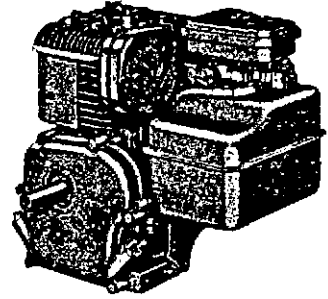


2.32

Briggs & Stratton OPERATING AND MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS MODEL SERIES

**130200
131200**



IN THE INTEREST OF SAFETY

DANGER: DO NOT RUN THE ENGINE IN AN ENCLOSED AREA. Exhaust gases contain carbon monoxide, an odorless and deadly poison. A FIRE OR EXPLOSION CAN OCCUR RESULTING IN PERSONAL INJURY IF THE FOLLOWING INSTRUCTIONS ARE NOT FOLLOWED:

1. DO NOT FILL GASOLINE TANK while engine is running. Refuel, ONLY, after engine has cooled down.
2. Do not operate the engine when an odor of gasoline is present or other explosive conditions exist.
3. If gasoline is spilled, move machine away from the area of the spill and avoid creating any source of ignition until the gasoline has evaporated.
4. DO NOT STORE, SPILL OR USE GASOLINE NEAR AN OPEN FLAME, or devices such as a stove, furnace, water heater which utilize a pilot light, or devices which can create a spark.
5. Refuel outdoors preferably, or only in well ventilated areas.
6. DO NOT OPERATE ENGINE WITHOUT A MUFFLER, inspect periodically and replace, if necessary.
7. Periodically clean the muffler area to prevent grass, dirt and combustible material from accumulating.
8. DO NOT use this engine on any forest covered, brush covered or grass covered unimproved land unless a spark arrester is attached to the muffler.
9. Except for adjustment, DO NOT operate the engine if air cleaner or cover directly over the carburetor air intake is removed.
10. DO NOT choke carburetor to stop engine.

WARNING: DO NOT RUN ENGINE AT EXCESSIVE SPEEDS. Operating an engine at excessive speeds increases the danger of personal injury. DO NOT TAMPER WITH GOVERNOR SPRINGS, GOVERNOR LINKS OR OTHER PARTS WHICH MAY INCREASE THE GOVERNED ENGINE SPEED.

A.N.S.I. Standard Safety Specifications for rotary power lawn mowers specify a maximum blade tip speed of 19,000 feet per minute (96.5 meters per second), primarily to reduce the danger from thrown objects.

Do not tamper with the engine speed selected by the original equipment manufacturer.

DO NOT TOUCH hot mufflers, cylinders or fins as contact may cause burns.

Dirt and grass clippings or other debris, in cooling fins or governor parts can affect engine speed. See cleaning instructions in MAINTENANCE section.

TO PREVENT HAND OR ARM INJURY, always pull starter cord rapidly to avoid kickback; starting engine with a loose blade or without a blade may cause a severe kickback.

ALWAYS KEEP HANDS AND FEET CLEAR OF MOVING OR ROTATING PARTS.

TO PREVENT ACCIDENTAL STARTING when servicing the engine or equipment, always remove the spark plug or wire from the spark plug and insert in holding tab shown on page 2.

WHEN WORKING ON EQUIPMENT

DO NOT STRIKE FLYWHEEL with a hard object or metal tool as this may cause flywheel to shatter in operation, causing personal injury or property damage. To remove flywheel, use Briggs & Stratton approved tools only.

IN THE INTEREST OF ENVIRONMENT

A muffler which leaks because of rust or damage can permit an increased exhaust noise level. Therefore, examine the muffler periodically to be sure it is functioning effectively. To purchase a new muffler, see SERVICE AND REPAIR INFORMATION.

WARNING: If this engine is not equipped with a spark arrester and is to be used on any forest covered, brush covered, or grass covered unimproved land, before using on such land a spark arrester must be added to the muffler. The arrester must be maintained in effective working order by the operator. In the State of California the above is required by law (Section 4442 of the California Public Resources Code). Other states may have similar laws. Federal laws apply on federal lands. See your Authorized Briggs & Stratton Service Center for spark arrester muffler options.

SERVICE & REPAIR INFORMATION

If service or repair is needed, contact an Authorized Briggs & Stratton Service Center. To serve you promptly and efficiently, the Service Center will need the model, type and code number on your engine.

Each Authorized Service Center carries a stock of original Briggs & Stratton repair parts and is equipped with special service tools. Trained mechanics assure expert repair service on all Briggs & Stratton engines.

Major engine repairs should not be attempted unless you have the proper tools and a thorough knowledge of internal combustion engine repair procedure.



Your nearest service center is listed in the "Yellow Pages" under "Engines, Gasoline" or "Gasoline Engines". He is one of over 25,000 authorized dealers available to serve you.

FORM NO. 270096-5/83
PRINTED IN U.S.A.



This illustrated book includes "Theories of Operation", common specifications, and detailed information covering the adjustment, tune-up and repair procedures for 2 through 16 H.P. single cylinder, 4 cycle models. It is available from any Authorized Briggs & Stratton Service Center. Order as Part Number 270962.



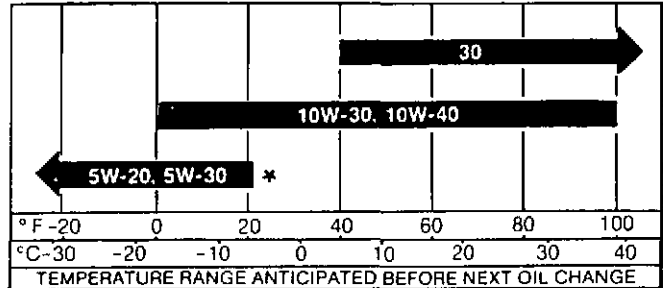
BRIGGS & STRATTON CORP.
Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53201

BEFORE STARTING

READ THE OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS OF THE EQUIPMENT THIS ENGINE POWERS

Use a high quality detergent oil classified "For Service SF, SE, SD or SC." Detergent oils keep the engine cleaner and retard the formation of gum and varnish deposits. Nothing should be added to the recommended oil.

RECOMMENDED SAE VISCOSITY GRADES

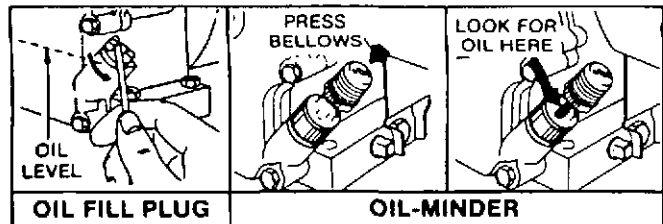


*If not available, a synthetic oil may be used having 5W-20, 5W-30 or 5W-40 viscosity.

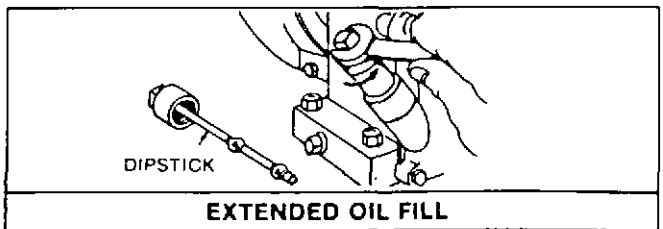
TO FILL CRANKCASE WITH OIL

Place engine level. Clean area around oil fill before removing oil fill plug or oil minder.

OIL FILL PLUG. Remove oil fill plug or (optional) oil-minder. Fill crankcase to point of overflowing. **POUR SLOWLY.** Capacity approximately 1½ pints (0.6 liters). Replace oil fill plug or oil-minder.



EXTENDED OIL FILL (Optional). Remove cap and dipstick. **FILL TO FULL MARK** on dipstick, **POUR SLOWLY.** Capacity approximately 1½ pints (0.6 liters). When checking oil level, screw dipstick assembly firmly but slowly until cap bottoms on tube. **DO NOT OVERFILL.** Dipstick assembly must be securely assembled to tube at all times when engine is operating.

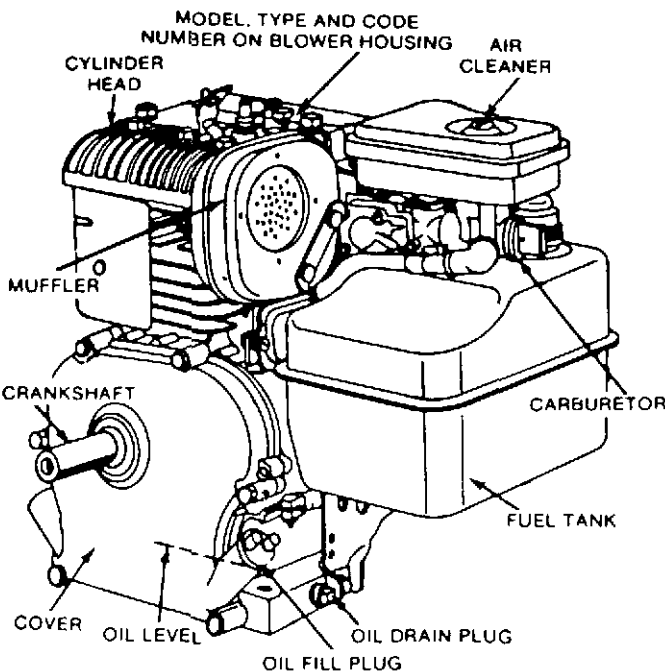
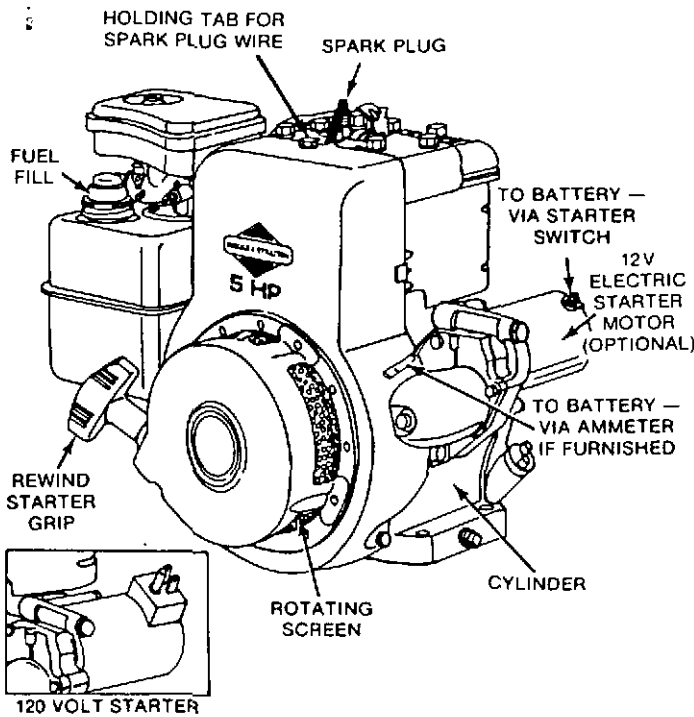


CHARGE BATTERY

Charge battery before use on engines equipped with (OPTIONAL) 12V electric starter motor. See equipment manufacturer's recommendations.

FUEL RECOMMENDATIONS

Our engines will operate satisfactorily on any gasoline intended for automotive use. **DO NOT MIX OIL WITH GASOLINE.**



We recommend the use of clean, fresh gasoline with a minimum rating of 77 Octane. Lead-free, low-lead or regular grade leaded gasolines are acceptable. The use of lead-free gasoline results in fewer combustion deposits. DO NOT fill fuel tank to point of overflowing. Provide approximately 1/4" of tank space for fuel expansion.

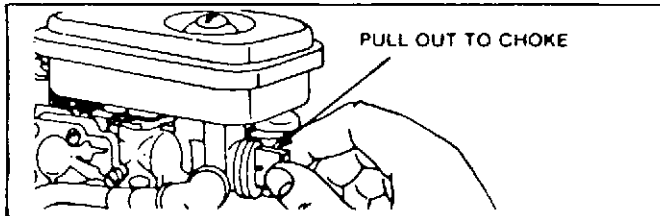
STARTING

Start, store and fuel engine in a level position.

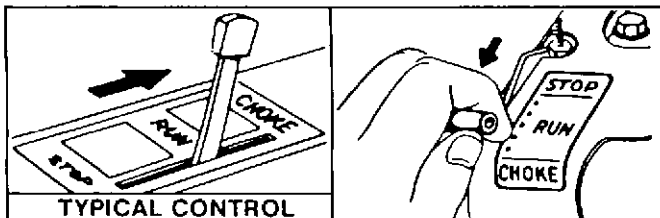
CHOKE ENGINE

Engine may be equipped with either Manual, Choke-A-Matic or Lever-Trol controls.

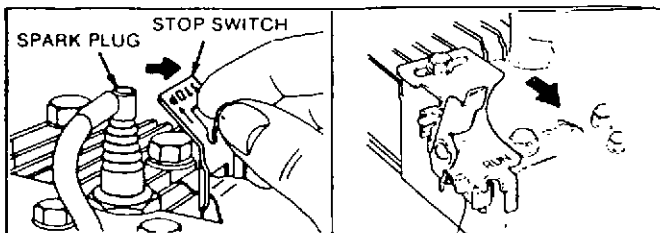
MANUAL CHOKE: Pull choke as illustrated.



CHOKE-A-MATIC and LEVER-TROL — Move controls as far as possible toward "CHOKE" or "START."



STOP SWITCH: Move STOP switch away from spark plug as illustrated, if so equipped.

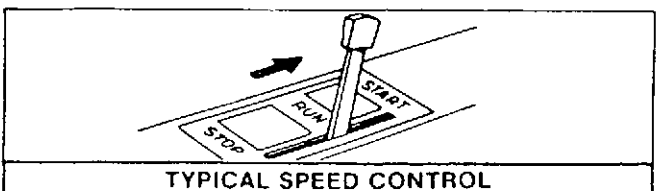


CAUTION: DO NOT operate engine with lever in partial choke position. Excessive speeds may occur.

NOTE: A warm engine requires less choking than a cold engine.

NOTE: Engine may not start if controls on powered equipment do not close choke fully. See ADJUSTMENT section.

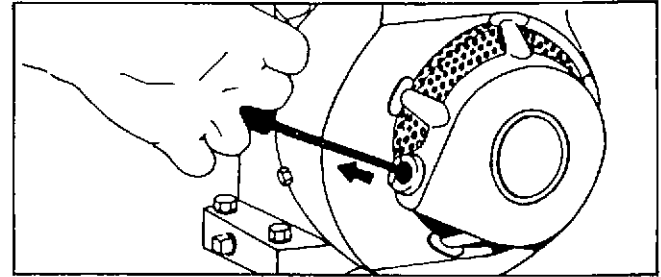
SPEED CONTROL LEVER: Move speed control lever to "RUN," "FAST" or "START" position if so equipped.



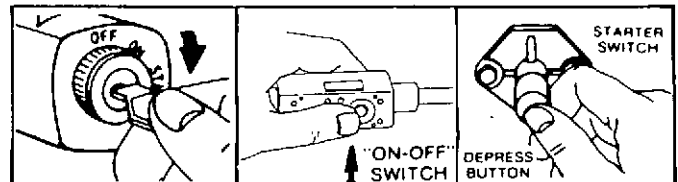
TO START ENGINE

DANGER: ALWAYS KEEP HANDS AND FEET CLEAR OF MOWER BLADE OR OTHER ROTATING MACHINERY.

Rewind Starter. (Can be used to start engine if the battery is run low or if engine cannot be started electrically. Place engine controls in "START" and key in "ON" position.) Grasp starter handle as illustrated and pull out cord rapidly to overcome compression and prevent kickback. Repeat if necessary with choke opened slightly. When engine starts, open choke gradually.



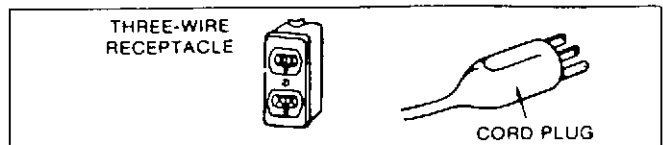
Electric Starter. On engines equipped with 12 volt starting systems, turn key to "START" position or press starter button. On engines equipped with 120 volt starting systems, press "ON" button of conductor cord's integral "ON-OFF" switch. Release as soon as engine starts and gradually open choke.



TIPS TO OBTAIN BEST STARTING PERFORMANCE:

1. The best starter life is provided by using short starting cycles of several seconds. Prolonged cranking can damage the starter motor if cranked more than 15 seconds per minute.
2. Keep the battery fully charged. This assures quick and easy starts.
3. Disengage load from engine during start.

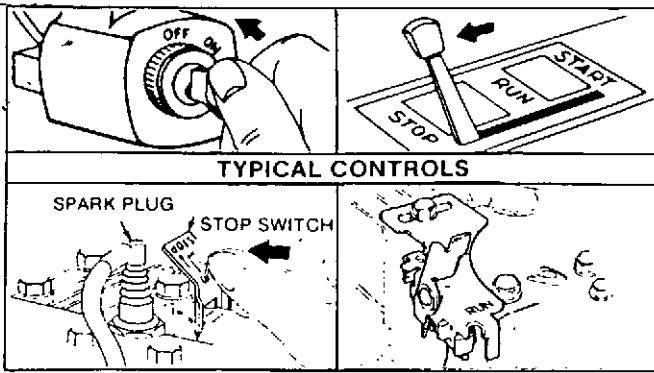
CAUTION: The 120 volt electric starter is equipped with a three-prong plug for your safety. The longer prong in this plug is connected to the starter motor housing. When the starter motor is plugged into the three wire cord supplied, and the cord is plugged into a properly grounded receptacle, it will protect the user from shock should the starter motor insulation fail for any reason. If a longer extension cord is used with this starter, it should also have three-prong and three-hole plugs.



TO STOP ENGINE

Turn key to "OFF" position or move lever to "STOP" position. Do not choke carburetor to stop the engine.

CAUTION: Always remove key from switch when leaving equipment unattended or when equipment is not in use.



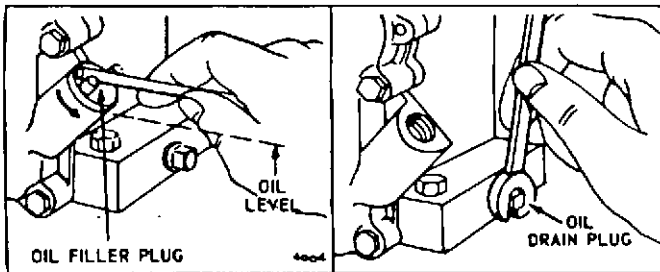
TYPICAL CONTROLS

MAINTENANCE

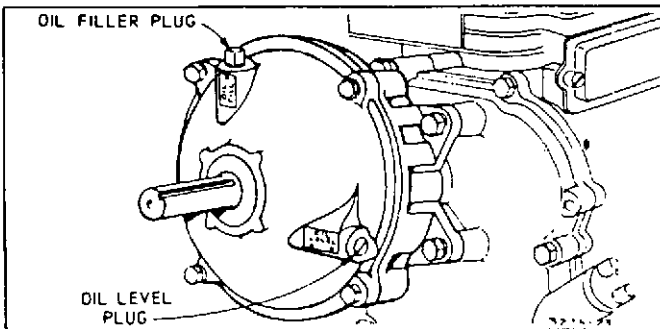
WARNING: TO PREVENT ACCIDENTAL STARTING when servicing the engine or equipment, always remove the spark plug or wire from the spark plug and insert in holding tab shown on page 2. Disconnect negative wire from battery terminal, if equipped with 12 volt starting system.

CHECK OIL LEVEL regularly — after each five hours of operation. BE SURE OIL LEVEL IS MAINTAINED.

CHANGE OIL after first five hours of operation. Thereafter change every 25 hours of operation. Remove oil drain plug and drain oil while engine is warm. Replace drain plug. Remove oil fill plug or oil-minder and refill with new oil of proper grade. Replace oil fill plug or oil-minder.



CHANGE OIL (GEAR REDUCTION optional). Remove oil level plug and oil fill plug. Drain oil every 100 hours of operation. To refill, pour 10W-30 oil into filler hole until it runs out level check hole. Replace both plugs. Oil fill plug has a vent hole and must be installed on top of gear case cover.

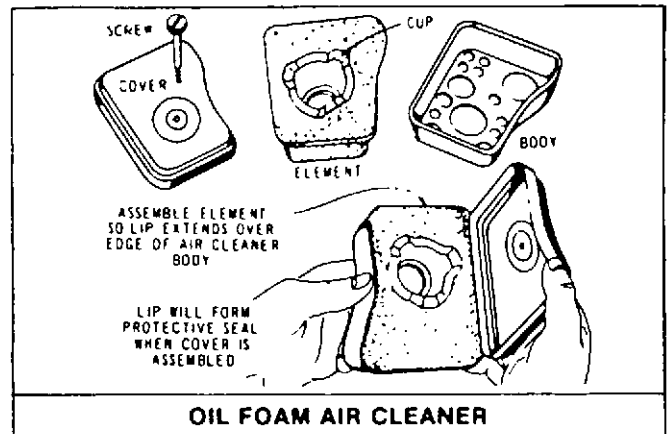


TO SERVICE AIR CLEANER "OIL FOAM" AIR CLEANER

Clean and re-oil foam element at three month intervals or every 25 hours, whichever occurs first.

NOTE: Service air cleaner more often under dusty conditions.

1. Remove screw.
2. Remove air cleaner carefully to prevent dirt from entering carburetor.
3. Take air cleaner apart and clean.
 - a. WASH foam element in kerosene or liquid detergent and water to remove dirt.
 - b. Wrap foam in cloth and squeeze dry.
 - c. Saturate foam with engine oil. Squeeze to remove excess oil.
4. Reassemble parts and fasten to carburetor securely with screw.



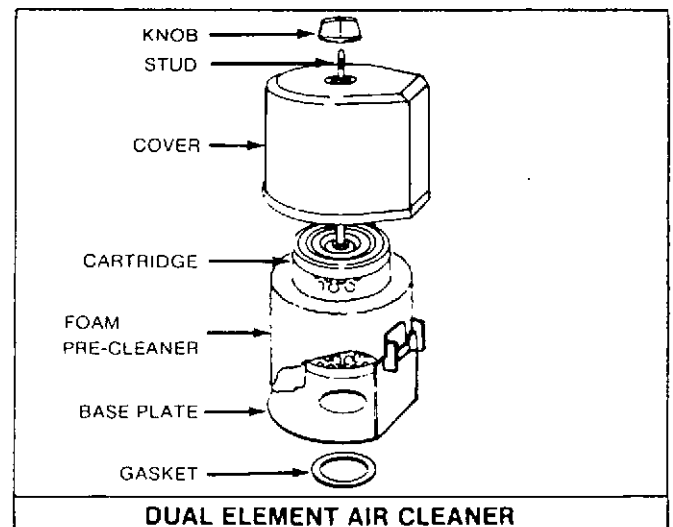
OIL FOAM AIR CLEANER

DUAL ELEMENT AIR CLEANER

Clean and re-oil foam pre-cleaner at three month intervals or every 25 hours, whichever occurs first.

NOTE: Service more often under dusty conditions.

1. Remove knob and cover.
2. Remove foam pre-cleaner by sliding it off of the paper cartridge.
3. a. Wash foam pre-cleaner in kerosene or liquid detergent and water.
b. Wrap foam pre-cleaner in cloth and squeeze dry.
c. Saturate foam pre-cleaner in engine oil. Squeeze to remove excess oil.
4. Install foam pre-cleaner over paper cartridge. Reassemble cover and screw knob down tight.

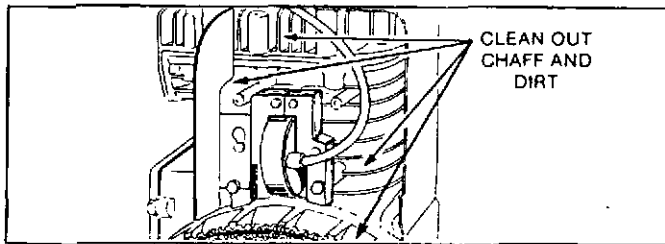


DUAL ELEMENT AIR CLEANER

Yearly or every 100 hours, whichever occurs first, remove paper cartridge. Clean by tapping gently on flat surface. If very dirty, replace cartridge, or wash in a low or nonsudsing detergent and warm water solution. Rinse thoroughly with flowing water from inside out until water is clear. Cartridge must be allowed to stand and air dry thoroughly before using. Service more often if necessary.

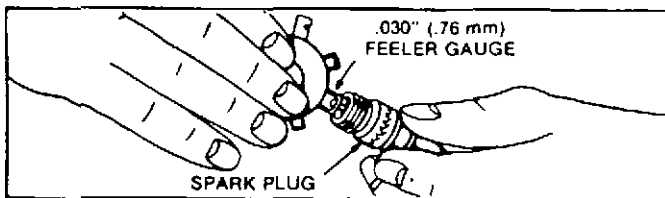
CAUTION: Petroleum solvents, such as kerosene, are not to be used to clean cartridge. They may cause deterioration of the cartridge. **DO NOT OIL CARTRIDGE. DO NOT USE PRESSURIZED AIR TO CLEAN OR DRY CARTRIDGE.**

CLEAN COOLING SYSTEM — Grass, chaff or dirt may clog the rotating screen and the air cooling system, especially after prolonged service cutting dry grass. Yearly or every 100 hours, whichever occurs first, remove the blower housing and clean the areas shown to avoid overspeeding, overheating and engine damage. Clean more often if necessary.



DANGER: Periodically clean muffler area to remove all grass, dirt and combustible debris.

SPARK PLUG — Clean and reset gap at .030" every 100 hours of operation.



CAUTION: Do not blast clean spark plug. Spark plug should be cleaned by scraping or wire brushing and washing with a commercial solvent.

Sparking can occur if wire terminal does not fit firmly on spark plug, or if stop switch vibrates against spark plug. Reform terminal or repair switch if necessary.

REMOVE COMBUSTION DEPOSITS every 100-300 hours of operation. Remove cylinder head and cylinder head shield. Scrape and wire brush the combustion deposits from cylinder, cylinder head, top of piston and around valves. Use a soft brush to remove deposits. Re-assemble gasket, cylinder head and cylinder head shield. Turn screws down finger tight with the three longer screws around the exhaust valve, if so equipped. Torque cylinder head screws in a staggered sequence to 140 inch pounds (15.82 Nm).

SPARK ARRESTER EQUIPPED MUFFLER — If engine muffler is equipped with spark arrester screen assembly, remove every 50 hours for cleaning and inspection. Replace if damaged.

CLEAN ENGINE — Remove dirt and debris with a cloth or brush. Cleaning with a forceful spray of water is not recommended as water could contaminate the fuel system.

ADJUSTMENTS

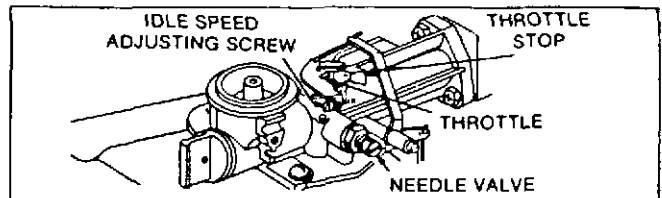
CARBURETOR ADJUSTMENTS

Minor carburetor adjustment may be required to compensate for differences in fuel, temperature, altitude or load.

NOTE: The air cleaner must be assembled to carburetor when running engine.

TO ADJUST CARBURETOR — Gently turn valve clockwise until it just closes. Valve may be damaged by turning it in too far.

Next, open the needle valve 1-1/2 turns counterclockwise. This initial adjustment will permit the engine to be started and warmed up (approximately 5 minutes) prior to final adjustment.



FINAL ADJUSTMENT

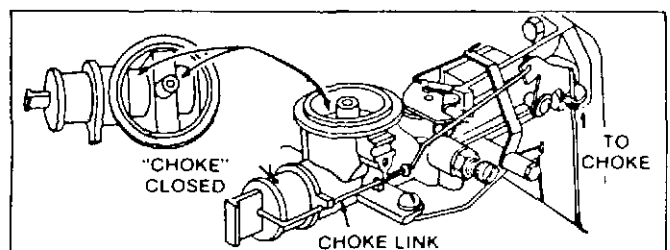
Place speed control lever in "FAST" position. Turn needle valve in until engine slows (clockwise — lean mixture). Then turn it out past smooth operating point until engine runs unevenly (rich mixture). Now turn needle valve to the midpoint between rich and lean so the engine runs smoothly. Next, adjust idle RPM. Rotate throttle counterclockwise and hold against stop while adjusting idle speed adjusting screw to obtain 1750 RPM. Release throttle — engine should accelerate without hesitation or sputtering. If engine does not accelerate properly, the carburetor should be re-adjusted, usually to a slightly richer mixture.

CONTROL ADJUSTMENTS

Proper choke and speed control operation is dependent upon proper adjustment of speed controls on the powered equipment.

TO CHECK OPERATION OF CHOKE CONTROLS:

Remove air cleaner. Move speed control lever to "CHOKE" position. Choke should be fully closed as shown. Replace air cleaner.



To Adjust:

Place speed control lever on equipment in "FAST" position. Choke operating link washer "A" should be just touching bell crank lever at "B." See illustration.

GENERAL INFORMATION

These engines are single-cylinder L-head, air-cooled type.

MODEL SERIES 130200 and 131200

Bore 2-9/16" (65.09 mm)
 Stroke 2-7/16" (61.91 mm)
 Displacement 12.57 cu. in. (206.0 cc)
 Horsepower Max. 5.00 @ 3600 RPM
 Torque (Ft. Lbs.) Max. 7.66 @ 3000 RPM

The horsepower ratings listed are established in accordance with the Society of Automotive Engineers Test Code - J607. For practical operation, the horsepower loading should not exceed 85% of these ratings. Engine power will decrease 3½% for each 1,000 feet (304.8 m) above sea level and 1% for each 10° above 60° F (16° C).

In some areas, local law requires the use of a resistor spark plug so as to suppress ignition signals. If an engine was originally equipped with a resistor spark plug, be sure to use the same type of spark plug for replacement.

TUNE-UP SPECIFICATIONS

Spark Plug Type	Champion	Autolite
Short Plug	CJ-8	235
Long Plug	J-8	295
Resistor Short Plug	RCJ-8	245
Resistor Long Plug	RJ-8	306

Spark Plug Gap030" (.76 mm)
 Intake Valve Clearance005" - .007" (.13 - .18 mm)
 Exhaust Valve Clearance009" - .011" (.23 - .28 mm)

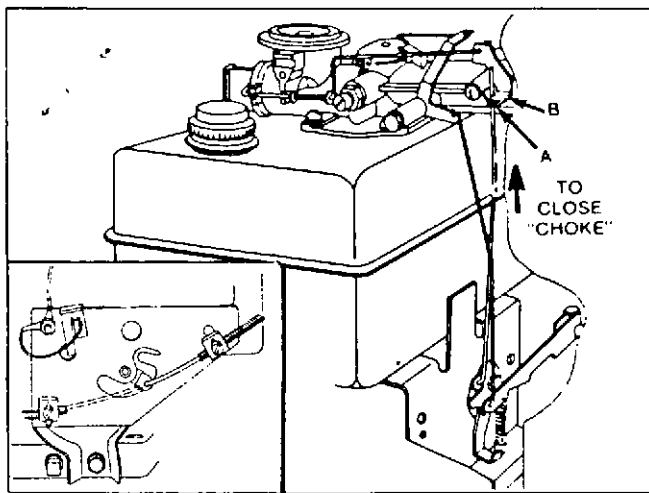
WARNING: For electrical safety, always remove cable from negative (-) side of the battery before attempting any repairs or maintenance.

STORAGE INSTRUCTIONS

Engines to be stored over 30 days should be completely drained of fuel to prevent gum deposits forming on essential carburetor parts, fuel filter and tank.

NOTE: The use of a fuel additive, such as STA-BIL, or an equivalent, will minimize the formation of fuel gum deposits during storage. Such an additive may be added to the gasoline in the fuel tank of the engine, or to the gasoline in a storage container.

- All fuel should be removed from the tank. Run the engine until it stops from lack of fuel. The small amount of fuel that remains in the sump of the tank should be removed by absorbing it with a clean, dry cloth.
- While engine is still warm, drain oil from crankcase. Refill with fresh oil.
- Remove spark plug, pour approximately 1/2 ounce (15 cc) of engine oil into cylinder and crank slowly to distribute oil. Replace spark plug.
- Clean dirt and chaff from cylinder, cylinder head fins, blower housing, rotating screen and muffler areas.
- Store in a clean and dry area.
- Charge battery and store as recommended by the equipment manufacturer, if so equipped.

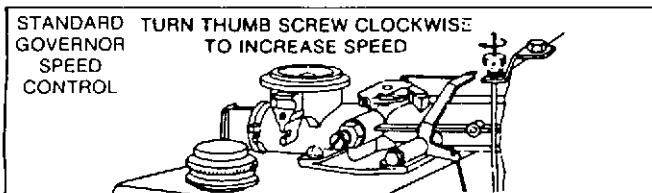


SPEED CONTROL ADJUSTMENT

The acceptable operating speed range is 1800 to 3600 RPM. Idle speed is 1750 RPM. The manufacturer of the equipment on which the engine is used, specifies the top governed no load speed at which the engine may be operated. DO NOT EXCEED this speed.

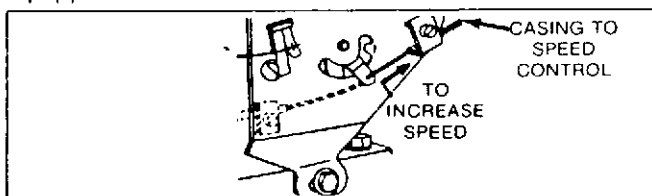
STANDARD SPEED CONTROL ADJUSTMENT

Speed adjusting thumb nut is located on top of engine. To increase speed, turn thumb nut clockwise.



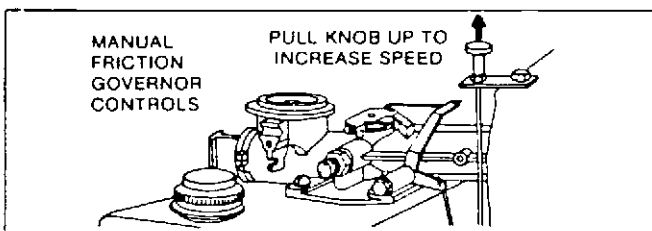
SPEED CONTROL

Controls on powered equipment should move governor speed control lever in direction illustrated to increase speed. Casing from speed controls may be connected to engine at points indicated. Wire travel is shown by arrows. Lever must make good contact with stop switch, if so equipped.



MANUAL SPEED CONTROL

Move knob as shown to change engine speed.



BRIGGS & STRATTON ENGINES ARE MADE UNDER ONE OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING PATENTS:

2,999,491	3,305,223	3,526,146	3,625,492	3,745,393	3,971,353	4,233,043	DESIGN
3,194,224	3,457,804	3,572,218	3,650,354	3,961,724	4,168,288	4,270,509	D-247,177
3,276,439	3,465,740	3,625,071	3,738,345	3,968,854	4,189,040		OTHER PATENTS PENDING