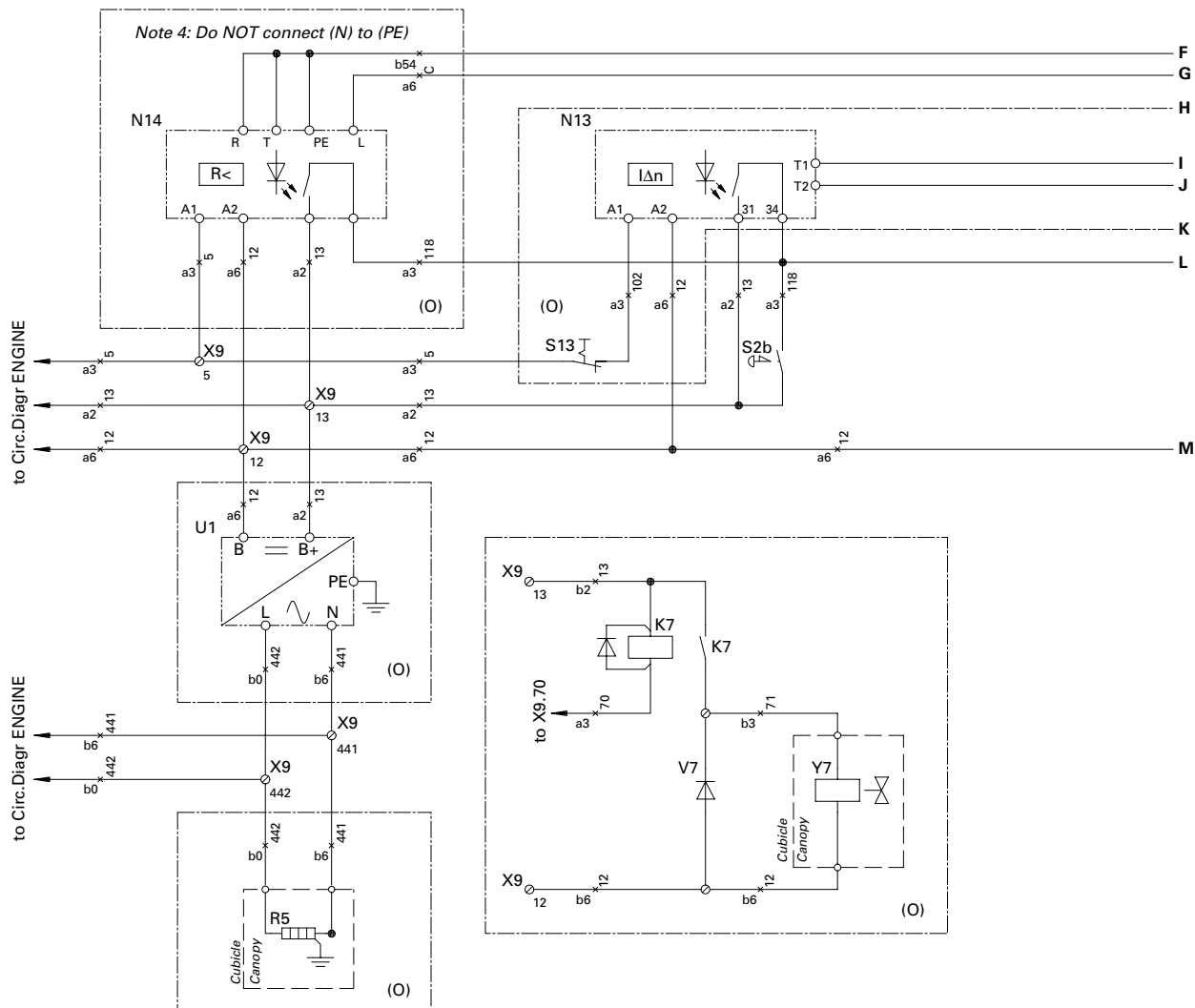
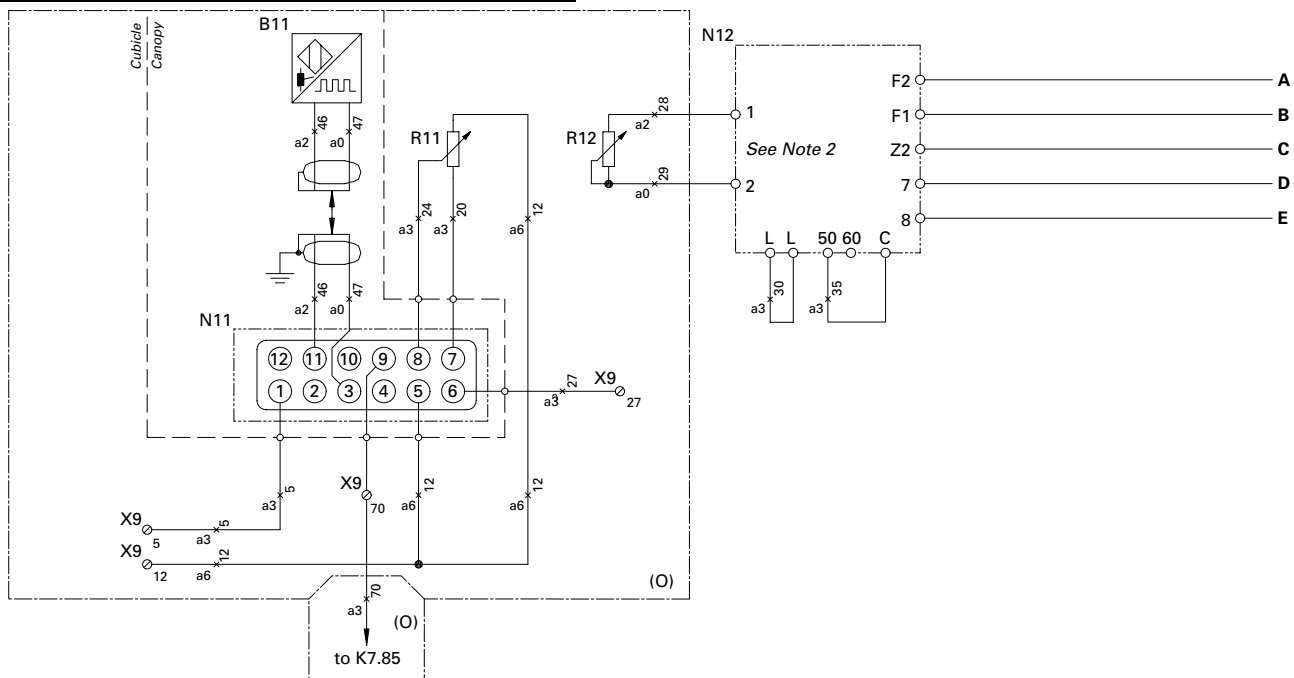


B11	Speed sensor MPU (O)	Q6	Circuit breaker 16 A/30 mA	V7	Free-wheeling diode Y7
F1-F3	Fuses 4 A	R5	Coolant heater (O)	X1	Terminal board
G3	Alternator	R11	Speed adjustment (O)	X2	Outlet socket 63 A
K7	Auxiliary relay for Y7 (O)	R12	Voltage adjustment (O)	X4	Outlet socket 32 A
N11	Speed controller (O)	S2b	Emergency stop	X5	Outlet socket 16 A
N12	Automatic voltage regulator	S12	50/60 Hz switch (O)	X6	Outlet socket 16 A
N13	Earth leakage relay (O)	S13	E.L.R. Disable-switch (O)	X9	Terminal strip
N14	IT-relay (O)	T1-T3	Current transformers (O)	Y7	Air inlet shutdown valve (O)
Q1	Circuit breaker	T13	Torus earth leakage (O)	(O)	Optional equipment
Q4	Circuit breaker 32 A	U1	Battery charger (O)		
Q5	Circuit breaker 16 A				

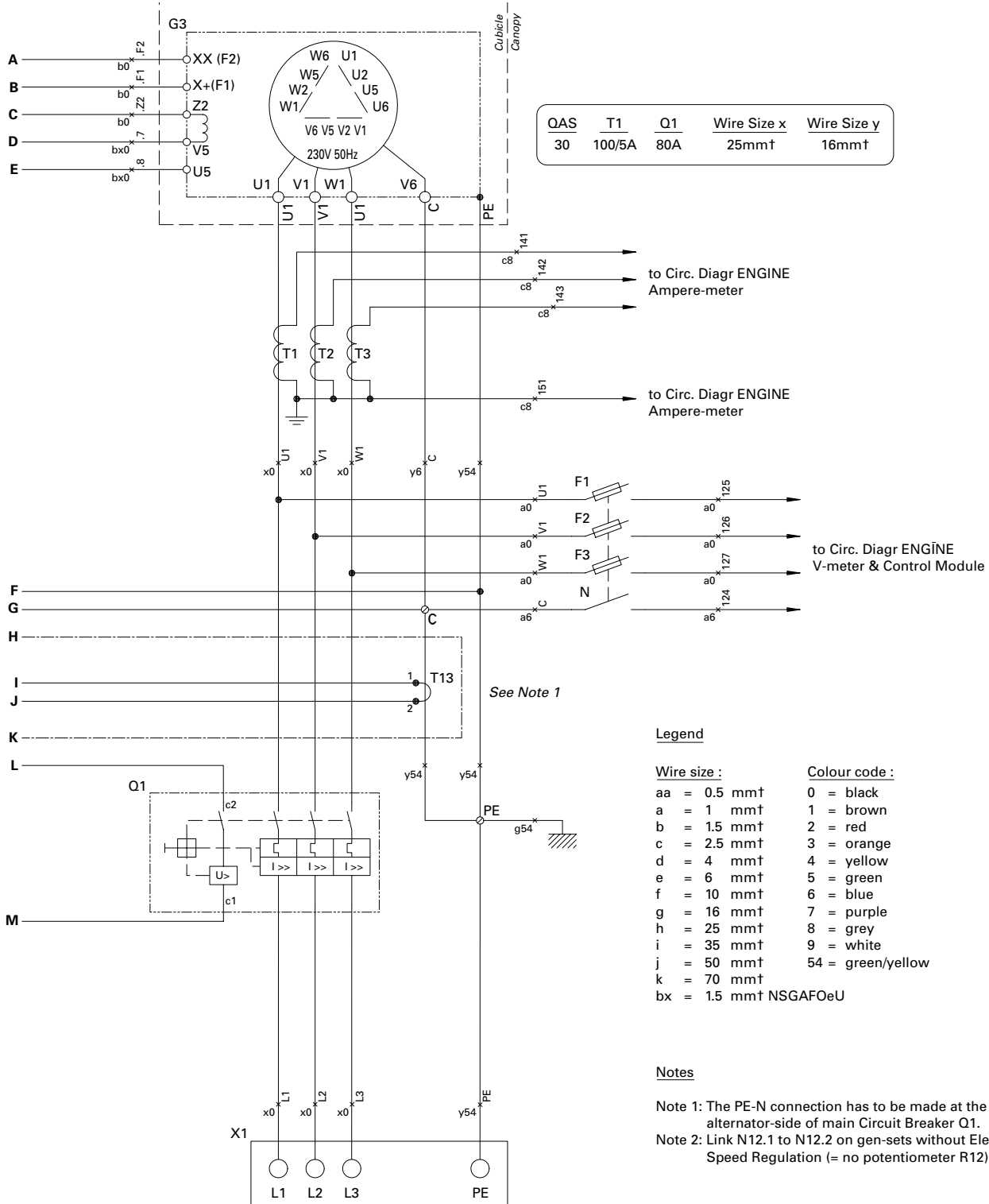
CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

9822 0992 11/00

Applicable for QAS 30 Low voltage



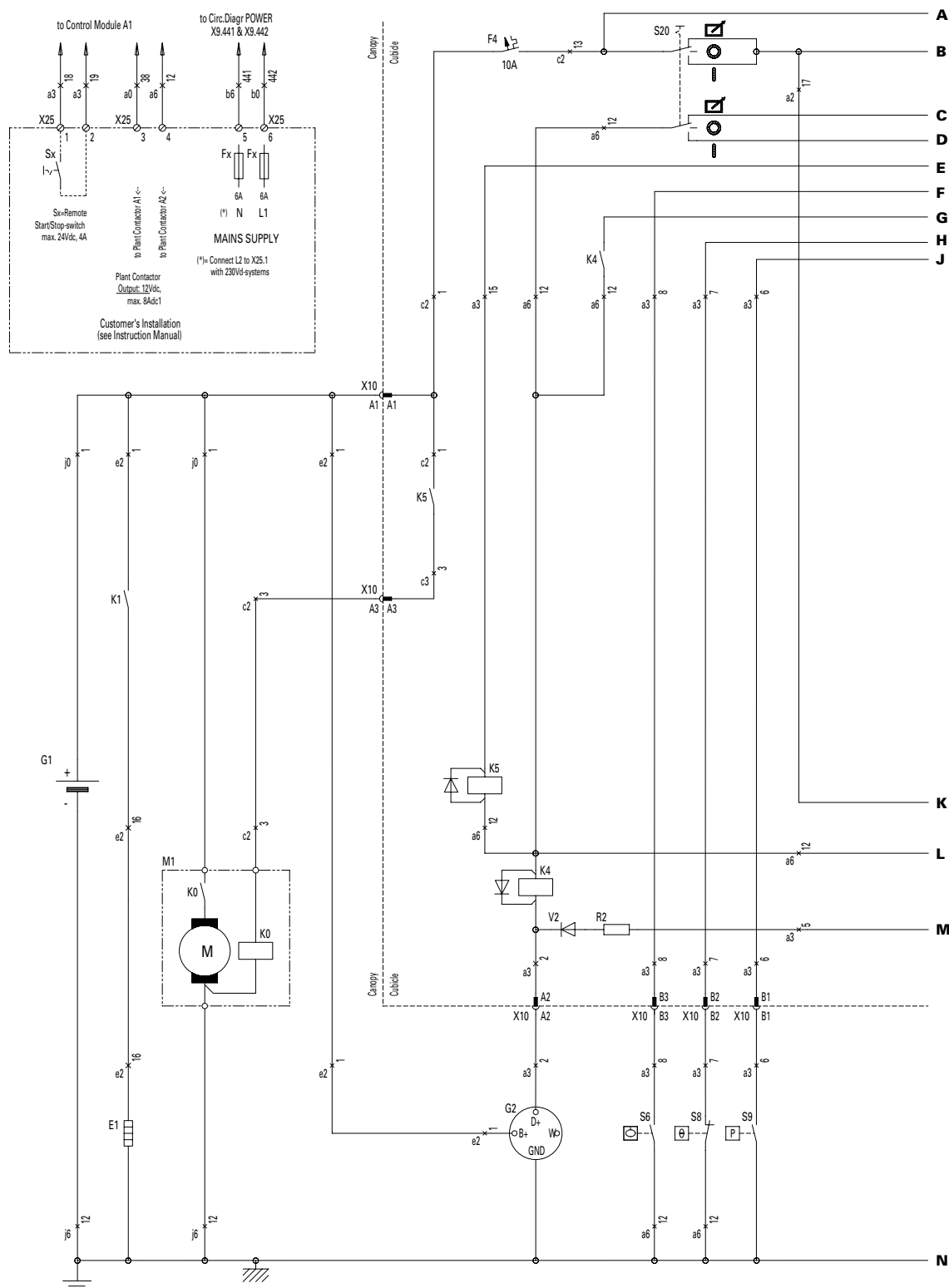
CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



B11	Speed sensor MPU (O)	Q1	Circuit breaker	T13	Torus earth leakage (O)
F1-F3	Fuses 4 A	R5	Coolant heater (O)	U1	Battery charger (O)
G3	Alternator	R11	Speed adjustment 5 K (O)	V7	Free-wheeling diode Y7
K7	Aux. relay for Y7 (O)	R12	Voltage adjustment 1 K (O)	X1	Terminal board
N11	Speed controller (O)	S2b	Emergency stop	X9	Terminal strip
N12	Automatic voltage regulator	S13	E.L.R. Disable-switch (O)	Y7	Air inlet shutdown valve (O)
N13	Earth leakage relay (O)	T1-T3	Current transformers	(O)	Optional equipment
N14	IT-relay (O)				

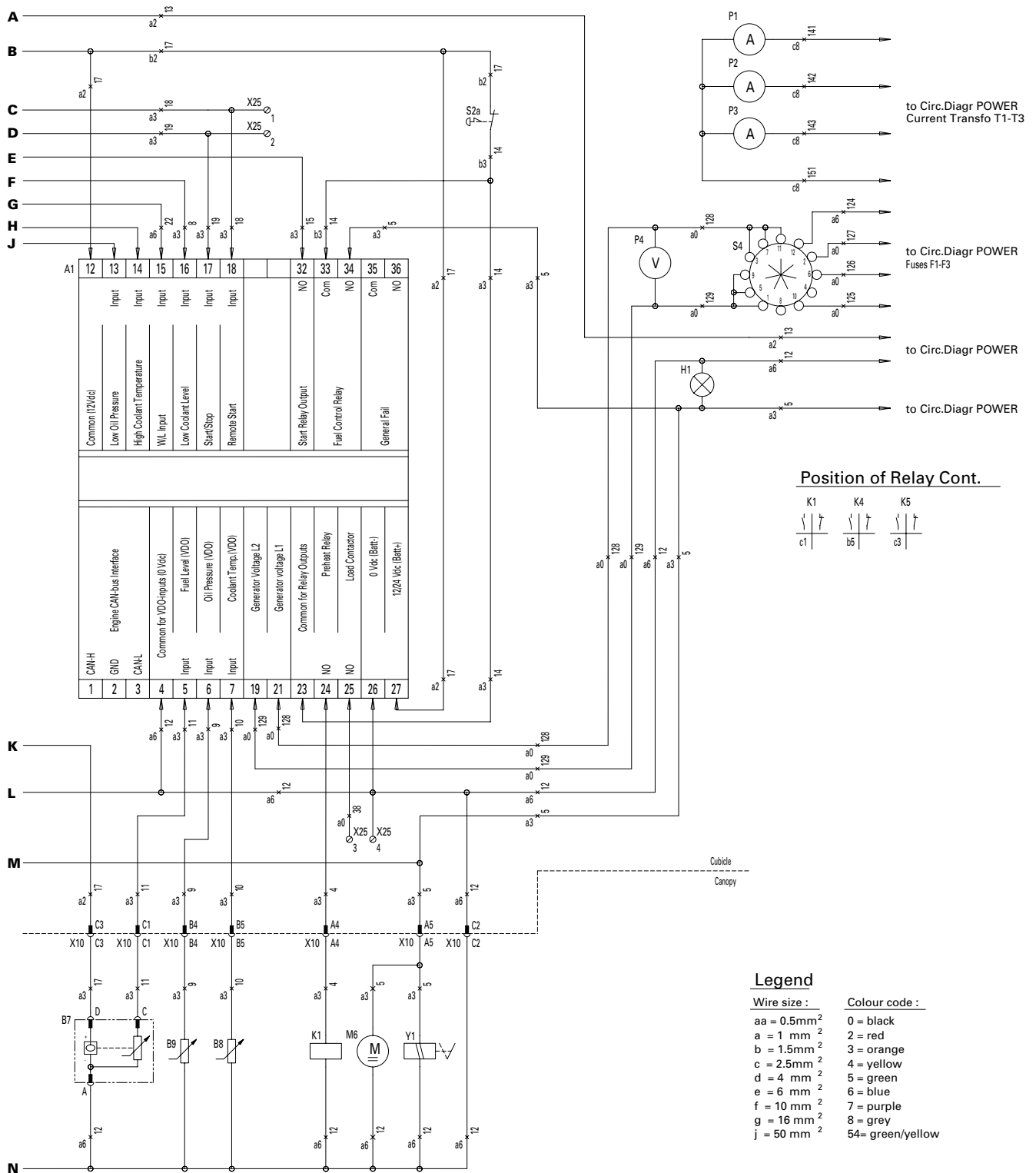
CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

Applicable for QAS 30 - 45 - 60 Qc1001™



A1	Generator control unit	F4	Fuse 10 A	K1	Preheat relay
B7	Fuel level sensor	G1	Battery 12 Vdc	K4	W/L-invertor relay
B8	Coolant temperature sensor	G2	Charging alternator	K5	Starter relay
B9	Oil pressure sensor	H1	Panel light	M1	Starter motor
E1	Preheat resistor	K0	Starter solenoid	M6	Fuel feed pump

CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

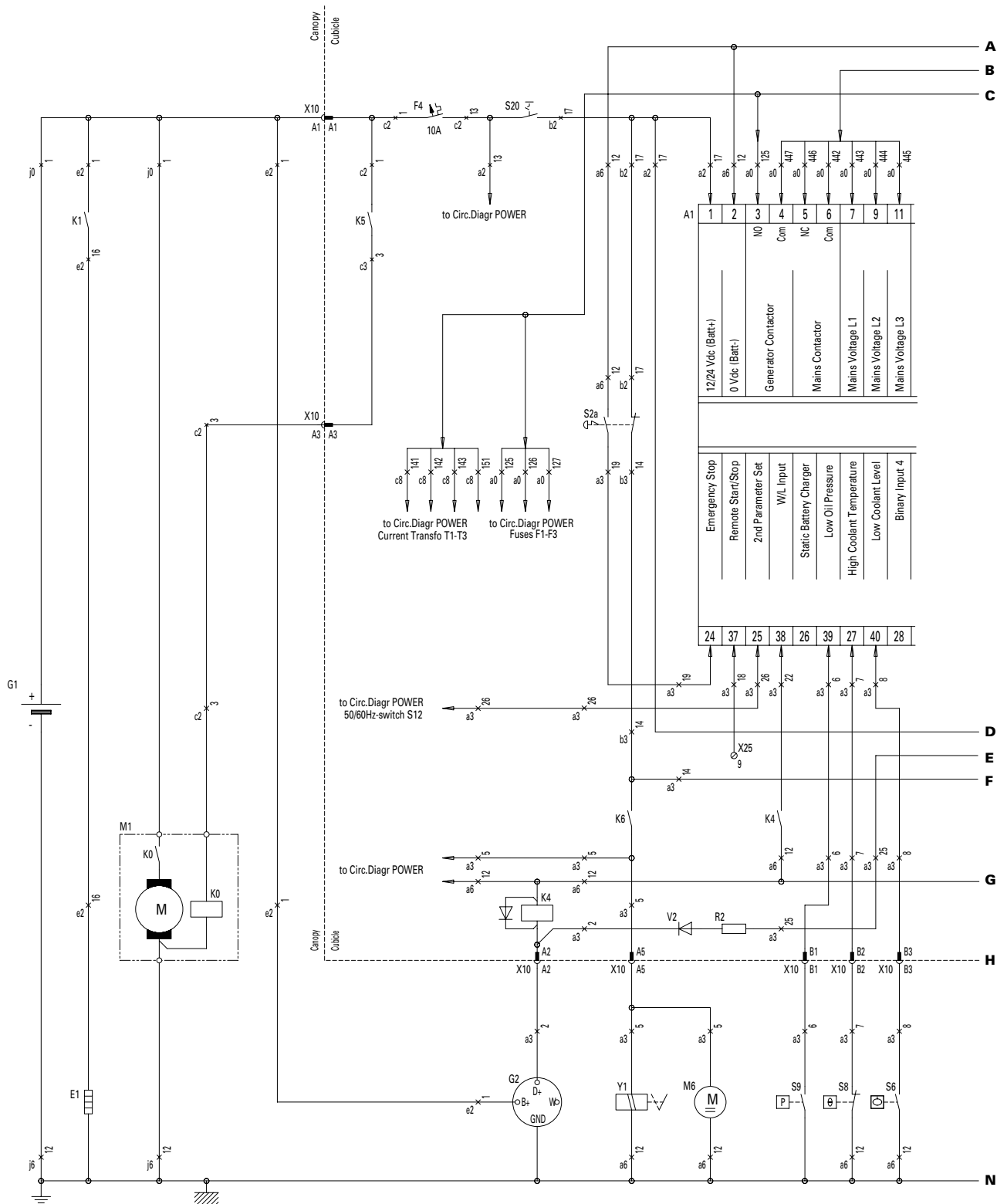


P1-3	Amperemeter	S4	Voltmeter change-over switch	V2	Diode
P4	Voltmeter	S6	Low coolant level switch	X10	Connector wire harness
R2	Excitat. resistor 47 Ohm	S8	High coolant temperature switch	X25	Customer's terminal strip
S2a	Emergency stop	S9	Low oil pressure switch	Y1	Fuel stop solenoid
	(S2b: see Power Circuit)	S20	ON/OFF/Remote switch		

CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

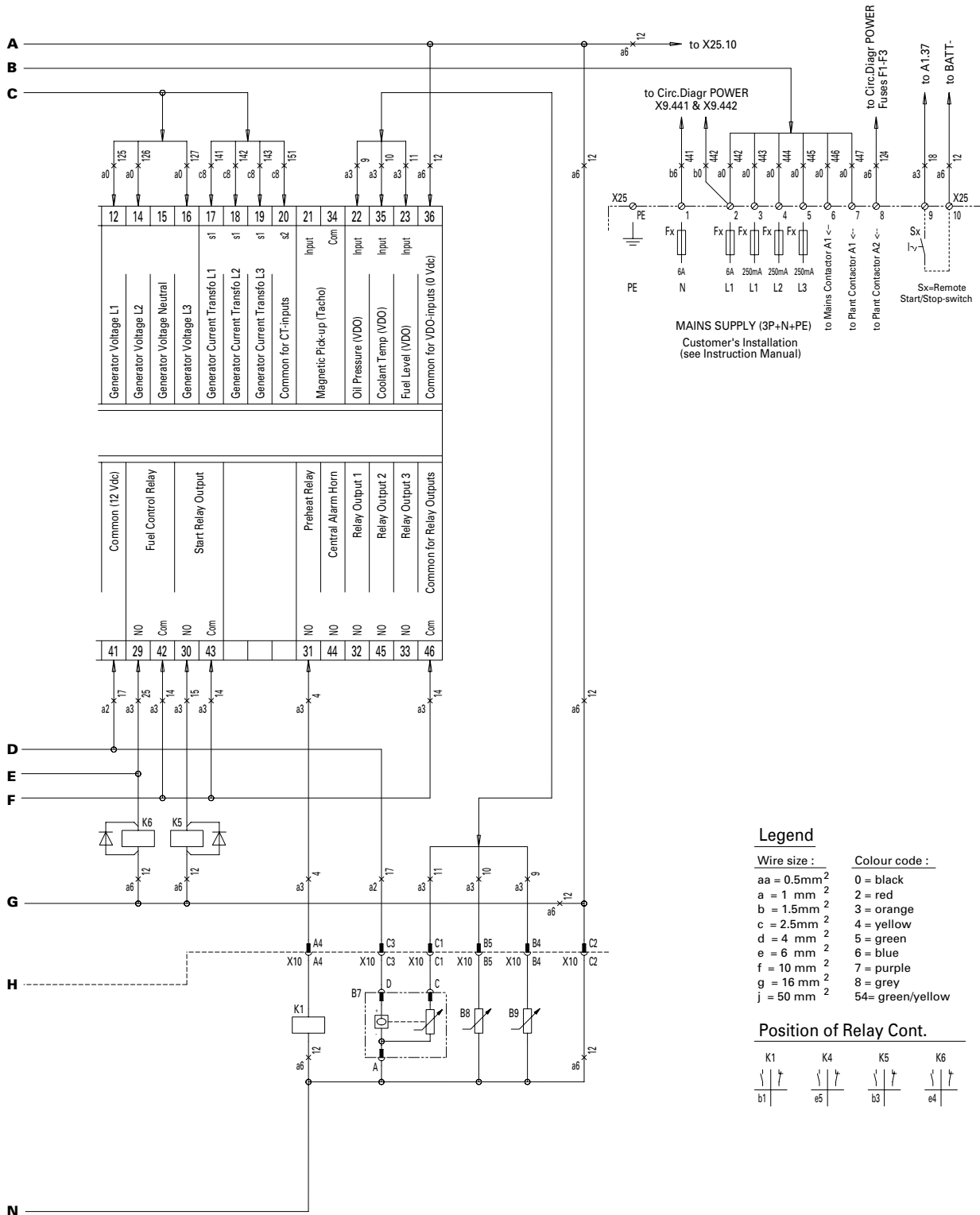
9822 0992 19/01

Applicable for QAS 30 - 45 - 60 Qc3001™



A1	Generator control unit	E1	Preheat resistor	K0	Starter solenoid
B7	Fuel level sensor	F4	Fuse 10 A	K1	Preheat relay
B8	Coolant temperature sensor	G1	Battery 12 Vdc	K4	W/L-Invertor relay
B9	Oil pressure sensor	G2	Charging alternator	K5	Starter relay

CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

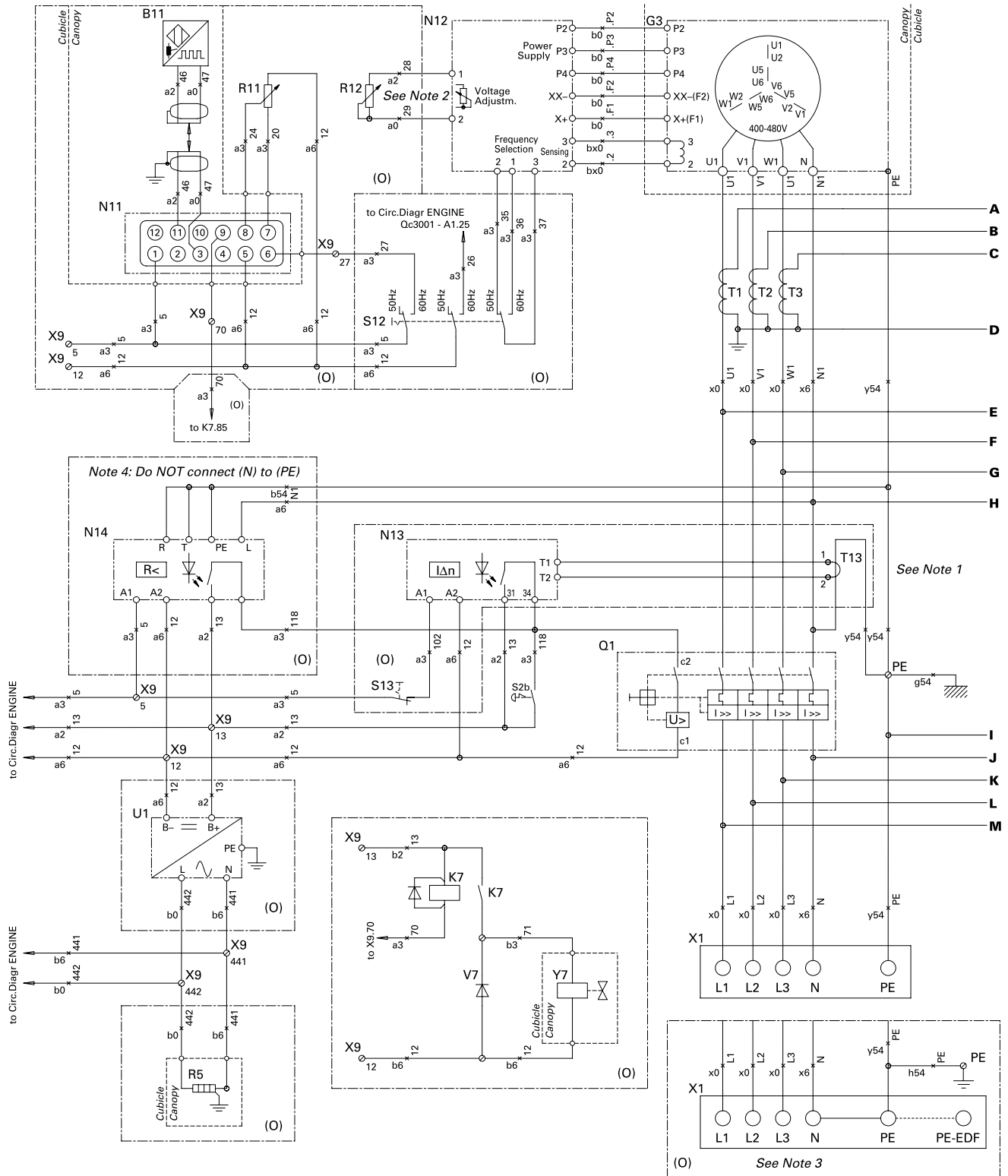


K6	Fuel solenoid relay		(S2b: see Power Circuit)	V2	Diode
M1	Starter motor	S6	Low coolant level switch	X10	Connector wire harness
M6	Fuel feed pump	S8	High coolant temperature switch	X25	Customer's terminal strip
R2	Excitat. resistor 47 Ohm	S9	Low oil pressure switch	Y1	Fuel stop solenoid
S2a	Emergency stop	S20	ON/OFF-switch		

CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

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Applicable for QAS 45 - 60 Power Circuit diagram



B11	Speed sensor MPU (O)	N13	Earth leakage relay (O)	Q6	Circuit breaker 16 A/30 mA
F1-F3	Fuses 4 A	N14	IT-relay (O)	R5	Coolant heater (O)
G3	Alternator	Q1	Circuit breaker	R11	Speed adjustment 5 K (O)
K7	Aux. relay for Y7 (O)	Q2-Q3	Circuit breaker 63 A	R12	Voltage adjustment 1 K (O)
N11	Speed controller (O)	Q4	Circuit breaker 32 A	S2b	Emergency stop
N12	Automatic voltage regulator	Q5	Circuit breaker 16 A		(S2a: see Engine Circuit)

CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

QAS	T1	Q1	Wire Size x	Wire Size y
45	60/5A	63A	16mm ²	16mm ²
60	100/5A	100A	35mm ²	16mm ²
80	150/5A	125A	50mm ²	25mm ²
100	150/5A	144A	50mm ²	25mm ²

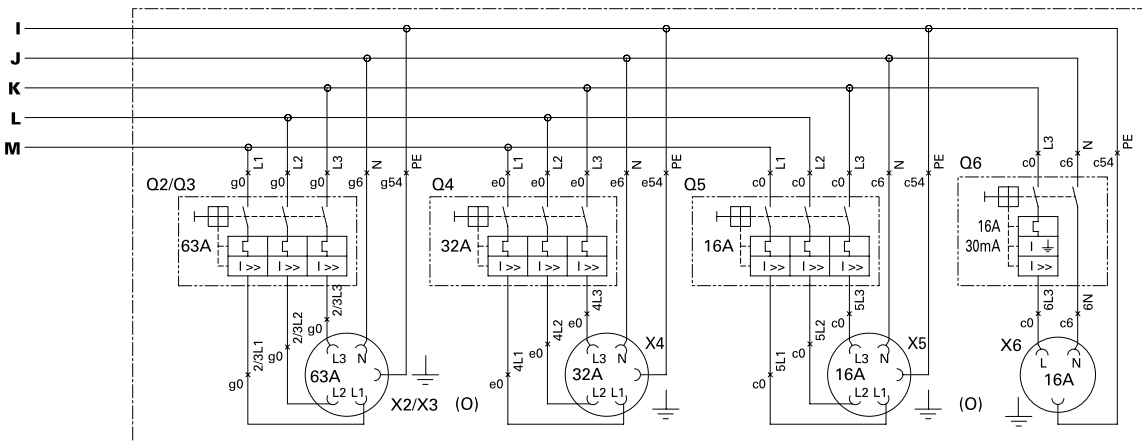
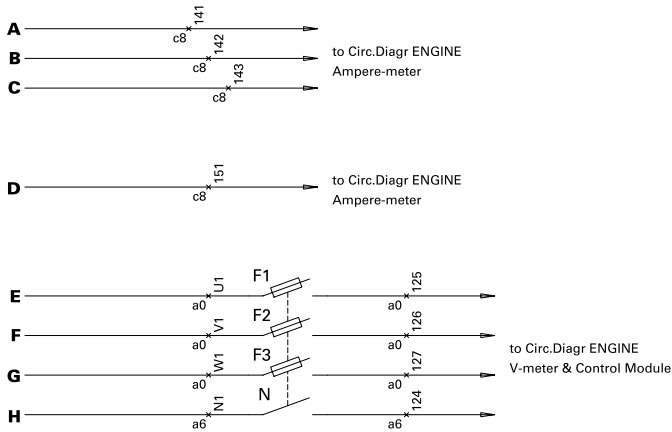
Legend

Wire size :

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a = 1 mm ²	1 = brown
b = 1.5 mm ²	2 = red
c = 2.5 mm ²	3 = orange
d = 4 mm ²	4 = yellow
e = 6 mm ²	5 = green
f = 10 mm ²	6 = blue
g = 16 mm ²	7 = purple
h = 25 mm ²	8 = grey
i = 35 mm ²	9 = white
j = 50 mm ²	54 = green/yellow
k = 70 mm ²	
bx = 1.5 mm ² NSGAFOeU	

Notes

- Note 1: The PE-N connection has to be made at the alternator-side of main Circuit Breaker Q1.
- Note 2: Link N12.1 to N12.2 on gen-sets without Electronic Speed Regulation (= no potentiometer R12).
- Note 3: With "TB EDF", do NOT connect (N) to (PE) at Q1. T13 is to be mounted on the (PE)-conductor, instead of on the PE-N connection in the cubicle.

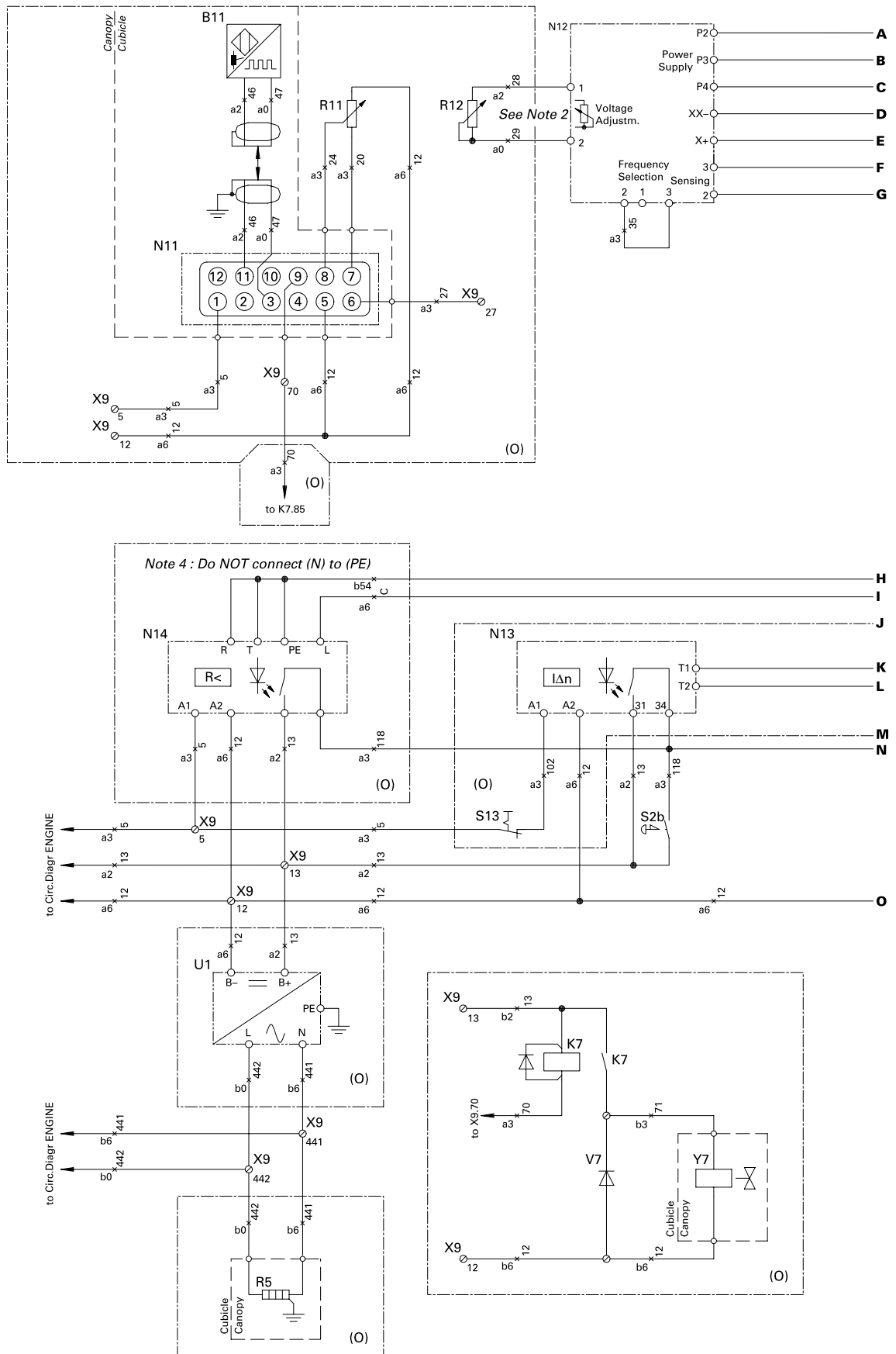


S12	50/60 Hz switch (O)	V7	Free-wheeling diode Y7	X6	Outlet socket 16 A
S13	E.L.R. Disable-switch (O)	X1	Terminal board	X9	Terminal strip
T1-T3	Current transformers	X2-X3	Outlet socket 63 A	Y7	Air inlet shutdown valve (O)
T13	Torus earth leakage (O)	X4	Outlet socket 32 A	(O)	Optional equipment
U1	Battery charger (O)	X5	Outlet socket 16 A		

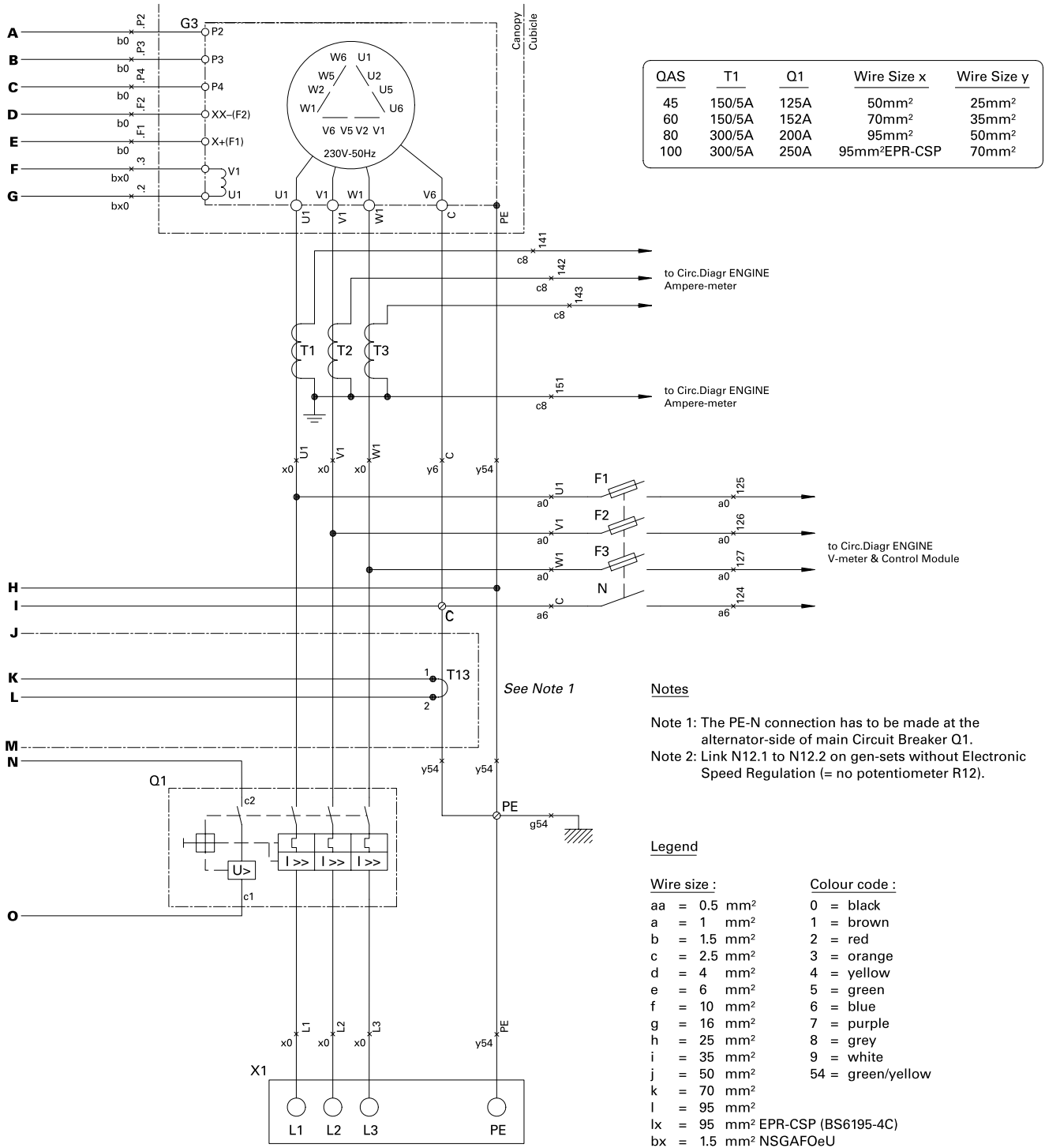
CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

9822 0992 21/01

Applicable for QAS 45 - 60 Low voltage



CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



B11	Speed sensor MPU (O)	Q1	Circuit breaker	T13	Torus earth leakage (O)
F1-F3	Fuses 4 A	R5	Coolant heater (O)	U1	Battery charger (O)
G3	Alternator	R11	Speed adjustment 5 K (O)	V7	Free-wheeling diode Y7
K7	Aux. relay for Y7 (O)	R12	Voltage adjustment 1 K (O)	X1	Terminal board
N11	Speed controller (O)	S2b	Emergency stop	X9	Terminal strip
N12	Automatic voltage regulator	(S2a: see Engine Circuit)		Y7	Air inlet shutdown valve (O)
N13	Earth leakage relay (O)	S13	E.L.R. Disable-switch (O)	(O)	Optional equipment
N14	IT-relay (O)	T1-T3	Current transformers		

**Instruction Manual
for AC Generators**

QAS 30 - 45 - 60 Pd

