

SHOP MANUAL

KOMATSU-CUMMINS

N-855 SERIES DIESEL ENGINE

ENGINE MODEL APPLICABLE MACHINE

N-855-C	PC300-1
	PC300-2
	PC300LC-1
	PC300LC-2
NT-855-C	D80A,E-18
	D85A,E,P-18
	D80F-18
	D95S-2
	PC400-1
	PC400LC-1
	W170-2
	W180-1
NTA-855-C	HD320-2
	HD320-3
	WS16S-2
	WS23-1

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IMPORTANT SAFETY NOTICE

Proper service and repair is extremely important for the safe operation of your machine. The service and repair techniques recommended by Komatsu and described in this manual are both effective and safe methods of operation. Some of these operations require the use of tools specially designed by Komatsu for the purpose.

To prevent injury to workers, the symbols  and  are used to mark safety precautions in this manual. The cautions accompanying these symbols should always be followed carefully. If any dangerous situation arises or may possibly arise, first consider safety, and take the necessary actions to deal with the situation.



SAFETY

GENERAL PRECAUTIONS

Mistakes in operation are extremely dangerous. Read the Operation and Maintenance Manual carefully BEFORE operating the machine.

1. Before carrying out any greasing or repairs, read all the precautions given on the decals which are fixed to the machine.
2. When carrying out any operation, always wear safety shoes and helmet. Do not wear loose work clothes, or clothes with buttons missing.
 - Always wear safety glasses when hitting parts with a hammer.
 - Always wear safety glasses when grinding parts with a grinder, etc.
3. If welding repairs are needed, always have a trained, experienced welder carry out the work. When carrying out welding work, always wear welding gloves, apron, glasses, cap and other clothes suited for welding work.
4. When carrying out any operation with two or more workers, always agree on the operating procedure before starting. Always inform your fellow workers before starting any step of the operation. Before starting work, hang UNDER REPAIR signs on the controls in the operator's compartment.
5. Keep all tools in good condition and learn the correct way to use them.

6. Decide a place in the repair workshop to keep tools and removed parts. Always keep the tools and parts in their correct places. Always keep the work area clean and make sure that there is no dirt or oil on the floor. Smoke only in the areas provided for smoking. Never smoke while working.

PREPARATIONS FOR WORK

7. Before adding oil or making any repairs, park the machine on hard, level ground, and block the wheels or tracks to prevent the machine from moving.
8. Before starting work, lower blade, ripper, bucket or any other work equipment to the ground. If this is not possible, insert the safety pin or use blocks to prevent the work equipment from falling. In addition, be sure to lock all the control levers and hang warning signs on them.
9. When disassembling or assembling, support the machine with blocks, jacks or stands before starting work.
10. Remove all mud and oil from the steps or other places used to get on and off the machine. Always use the handrails, ladders or steps when getting on or off the machine. Never jump on or off the machine. If it is impossible to use the handrails, ladders or steps, use a stand to provide safe footing.

PRECAUTIONS DURING WORK

11. When removing the oil filler cap, drain plug or hydraulic pressure measuring plugs, loosen them slowly to prevent the oil from spurting out.
Before disconnecting or removing components of the oil, water or air circuits, first remove the pressure completely from the circuit.
12. The water and oil in the circuits are hot when the engine is stopped, so be careful not to get burned.
Wait for the oil and water to cool before carrying out any work on the oil or water circuits.
13. Before starting work, remove the leads from the battery. Always remove the lead from the negative (–) terminal first.
14. When raising heavy components, use a hoist or crane.
Check that the wire rope, chains and hooks are free from damage.
Always use lifting equipment which has ample capacity.
Install the lifting equipment at the correct places. Use a hoist or crane and operate slowly to prevent the component from hitting any other part. Do not work with any part still raised by the hoist or crane.
15. When removing covers which are under internal pressure or under pressure from a spring, always leave two bolts in position on opposite sides. Slowly release the pressure, then slowly loosen the bolts to remove.
16. When removing components, be careful not to break or damage the wiring. Damaged wiring may cause electrical fires.
17. When removing piping, stop the fuel or oil from spilling out. If any fuel or oil drips on to the floor, wipe it up immediately. Fuel or oil on the floor can cause you to slip, or can even start fires.
18. As a general rule, do not use gasoline to wash parts. In particular, use only the minimum of gasoline when washing electrical parts.
19. Be sure to assemble all parts again in their original places.
Replace any damaged parts with new parts.
 - When installing hoses and wires, be sure that they will not be damaged by contact with other parts when the machine is being operated.
20. When installing high pressure hoses, make sure that they are not twisted. Damaged tubes are dangerous, so be extremely careful when installing tubes for high pressure circuits. Also, check that connecting parts are correctly installed.
21. When assembling or installing parts, always use the specified tightening torques. When installing protective parts such as guards, or parts which vibrate violently or rotate at high speed, be particularly careful to check that they are installed correctly.
22. When aligning two holes, never insert your fingers or hand. Be careful not to get your fingers caught in a hole.
23. When measuring hydraulic pressure, check that the measuring tool is correctly assembled before taking any measurements.
24. Take care when removing or installing the tracks of track-type machines.
When removing the track, the track separates suddenly, so never let anyone stand at either end of the track.

FOREWORD

This shop manual has been prepared as an aid to improve the quality of repairs by giving the serviceman an accurate understanding of the product and by showing him the correct way to perform repairs and make judgements. Make sure you understand the contents of this manual and use it to full effect at every opportunity.

This shop manual mainly contains the necessary technical information for operations performed in a service workshop.

For ease of understanding, the manual is divided into chapters for each main group of components; these chapters are further divided into the following sections.

STRUCTURE AND FUNCTION

This section explains the structure and function of each component. It serves not only to give an understanding of the structure, but also serves as reference material for troubleshooting.

TESTING AND ADJUSTING

This section explains checks to be made before and after performing repairs, as well as adjustments to be made at completion of the checks and repairs.

Troubleshooting charts correlating "Problems" to "Causes" are also included in this section.

DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY

This section explains the order to be followed when removing, installing, disassembling or assembling each component, as well as precautions to be taken for these operations.

MAINTENANCE STANDARD

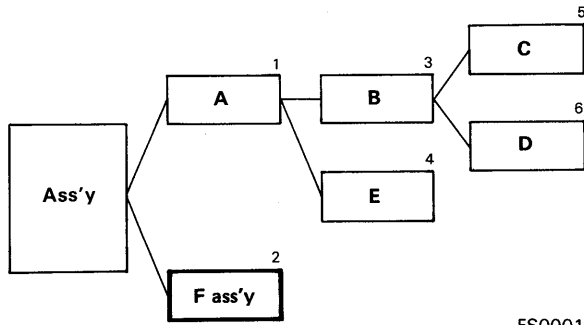
This section gives the judgement standards when inspecting disassembled parts.

NOTICE

The specifications contained in this shop manual are subject to change at any time and without any advance notice. Contact your KOMATSU distributor for the latest information.

NETWORK (Disassembly and assembly relationship drawings)

In the shop manual the following network drawings show relationship between work items and sequence for assembly and disassembly.



FS0001

In this network the sequence of disassembly is marked on the top right of each work item so that handling can be easily understood. For example, when taking D of the Ass'y follow the sequence A → B → D, when removing E follow the sequence A → E.

F ass'y indicates a further separate disassembly, and indicates the existence of a previous work network. For assembly the sequence is shown using the same kind of network.

TROUBLESHOOTING CHART

As shown below, the symptoms relating to a particular trouble are described in the line designated "Problems". The probable cause of the trouble is then marked under the "Causes" column.

Example:
Symptom: Reduced tractive power or slow travel speed.

Problems	Causes	
	Oil leaks in torque converter	Air suction in the hydraulic pump
Torque converter oil pressure gauge shows lower than normal pressure. (normal 3 – 4.8 kg/cm ²)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Transmission oil pressure gauge shows lower than normal pressure. (normal 20 – 23 kg/cm ²)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

MAINTENANCE STANDARD

Standard size, Tolerance

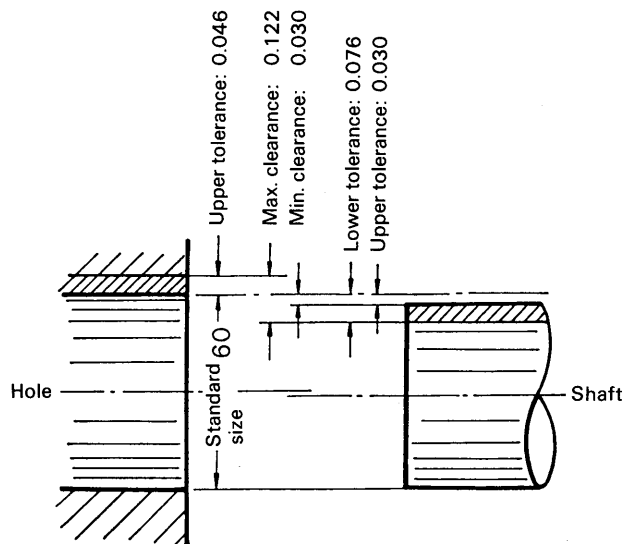
The dimensions of finished parts each differ a little. Therefore, when determining the finished dimensions of parts, a dimension that will be standard is determined provisionally, then the difference allowed from it is indicated. The former is called the standard size, and the latter the tolerance.

The way to show this is by a plus or a minus sign with the tolerance in smaller numerals to the right of the standard size.

Example: $120 \begin{matrix} -0.026 \\ -0.126 \end{matrix}$
(It equals 119.874 – 119.978 mm)

Moreover, when expressing the dimensions of a hole and the shaft that goes inside it, for the sake of convenience, the standard size for the hole and the shaft are usually taken as the same, and the tolerances changed to indicate the tightness of the fit. For example, the fit of a revolving shaft is indicated as follows, and is shown in the drawing.

Hole: $60 \begin{matrix} +0.046 \\ 0 \end{matrix}$ Shaft: $60 \begin{matrix} -0.030 \\ -0.076 \end{matrix}$



FS0002

HOW TO READ THE SHOP MANUAL

Standard size

This is the standard value at the time of design.

Repair limit

This is the limit in dimensions which the part can be used. When parts exceed the repair limit, they must be repaired or replaced as specified.

Example:

Unit: mm

No.	Check item	Criteria		Remedy
		Standard size	Repair limit	

Standard clearance

This is the clearance between new parts after assembly. It is recorded as a range between minimum clearance and maximum clearance. The clearance is adjusted to this value.

Clearance limit

This is the maximum clearance allowed.

When the clearance exceeds the clearance limit, the parts must be repaired or replaced as specified.

Example:

Unit: mm

No.	Check item	Criteria				Remedy	
		Standard size	Tolerance		Standard clearance		Clearance limit
			Shaft	Hole			

PRECAUTIONS FOR DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY

1. PREPARATIONS BEFORE DISASSEMBLY

1. Washing before taking a machine into the repair shop

Thoroughly wash the machine to remove sand, mud and dust before taking it into the shop. Taking a dirty machine into the shop will decrease work efficiency, cause damage to parts, and increase the intrusion of dust and dirt into the machine when it is reassembled.

2. Checking the machine before disassembly

Before disassembly, study the entire disassembly procedure from beginning to end in the reference materials, and carefully check and record the items listed below. This will help to save unnecessary disassembly and parts costs. It will also give clues on how to prevent recurrence of the trouble.

- Machine model, serial number and service meter reading.
- Reason for disassembly. (Symptoms, locations, and cause of trouble)
- Any dirty air cleaner elements or air leakage.
- Properties of fuel used, clogging of fuel filter elements, water mixed in fuel, and leaky or constricted fuel pipes.
- Oil capacities, dirtiness of oils (viscosity, color, and any impurities), water mixed in oil, oil leakage, and any clogging of oil filter elements.
- Tension of the V-belt and tracks.
- Any damaged parts or loose bolts.

3. Preparation for disassembly

Prepare the required facilities, tools, and space for the disassembly work and rack space for storing the disassembled parts. Make sure that they are all clean.

2. PRECAUTIONS FOR DISASSEMBLY AND REASSEMBLY

1. During disassembly

- 1) If the disassembly involves draining oil or lubricants, have containers of suitable capacity on hand. Do not spill any oil or lubricants on the floor.
- 2) Mark the parts clearly to prevent confusion at the time of reassembly.
- 3) For disassembly of certain designated parts, use only the special tool prescribed for that purpose.
- 4) When, after removal of fastening nuts and bolts, a part still can not be removed, never force it. Instead, investigate and correct the cause.
- 5) Maintain disassembled parts in good order for storage, paying special care not to confuse parts that appear similar. Tag them or mark with ink if necessary.
- 6) Store standard parts such as bolts and nuts with reference to where they are to be used and in a manner that will prevent loss.

2. During reassembly

- 1) Thoroughly clean and examine all parts before reassembly. Repair any scratched or dented surfaces.
 - ★ Foreign matter is especially damaging to sliding surfaces, and will greatly decrease their service life.
- 2) Clean new parts to remove any rust preventative coating.
Solvent: Light oil or trichloroethane
- 3) Carefully align any match marks provided.
- 4) Use a press or press-fitting tool to assemble bearings, bushings and oil seals.

3. Checks and inspections during disassembly/reassembly

- 1) During disassembly, watch carefully for evidence of seizing, interference, or improper contact of sliding parts.
- 2) Measure and record end clearances, gear backlashes, protrusions, and the like during the disassembly/reassembly. Quite often they cannot be measured afterwards.

PRECAUTIONS FOR DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY

3. DETERGENTS

1. Precautions for cleaning

- 1) Thoroughly clean disassembled parts and group them by unit for storage. Be especially sure to remove sludge from oil holes and pipes.
- 2) Never use dirty solvents to clean important parts.
- 3) Take extreme care with special chemical agents. Observe the manufacturer's handling instructions and take measures to prevent the agent from coming into contact with your skin or eyes.

2. Selection of detergents

Parts	Detergents
Ordinary parts	Kerosene, light oil, or trichloroethane
Finely machined parts (Bearings etc.)	Clean kerosene or neutral dehydrated light oil
Large castings (Cylinder head, cylinder block etc.)	Alkaline detergent, PH10 – 12. (Immerse in 50 – 70°C detergent for 5 – 10 minutes. Then rinse thoroughly with water.)

3. Detergents for washing rubber parts (O-rings, oil seals etc.)

Detergents	Rubber			
	Nitrile rubber	Ester rubber	Silicon rubber	Fluorine rubber
Trichloroethane	○	○	○	○
Trichloroethylene	○	X	X	○
Gasoline	X	X	X	○
Thinner	X	X	X	X
Light oil	○	○	X	○
Steam	○	X	○	○

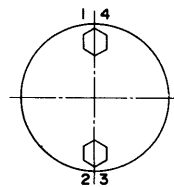
- : Immersion allowed for a short time only
 X: Detergent detrimental to rubber

4. NUTS AND BOLTS

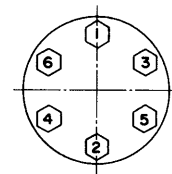
Unless otherwise specified in the DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY, tighten all bolts to a torque of page 00-29.

- 1) Use bolts having the exact length required for the parts they are to join.
 If too long, the bolt presses against the bottom of the tapped hole; this pressure makes proper tightening impossible. If too short, the bolt lacks the number of threads necessary to hold the parts together.
- 2) Tighten each nut and bolt to the specified torque.
- 3) Tighten bolts evenly and in order.

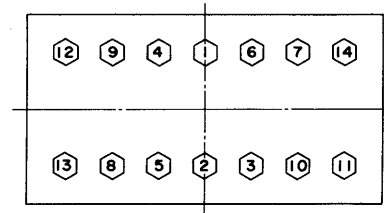
Tighten mutually opposing bolts alternately.



Tighten in turn on opposite sides.



Tighten from the center outwards and on alternate sides.



FS0003

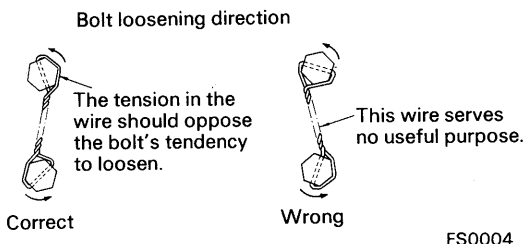
- 4) The Template Method is prescribed for tightening bolts on certain specific parts of the engine.

The Template Method obtains good fittings of bolts with their seats and of bearings with their races to ensure uniform overall tightening. The bolts are tightened in stages, then loosened, and then tightened once more.

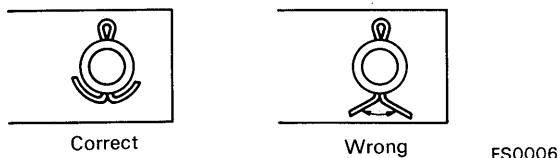
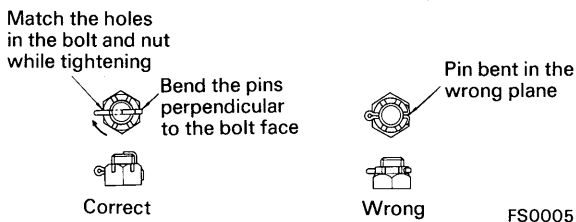
5. HANDLING LOCKING DEVICES

Nuts and bolts which cannot be checked visually from the outside or which are located in vital areas must be firmly locked into position with wires, cotter pins, and lock washers. Never reuse these locking devices.

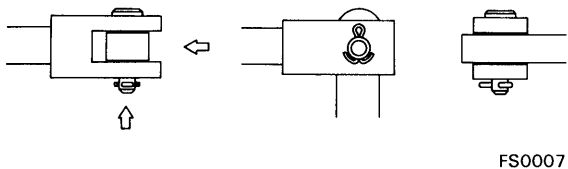
1. Lock wire



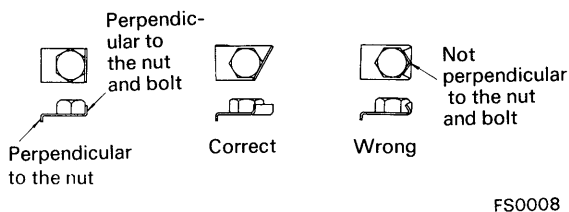
2. Cotter pin



- Bend the head and ends of the cotter pin upwards as far as possible.



3. Lock washer



4. Thread tightener

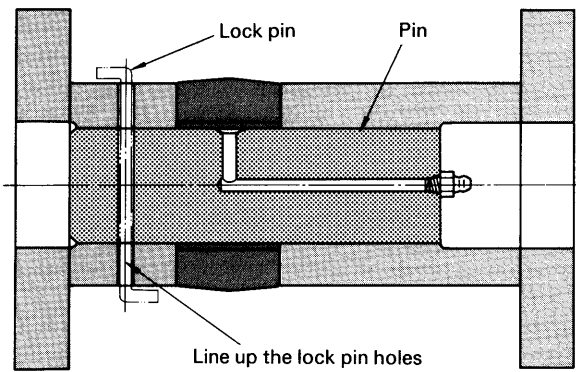
- 1) Wash and degrease the bolt and bolt hole with trichloroethylene and dry. Coat the bolt threads with two or three drops of thread tightener and tighten the bolts.
- 2) After an hour had passed, the bolt cannot be loosened or tightened any further. If retightening becomes necessary, the bolt must be completely removed, the old thread tightener removed, and a new coat applied.

6. PRECAUTIONS FOR PRESS-FITTING

- Coat the surfaces of the parts to be press-fitted with anti-friction grease (molybdenum disulfide) – unless they are tapered.
- For taper spline-to-serration fittings
 - 1) Check that the splines and serrations are free from dust, burr, dents and indentations.
 - 2) Insert and align the splines and serrations by hand before press-fitting the shaft into the hole.
 - 3) If the spline-serration assembly is loose, disassemble and examine for wear. Replace worn parts with new ones.

7. PRECAUTIONS FOR ASSEMBLING THE PIN AND SHAFT

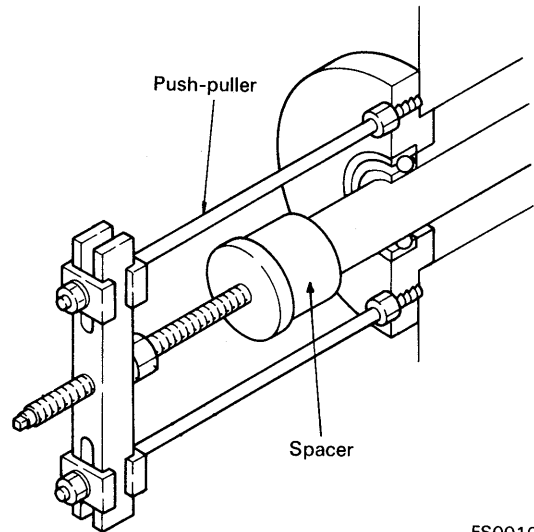
Before reassembling the pin and shaft, check the positions of the locking device and fastening device on the other side. This is especially important when the shaft is retracted from the inside of the hole as illustrated in the accompanying diagram. To ensure proper reassembly, make sure that the lock pin holes coincide.



FS0009

2. Push-puller

When the screw of the push-puller does not reach the surface of the part to be pushed, insert a spacer. It is also a good idea to insert a plate to prevent the head of the screw from damaging the part.

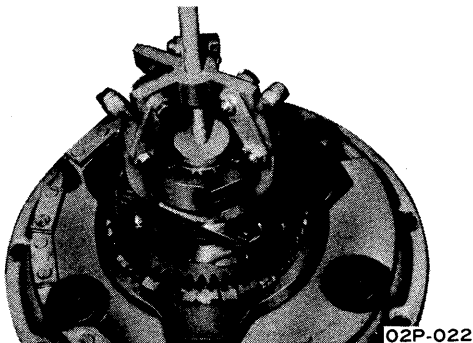


FS0010

8. SERVICE TOOLS

1. Gear puller

Fit the gear puller over the gear or bearing and tighten the bolt on the gear puller to remove the part from the shaft.

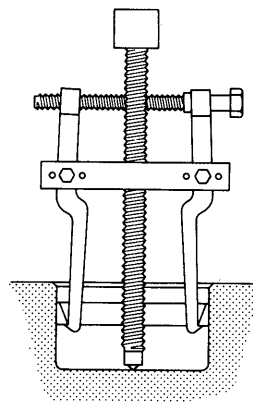


02P-022

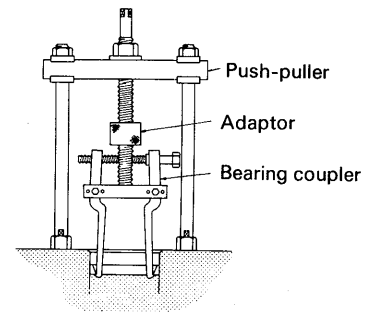
3. Bearing coupler

This can be used two ways:

- 1) When the bottom of the hole is strong enough to withstand the applied force.
- 2) When the bottom of the hole is not strong enough to withstand the applied force.

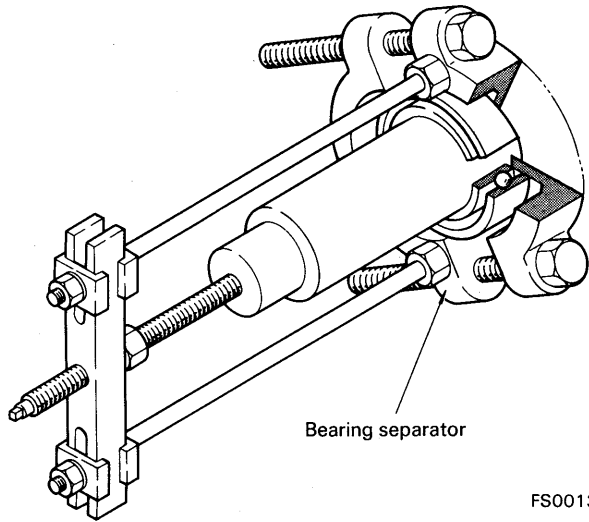


FS0011

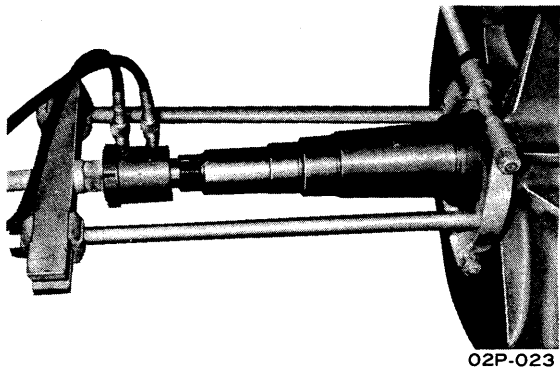


FS0012

4. Bearing separator



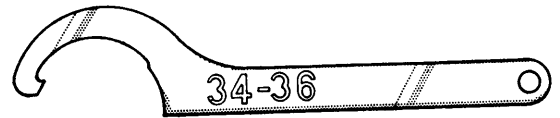
FS0013



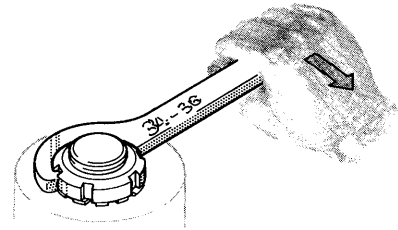
02P-023

5. Hook wrench

A hook wrench has a claw which hooks into the turning sockets of round nuts. The wrench size is defined by the outer diameter of the round nut turned. The accompanying figure shows a hook wrench designed for use with round nuts of two different sizes.

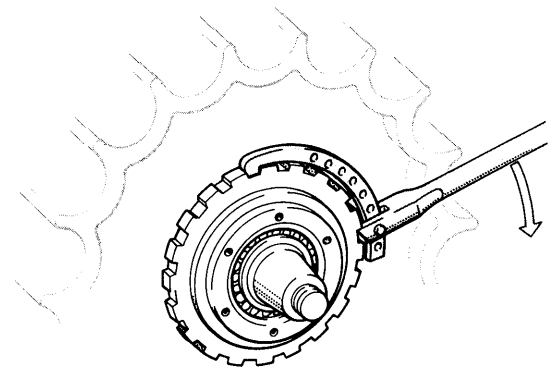


FS0014



FS0015

Removal and Installation of the Sprocket Wheel



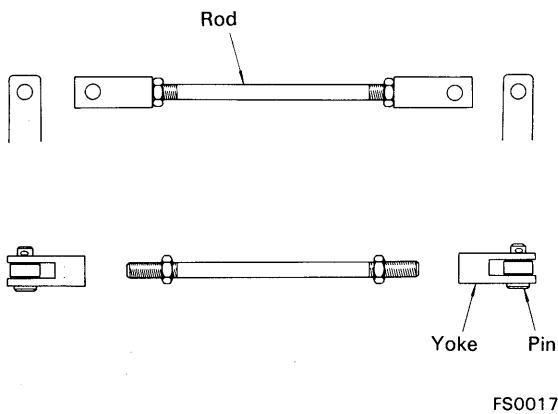
FS0016

9. CLEARANCE ADJUSTMENTS

Store each set of shims or washers so that they can be installed in their original condition at the time of reassembly.

10. LINK RODS

- 1) If it is necessary to change the length of the link rod in order to remove it, first record the original length so that the rod can be easily reassembled in its original condition.
- 2) Remove the link rod at the pins.

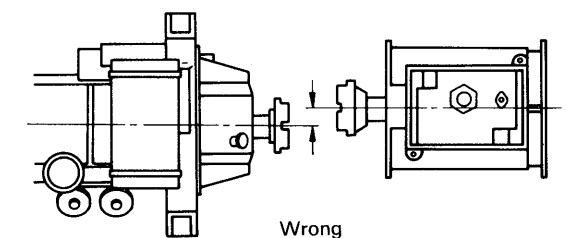
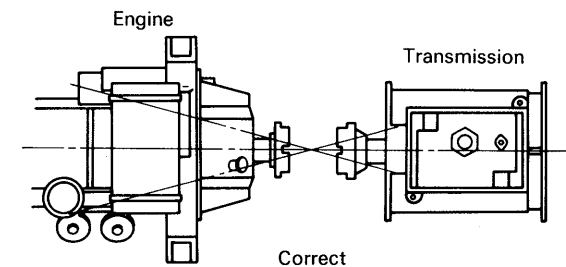
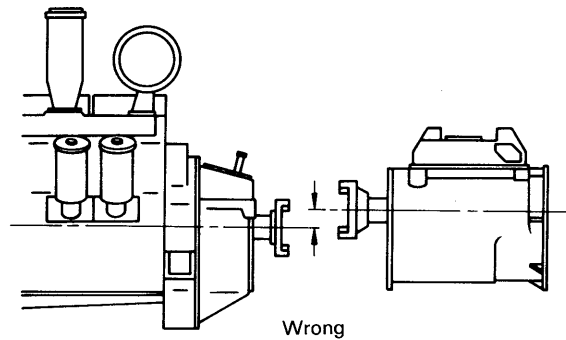
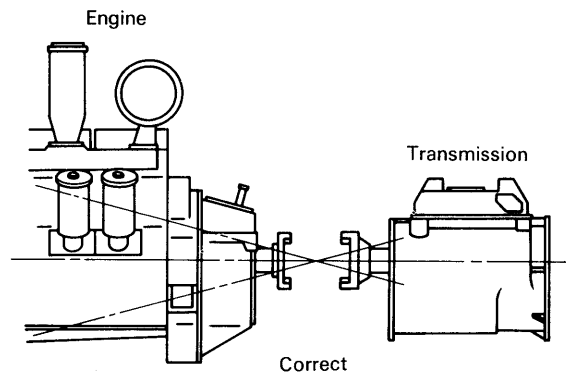


11. SHIMS AND WASHERS

- 1) Shims are used to center the engine and adjust the action of the bevel gears. Handle very carefully as they get deformed easily.
- 2) Record the numbers and positions to speed adjustment after reinstallation.
- 3) Do not reuse any shims or washers that are deteriorated, damaged, bent or deformed.
- 4) Insert thin shims between thicker ones.

12. CENTERING

Centering is very important for interfaces in the power train – for example, between the engine and the transmission and between the bevel gear shaft and the final drives. Incorrect centering only increases the stresses acting on the turning parts, so always make sure that the deviation is within the specified limits.



FS0018

MEASURING INSTRUCTIONS

PREPARATIONS BEFORE CHECKING

1. Cleaning of parts

Wash parts to be checked. Special care should be paid to thoroughly remove dust and dirt from the surfaces on which measurements are to be made so that possible errors can be eliminated.

2. Minor repair of part surfaces

Remove scratches, dents and rust from parts to be checked. If the surface are rough, the measurements will be inaccurate. When smoothing any surface, be careful not to use an oilstone or sand paper coarser than the finished surface.

3. Preparation of measuring tools

Clean the tools and thoroughly remove dust and dirt from the surfaces which contact parts. Check the tools for proper function and zero-point adjustment. Remedy any abnormality.

4. Maintenance of measuring tools

Handle all tools with sufficient care and do not subject them to unreasonable force or shocks which can affect their delicate construction. Periodically check the tools for accuracy and, if necessary, calibrate them. Put the tools back into their cases and return them to their fixed storage locations whenever not in use. It is recommended to assign a person to be responsible for the proper storage of measuring tools.

MEASURING TOOLS

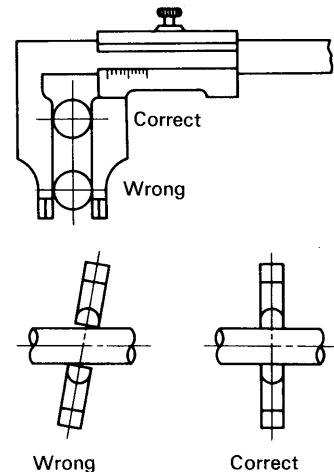
- Repeat each measurement two or three times to eliminate possible errors. Further repetition will be necessary, if there is a large variation in the readings.
- When measuring the inside or outside diameter of a cylindrical object, take two readings with the measuring device put in two directions at right angles to each other. Repeat this at several points along the overall length of the object.
- Along eye-measurement below the unit of a scale may be used for making a comparison between two approximately equal measurements, the accuracy of such eye-measurements should not be considered as reliable.
- At the start of each measurement, select a measuring device having an accuracy appropriate for judging whether the measurement reaches its allowable limit.

BLOCK GAUGES

- To bring two blocks into contact, wash each block with benzene to remove rust-preventing oil and wipe with a clean cotton cloth. Put one block on the other, causing a sliding or twisting movement between the two.
- If the contact between two blocks feels rough, apply a fine-grade oilstone to the blocks along their edges. (Do not try to rub the contact surface of the blocks.)
- Do not leave the blocks in contact for a long time. Long-time contact will make the blocks difficult to separate or cause black rust to appear on the contact surfaces.
- When separating two blocks, slide or twist them. Do not try to pull them apart, by force or strike them with a mallet.
- When storing a block gauge, wipe off moisture, dirt and fingerprints, coat with a rust-preventing lubricant such as vaseline, and put the gauge back in its case.

VERNIER CALIPERS

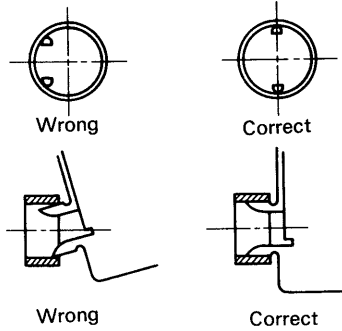
- At the start of measurement, close the jaws and check that there is no clearance (due to wear) between the jaws and that the "zero" point of the graduation is in exact alignment with the "zero" point of the vernier scale.
- Measuring an outer diameter



FS0019

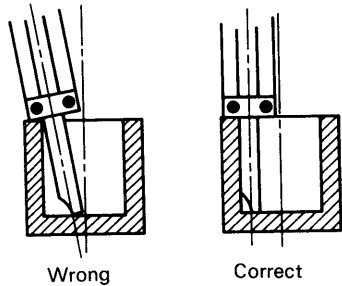
MEASURING INSTRUCTIONS

● Measuring an inner diameter



FS0020

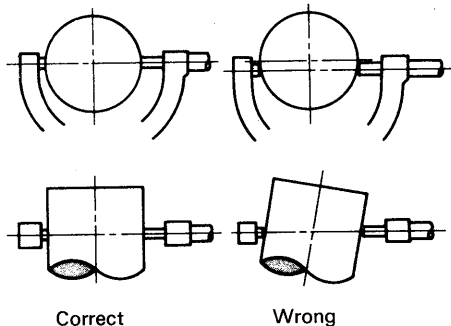
● Measuring a depth



FS0021

MICROMETERS

- Put the anvil onto an object at a right angle and turn in the spindle until it comes into contact with the object. Rotate the ratchet stop until there are two or three idle rotations, then read the measurement.
- When reading a measurement, keep your eyes at a right angle to the graduation on the sleeve.
- To turn back the spindle, rotate the thimble with your fingers.

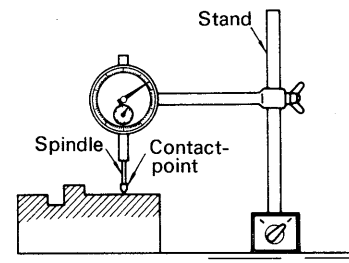


FS0022

- When storing a micrometer, leave a slight clearance between the anvil and the spindle.

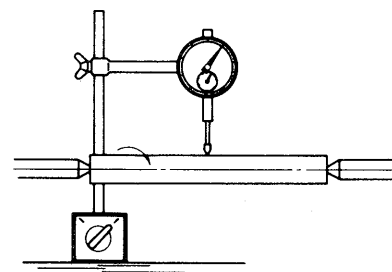
DIAL GAUGES

- Carefully put the gauge contact-point on a surface to be measured to protect the delicate gauge against shock.
- Set the zero-point of the gauge with care to keep the movement of the contact-point within its stroke during measurement.
- Careless setting of the zero-point may cause the spindle to retract or extend to its limit, thus making measurement impossible.
- The measurements of the dial gauge are accompanied by relatively large errors because minute variations of the contact-point (and accompanying errors) are indicated by the dial pointer through an expanding mechanism using gears. The reliability of eye measurements can not be assured below the minimum unit on the scale.
- **Measuring protrusions, depressions or steps**
Set the zero-point so that vertical movement of the probe does not exceed its stroke limits, and slide the base of the gauge on a flat surface.



FS0023

● Measuring bending

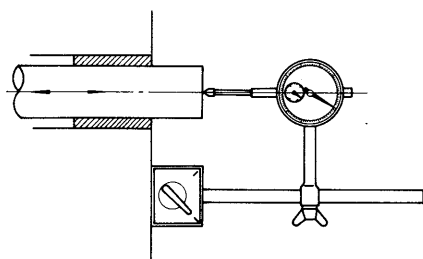


FS0024

Read the Total Indicator Reading (T.I.R.) while moving the object back and forth or vertically. Turn the object one complete rotation and read the difference between the maximum and minimum indications of the gauge pointer.

MEASURING INSTRUCTIONS

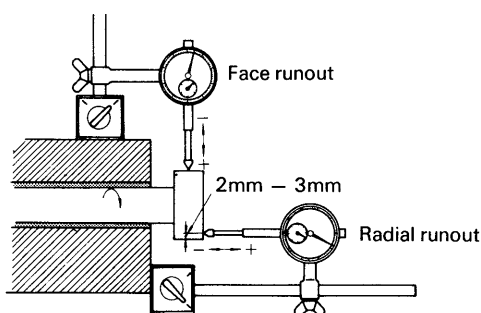
● Measuring end play, looseness or deviation



FS0025

Read the T.I.R. while moving the object back and forth or vertically.

● Measuring face runout or radial runout



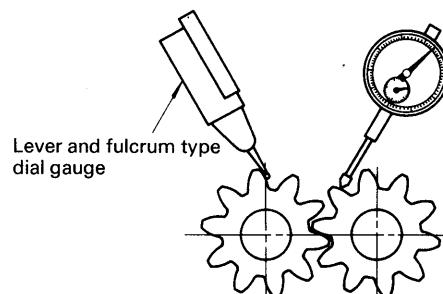
FS0026

- 1) Read runout at six or more positions during one complete rotation of the object.
- 2) At the start of each measurement, set the zero-point at the middle of the assumable range of the spindle movement. Be careful not to confuse positive and negative readings of runout.

	Face runout	Radial runout
When the pointer is to the right of "0"	+	-
When the pointer is to the left of "0"	-	+

- 3) When measuring face runout, place the contact-point on the object along a circle 2 or 3 mm smaller in diameter than the outside diameter of the object.

● Measuring gear backlash

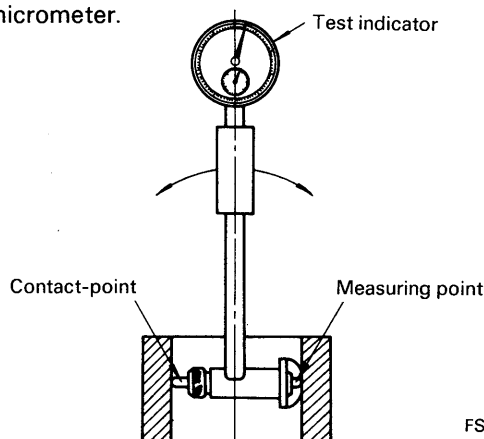


FS0027

- 1) Fully mesh one of two gears and place the dial gauge contact-point on a tooth of the other gear. Swing the free gear within the limits of its play in the rotational directions, and read the T.I.R.
 - 2) Use of the lever and fulcrum type dial gauge is recommended for this purpose as the contact-point placed on the gear is moved tangentially to the gear pitch circle.
 - 3) The lever and fulcrum type dial gauge is suitable for use in a narrow space or for a special measurement which requires placing the contact-point on an object at an angle to the spindle of the gauge.
- Since the contact-point of this type of gauge has a very narrow measuring range (usually 3 mm or less), the contact-point should be carefully checked for contact with the object during measurement.

CYLINDER GAUGES

- Install a contact-point having a length approximately equal to the cylinder bore to the measured on the cylinder gauge. Set the zero-point of the test indicator to the bore diameter of the standard cylinder measured with a reference ring gauge or a micrometer.



FS0028

PARTS CHECKING INSTRUCTIONS

- Insert the gauge into the bore to be measured and read the minimum indication of the test indicator while giving swings to the gauge about the tip of the detachable rod used as the fulcrum.
- When the minimum reading is obtained on the right side of the zero point of the test indicator, and the reading to the standard value to which the zero point is set.

When the minimum reading is obtained on the left side of the zero point, subtract the reading from the standard value.

PARTS CHECKING INSTRUCTIONS

- Check disassembled parts to see if they are reusable or need repair. If the part failed due to an external source, determine the cause and correct before assembly.

1. GENERAL PRECAUTIONS

- Visually inspect parts for cracks, pitting, corrosion, scoring, ridging etc. To ensure proper inspection, every part should be clean before inspection.
- If the cause of the defect can be found, it will be a great help to analyze the part condition; whether the defect will progress or not, and the possibility of future trouble.
Knowing the cause of the defect, the service man can give good advice to the customer to prevent him from having the same trouble again.
- Visual inspection can not find minute or hidden damage. Other methods of inspection are as follows;
 - a) Water-pressure or air-pressure test
 - b) Color check or magnetic damage test

2. CRACKS

- If the part is found to be cracked by visual inspection, it should be replaced or repaired.
- If the length or depth of crack exceeds 1/3 of the thickness of the part, it should be replaced instead of repaired.
- A part having an internal crack should be replaced.

3. PITTING

1) Pitting by cavitation

In most cases, cavitation is accompanied by chemical corrosion. After removing rust or scale, carefully inspect the depth of pitting.

- When the pitting can not be repaired within the allowable limit, replace the part.
- If pitting is not deep, resurface the part after removing the rust and scale.

2) Pitting due to removal of surface

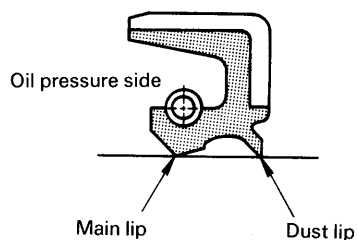
- If ball bearing is pitted, replace it.
- If more than 1/3 of the contact face is pitted, the part should be replaced.
- If pitting is not serious, resurface the part.

PARTS HANDLING

1. OIL SEALS

1. Direction

Be careful to install the oil seal with its lips facing in the proper direction, as shown in the figure below.



FS0029

2. Inspection prior to installation

- 1) Keep the oil seals free from dust, rust and scratches.

Take special care to prevent rust or scratches on the lips.

- 2) To check the oil seal lip for smoothness, gently slide a wire across its surface. If the wire catches, replace the oil seal with a new one.

★ Make sure that the wire used for this test does not scratch the lip surface.

- 3) Do not use the oil seal on a shaft where it would come into contact with rust or scratches on the shaft surface.

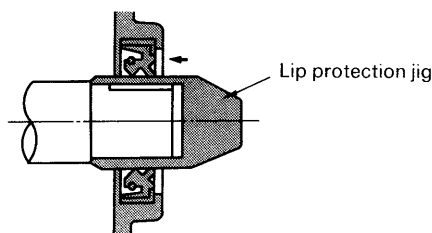
- 4) When removing the oil seal, take care not to damage the housing or shaft surfaces.

3. Installing the oil seal

- 1) Coat the surface to which the oil seal is to be applied with a lubricant or grease.

★ If the lip should double over as the oil seal is being fitted over the shaft, return it to its proper place by rotating the shaft and pulling the oil seal slightly backwards.

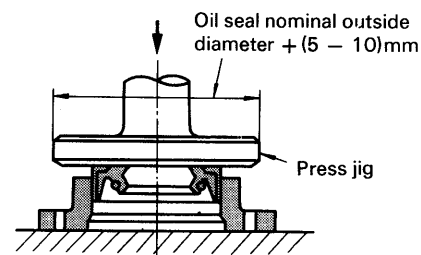
- 2) When installing an oil seal on a shaft machined with a keyway, splines, or threads, use a suitable jig to protect the lip.



FS0030

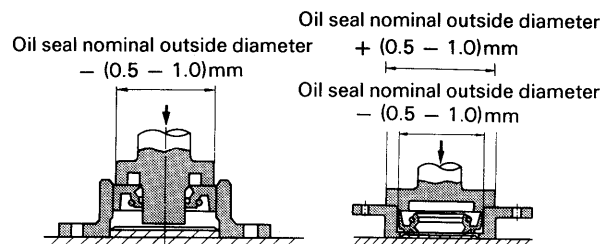
- 3) Use a suitable press to press fit the oil seal into the housing.

- When installing the oil seal flush with the housing surface...



FS0031

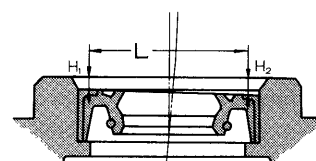
- When installing the oil seal inside the housing...



FS0032

FS0033

- 4) After press-fitting the oil seal, check that it has not been installed at an angle to the housing.



Max. permissible oil seal slant
 $(H_2 - H_1)/2 \leq 1/400$

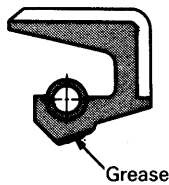
FS0034

4. Applying grease to the lips

Before installing an oil seal, coat it with grease according to the following procedure to prevent friction from burning the seal surfaces while the machine is being started.

1) Single-lip oil seal

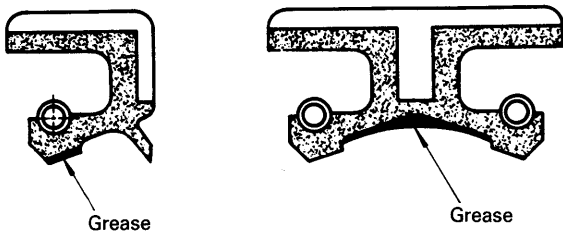
Place a flat, uniform coating of grease on the surface away from the sealing surface.



FS0035

2) Double-lip oil seal

Coat the entire surface between the two lips with grease in the manner shown in the accompanying figures.



FS0036

5. Applying adhesives

Take special care when applying adhesives to the outer surface of oil seals. Adhesive on the surface of the lip or shaft leads to oil leakage.

★ Since any adhesives on the surface of the press jig will soon transfer to the oil seal lips, clean the jig before use.

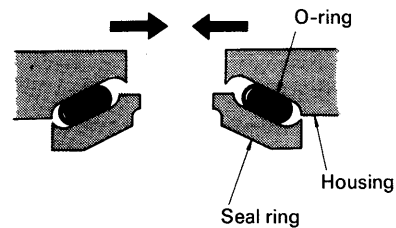
2. FLOATING SEALS

1. Handling floating seals

- 1) Keep each pair of floating seals bundled together with tape to avoid mix-ups when they are reinstalled.
- 2) Discard the old O-rings. Always use new ones when installing the floating seals.
- 3) Replace a floating seal if its contact surface is rusted.

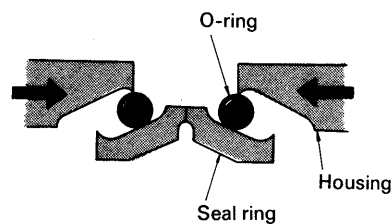
2. Installing floating seals

- 1) Remove all rust and dust from the mounting surfaces of the seal. Use sandpaper to remove any rust that might come into contact with the O-ring.
- 2) When installing the floating seal, coat the mounting surfaces with oil. Then install the O-ring, taking care not to twist it.
 - ★ Do not coat the O-ring with oil.
 - ★ The floating seal has been correctly installed if the seal ring rotates.
- 3) After installing the O-ring and seal rings in both housings, mate the two together.



FS0037

- 4) An installer is recommended for inserting the O-rings.
 - ★ Using a screwdriver or other pointed object risks scarring the O-ring.
- 5) Attempting to mate the two housings together without the O-rings and seal rings in place can damage the O-rings and lead to oil leakage.



FS0038

3. O-RINGS

1. Handling

- 1) Discard any O-ring that has been in storage too long or has hardened.
- 2) Use only the O-rings prescribed for the part in the PARTS BOOK. This is especially important for those rings used with high-temperature engine parts, where heat-resistant and durable materials such as silicon are required.
- 3) ALWAYS USE NEW O-RINGS.

2. O-ring types

KOMATSU O-rings are marked with colored dots as shown in the accompanying chart.

Marking	Part Number	Material	Application
One blue spot	07000-0	Nitrile rubber	For low-pressure
Two blue spots	07000-1	Nitrile rubber	For high-pressure
One green spot	07000-3	Fluorine rubber	For low-pressure
Two green spots	07000-2	Fluorine rubber	For high-pressure
One red spot	07000-4	Nitrile rubber	For low-pressure in cold weather
Two red spots	07000-5	Nitrile rubber	For high-pressure in cold weather
Orange spot	07000-6	Silicon rubber	For low-pressure in hot weather

3. Inserting O-rings

After coating the O-ring with oil, insert carefully so as not to damage it. Silicon rubber O-rings require special care since they tear easily.

4. GASKETS

1. Handling gaskets

- 1) Always replace packings, gaskets and copper packings with new ones.
- 2) Make sure that there are no scratches or burrs on the contact surfaces of the gasket.

2. Installing gaskets

- 1) Make sure that the holes in the gasket match those in the mating part.
- 2) Apply gasket sealant to the joints so specified in the SHOP MANUAL.

3. Precautions for using liquid gasket

- 1) Remove all scratches, dirt, paint, grease and old gasket sealant before applying a new coat.
- 2) Coat the specified area evenly and let dry for several minutes.
- 3) Assemble the mating parts when the gasket sealant is sticky to the touch.

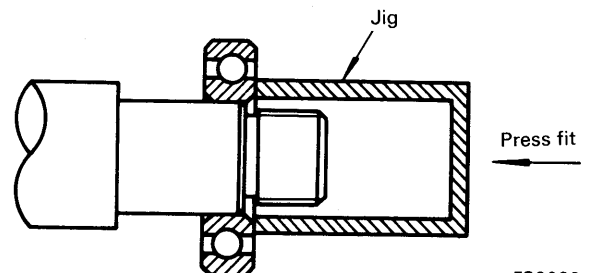
5. BEARINGS

1. Handling bearings

- 1) Shield the bearings from dust and dirt; even the tiniest speck rapidly accelerates wear.
 - ★ Leave the bearings in their protective packaging until just before they are to be installed.
- 2) Protect a bearing from excessive force and shocks.
 - ★ Never dry a bearing with compressed air after cleaning.

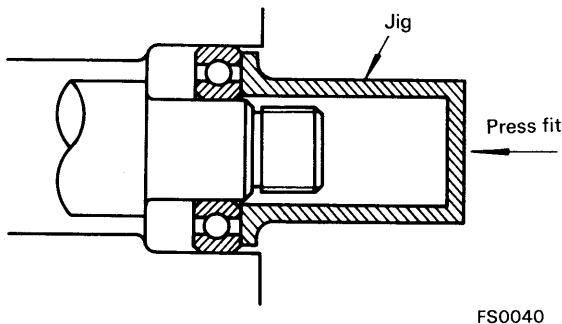
2. Installing bearings

- 1) Never drive a bearing onto a shaft by pounding on the outer race or into an opening by pounding on the inner race. Such pounding produces dents in the tracks in the races.
- 2) When a bearing must be fitted onto a shaft with some interference, press-fit the inner race with the jig shown in the accompanying figure.



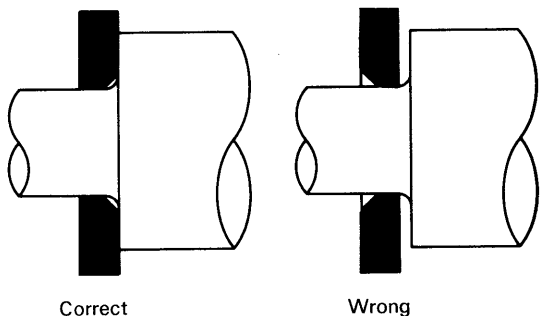
FS0039

- 3) If the shaft of opening has considerable interference, heat the bearing before installing.
★ Do not heat above 120°C.
- 4) When a non-separable bearing must be fitted with interference for both races, press-fit with the jig shown in the accompanying figure.



FS0040

- 5) Thoroughly coat the bearing with oil before installing.
- 6) Install the bearing, spacer or washer with its chamfered surface facing the step on the shaft.



Correct

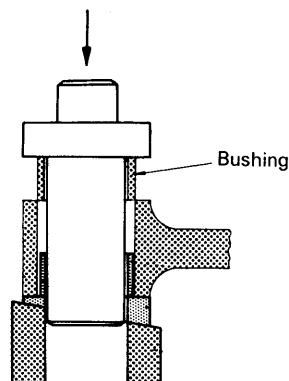
Wrong

FS0041

6. PRESS FITTING BUSHINGS

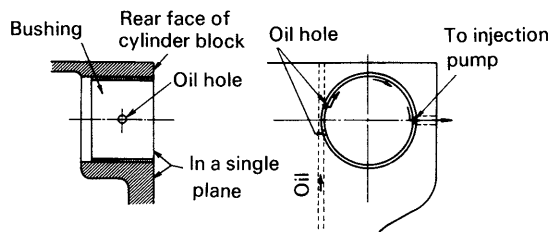
Do not drive in a bushing directly with a hammer. Use a press so that pressure is uniform over the entire circumference.

- 1) If no press is available, hammer in the bushing using a driving tool so that the force is distributed evenly.



FS0042

- 2) If the bushing has an oil hole, bring the hole into exact alignment with the oil hole in the housing.



FS0043

- 3) When a bushing has been removed, remove all burrs and foreign matter from the mounting hole, and then clean.

7. REMOVING SNAP RINGS

- 1) Use snap ring pliers to remove or install snap rings. Do not overexpand them—especially the smaller ones.
- 2) After installing, check to make sure that the snap ring is firmly in place within its groove.

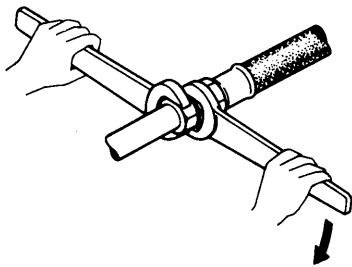
8. HYDRAULIC PIPING

Precautions for servicing the work equipment hydraulic system

- 1) Lower the work equipment to the ground and turn off the engine.
- 2) Loosen the oil filler cap to relieve pressure in the hydraulic oil tank.
- 3) Operate the control levers 2 or 3 times to eliminate hydraulic pressure remaining in the piping to be disassembled.
- 4) Support the work equipment on a stand to prevent it from falling when the piping is removed and the hydraulic pressure is released.

1. Removing the hydraulic piping

- 1) Disconnect hydraulic tubes from hoses or other tubes by holding the nut on the spigot (the male side of the joint) with a wrench while loosening the one on the socket (the female side).

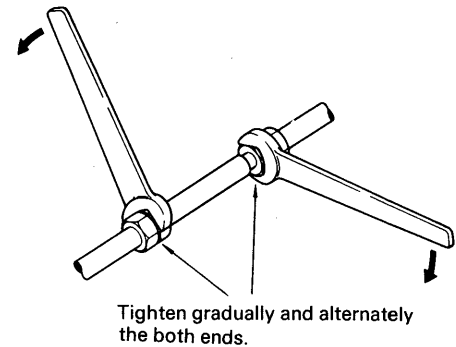


FS0044

- 2) Seal the ends of the disconnected tubes and hoses and the oil ports to the hydraulic equipment with blind plugs to keep out foreign matter. For the same reason, seal the ports of the hydraulic tank with adhesive tape.
- 3) Have appropriately-sized containers underneath to catch the hydraulic fluid that will flow out when the piping is disconnected. Clean up all spills immediately.
- 4) When working under the machine, position yourself out of the way of the oil shower.
- 5) Tag the ends of all piping removed as well as the ports to which they were attached.

2. Installing the hydraulic piping

- 1) Thoroughly clean each piece of piping with a suitable detergent (for example, light oil, kerosene, trichloroethane) and remove all traces of detergent with compressed air.
- 2) Repair the sealing faces or, if the scratches and dents are too large, replace.
- 3) Do not use gasket sealant for hydraulic piping!
- 4) Install the piping so that all the identification tags match.
- 5) When a pipe must be joined at both ends, tightening only one end at a time may make it too short. First fit both ends by hand and then tighten the ends by turns. (See figure.)



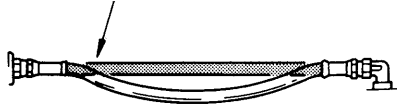
FS0045

- 6) To ensure tight-fitting seals, tighten the nuts to 80% of the specified torque, loosen 90°, and then tighten to the full torque.
- 7) After completing all connections, run the engine at idling speed and operate all the control levers of the hydraulic attachments. Then check the oil level in the hydraulic tank and add oil as necessary.

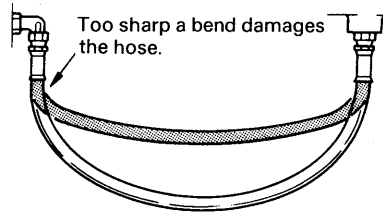
3. Handling high-pressure hoses

1) Do not try to shorten the hose. A hose shorter than the specified length is subject to the defects shown in the accompanying figures.

Shorting under pressure increases the tension.



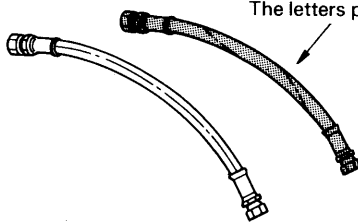
FS0046



FS0047

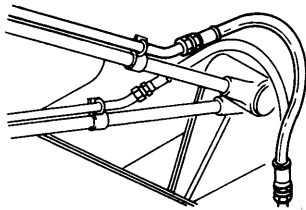
2) Make sure the hose is not twisted after it is installed.

The letters printed on the hose soon reveal any twists.

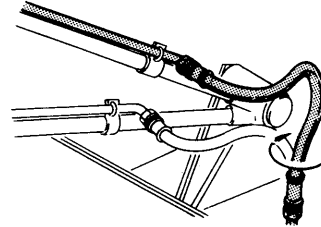


FS0048

3) Similarly, the hose must not twist as it moves.



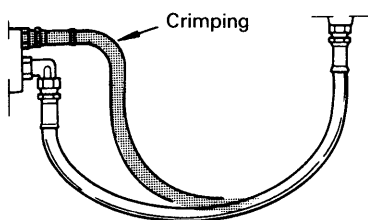
FS0049



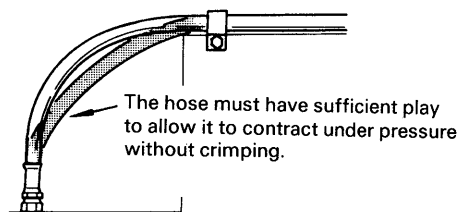
Improper connection causes the hose to twist as the pipe moves.

FS0050

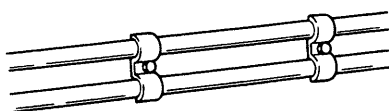
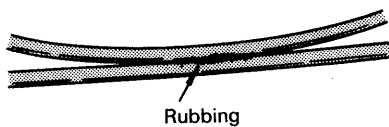
4) The last figures on this page are examples of poor connections.



FS0051



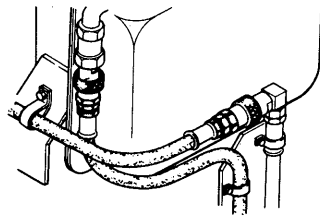
FS0052



FS0053

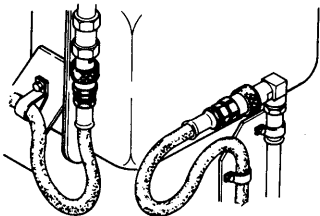
4. Handling hoses with self-seal couplings

- 1) Do not attempt to connect or disconnect or coupling without first relieving the internal hydraulic pressure.
 - ★ The gushing hydraulic fluid will not only soil the surroundings, but the high flow rate may also damage the O-ring of the coupling.
- 2) Never use a hammer to tighten or loosen a coupling.
 - ★ Such sharp blows can deform the coupling, leading to oil leakage or cracking of the coupling.
- 3) Protect the disconnected piping from the intrusion of dust and dirt! If it is to remain disconnected for some time, seal by connecting to another coupling or by fitting a dust cap or a blind plug to each end.



FS0054

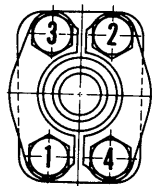
During storage



FS0055

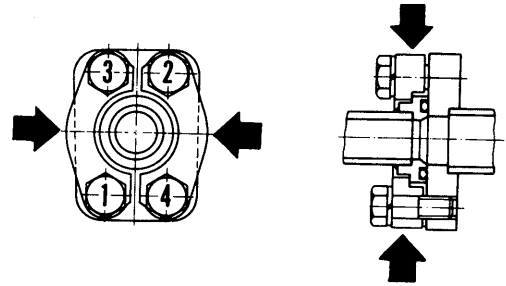
5. Handling split flanges

- 1) Follow the bolt tightening sequence given in the figure.



FS0056

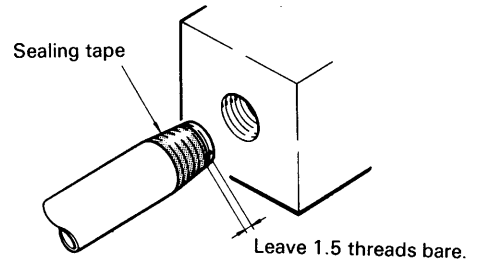
- 2) Press the two halves completely together and tighten them uniformly. If they are not held tightly together, they will separate by a distance equivalent to the clearance between the fastening bolts and their holes, forming a pathway for oil leakage.



FS0057

6. Using sealing tape

- 1) To prevent oil leakage, wind sealing tape around the tapered thread before inserting the plug into the plug hole.
- 2) Wrap all but the first 1.5 threads at the tip and then force the tape into the threads with a fingernail. Wind the tape in the same direction as the threads.

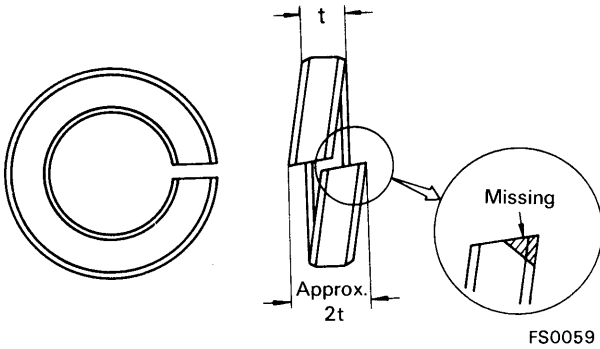


FS0058

9. SPRING WASHERS

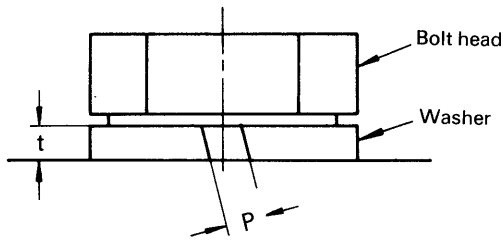
Judging suitability

- 1) Discard the spring washer if the overlapping portion is worn or damaged.



FS0059

- 2) Discard if the distance P is more than $2t/3$.



FS0060

10. SPRING (ROLL) PINS

Handling spring pins

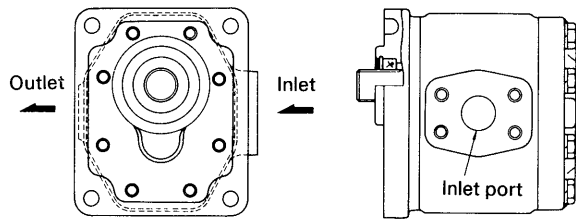
- 1) A spring pin performs somewhat better when the split is placed facing the load instead of at a right angle to the load.



FS0061

11. PUMP

- 1) After assembly and before installation, fill the pump with oil through the intake port to provide initial lubrication.
- 2) Before installing the pump, turn the drive shaft by hand to make sure that it turns smoothly without any catching.



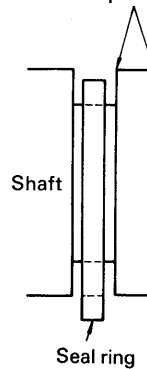
FS0062

- 3) Test run the installed pump and check for unusual noises and leakage.

12. SEAL RINGS

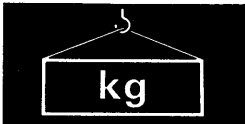
- 1) Seal rings are very delicate, so handle and store carefully.
- 2) Do not reuse rubber seal rings.
- 3) Avoid excessive stretching when fitting a seal ring over a shaft; it decreases the ring's performance.
- 4) Remove all sharp edges before fitting a seal ring into a slot on an abutment.

Check for sharp edges and scratches



FS0063

HOISTING INSTRUCTIONS



⚠ Heavy parts (25 kg or more) must be lifted with a hoist etc. In the **Disassembly and Assembly** section, every part weighing 25 kg or more is indicated clearly with the symbol kg

- If a part cannot be smoothly removed from the machine by hoisting, the following checks should be made:
 - Check for removal of all bolts fastening the part to the relative parts.
 - Check for existence of another part causing interference with the part to be removed.

2. Wire ropes

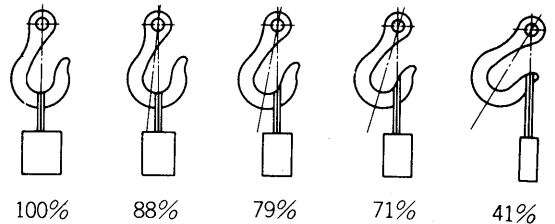
- Use adequate ropes depending on the weight of parts to be hoisted, referring to the table below:

Wire ropes (Standard "Z" or "S" twist ropes without galvanizing)	
Rope diameter (mm)	Allowable load (tons)
10	1.0
11.2	1.4
12.5	1.6
14	2.2
16	2.8
18	3.6
20	4.4
22.4	5.6
30	10.0
40	18.0
50	28.0
60	40.0

The allowable load value is estimated to be one-sixth or one-seventh of the breaking strength of the rope used.

- Sling wire ropes from the middle portion of the hook.

Slinging near the edge of the hook may cause the rope to slip off the hook during hoisting, and a serious accident can result. Hooks have maximum strength at the middle portion.



FS0064

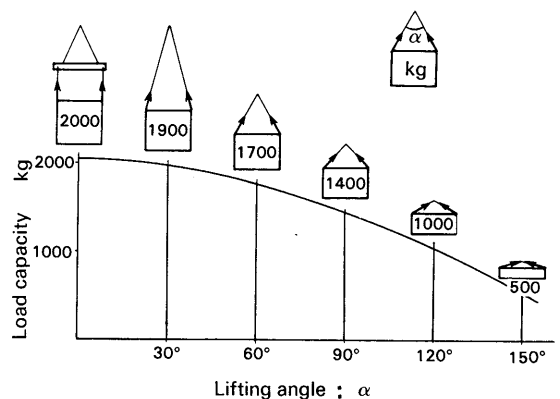
- Do not sling a heavy load with one rope alone, but sling with two or more ropes symmetrically wound on to the load.

⚠ Slinging with one rope may cause turning of the load during hoisting, untwisting of the rope, or slipping of the rope from its original winding position on the load, which can result in a dangerous accident.

- Do not sling a heavy load with ropes forming a wide hanging angle from the hook.

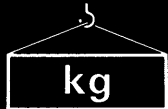
When hoisting a load with two or more ropes, the force subjected to each rope will increase with the hanging angles. The table below shows the variation of allowable load (kg) when hoisting is made with two ropes, each of which is allowed to sling up to 1000 kg vertically, at various hanging angles.

When two ropes sling a load vertically, up to 2000 kg of total weight can be suspended. This weight becomes 1000 kg when two ropes make a 120° hanging angle. On the other hand, two ropes are subjected to an excessive force as large as 4000 kg if they sling a 2000 kg load at a lifting angle of 150°.




FS0065

HOISTING INSTRUCTIONS

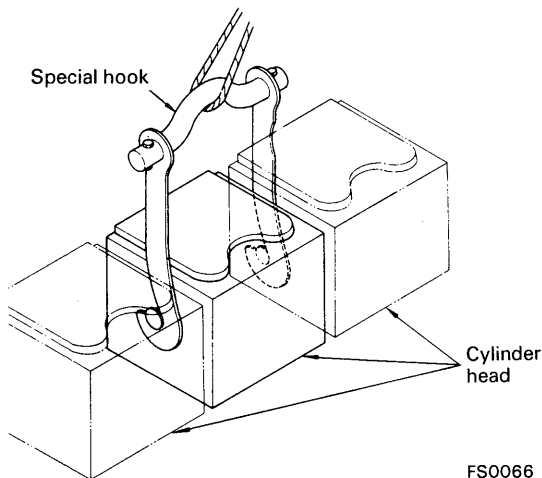


- Approximate reduction of allowable load for wire ropes at various hanging angles.

Hanging angle	Reduction in %
30° or less	10%
31° – 60°	20%
61° – 90°	30%
91° – 120°	50%

 Hanging angles should not exceed 150°.

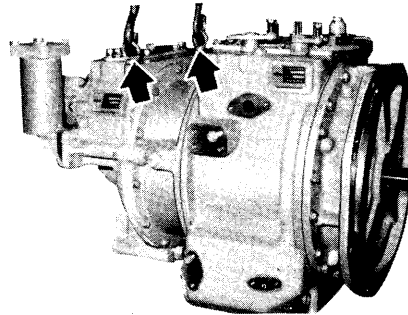
- 5) When hoisting several parts as a unit, be careful not to allow any part of the unit to fall. Use a suitable container when hoisting many small parts at a time.
- 6) Select the most suitable sling device when hoisting a specially-shaped object.



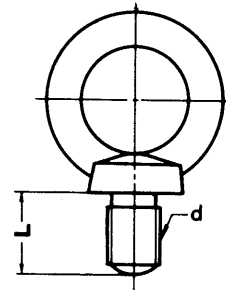
FS0066

- 7) When using a hoist to turn over a heavy part, observe the following instructions:
 - Clear as much of the area surrounding the part as possible.
 - When turning the part over, take special care to prevent the ropes from slackening and the part from slipping when the center of gravity changes.
 - Gradually slacken the wire ropes after making sure that the part is completely turned over. Slackening the ropes before complete turning of the part may cause the part to fall back to its original position.

3. Hanging bolts



02P-021



FS0067

Part Number	d	Pitch	L	Allowable load (kg)
04530-0815	8	1.25	15	80
04530-1018	10	1.5	18	150
04530-1222	12	1.75	22	220
04530-1628	16	2.0	28	450
04530-2030	20	2.5	30	630
04530-2438	24	3.0	38	950
04530-3045	30	3.0	45	1500
04530-3655	36	3.0	55	2300
04530-4625	46	3.0	25	3400
04530-4870	48	3.0	70	4500



- ★ The allowable load in the table means the maximum static load which the bolt can withstand. The values of allowable load given in the table should be reduced, taking the necessary safety factors into consideration, as these bolts will be subjected to shocks during actual hoisting operation. The allowable loads in the table are applicable to the bolts slung vertically from a hoist.

STANDARD TIGHTENING TORQUE



1. STANDARD TIGHTENING TORQUE OF BOLTS AND NUTS

The following charts give the standard tightening torques of bolts and nuts. Exceptions are given in sections of "Disassembly and Assembly".

Thread diameter of bolt (mm)	Width across flat (mm)		
		kgm	Nm
6	10	1.35±0.15	13.2±1.4
8	13	3.2±0.3	31.4±2.9
10	17	6.7±0.7	65.7±6.8
12	19	11.5±1.0	112±9.8
14	22	18.0±2.0	177±19
16	24	28.5±3	279±29
18	27	39±4	383±39
20	30	56±6	549±58
22	32	76±8	745±78
24	36	94.5±10	927±98
27	41	135±15	1320±140
30	46	175±20	1720±190
33	50	225±25	2210±240
36	55	280±30	2750±290
39	60	335±35	3280±340

This torque table does not apply to the bolts with which nylon packings or other non-ferrous metal washers are to be used, or which require tightening to otherwise specified torque.

★ Nm (newton meter): 1Nm \approx 0.1 kgm

2. TIGHTENING TORQUE OF SPLIT FLANGE BOLTS

Use these torques for split flange bolts.

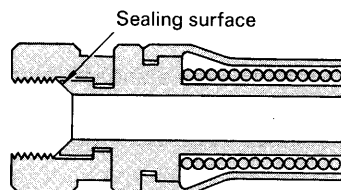
Thread diameter of bolt (mm)	Width across flats (mm)	Tightening torque	
		kgm	Nm
10	14	6.7±0.7	65.7±6.8
12	17	11.5±1	112±9.8
16	22	28.5±3	279±29

STANDARD TIGHTENING TORQUE



3. TIGHTENING TORQUE FOR NUTS OF FLARED

Use these torques for nut part of flared.



FS0068

Thread diameter of nut part (mm)	Width across flats of nut part (mm)	Tightening torque	
		kgm	Nm
14	19	2.5 ± 0.5	24.5 ± 4.9
18	24	5 ± 2	49 ± 19.6
22	27	8 ± 2	78.5 ± 19.6
24	32	14 ± 3	137.3 ± 29.4
30	36	18 ± 3	176.5 ± 29.4
33	41	20 ± 5	196.1 ± 49
36	46	25 ± 5	245.2 ± 49
42	55	30 ± 5	294.2 ± 49



COATING MATERIALS

The recommended coating materials prescribed in Komatsu Shop Manuals are listed below.

Nomenclature	Komatsu code	Applications
Adhesives	LT-1A	Used to apply rubber pads, rubber gaskets, and cork plugs.
	LT-1B	Used to apply resin, rubber, metallic and non-metallic parts when a fast, strong seal is needed.
	LT-2*	Preventing bolts, nuts and plugs from loosening and leaking oil.
	LT-3	Provides an airtight, electrically insulating seal. Used for aluminum surfaces.
Liquid gasket	LG-1	Used with gaskets and packings to increase sealing effect.
	LG-3	Heat-resistant gasket for precombustion chambers and exhaust piping.
	LG-4	Used by itself on mounting surfaces on the final drive and transmission cases. (Thickness after tightening: 0.07 – 0.08 mm)
	LG-5	Used by itself to seal grease fittings, tapered screw fittings and tapered screw fittings in hydraulic circuits of less than 50 mm in diameter.
Antifriction compound (Lubricant including molybdenum disulfide)	LM-P	Applied to bearings and taper shafts to facilitate press-fitting and to prevent sticking, burning or rusting.
Grease (Lithium grease)	G2-LI	Applied to bearings, sliding parts and oil seals for lubrication, rust prevention and facilitation of assembling work.
Vaseline	—	Used for protecting battery electrode terminals from corrosion.

*LT-2 is also called LOCTITE in the shop manuals.



ELECTRIC WIRE CODE

In the wiring diagrams, various colors and symbols are employed to indicate the thickness of wires. This wire code table will help you understand WIRING DIAGRAMS.
 Example: 05WB indicates a cable having a nominal number 05 and white coating with black stripe.

CLASSIFICATION BY THICKNESS

Nominal number	Copper wire			Cable O.D. (mm)	Current rating (A)	Applicable circuit
	Number strands	Dia. of strands (mm)	Cross section (mm ²)			
01	11	0.32	0.88	2.4	12	Starting, lighting, signal etc.
02	26	0.32	2.09	3.1	20	Lighting, signal etc.
05	65	0.32	5.23	4.6	37	Charging and signal
15	84	0.45	13.36	7.0	59	Starting (Glow plug)
40	85	0.80	42.73	11.4	135	Starting
60	127	0.80	63.84	13.6	178	Starting
100	217	0.80	109.1	17.6	230	Starting

CLASSIFICATION BY COLOR AND CODE

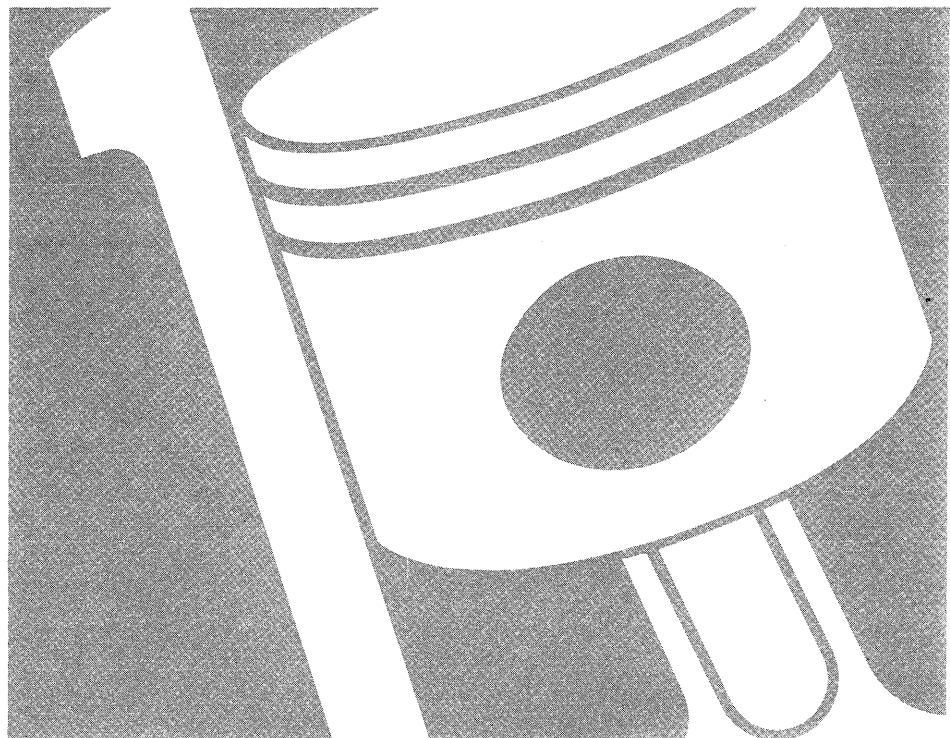
Priority	Circuits		Starting	Charging	Lighting	Signal	Instrument	Other
	Classification							
1	Primary	Code	B	W	R	G	Y	L
		Color	Black	White	Red	Green	Yellow	Blue
2	Auxiliary	Code	BW	WR	RW	GW	YR	LW
		Color	Black & White	White & Red	Red & White	Green & White	Yellow & Red	Blue & White
3	Auxiliary	Code	BY	WB	RB	GR	YB	LR
		Color	Black & Yellow	White & Black	Red & Black	Green & Red	Yellow & Black	Blue & Red
4	Auxiliary	Code	BR	WL	RY	GY	YG	LY
		Color	Black & Red	White & Blue	Red & Yellow	Green & Yellow	Yellow & Green	Blue & Yellow
5	Auxiliary	Code	—	WY	RG	GB	YL	LB
		Color	—	White & Yellow	Red & Green	Green & Black	Yellow & Blue	Blue & Black
6	Auxiliary	Code	—	WG	RL	GL	YW	
		Color	—	White & Green	Red & Blue	Green & Blue	Yellow & White	

SHOP MANUAL

N-855 SERIES

Engine Serial No. 26100001 and up

01 ENGINE **GENERAL**

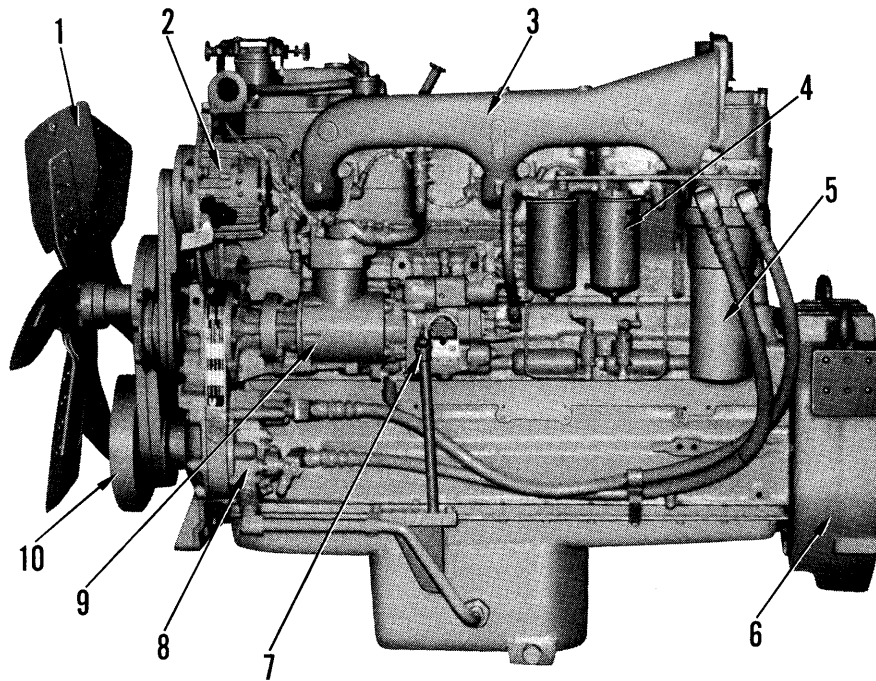


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Assembly drawing	01-012
Performance curve	01-032
Weight table	01-041

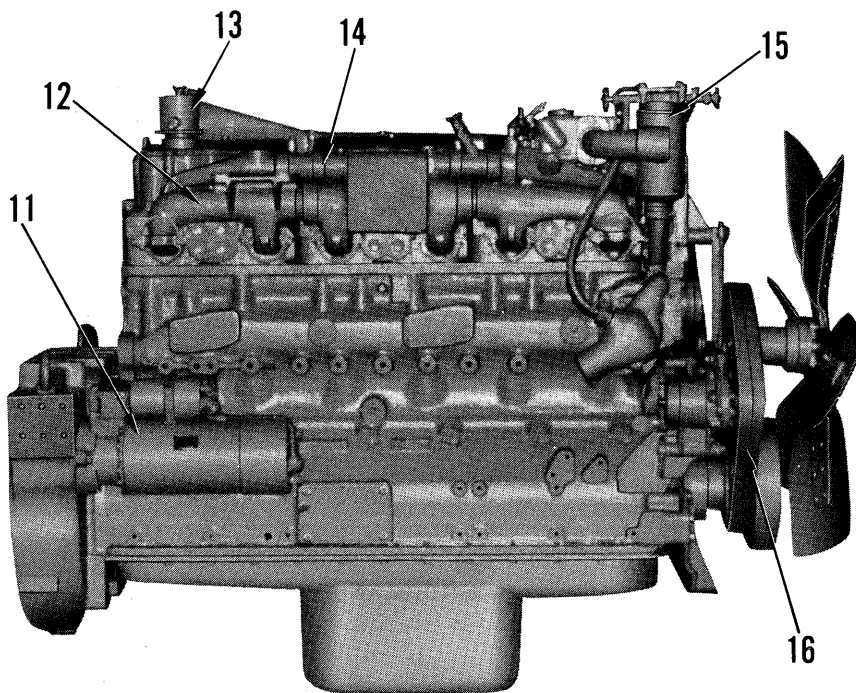
GENERAL VIEW

N-855-C (For PC300-1, 2 and PC300LC-1, 2)



- 1. Fan
- 2. Alternator
- 3. Intake manifold
- 4. Fuel filter
- 5. Oil filter
- 6. Flywheel housing
- 7. PT fuel pump
- 8. Oil pump
- 9. Air compressor
- 10. Vibration damper

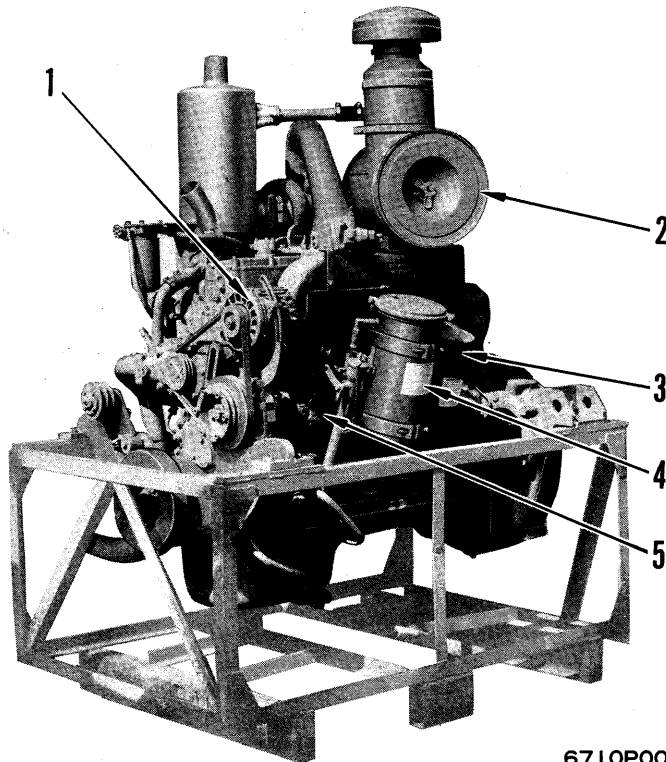
6710P004-1



- 11. Starting motor
- 12. Exhaust manifold
- 13. Breather
- 14. Water manifold
- 15. Corrosion resistor
- 16. Fan belt

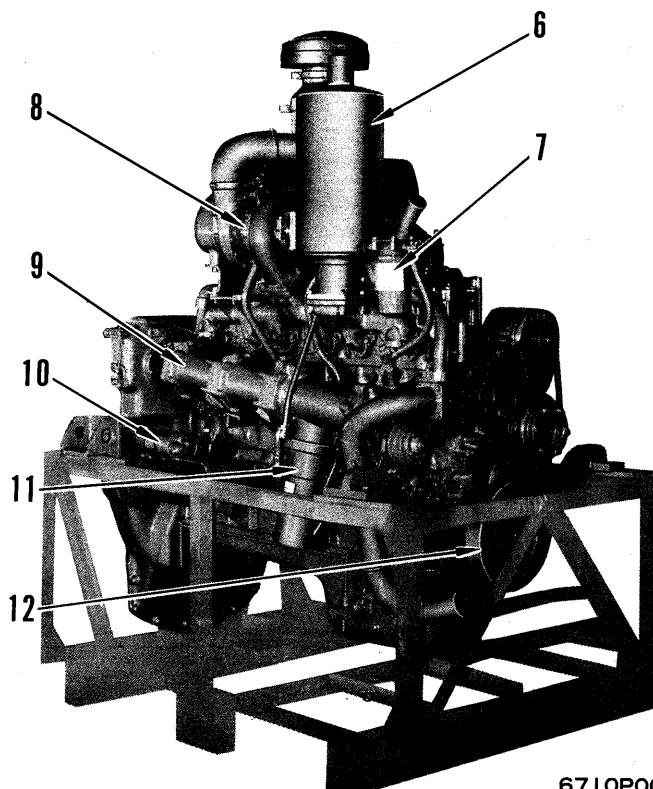
6710P004-2

NT-855-C (For D80, 85A-18)



- 1. Alternator
- 2. Air cleaner
- 3. Fuel filter
- 4. By-pass filter
- 5. PT fuel pump

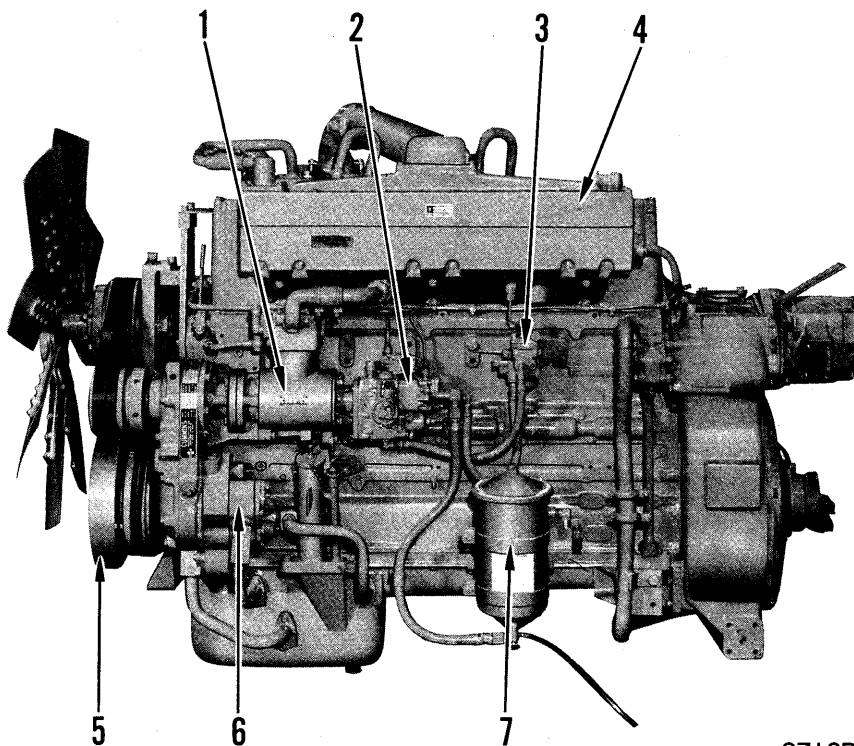
6710P001



- 6. Muffler
- 7. Corrosion resistor
- 8. Turbocharger
- 9. Oil cooler
- 10. Starting motor
- 11. Oil filter
- 12. Vibration damper

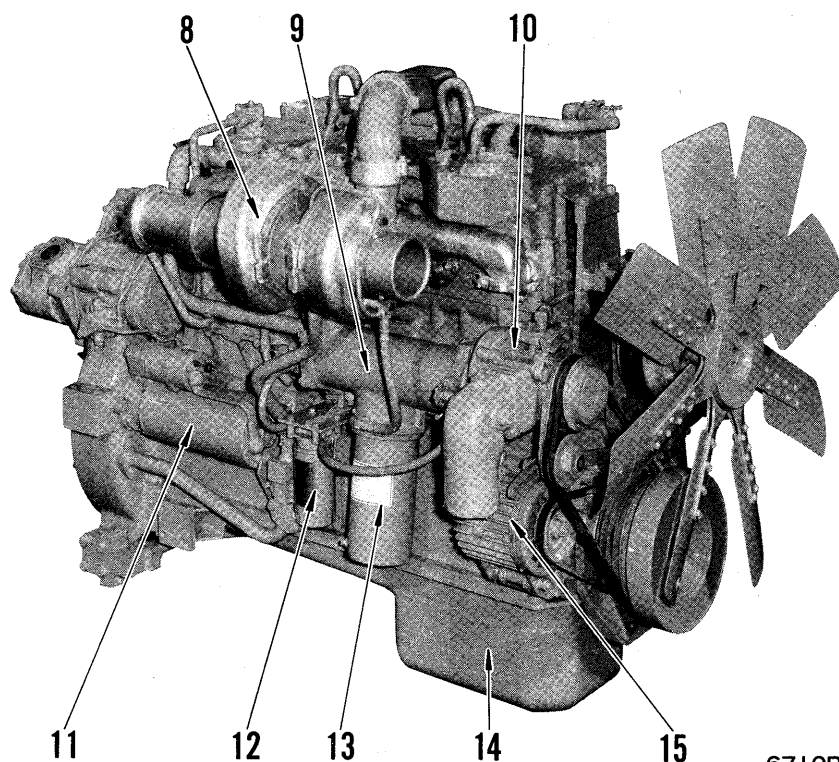
6710P002

NTA-855-C (For HD320-2)



- 1. Air compressor
- 2. PT fuel pump
- 3. Aneroid control valve
- 4. After-cooler
- 5. Vibration damper
- 6. Oil pump
- 7. Fuel filter

6710P003



- 8. Turbocharger
- 9. Oil cooler
- 10. Water pump
- 11. Starting motor
- 12. Corrosion resistor
- 13. Full-flow filter
- 14. Oil pan
- 15. Alternator

6710P004

SPECIFICATIONS

Engine model		N-855-C	NT-855-C		
Applicable machine model		PC300-1, 2 PC300LC-1, 2	D80A, E-18 D85A, E, P-18	D80F-18	
Number of cylinder – Bore x Stroke	(mm)	6 – 139.7 x 152.4	6 – 139.7 x 152.4		
Total piston displacement	(cc)	14,010	14,010		
Firing order		1 – 5 – 3 – 6 – 2 – 4	1 – 5 – 3 – 6 – 2 – 4		
Dimensions	Overall length	(mm)	1,676	1,691	1,691
	Overall width	(mm)	857	1,110	1,110
	Overall height				
	(Excluding exhaust pipe)	(mm)	1,279	1,953	1,953
	(Including exhaust pipe)	(mm)	–	–	–
Performance	Flywheel horsepower	(HP/rpm)	180/1,850	220/1,800	260/1,950
	Maximum torque	(kgm/rpm)	83.5/1,300	105/1,250	118/1,400
	High idling speed	(rpm)	1,985 – 2,085	1,900 – 2,000	2,100 – 2,200
	Low idling speed	(rpm)	550 – 600	600 – 650	600 – 650
	Minimum fuel consumption ratio	(g/HPh)	175	175	175
Dry weight	(kg)	1,450	1,750	1,750	
Fuel pump		Cummins PT fuel pump	Cummins PT fuel pump		
Governor		Cummins VS governor (Centrifugal, all-speed type)	Cummins VS governor (Centrifugal, all-speed type)		
Lubricating oil capacity (Refill capacity)	(ℓ)	43 (38)	43 (38)	43 (38)	
Cooling water capacity	(ℓ)	43	79	79	
Alternator		24V, 25A	24V, 25A	24V, 25A	
Starting motor		24V, 11kW	24V, 11kW	24V, 11kW	
Battery		12V, 170Ah x 2	12V 170Ah x 2	12V 170Ah x 2	
Turbocharger		–	Cummins ST-50	Cummins ST-50	
After-cooler		–	–	–	
Others		–	–	–	

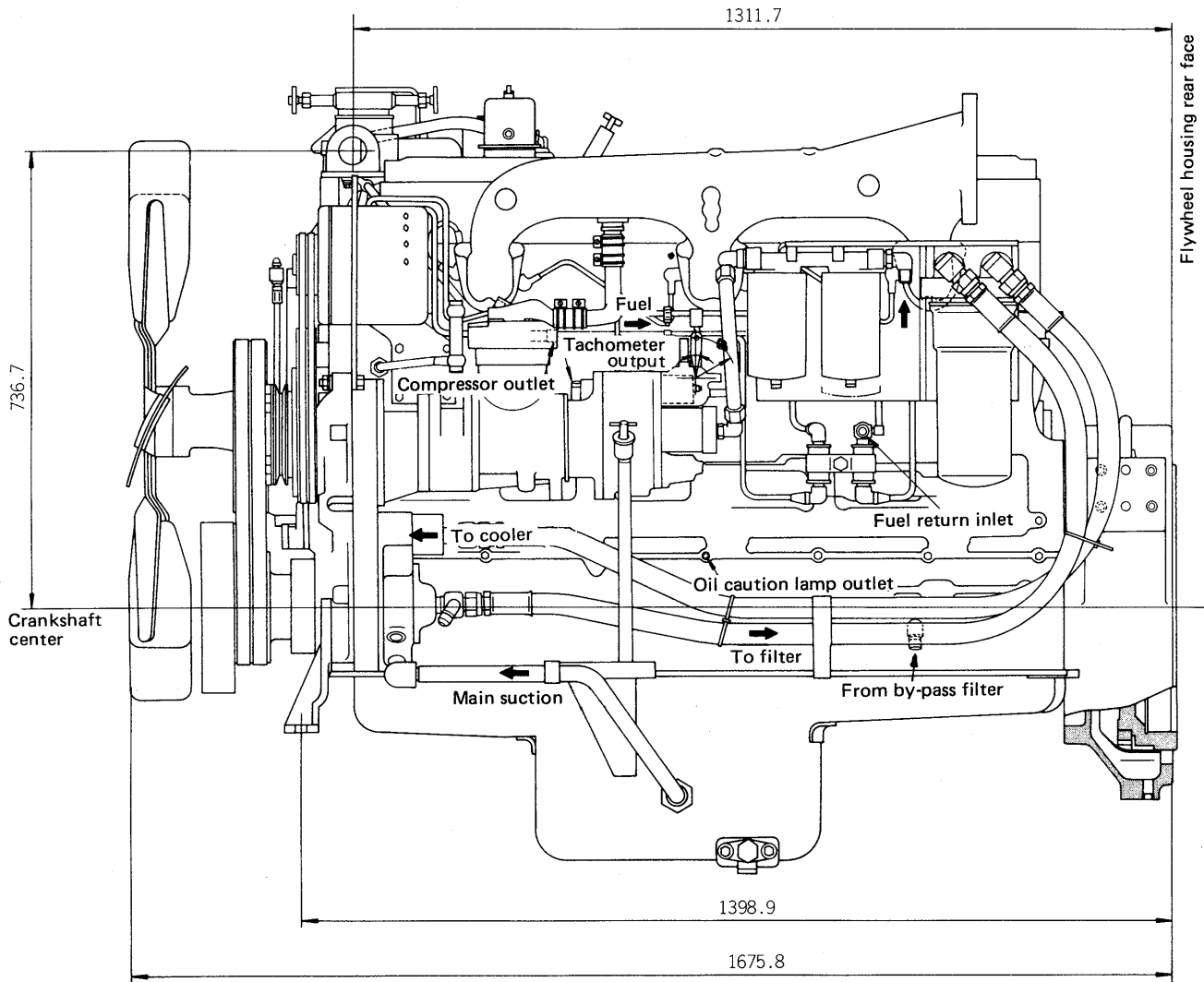
Engine model		NT-855-C			
Applicable machine model		D95S-2	PC400-1 PC400LC-1	W170-2	
Number of cylinder – Bore x Stroke	(mm)	6 – 139.7 x 152.4			
Total piston displacement	(cc)	14,010			
Firing order		1 – 5 – 3 – 6 – 2 – 4			
Dimensions	Overall length	(mm)	1,680	1,676	1,715
	Overall width	(mm)	1,110	968	955
	Overall height				
	(Excluding exhaust pipe)	(mm)	1,773	1,263	1,843
	(Including exhaust pipe)	(mm)	–	–	2,545
Performance	Flywheel horsepower	(HP/rpm)	245/1,850	233/1,800	235/2,200
	Maximum torque	(kgm/rpm)	112/1,200	116/1,200	100/1,400
	High idling speed	(rpm)	2,000 – 2,100	1,950 – 2,050	2,350 – 2,450
	Low idling speed	(rpm)	600 – 650	600 – 650	670 – 730
	Minimum fuel consumption ratio	(g/HPh)	170	175	168
Dry weight	(kg)	1,750	1,500	1,485	
Fuel pump		Cummins PT fuel pump			
Governor		Cummins VS governor (Centrifugal, all-speed type)			
Lubricating oil capacity (Refill capacity)	(ℓ)	43 (38)	43 (38)	43 (38)	
Cooling water capacity	(ℓ)	90	67	85	
Alternator		24V, 25A	24V, 25A	24V, 35A	
Starting motor		24V, 11kW	24V, 11kW	24V, 11kW	
Battery		12V 200Ah x 2	12V 170Ah x 2	12V 200Ah x 2	
Turbocharger		Cummins ST-50	Cummins ST-50	Cummins ST-50	
After-cooler		–	–	–	
Others		–	–	–	

NT-855-C	NTA-855-C			
W180-1	HD320-2 Eng. No. 26102754 – 26155098	HD320-2 Eng. No. 26155099 and up	HD320-3	WS16S-2
6 – 139.7 x 152.4	6 – 139.7 x 152.4			
14,010	14.010			
1 – 5 – 3 – 6 – 2 – 4	1 – 5 – 3 – 6 – 2 – 4			
1,680	1,688	1,735	1,680	1,687
955	976	998	998	970
1,845	1,362	1,352	1,352	1,252
2,445	–	–	–	–
280/2,300	405/2,300		405/2,300	364/2,100
116/1,600	142/1,700		142/1,700	140/1,500
2,430 – 2,530	2,430 – 2,530		2,430 – 2,530	2,250 – 2,350
600 – 700	600 – 650		675 – 725	610 – 650
170	175		175	175
1,485	1,700	1,570	1,570	1,570
Cummins PT fuel pump Cummins VS governor (Centrifugal, all-speed type)	Cummins PT fuel pump Cummins VS governor (Centrifugal, all-speed type)	Cummins PT fuel pump Cummins MVS governor (Max. and min. speed type)		Cummins PT fuel pump Cummins VS governor (Centrifugal, all-speed type)
43 (38)	43 (38)	43 (38)	43 (38)	43 (38)
85	125	125	125	125
24V, 35A	24V, 35A	24V, 35A	24V, 24A	24V, 35A
24V, 11kW	24V, 11kW	24V, 11kW	24V, 11kW	24V, 11kW
12V 200Ah x 2	12V 200Ah x 2	12V 200Ah x 2	12V 200Ah x 2	12V 200Ah x 2
Cummins ST-50	Komatsu KTR-130	Komatsu KTR-130	Komatsu KTR-130	Cummins ST-50
–	With	With	With	With
–	–	–	–	–

Engine model		NTA-855-C	
Applicable machine model		WS23-1	
Number of cylinder – Bore x Stroke (mm)		6 – 139.7 x 152.4	
Total piston displacement (cc)		14,010	
Firing order		1 – 5 – 3 – 6 – 2 – 4	
Dimensions	Overall length (mm)		
	Overall width (mm)		
	Overall height (Excluding exhaust pipe) (mm)		
	(Including exhaust pipe) (mm)		
Performance	Flywheel horsepower (HP/rpm)	364/2,100	
	Maximum torque (kgm/rpm)	140/1,500	
	High idling speed (rpm)	2,250 – 2,350	
	Low idling speed (rpm)	610 – 650	
	Minimum fuel consumption ratio (g/HPh)	175	
Dry weight (kg)	1,570 (Front) 1,520 (Rear)		
Fuel pump	Cummins PT fuel pump		
Governor	Cummins VS governor (Centrifugal, all-speed type)		
Lubricating oil capacity (Refill capacity) (ℓ)	43 (38)		
Cooling water capacity (ℓ)	125		
Alternator	24V, 35A		
Starting motor	24V, 11kW		
Battery	12V 200Ah x 2		
Turbocharger	Cummins ST-50		
After-cooler	With		
Others	–		

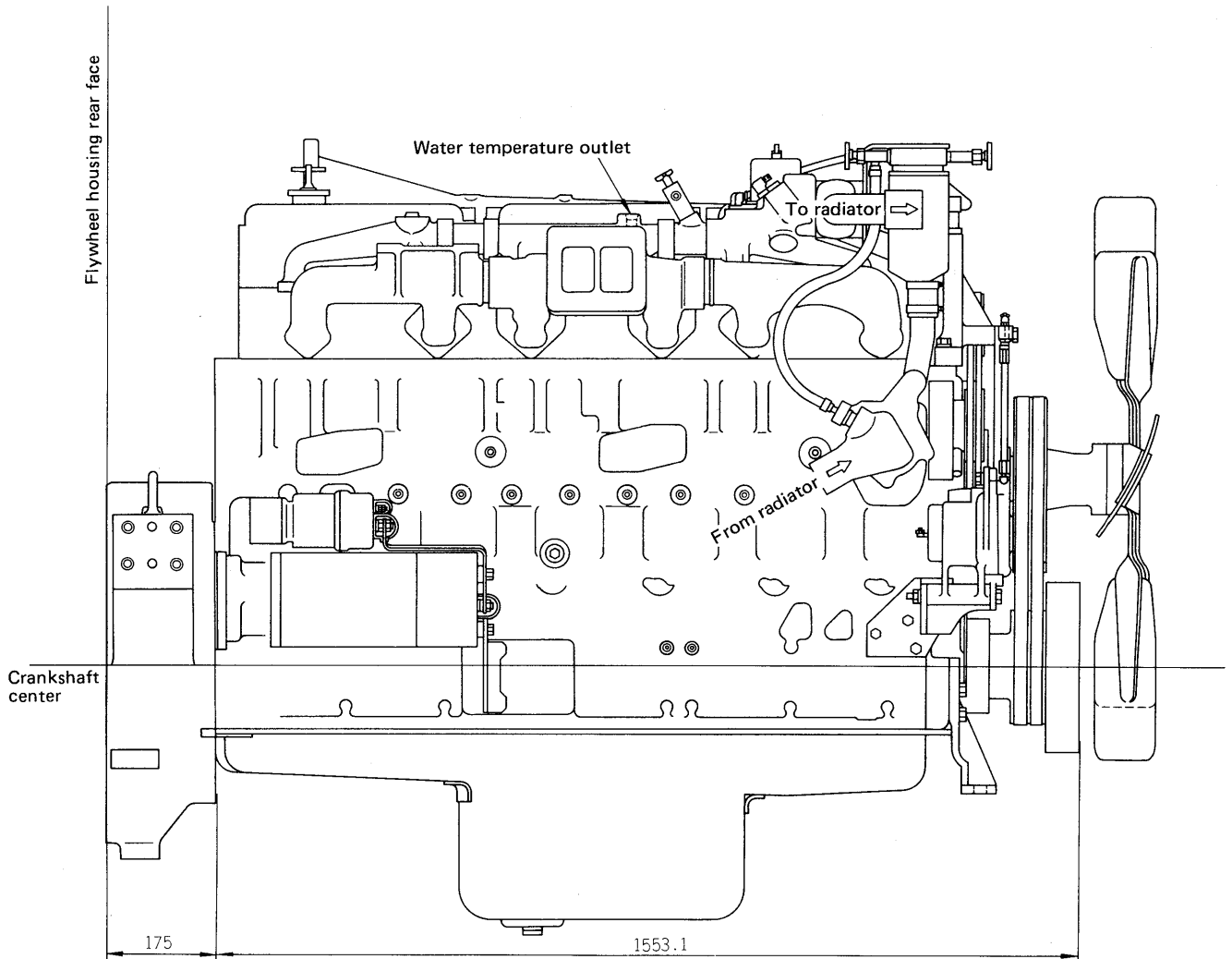
ASSEMBLY DRAWING

N-855-C LEFT SIDE VIEW (For PC300-1)



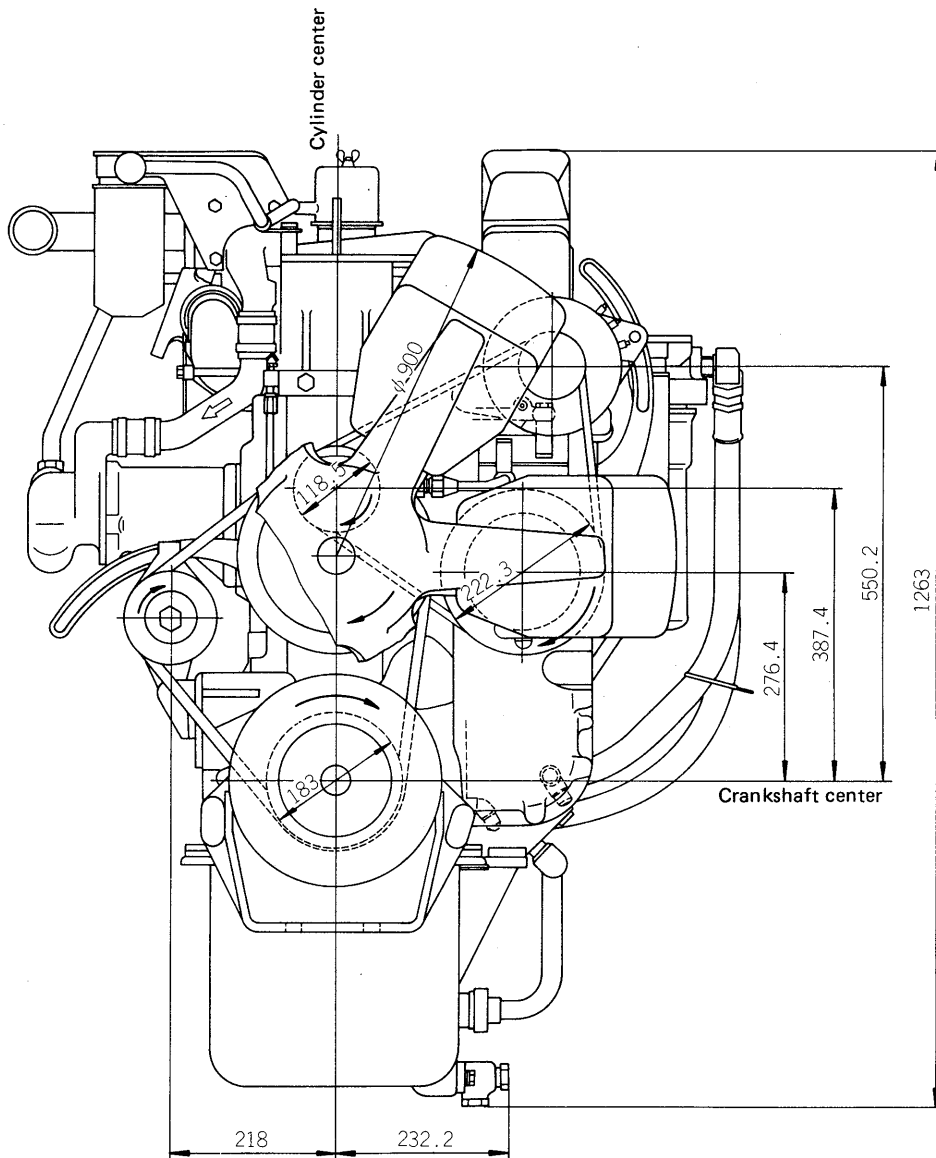
6710F106B

N-855-C RIGHT SIDE VIEW (For PC300-1)



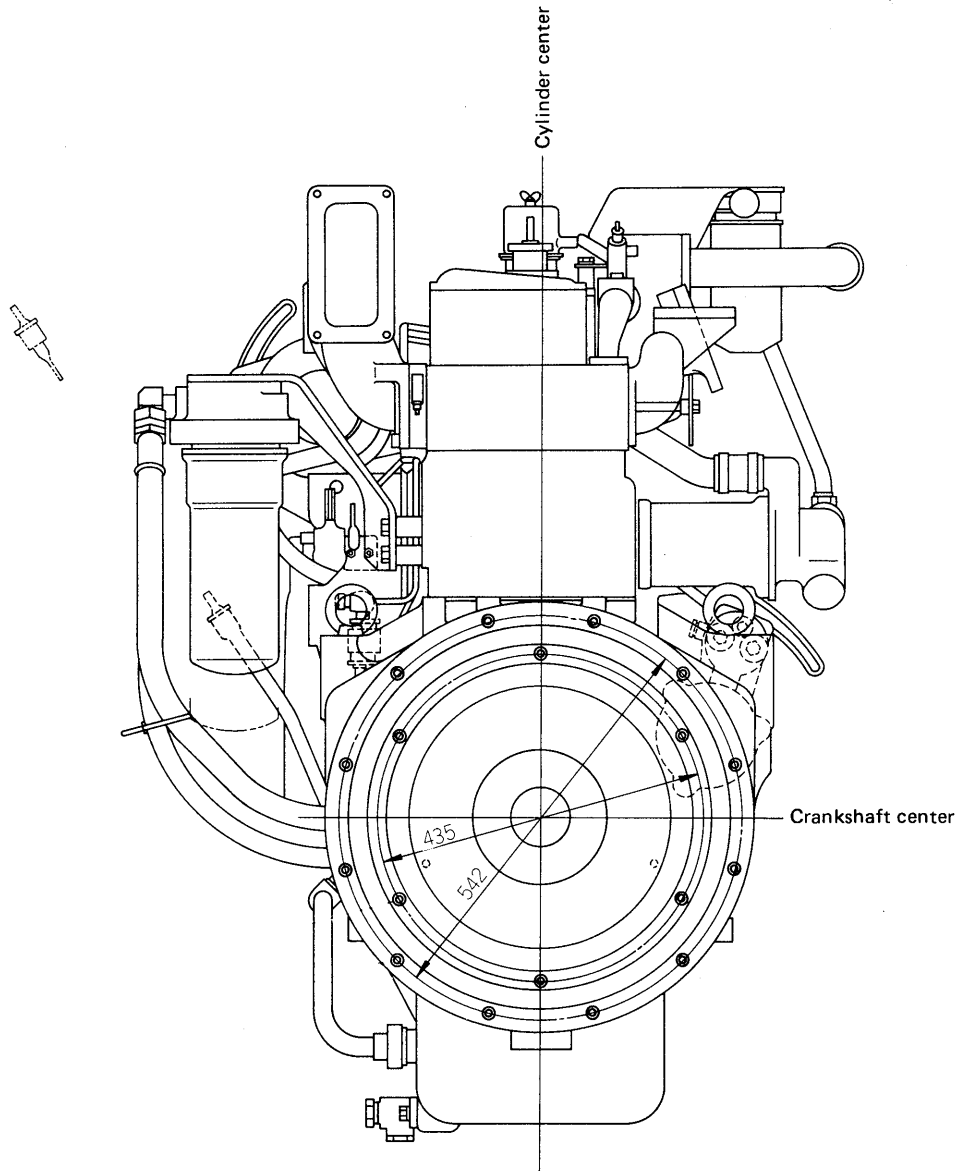
6710F107A

N-855-C FRONT VIEW (For PC300-1)



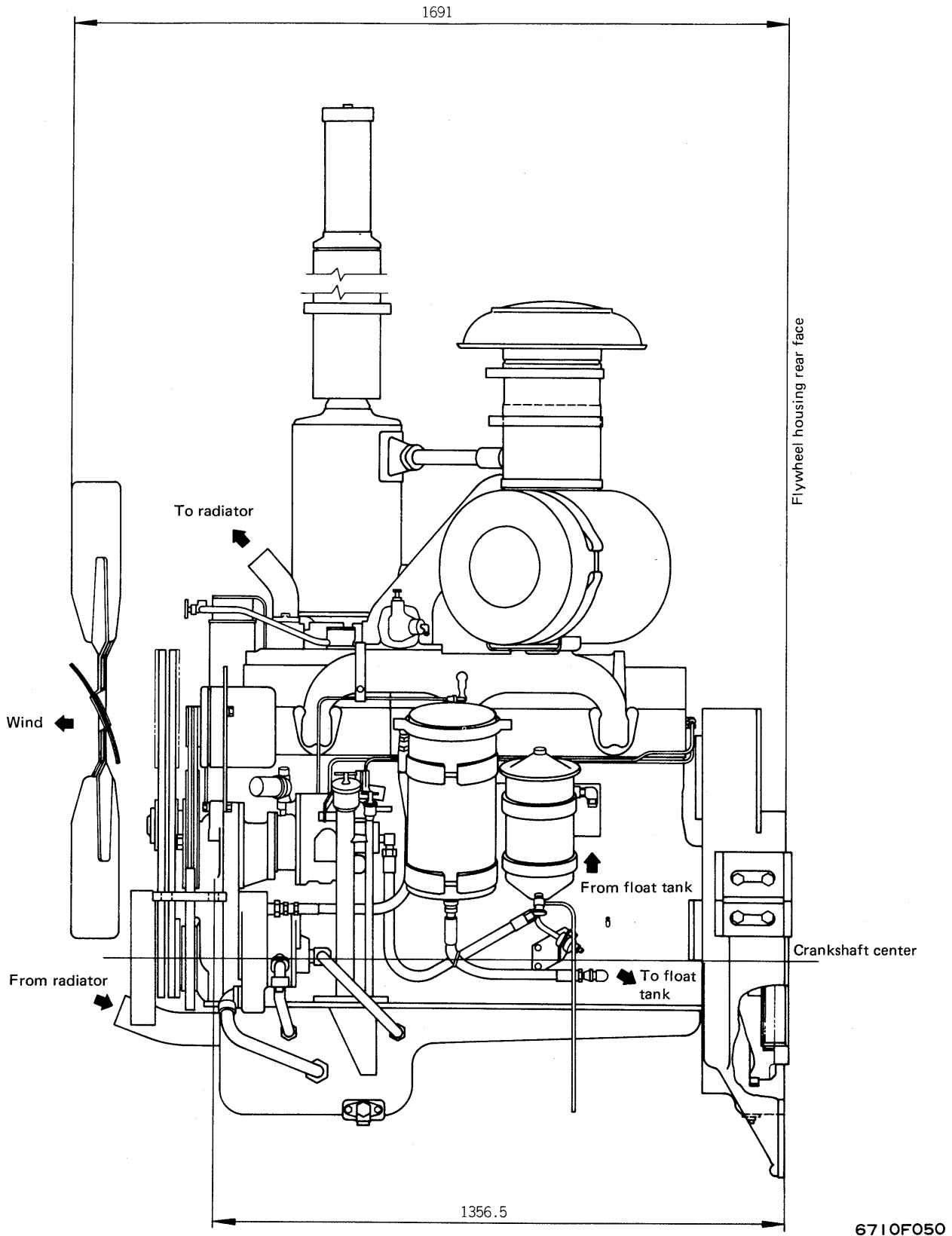
6710F108A

N-855-C REAR VIEW (For PC300-1)

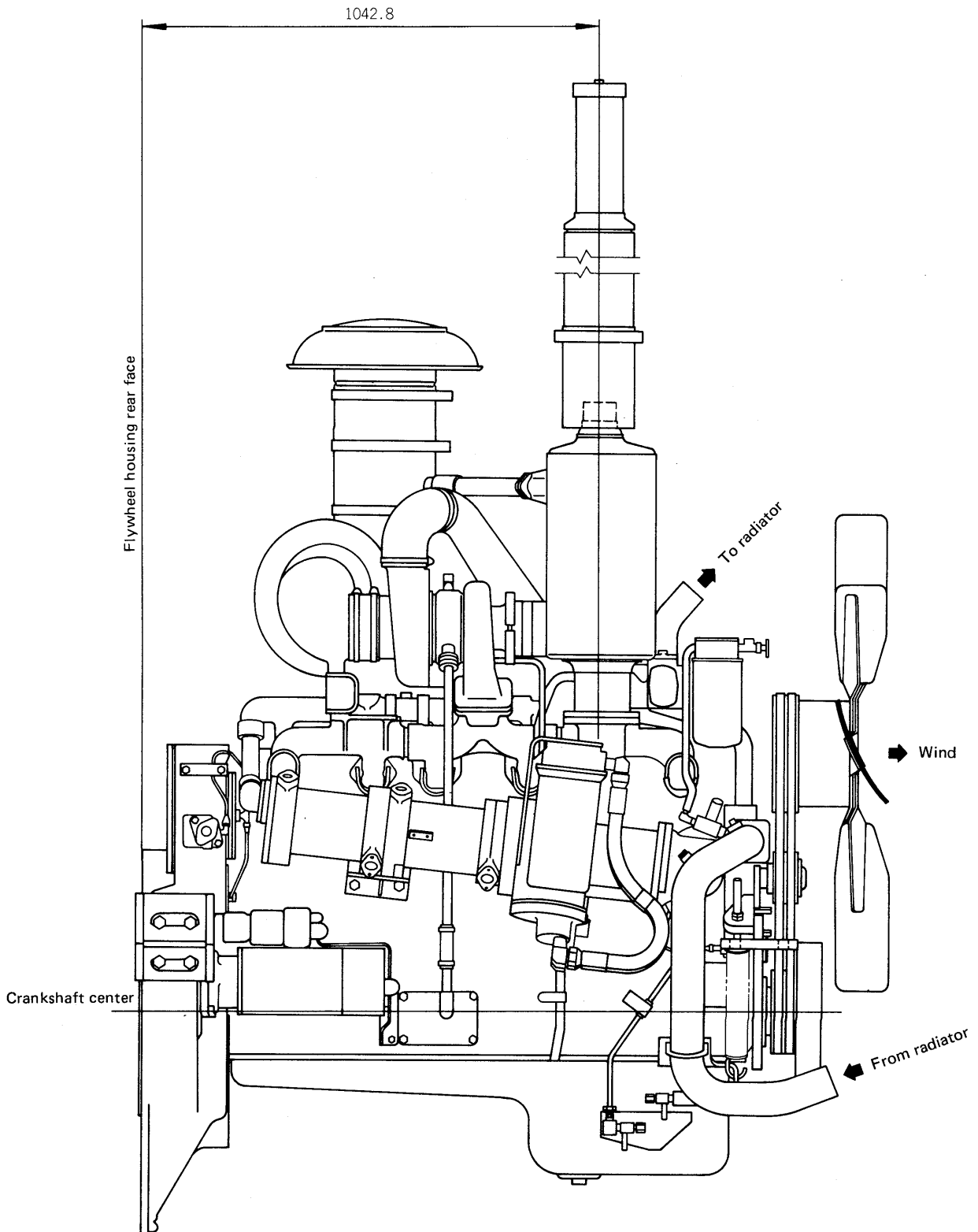


6710F109A

NT-855-C LEFT SIDE VIEW (For D80, 85A-18)



NT-855-C RIGHT SIDE VIEW (For D80, 85A-18)



6710F051

N855 SERIES

BDC for Manuals - specs - Bolt torques
<https://barringtondieselclub.co.za/>

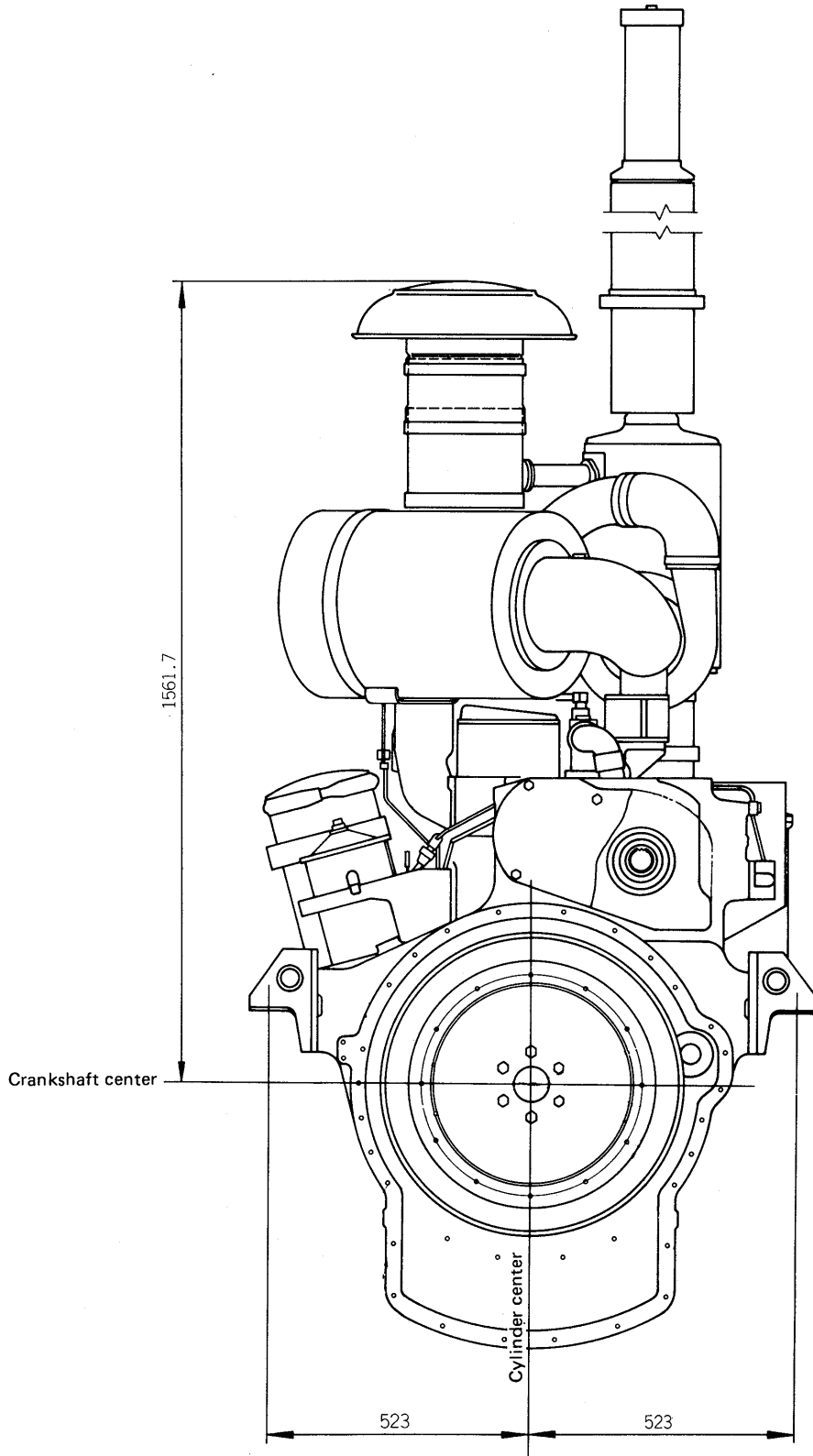
01-017
③

NT-855-C FRONT VIEW (For D80, 85A-18)



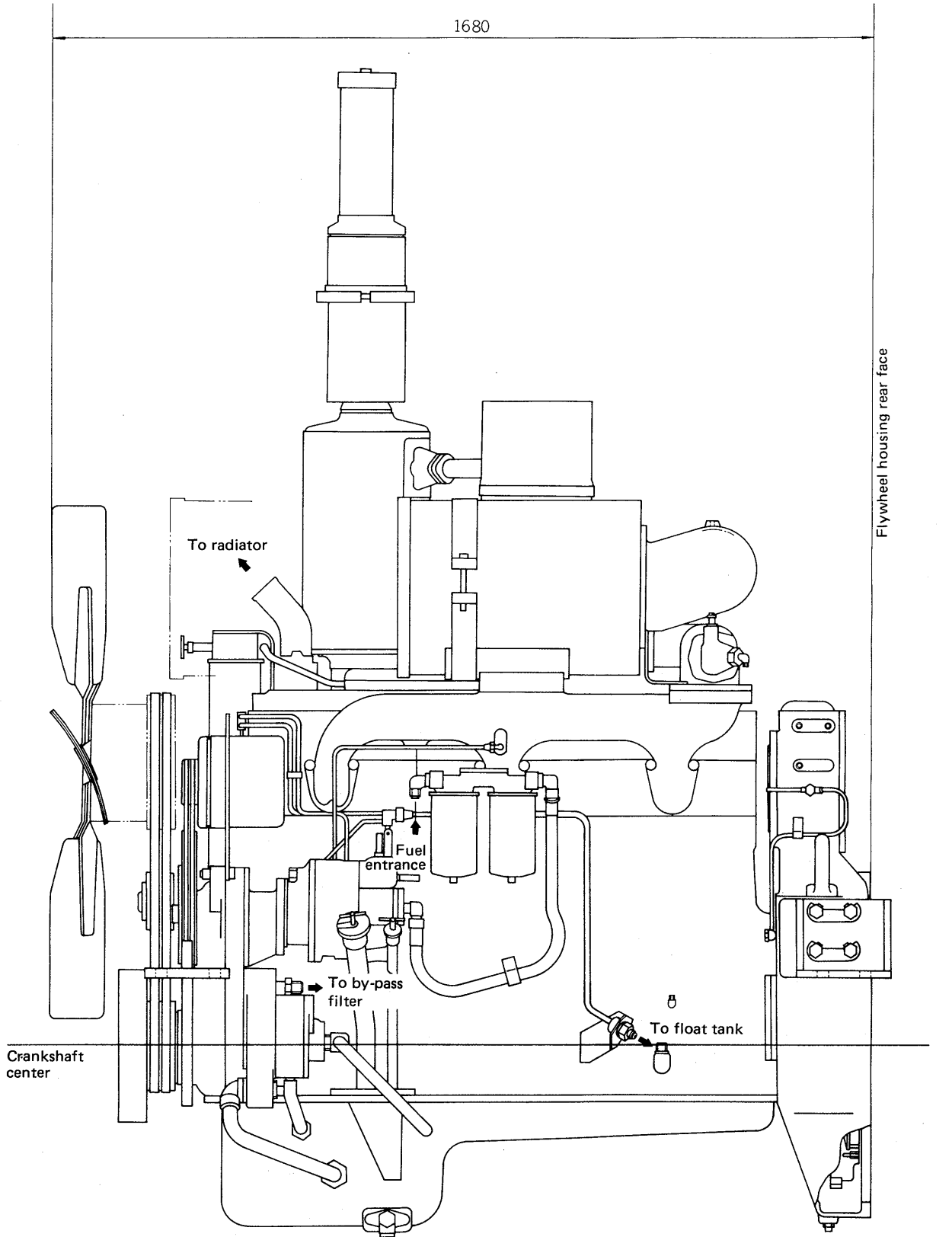
6710F052

NT-855-C REAR VIEW (For D80, 85A-18)



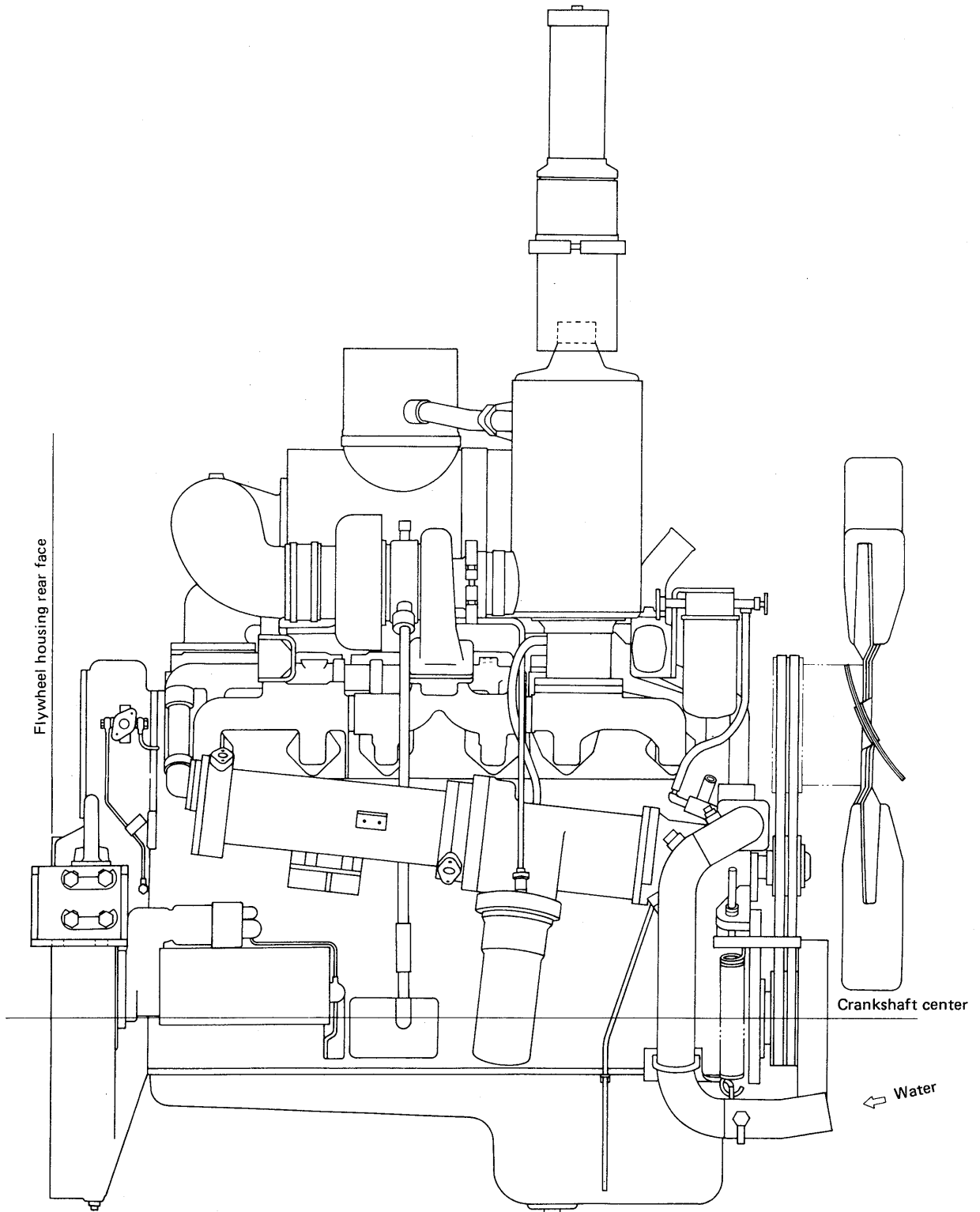
6710F053

NT-855-C LEFT SIDE VIEW (For D95S-2)



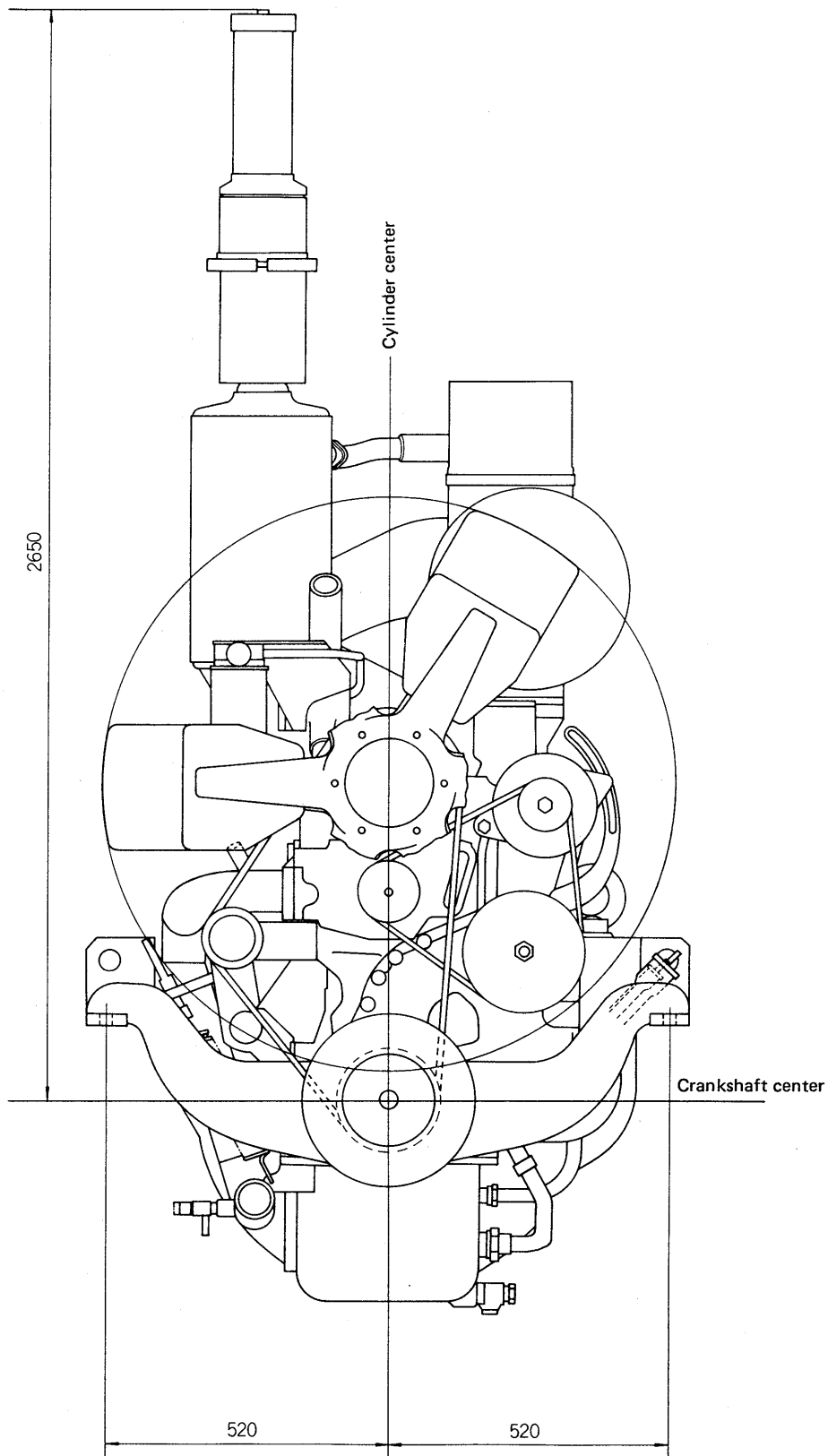
6710F002

NT-855-C RIGHT SIDE VIEW (For D95S-2)



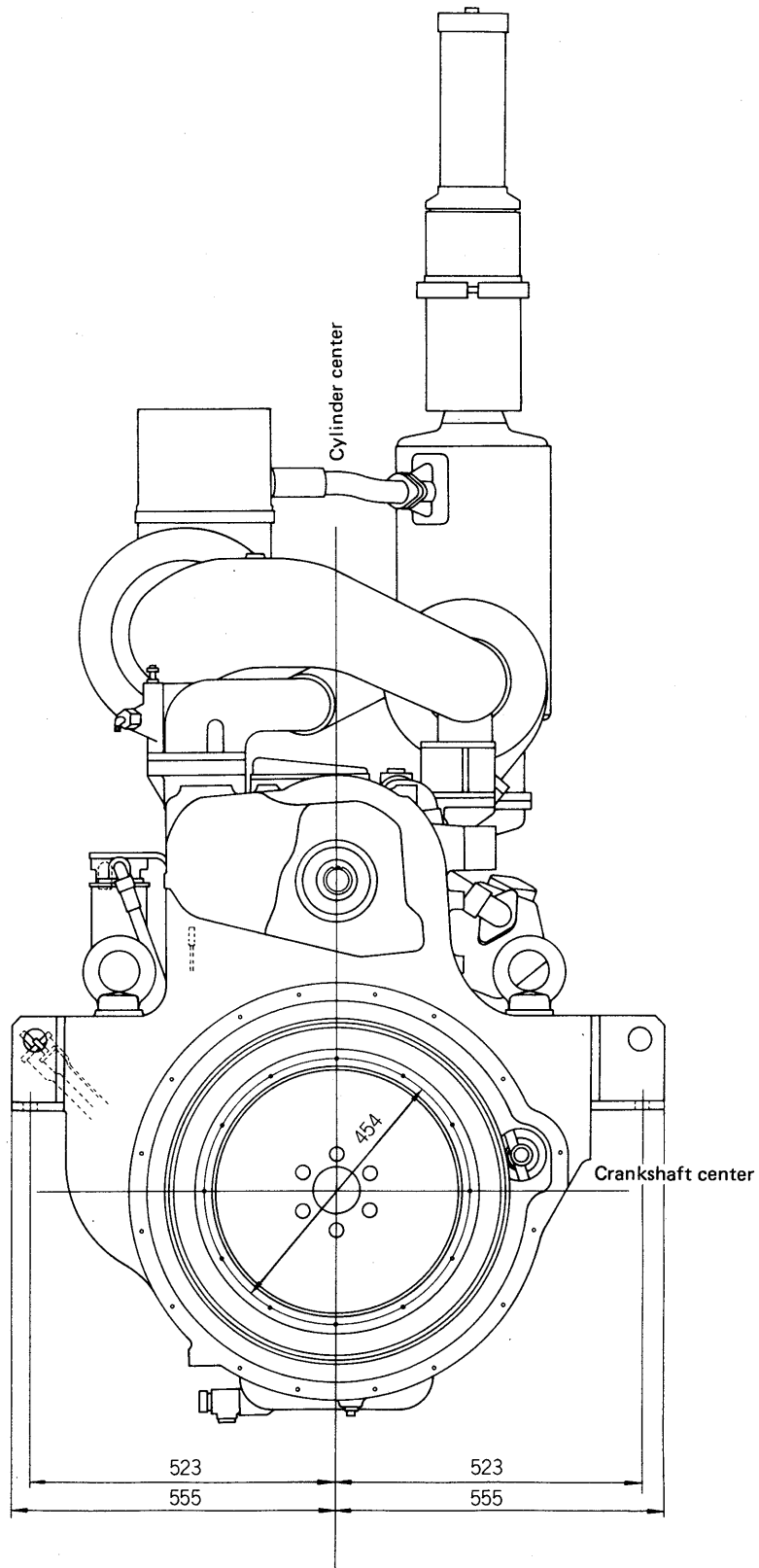
6710F001

NT-855-C FRONT VIEW (For D95S-2)



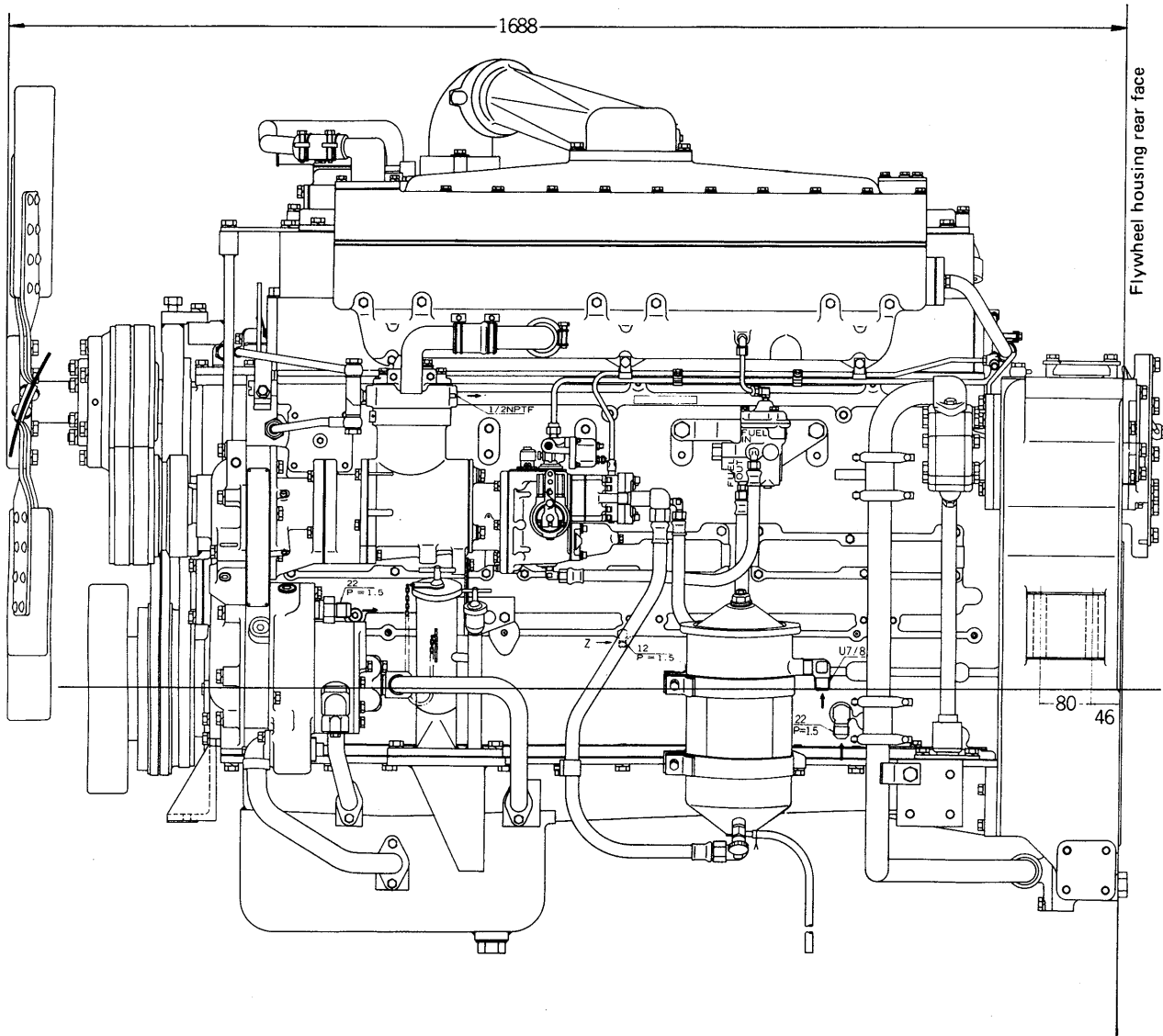
6710F003

NT-855-C REAR VIEW (For D95S-2)



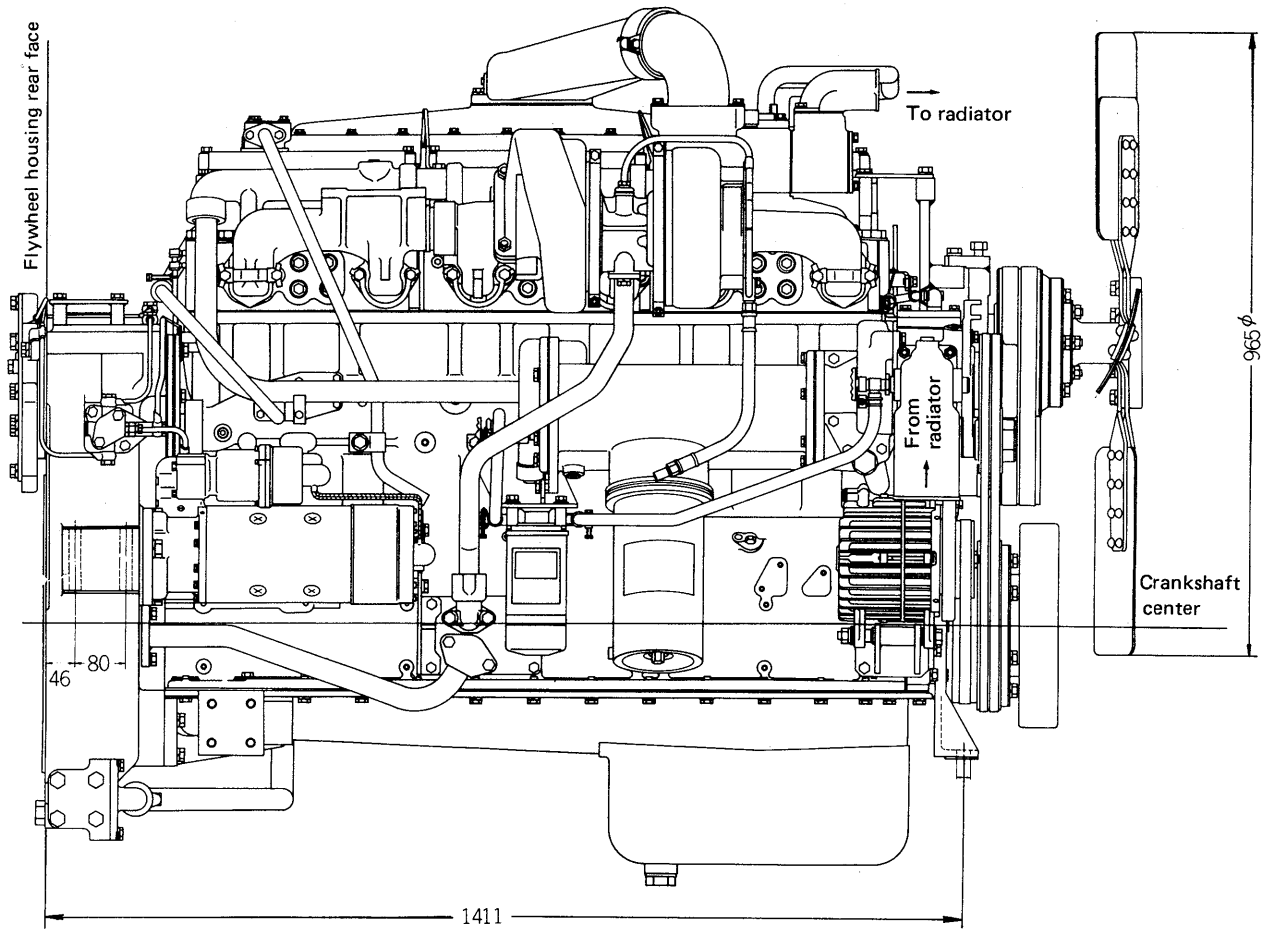
6710F004

NTA-855-C LEFT SIDE VIEW (For HD320-2 Engine No. 26102754 – 26155098)



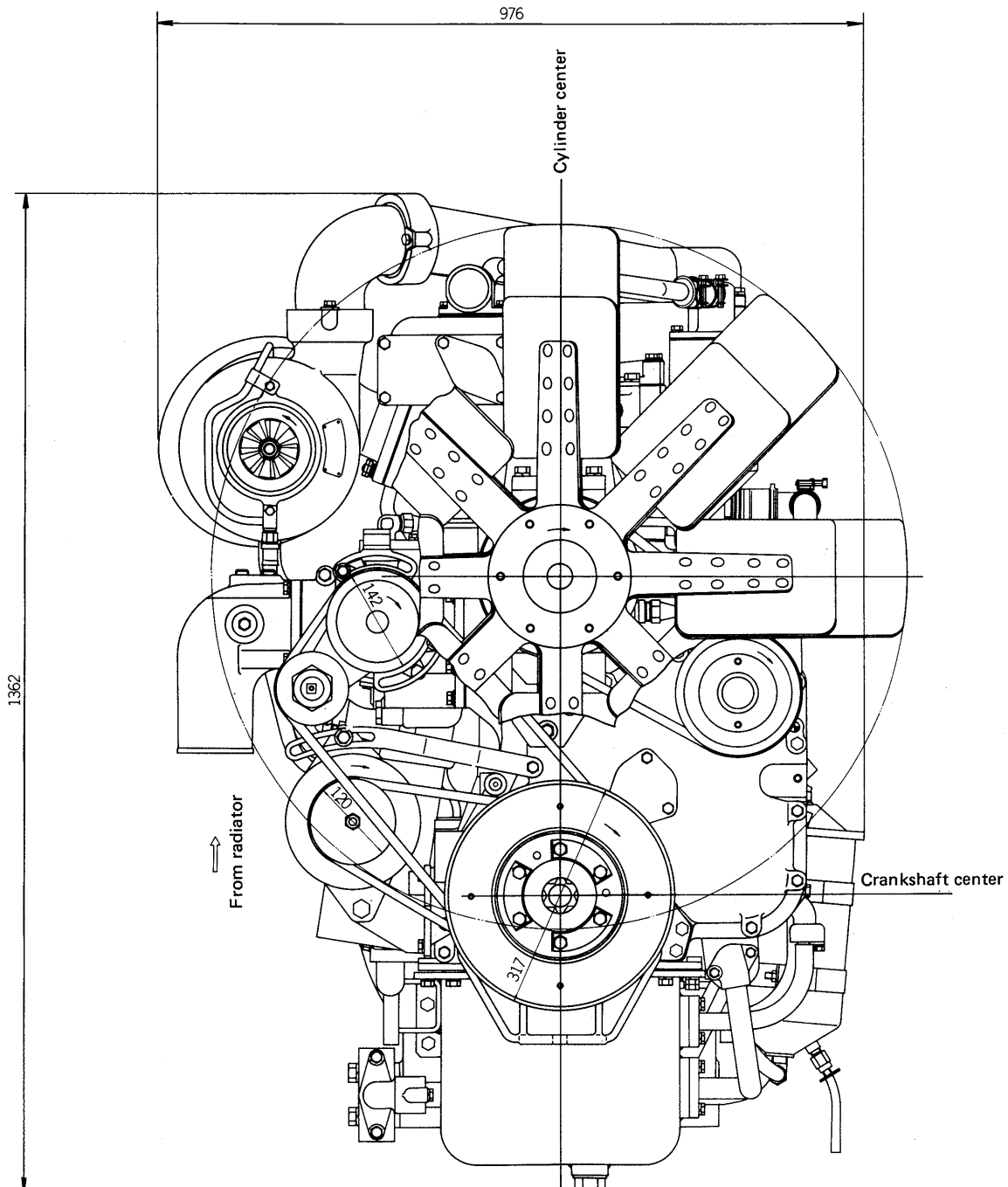
6710F005

NTA-855-C RIGHT SIDE VIEW (For HD320-2 Engine No. 26102754 – 26155098)



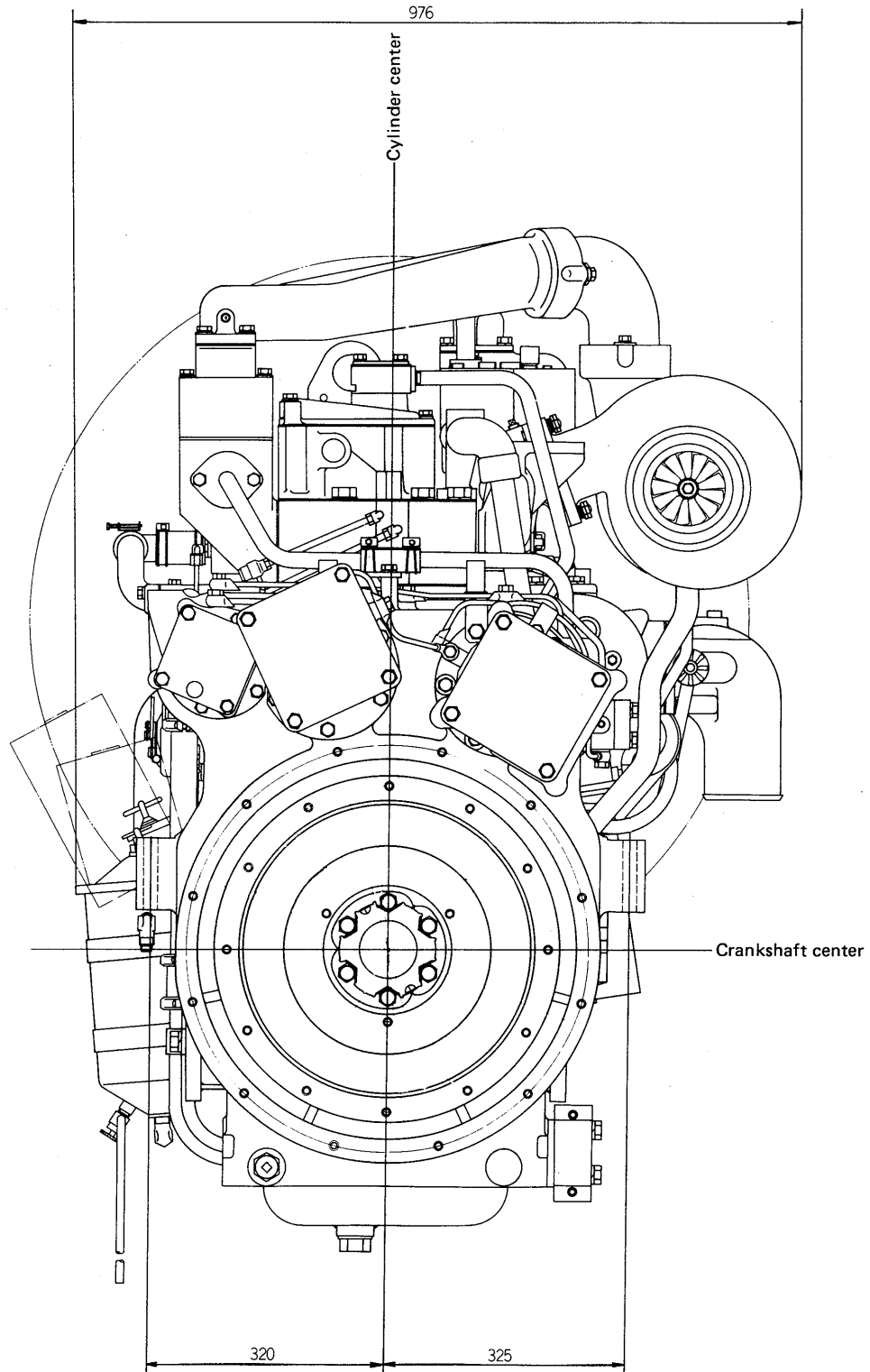
6710F006

NTA-855-C FRONT VIEW (For HD320-2 Engine No. 26102754 – 26155098)



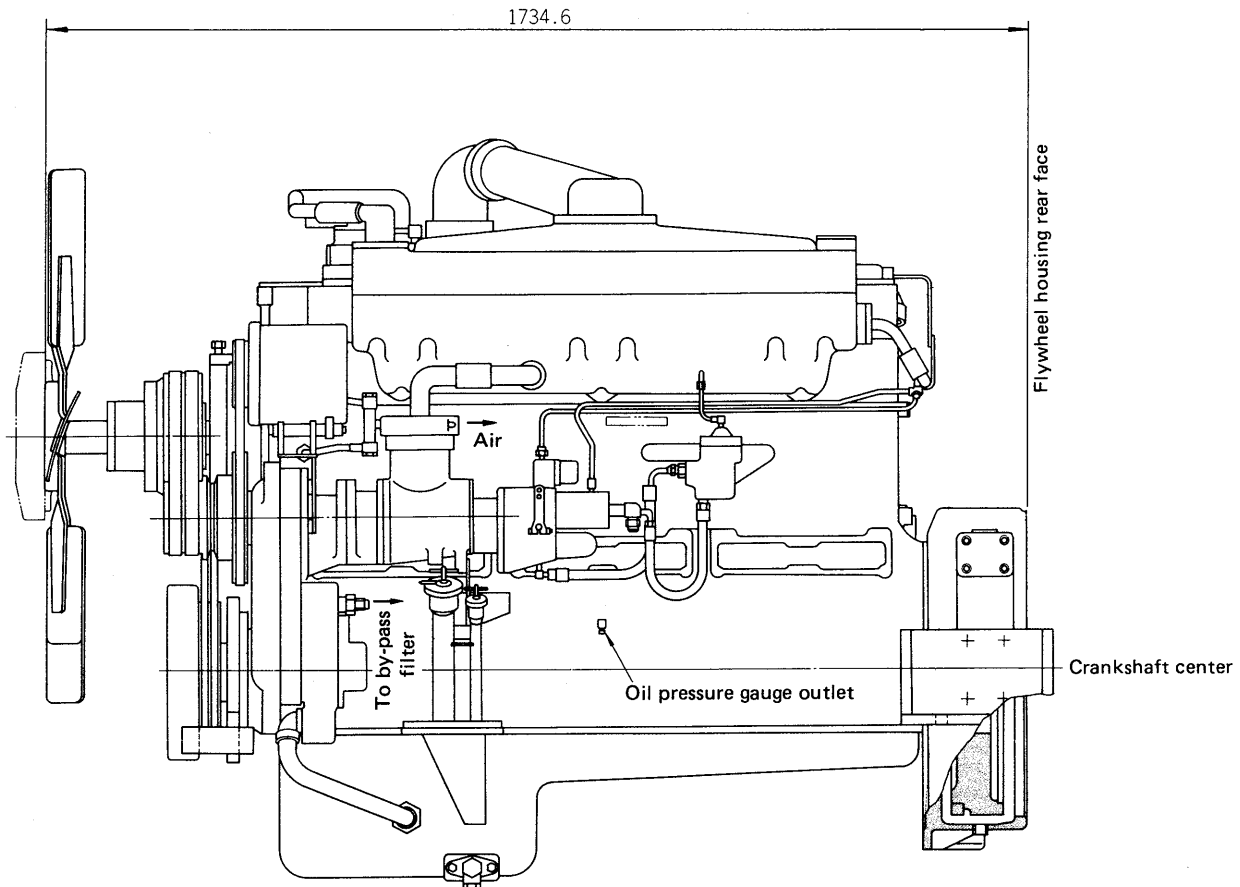
6710F007

NTA-855-C REAR VIEW (For HD320-2 Engine No. 26102754 – 26155098)



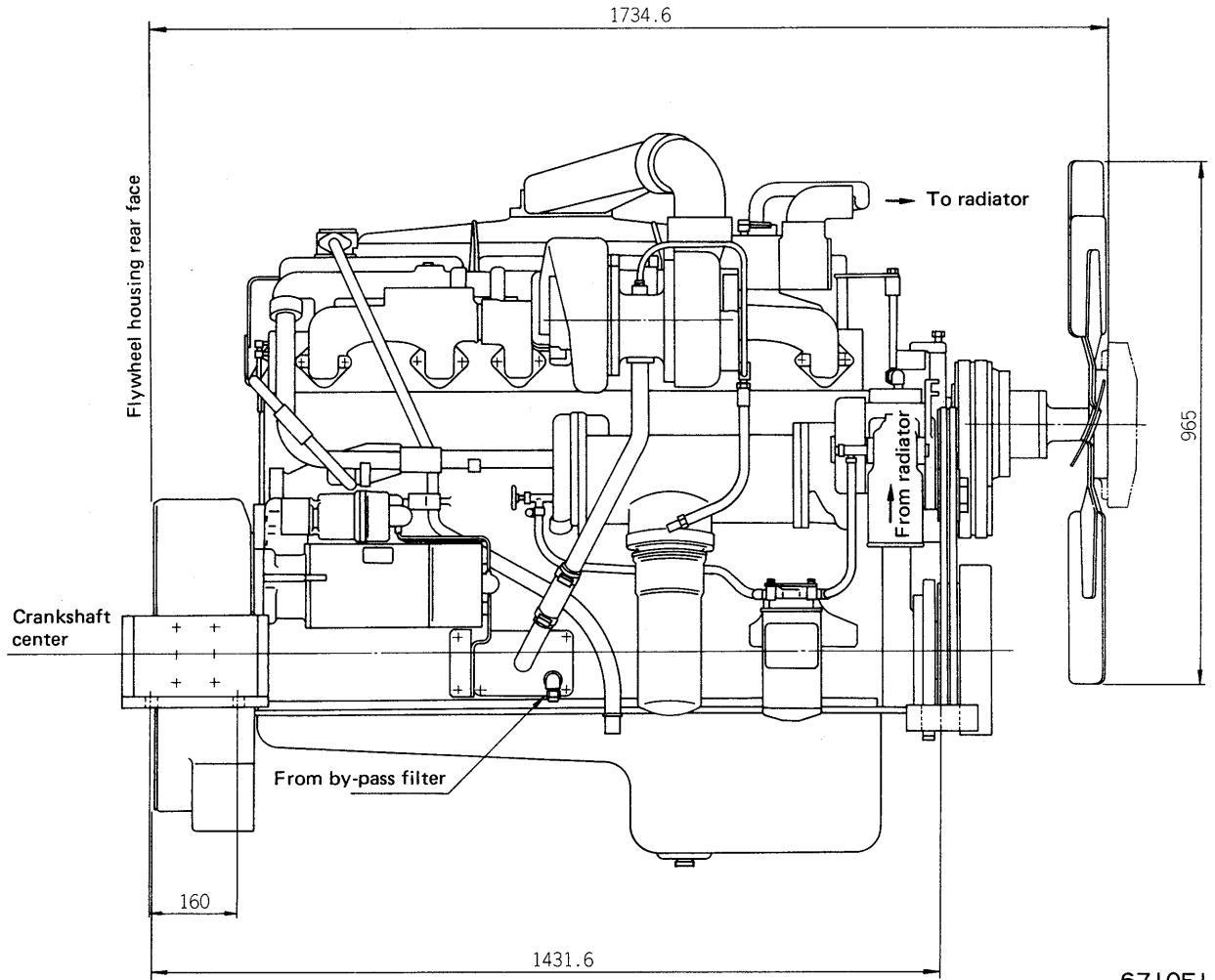
6710F008

NTA-855-C LEFT SIDE VIEW (For HD320-2 Engine No. 26155099 and up)



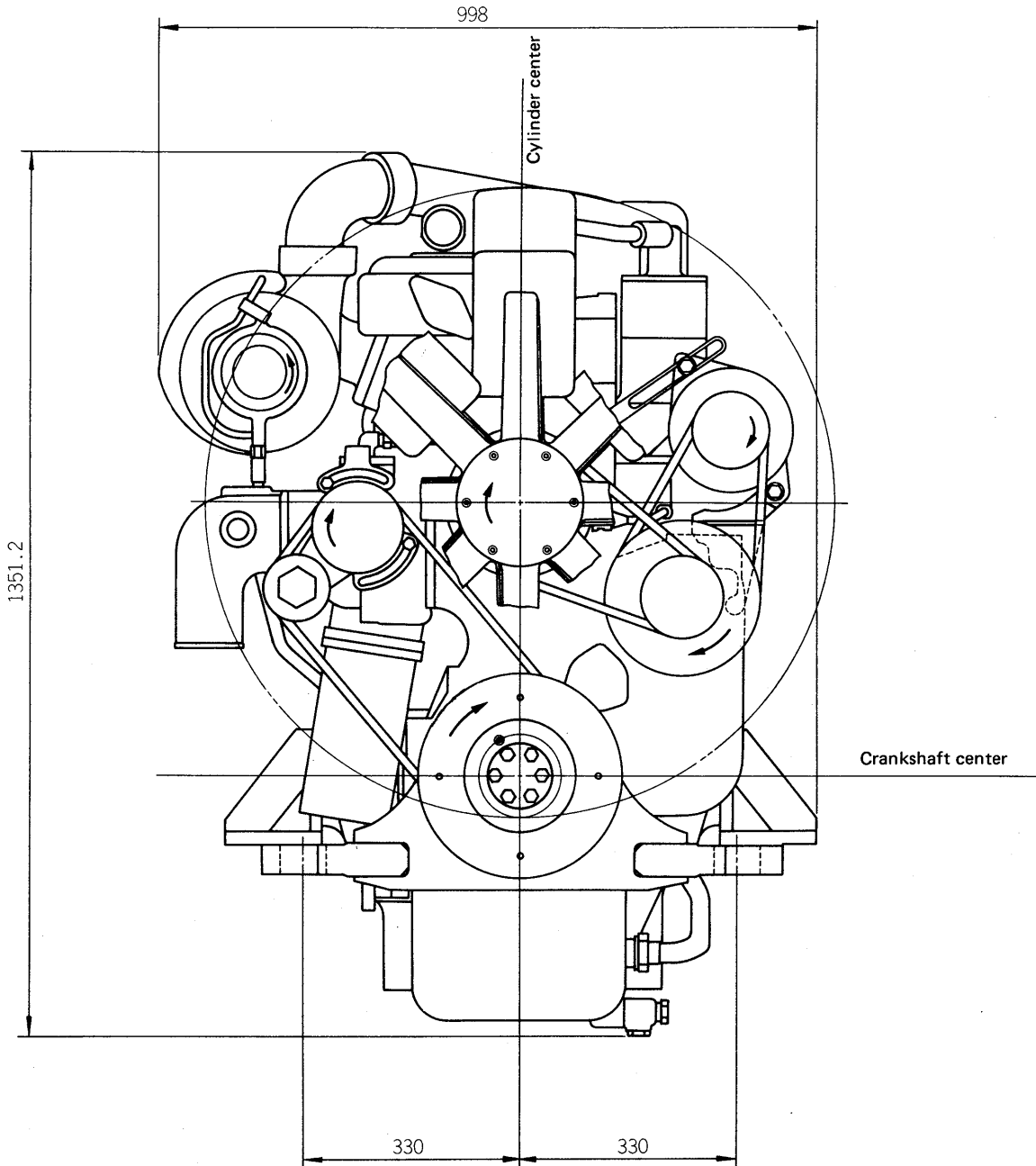
6710F113

NTA-855-C RIGHT SIDE VIEW (For HD320-2 Engine No. 26155099 and up)



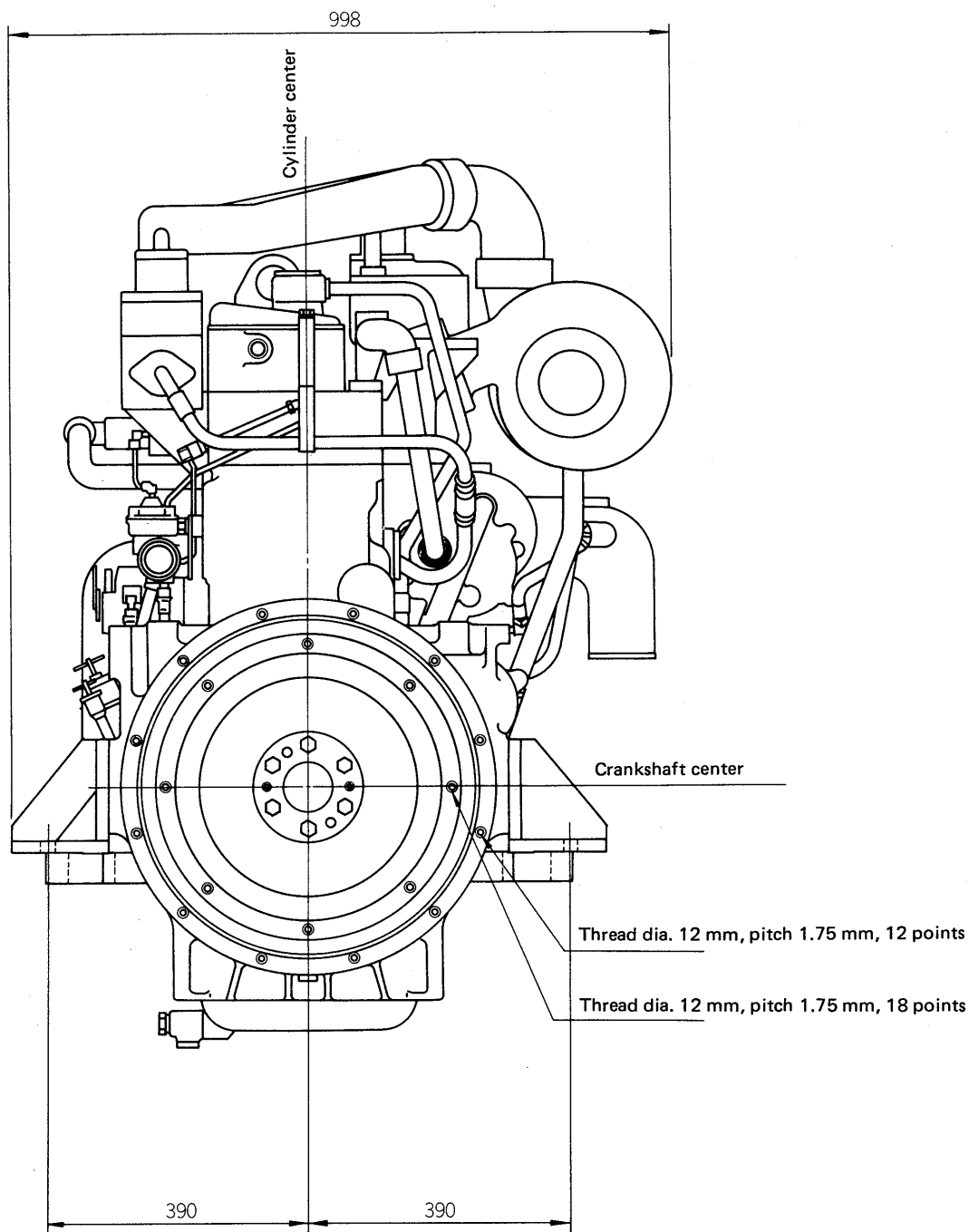
6710F112

NTA-855-C FRONT VIEW (For HD320-2 Engine No. 26155099 and up)



6710F110

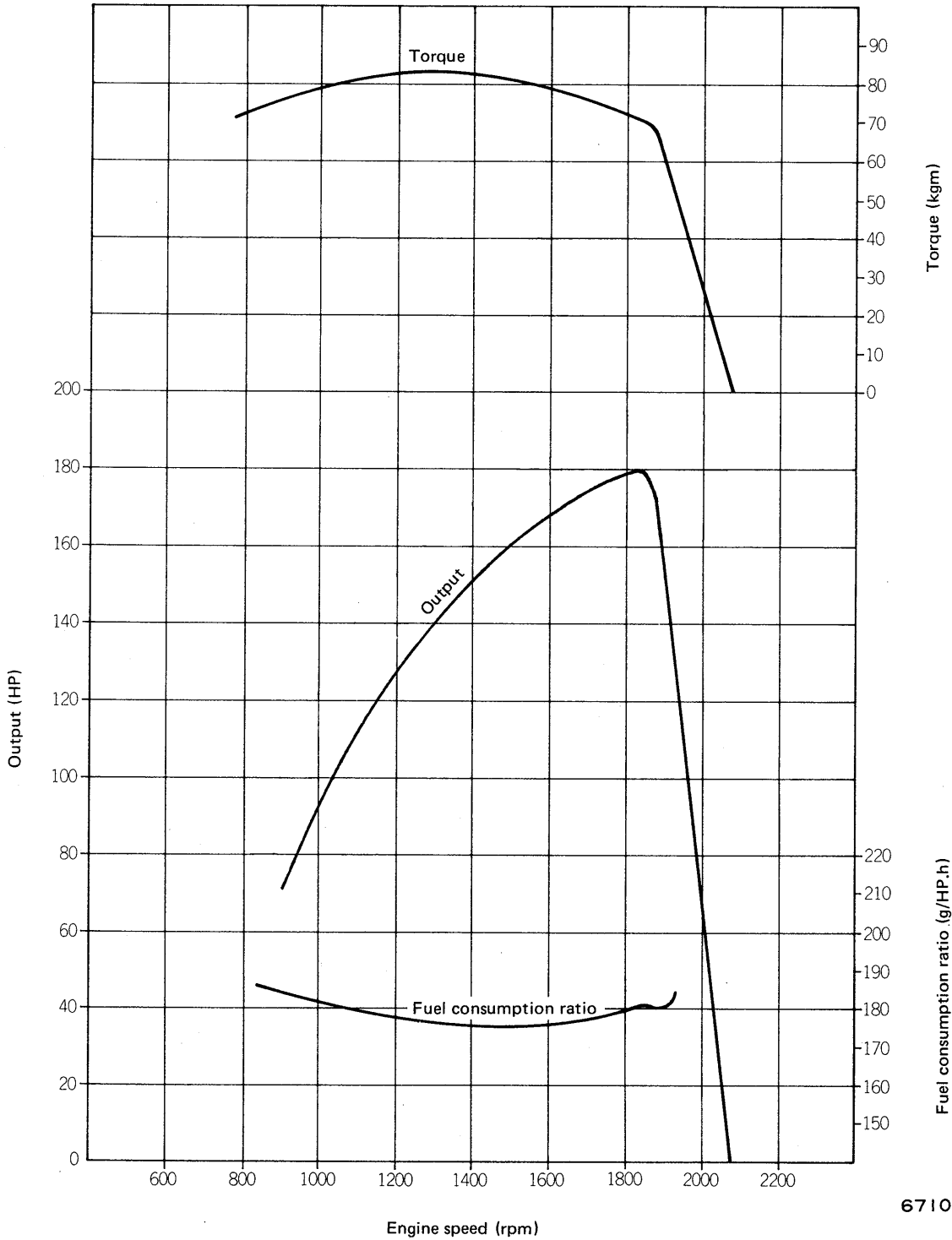
NTA-855-C REAR VIEW (For HD320-2 Engine No. 26155099 and up)



PERFORMANCE CURVE

N-855-C (For PC300-1, 2 and PC300LC-1, 2)

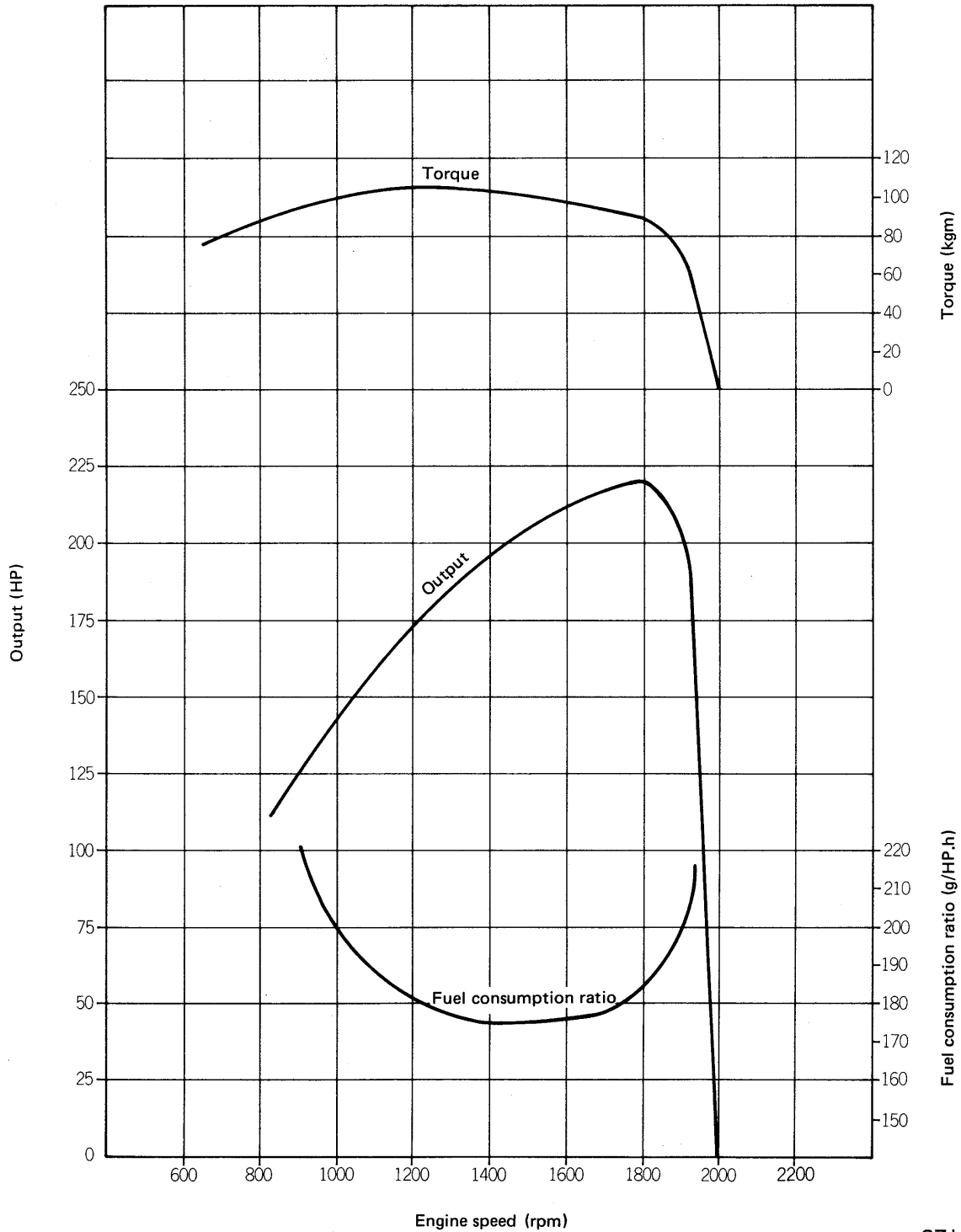
- Flywheel horsepower : 180HP/1,850 rpm
- Maximum torque : 83.5 kgm/1,300 rpm
- Minimum fuel consumption ratio : 175 g/HP.h



6710F114A-0

NT-855-C (For D80A, E-18 and D85A, E, P-18)

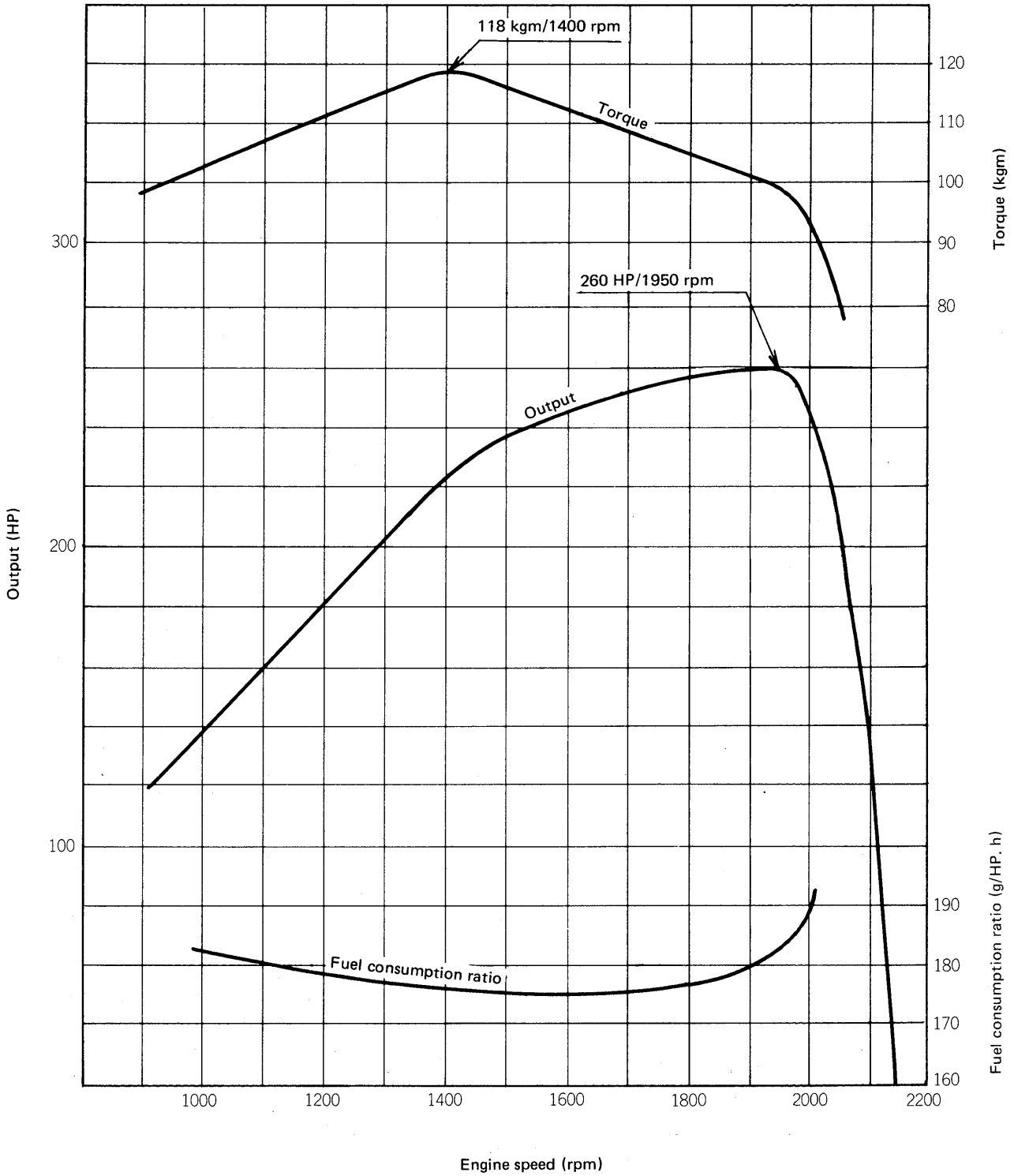
Flywheel horsepower : 220HP/1,800 rpm
 Maximum torque : 105kgm/1,250 rpm
 Minimum fuel consumption ratio : 175 g/HP.h



6710F009A-0

NT-855-C (For D80F-18)

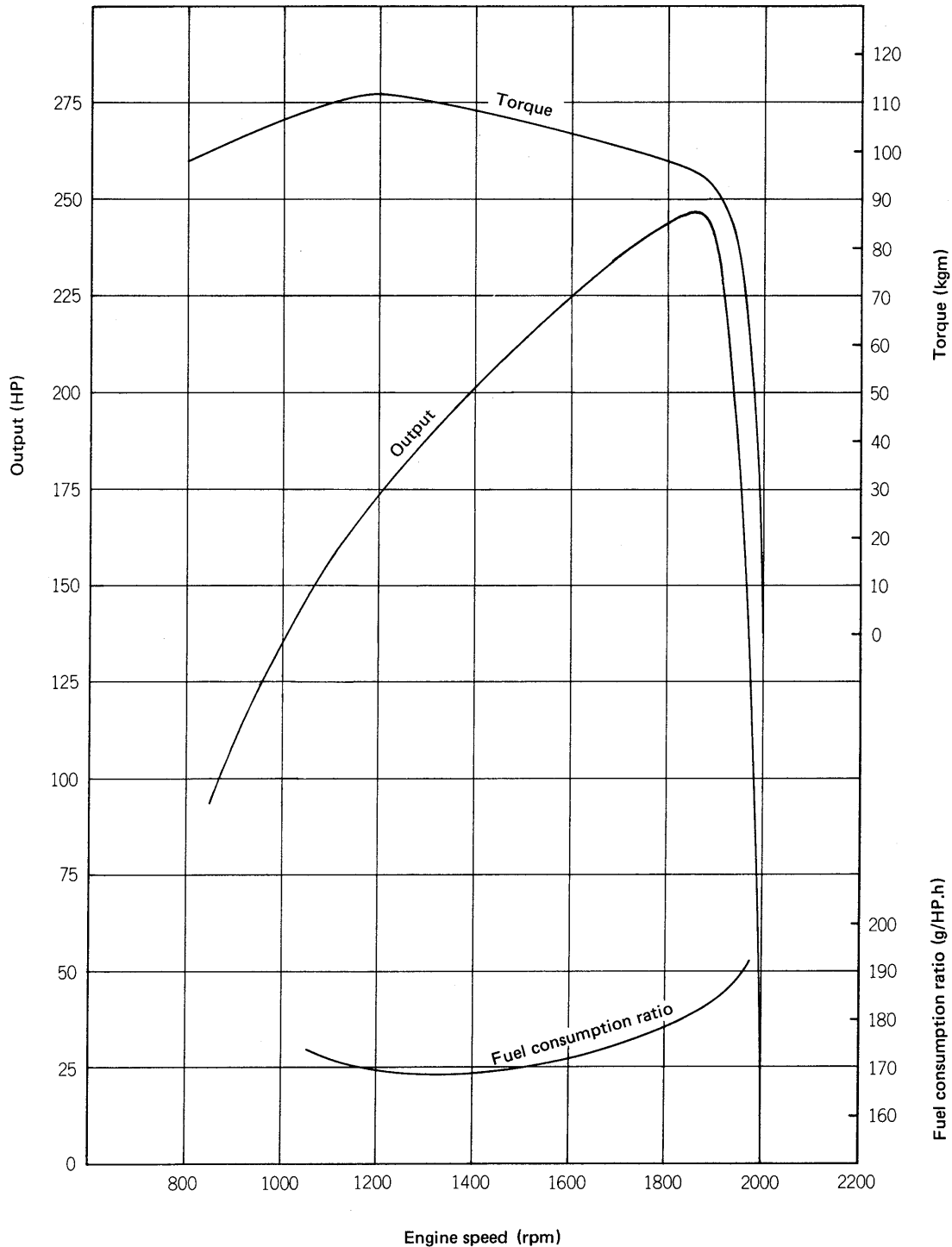
Flywheel horsepower : 260 HP/1,950 rpm
Maximum torque : 118 kgm/1,400 rpm
Minimum fuel consumption ratio : 175 g/HP.h



6710F121

NT-855-C (For D95S-2)

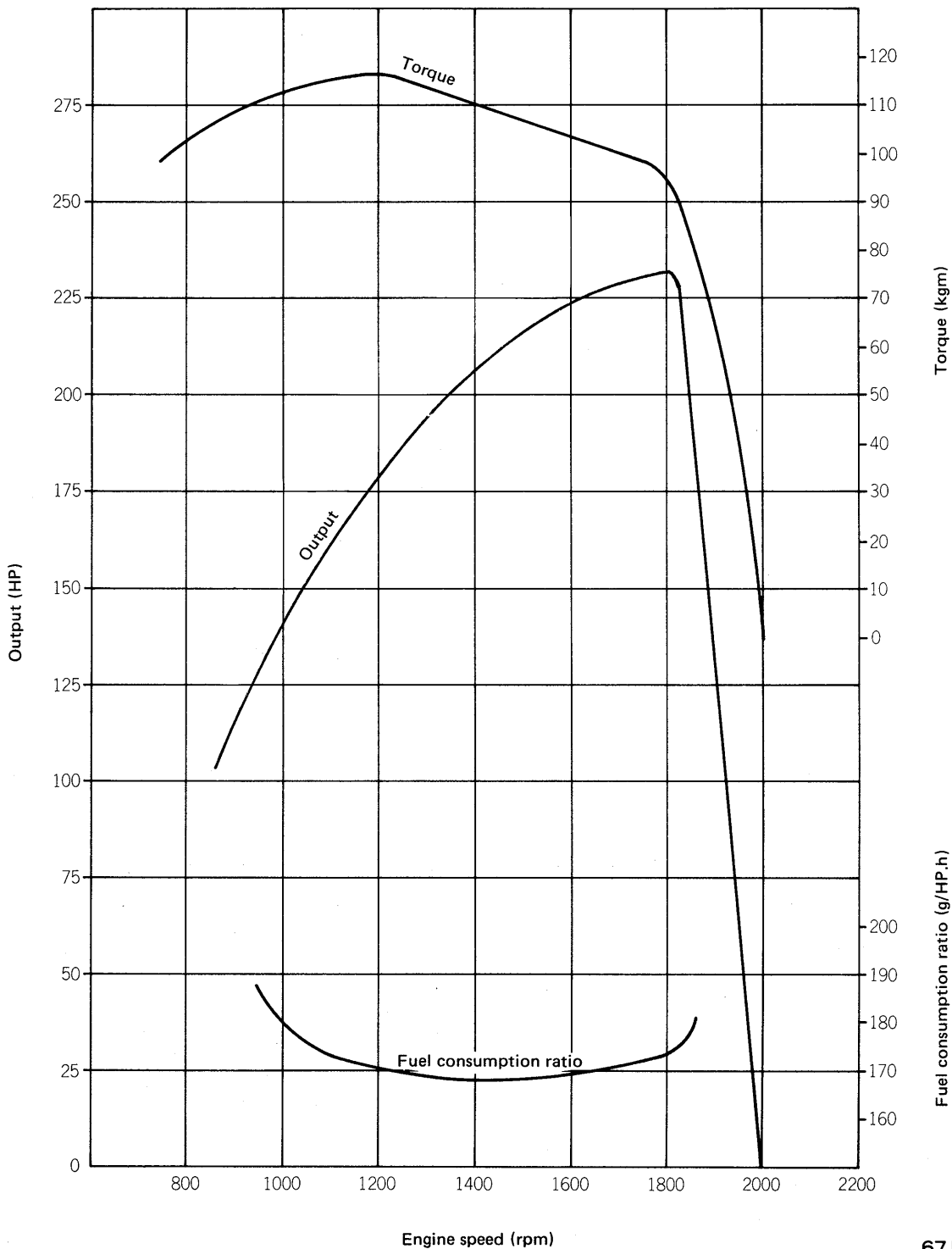
Flywheel horsepower : 245HP/1,850rpm
 Maximum torque : 112kgm/1,200rpm
 Minimum fuel consumption ratio : 169g/HP.h



6710F010

NT-855-C (For PC400-1, PC400LC-1)

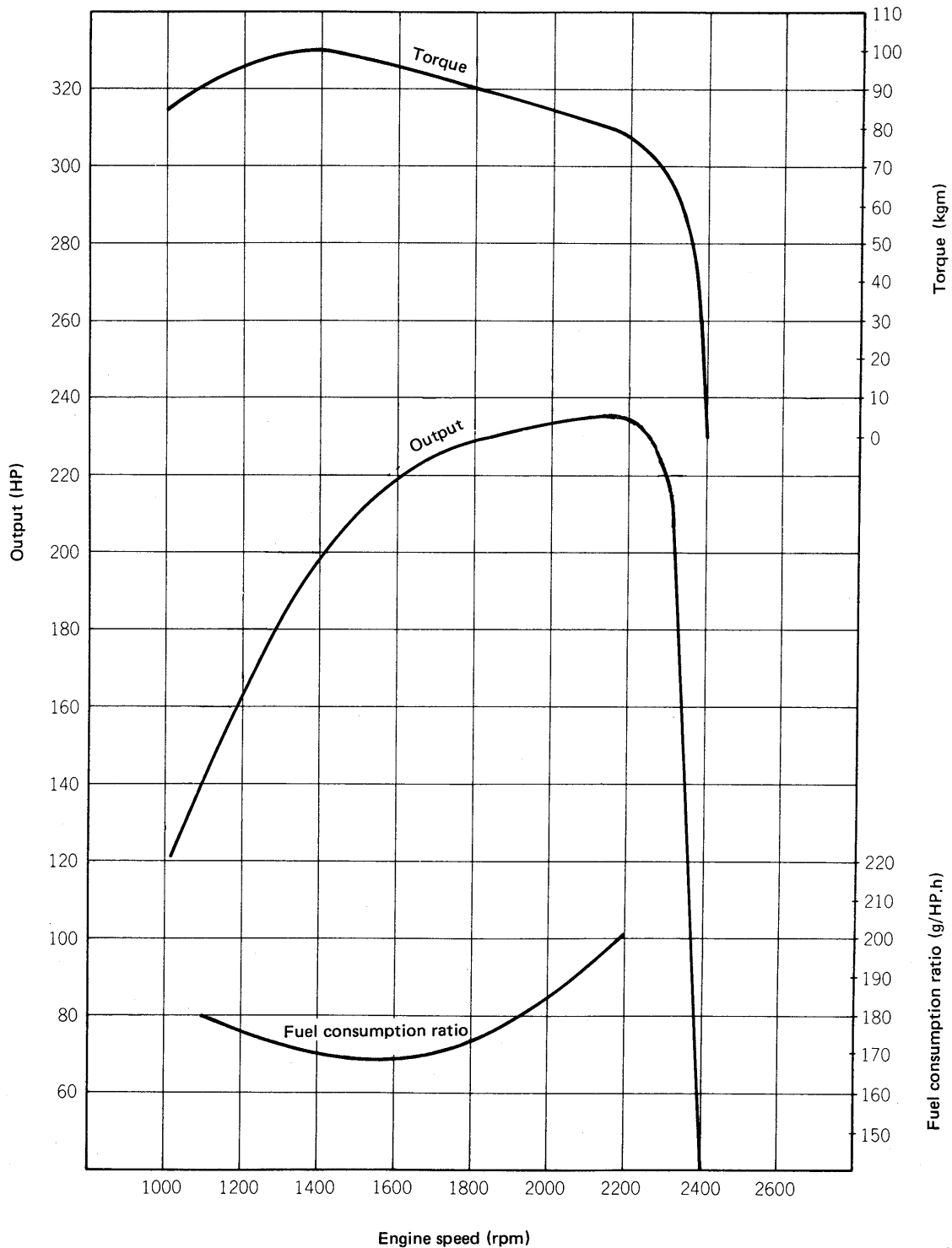
Flywheel horsepower : 233HP/1,800 rpm
Maximum torque : 116kgm/1,200 rpm
Minimum fuel consumption ratio : 175g/HP.h



6710F010-1

NT-855 (For W170-2)

Flywheel horsepower : 235HP/2,200rpm
 Maximum torque : 100kgm/1,400rpm
 Minimum fuel consumption ratio : 168g/HP.h



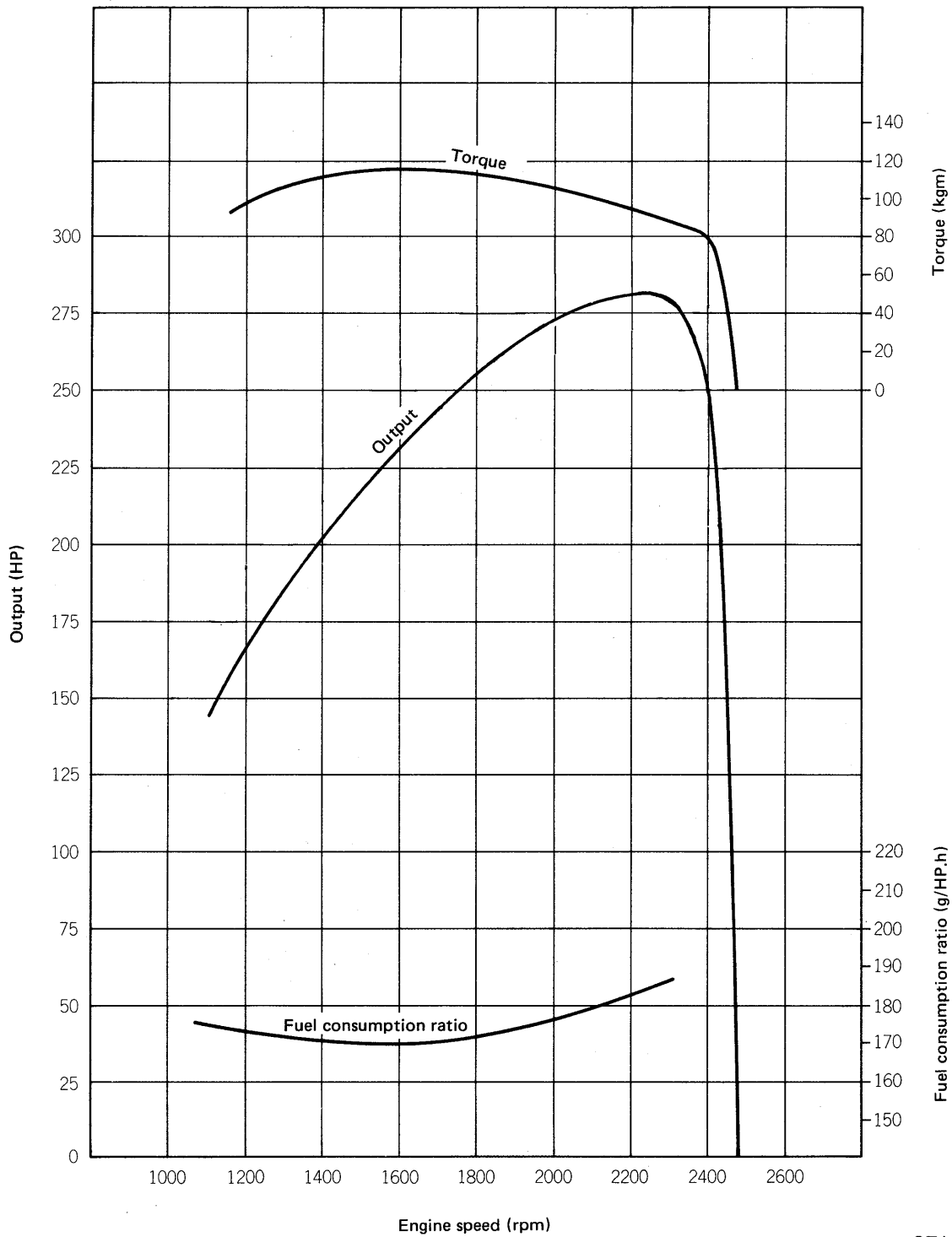
6710F010-2

NT-855 (For W180-1)

Flywheel horsepower : 280HP/2,300rpm

Maximum torque : 116kgm/1,600rpm

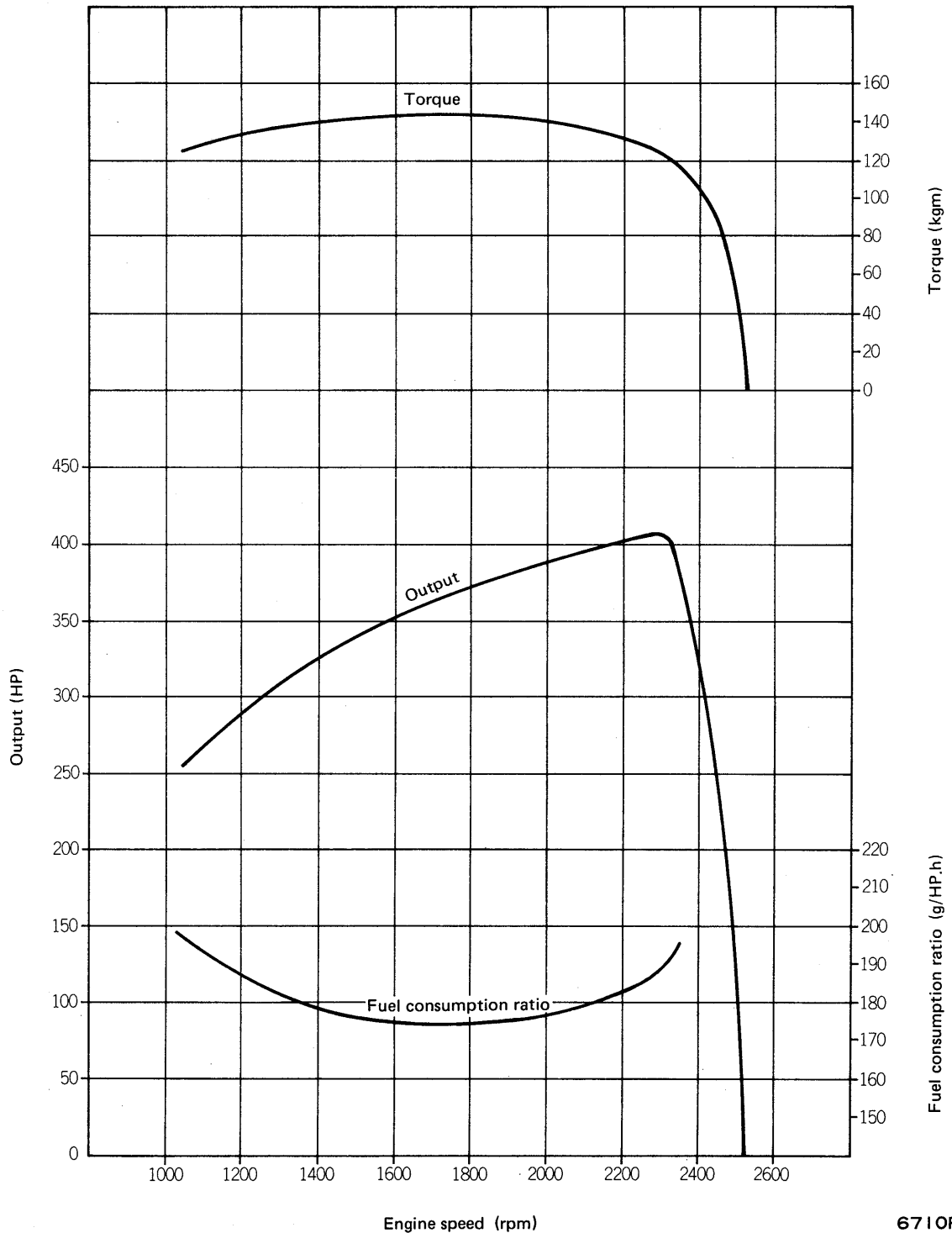
Minimum fuel consumption ratio : 170g/HP.h



6710F116-0

NTA-855-C (For HD320-2 and HD320-3)

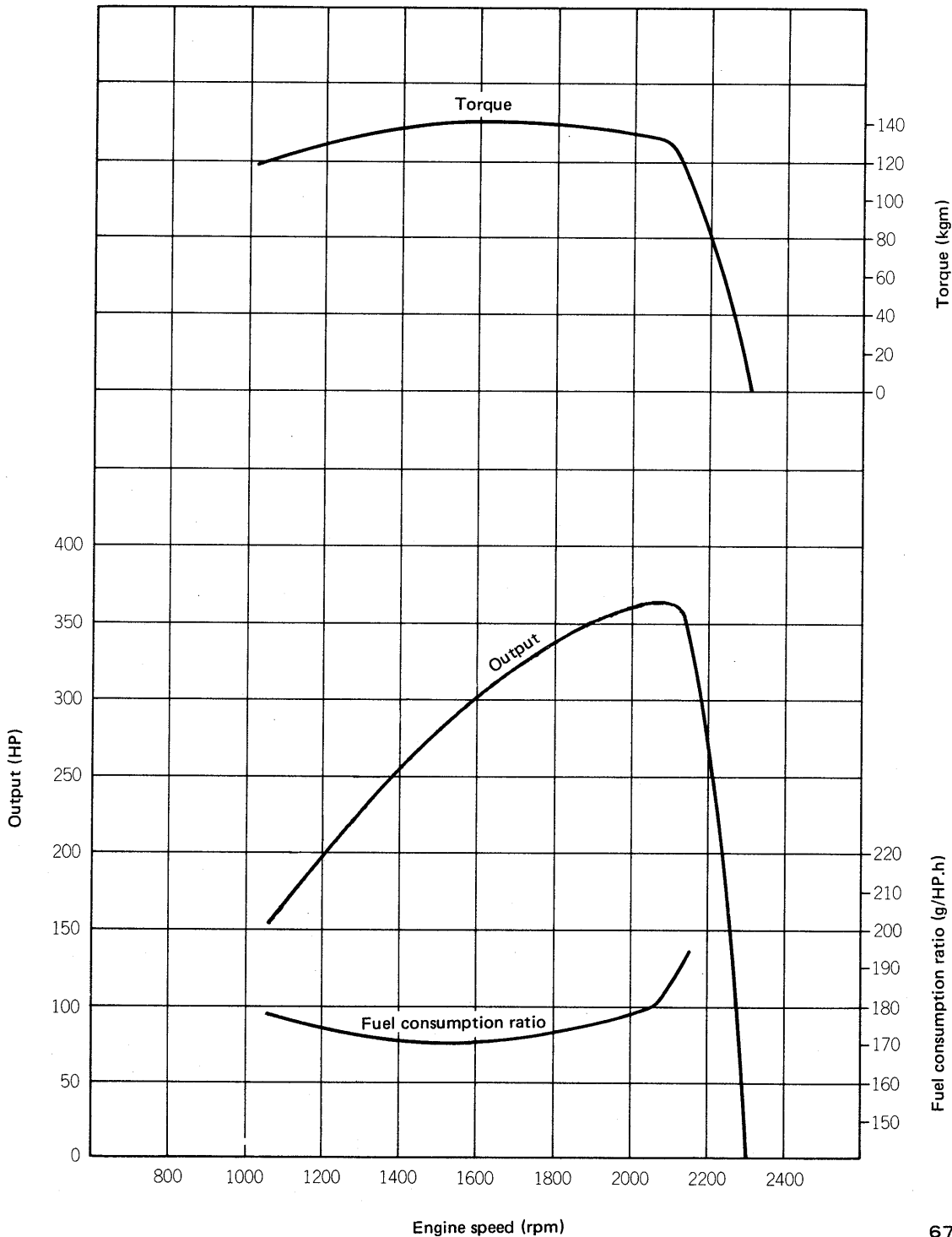
Flywheel horsepower : 405HP/2,300rpm
Maximum torque : 142kgm/1,700rpm
Minimum fuel consumption ratio : 175g/HP.h



6710F011A

NTA-855 (For WS16S-2 and WS23-1)

Flywheel horsepower : 364HP/2,100rpm
 Maximum torque : 140kgm/1,500rpm
 Minimum fuel consumption ratio : 175 g/HP.h



6710F117-0

WEIGHT TABLE



This weight table is a guide for use when transporting or handling components.

No.	Item	Components	N-855-C	NT-855-C	NTA-855-C	Remarks
1	Turbocharger		–	27.5	27.5	Cummins ST-50
			–	–	32	Komatsu KTR-130
2	After-cooler		–	–	27	
3	Cylinder head assembly	Cylinder head, valve, valve spring	40.5	40.5	40.5	
4	Cylinder block assembly	Cylinder block, cylinder liner, main bearing cap	350	350	350	
5	Flywheel assembly	Flywheel, ring gear	49	49	–	PC300-1, 2 PC300LC-1, 2 PC400-1, PC400LC-1
			–	87	–	D80A, E, F-18
			–	65.5	–	D85A, E, P-18 D95S-2
			–	51	–	W170-2, W180-1
			–	–	55.5	HD320-2, 3 WS16S-2, WS23-1
6	Flywheel housing		84	84	–	PC300-1, 2, PC300LC-1, 2 PC400-1, PC400LC-1, W170-2, W180-1
			–	152	–	D80A, E, F-18
			–	139	–	D85A, E, P-18
			–	150	–	D95S-2
			–	–	92	
7	Timing gear case		22	22	22	
8	Oil pan		32	32	32	
9	Crankshaft assembly	Crankshaft, crankshaft gear	157	157	157	
10	Camshaft assembly	Camshaft, camshaft gear, thrust plate	18	18	18	
11	Piston and connecting rod assembly	Piston, piston ring, piston pin, connecting rod, connecting rod cap	61	61	61	Whole weights
12	PT fuel pump		10	10	10	
13	Water pump		11.5	13	13	
14	Starting motor		45	45	45	
15	Alternator		14	14	14	
			–	–	18	HD320-2, 3 WS16S-2, WS23-1

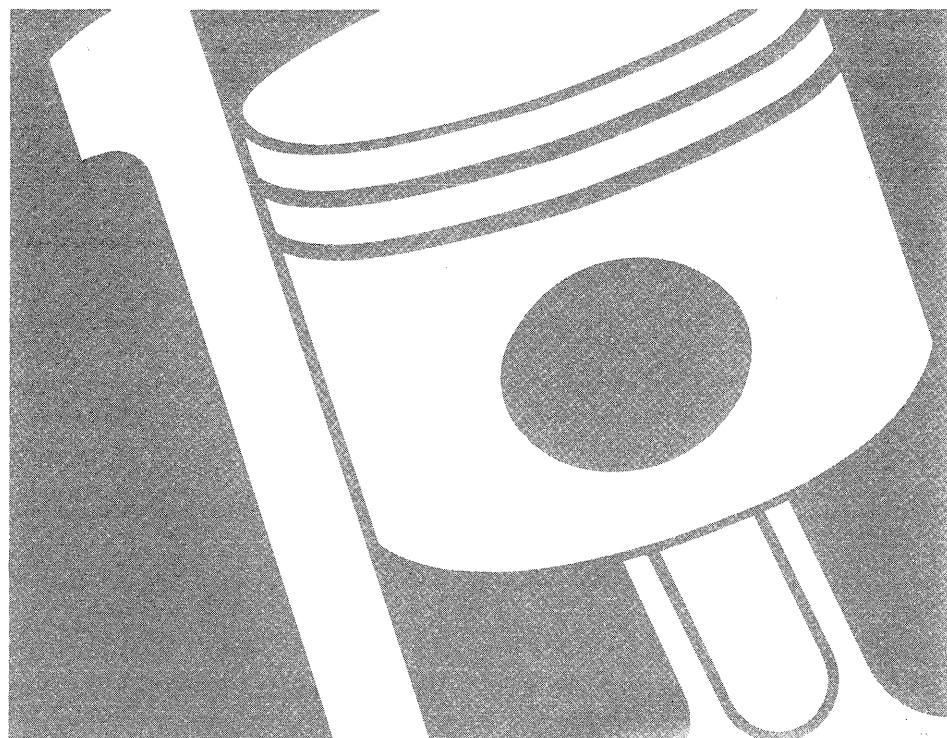
SHOP MANUAL

N-855 SERIES

Engine Serial No. 26100001 and up

11

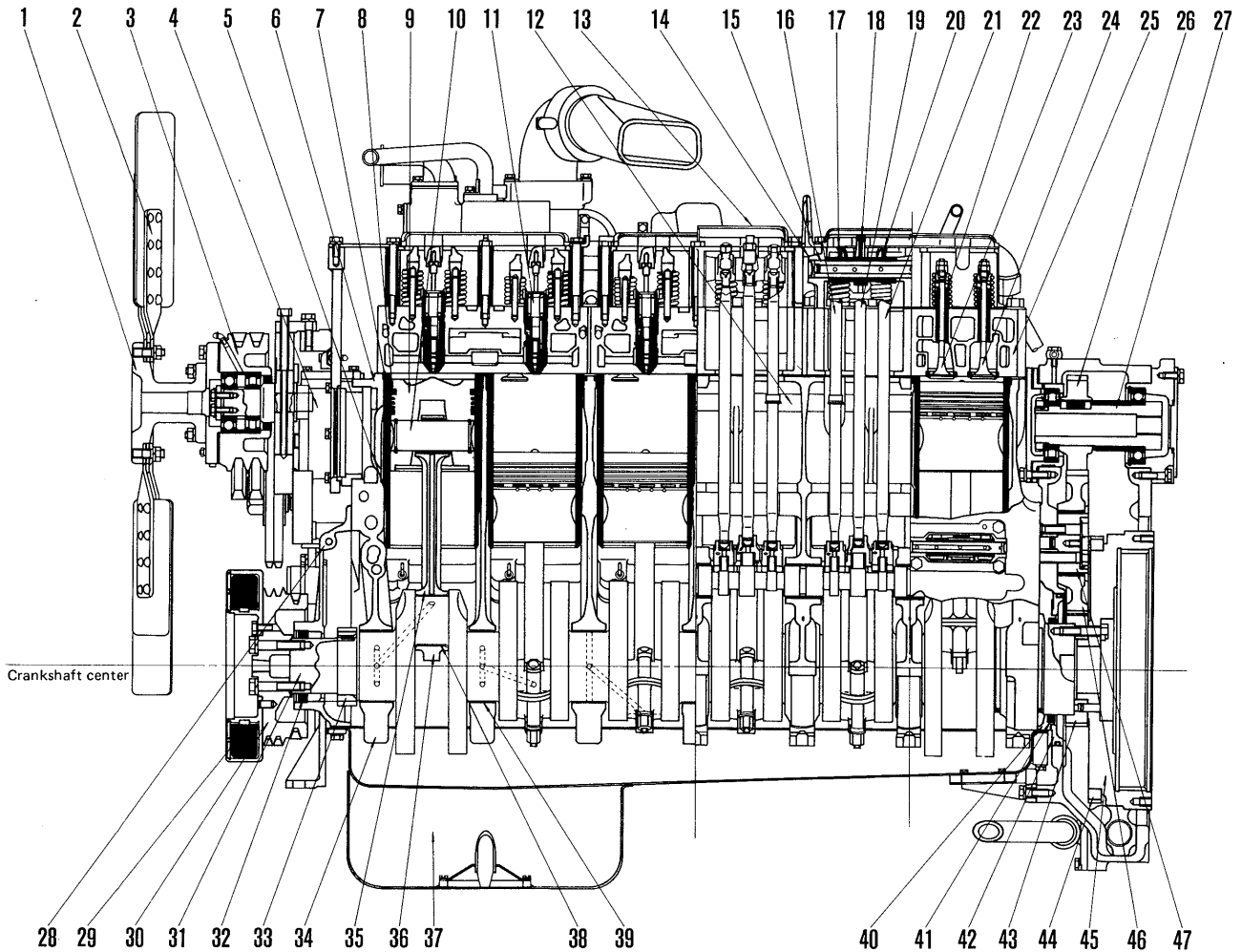
ENGINE STRUCTURE AND FUNCTION



CONTENTS

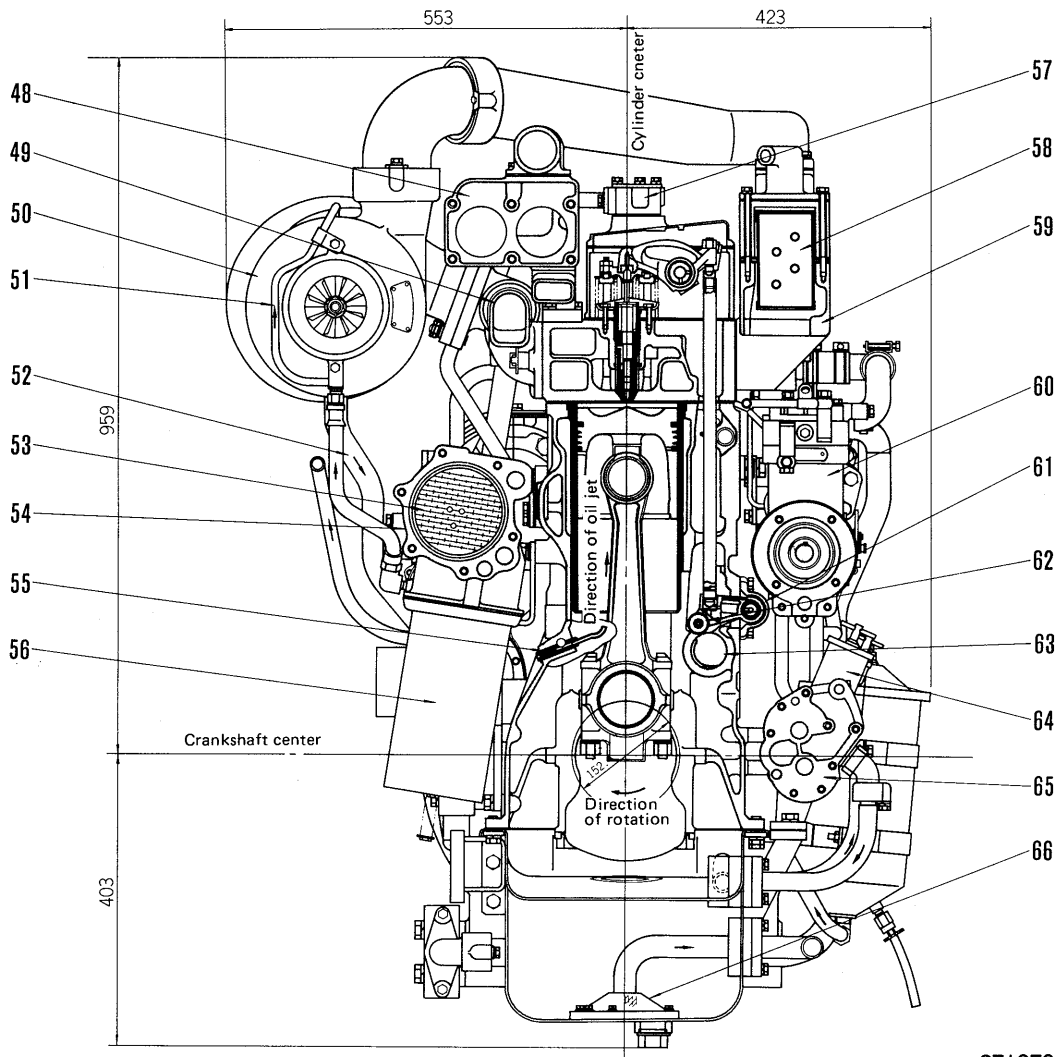
GENERAL STRUCTURE	11-004	FUEL SYSTEM	
INTAKE AND EXHAUST SYSTEM	11-006	Fuel system chart	11-045
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Injection timing, valve timing	11-025	Fan drive	11-071
Flywheel and flywheel housing	11-026	Tension pulley	11-075
LUBRICATION SYSTEM		Thermostat	11-077
Lubrication system chart	11-034	Corrosion resistor	11-078
Oil pump	11-036	ACCESSORY	
Oil filter and oil cooler	11-039	Air compressor	11-079
Full-flow filter	11-042	ELECTRICAL SYSTEM	
By-pass filter	11-043	Alternator	11-080
Oil cooler	11-044	Starting motor	11-083
		Electrical intake air heater	11-085

GENERAL STRUCTURE



6710F012

- | | | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1. Fan spacer | 14. Rocker arm housing | 27. PTO gear shaft | 40. Rear cover plate |
| 2. Fan | 15. Rocker arm shaft | 28. Gear case | 41. Rear oil seal |
| 3. Fan pulley | 16. Push rod (Exhaust) | 29. Vibration damper | 42. Seal retainer |
| 4. Water pump | 17. Rocker arm (Exhaust) | 30. Crankshaft pulley | 43. PTO drive gear |
| 5. Liner seal ring | 18. Rocker arm (Injector) | 31. Crankshaft | 44. Ring gear |
| 6. Cylinder block | 19. Push rod (Injector) | 32. Front oil seal | 45. Flywheel |
| 7. Cylinder liner | 20. Rocker arm (Intake) | 33. Crankshaft gear | 46. PTO idler gear |
| 8. Piston ring | 21. Push rod (Intake) | 34. Main bearing cap | 47. PTO idler shaft |
| 9. Piston | 22. Valve guide | 35. Connecting rod | 48. Thermostat housing |
| 10. Piston pin | 23. Valve (Intake) | 36. Connecting rod cap | 49. Exhaust manifold |
| 11. Injector | 24. Valve (Exhaust) | 37. Oil pan | 50. Turbocharger |
| 12. Compression release shaft | 25. Cylinder head | 38. Connecting rod bearing | 51. Oil pipe (to turbocharger) |
| 13. Rocker arm housing | 26. PTO gear | 39. Main bearing | 52. Oil pipe (from turbocharger) |



6710F013

- | | |
|---------------------------|------------------------|
| 53. Oil cooler element | 60. Air compressor |
| 54. Oil cooler housing | 61. Cam follower shaft |
| 55. Piston cooling nozzle | 62. Cam roller |
| 56. Full-flow filter | 63. Camshaft |
| 57. Crankcase breather | 64. Oil filler |
| 58. After-cooler core | 65. Oil pump |
| 59. After-cooler housing | 66. Oil strainer |

Engine:

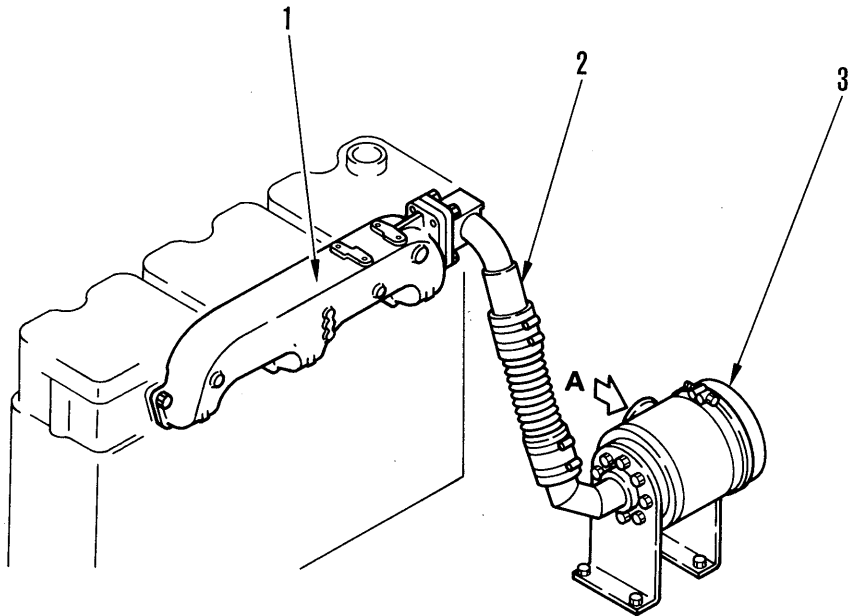
- N-855-C
- NT-855-C (With turbocharger)
- NTA-855-C
(With turbocharger and after-cooler)

Type: In-line, 6-cylinders, water-cooled, direct fuel injection, 4-cycle diesel engine.

INTAKE AND EXHAUST SYSTEM

N-855-C (For PC300-1, 2, PC300LC-1, 2)

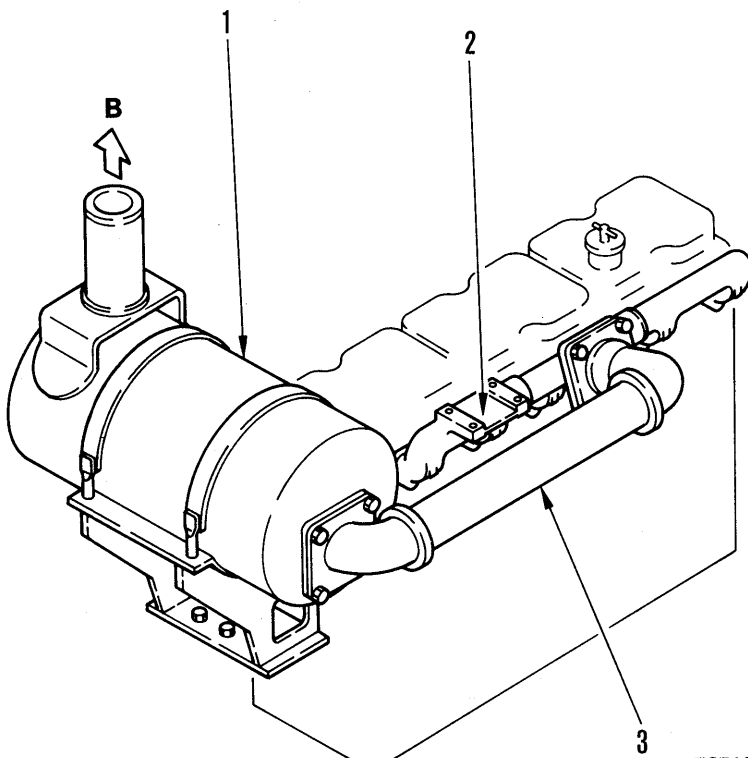
INTAKE SYSTEM



- 1. Intake manifold
- 2. Intake connector pipe
- 3. Air cleaner
- A. Intake

F6710A001

EXHAUST SYSTEM

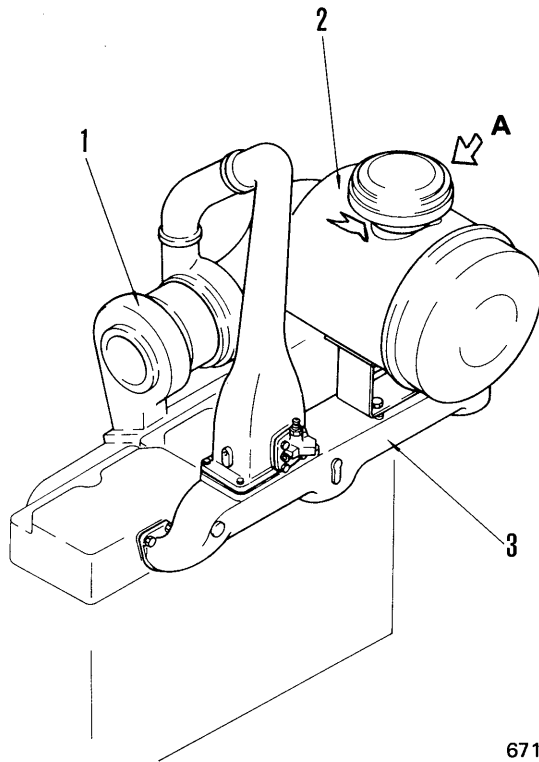


- 1. Muffler
- 2. Exhaust manifold
- 3. Exhaust connector pipe
- B. Exhaust

F6710A002

NT-855-C (For D80, 85-18, D95S-2)

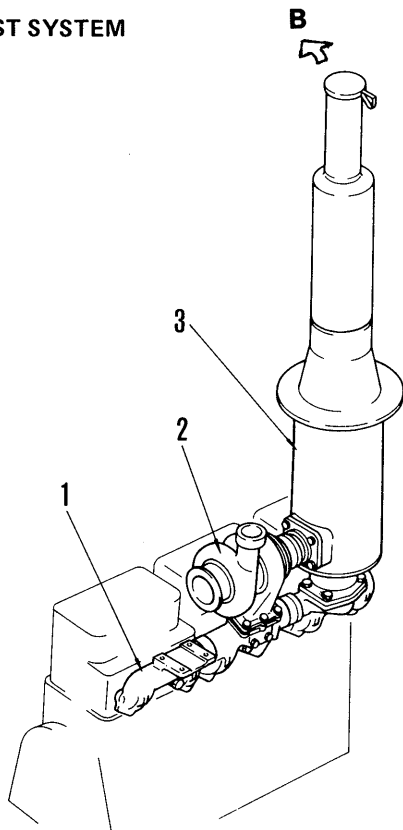
INTAKE SYSTEM



- 1. Turbocharger
- 2. Air cleaner
- 3. Intake manifold
- A. Intake

6710F054

EXHAUST SYSTEM

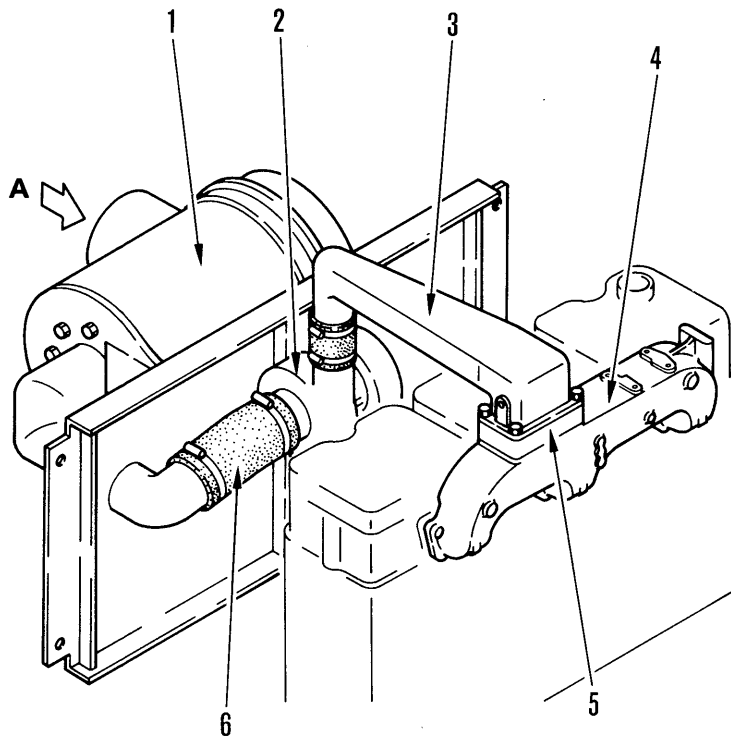


- 1. Exhaust manifold
- 2. Turbocharger
- 3. Muffler
- B. Exhaust

6710F056

NT-855-C (For PC400-1, PC400LC-1)

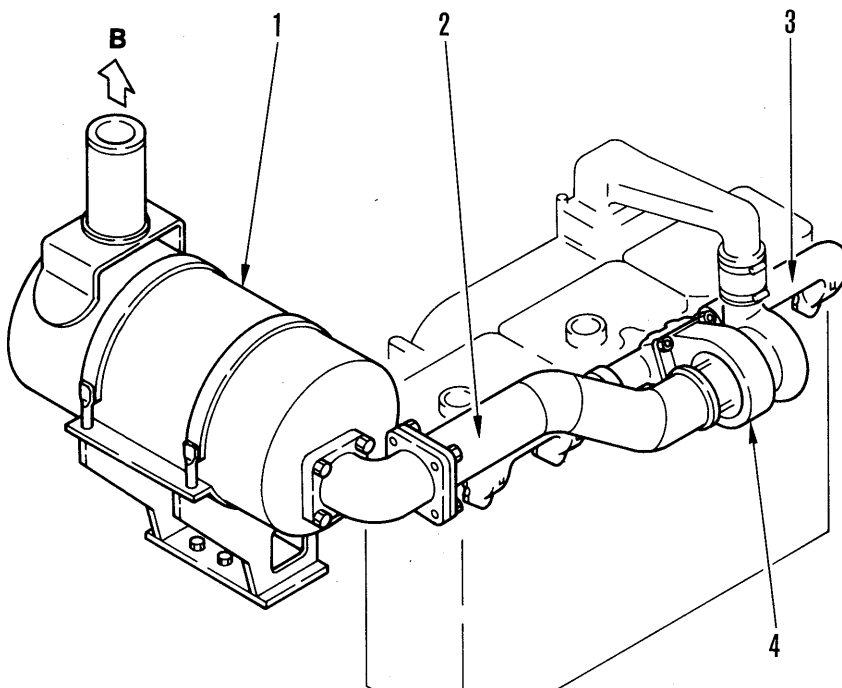
INTAKE SYSTEM



- 1. Air cleaner
- 2. Turbocharger
- 3. Intake connector pipe
- 4. Intake manifold
- 5. Electrical intake air heater
- 6. Intake connector pipe
- A. Intake

F6710A003

EXHAUST SYSTEM

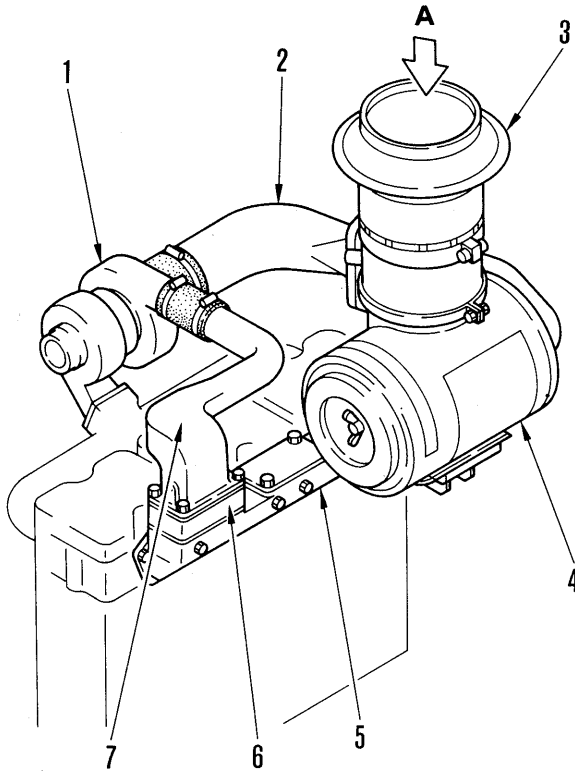


- 1. Muffler
- 2. Exhaust connector pipe
- 3. Exhaust manifold
- 4. Turbocharger
- B. Exhaust

F6710A004

NT-855-C (For W170-2, W180-1)

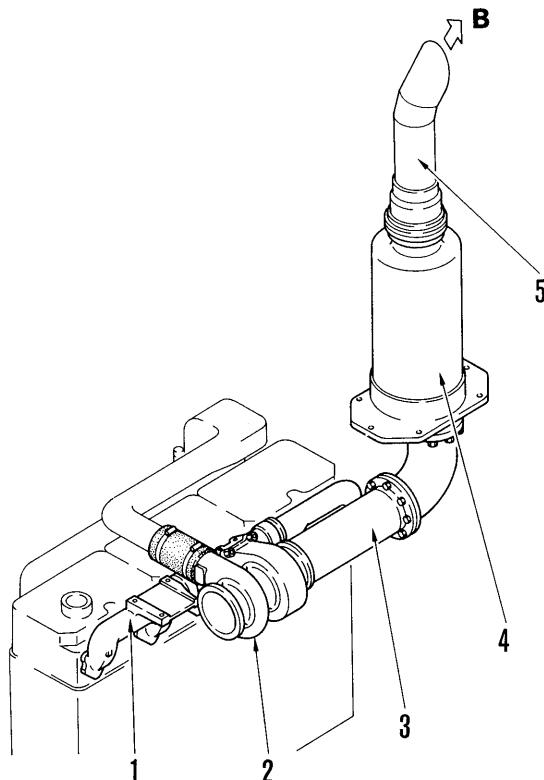
INTAKE SYSTEM



- 1. Turbocharger
- 2. Intake connector pipe
- 3. Precleaner
- 4. Air cleaner
- 5. Intake manifold
- 6. Electrical intake air heater
- 7. Intake connector pipe
- A. Intake

F6710A005

EXHAUST SYSTEM

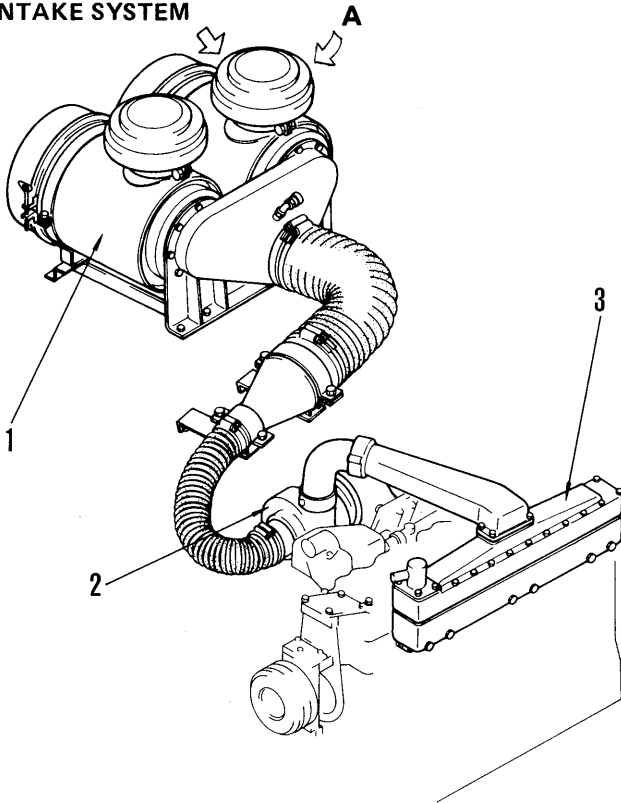


- 1. Exhaust manifold
- 2. Turbocharger
- 3. Exhaust connector pipe
- 4. Muffler
- 5. Exhaust pipe
- B. Exhaust

F6710A006

NTA-855-C (For HD320-2)

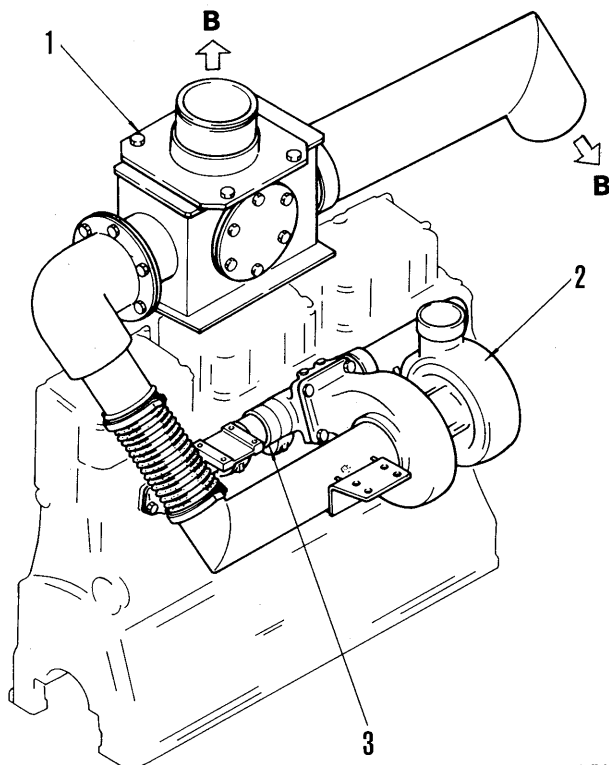
INTAKE SYSTEM



- 1. Air cleaner
- 2. Turbocharger
- 3. After-cooler
- A. Intake

6710F055

EXHAUST SYSTEM

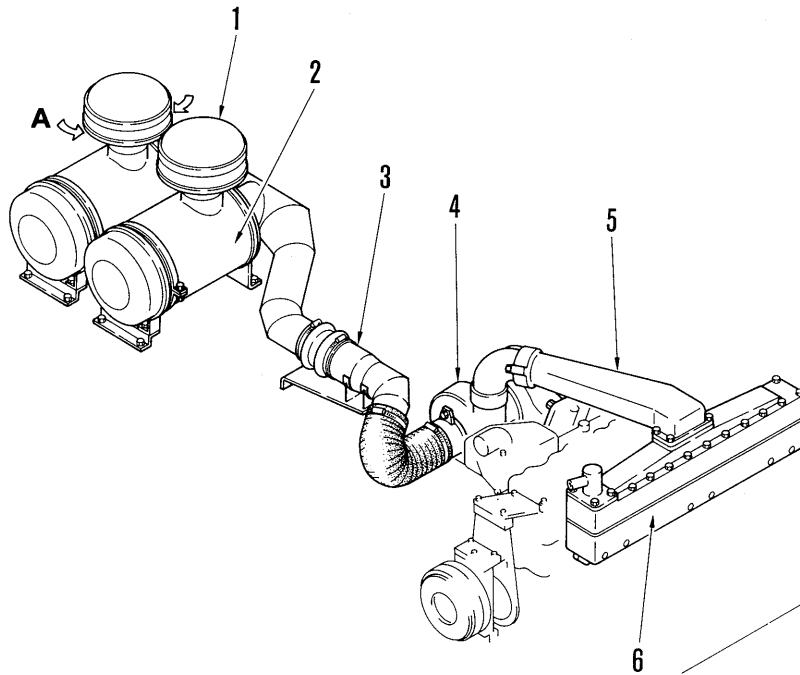


- 1. Muffler
- 2. Turbocharger
- 3. Exhaust manifold
- B. Exhaust

6710F057

NTA-855-C (For HD320-3)

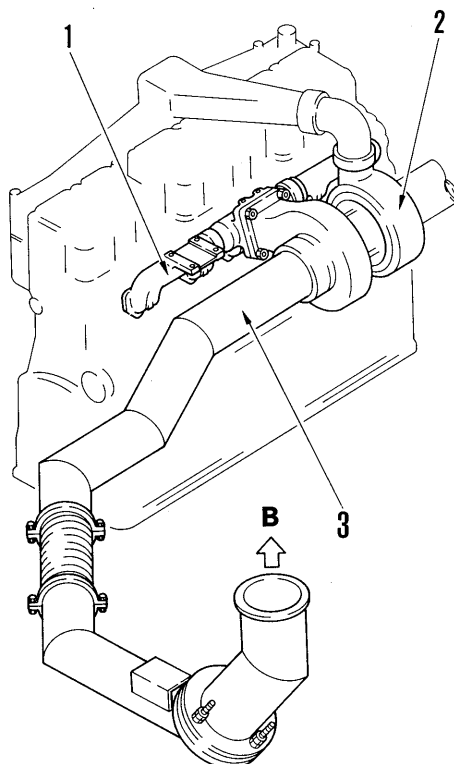
INTAKE SYSTEM



- 1. Precleaner
- 2. Air cleaner
- 3. Intake connector pipe
- 4. Turbocharger
- 5. Intake connector pipe
- 6. After-cooler
- A. Intake

F6710A007

EXHAUST SYSTEM

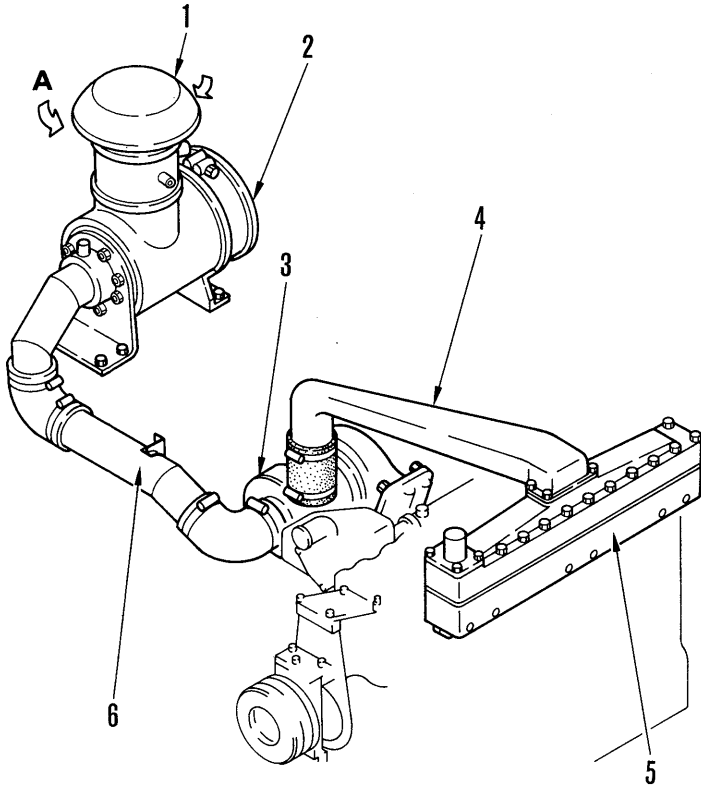


- 1. Exhaust manifold
- 2. Turbocharger
- 3. Exhaust pipe
- B. Exhaust

F6710A008

NTA-855-C (For WS16S-2, WS23-1-FRONT ENGINE)

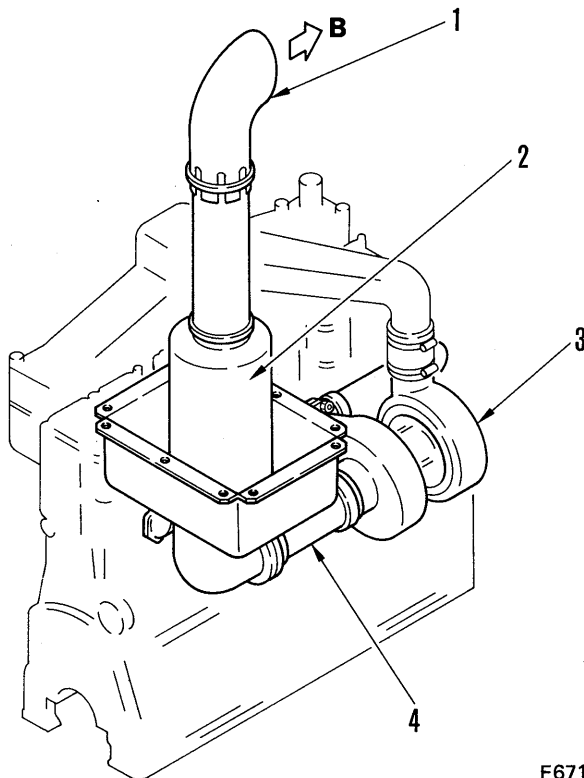
INTAKE SYSTEM



- 1. Precleaner
- 2. Air cleaner
- 3. Turbocharger
- 4. Intake connector pipe
- 5. After-cooler
- 6. Intake connector pipe
- A. Intake

F6710A009

EXHAUST SYSTEM

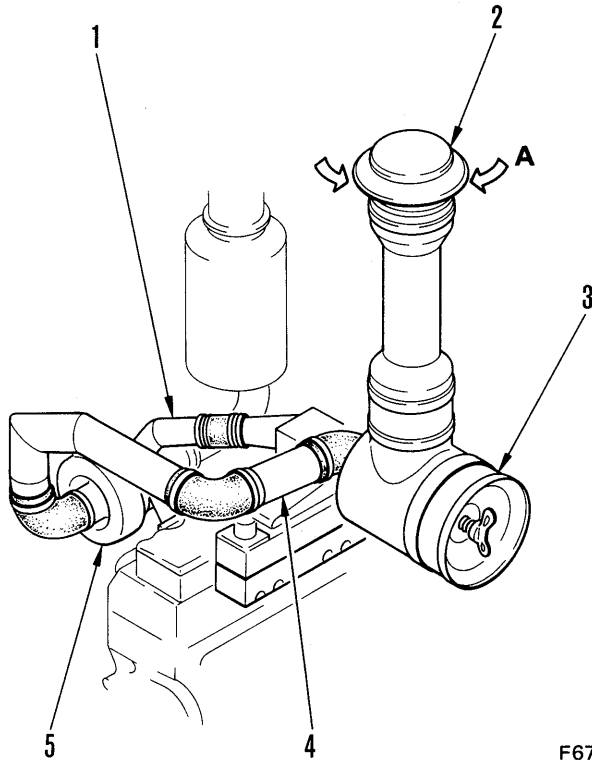


- 1. Exhaust pipe
- 2. Muffler
- 3. Turbocharger
- 4. Exhaust connector pipe
- B. Exhaust

F6710A010

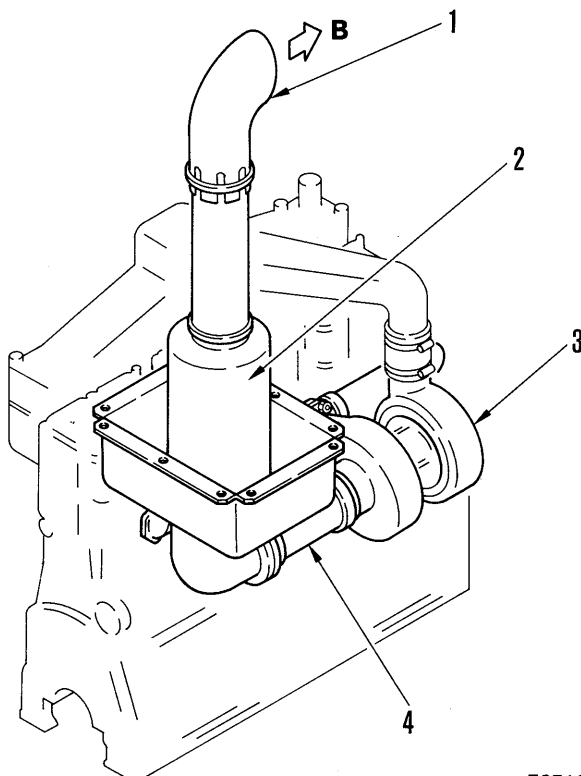
NTA-855-C (For WS23-1-REAR ENGINE)

INTAKE SYSTEM



- 1. Intake connector pipe
- 2. Precleaner
- 3. Air cleaner
- 4. Intake connector pipe
- 5. Turbocharger
- A. Intake

EXHAUST SYSTEM

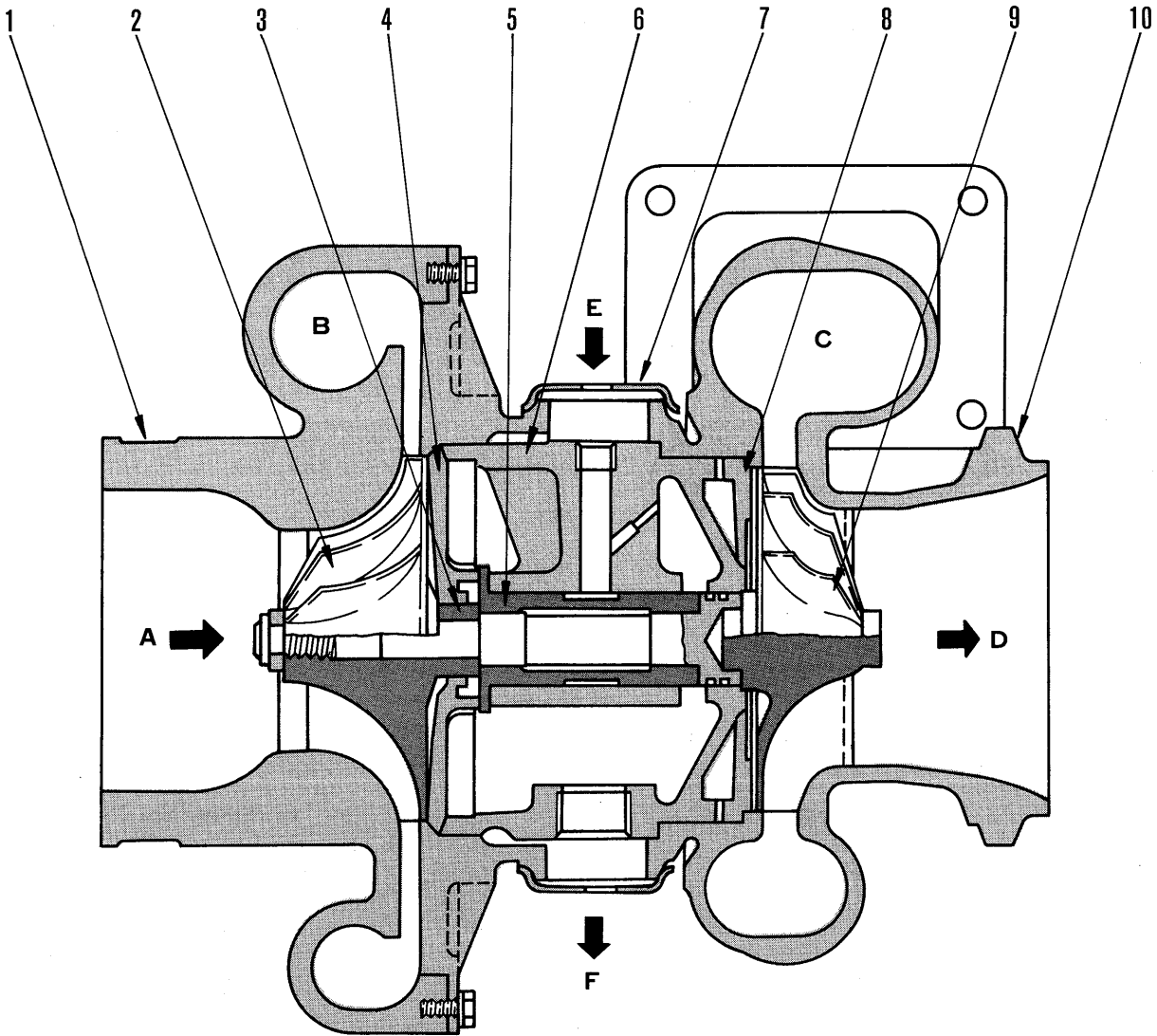


- 1. Exhaust pipe
- 2. Muffler
- 3. Turbocharger
- 4. Exhaust connector pipe
- B. Exhaust

TURBOCHARGER

WA 163-2

CUMMINS ST-50 (NT-855-C and NTA-855-C)



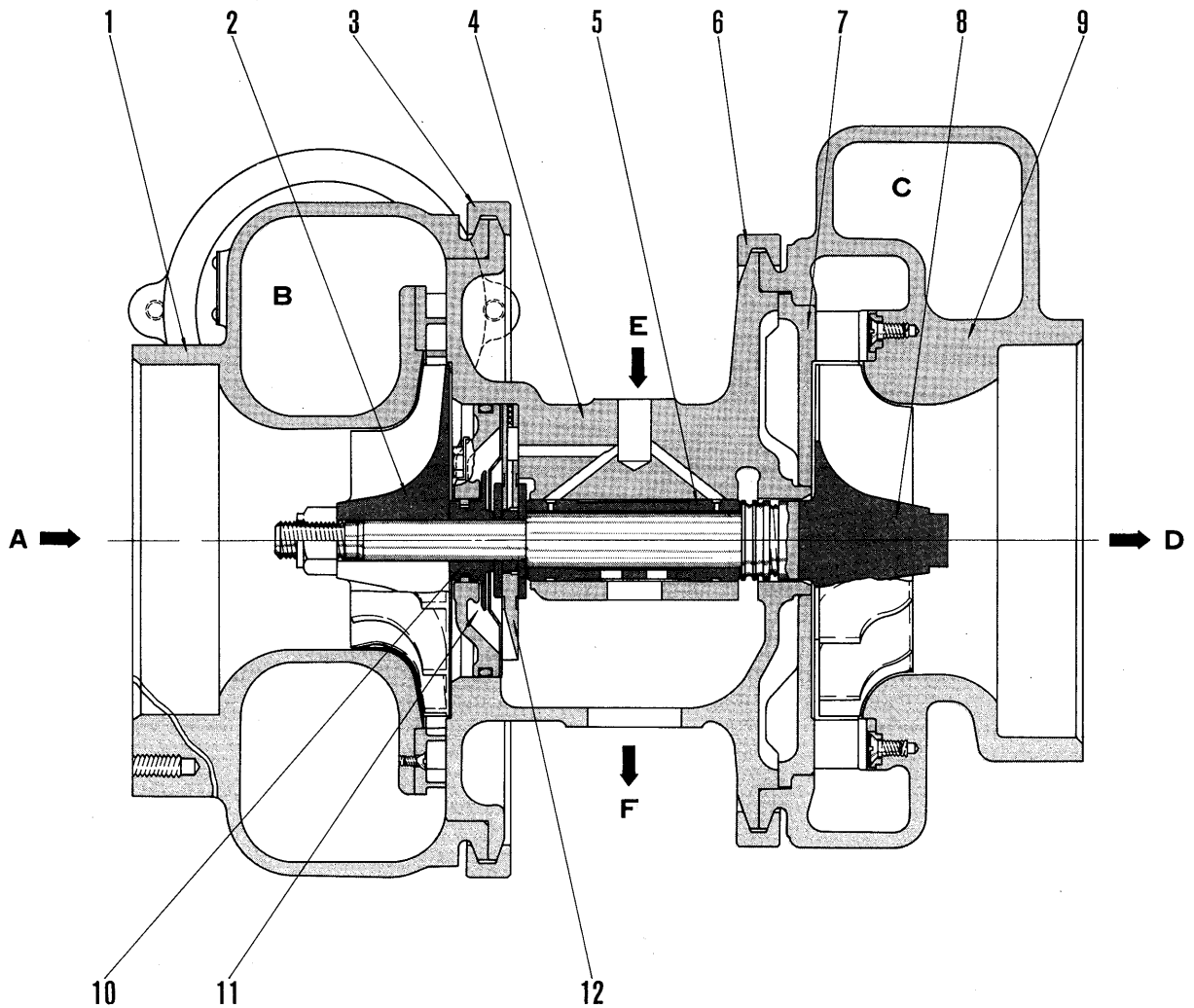
6710F059B

- | | |
|--------------------|---------------------------|
| 1. Blower housing | 9. Turbine impeller |
| 2. Blower impeller | 10. Turbine housing |
| 3. Sleeve | A. Air inlet |
| 4. Shield | B. Air outlet |
| 5. Journal bearing | C. Exhaust inlet |
| 6. Center housing | D. Exhaust outlet |
| 7. Clamp | E. Lubricating oil inlet |
| 8. Shield | F. Lubricating oil outlet |

Turbocharger specifications

Model:	Cummins ST-50
Length x Width x Height	334mm x 278mm x 308mm
Weight:	27.5kg
Continuous rotation:	70,000 rpm
Maximum charging	31.2kg/min.
Maximum temperature (At inlet)	705° C and below
Direction of rotation (viewed from blower):	Clockwise
Lubrication method:	Forced lubrication with engine oil

KOMATSU KTR-130 (NTA-855-C)



6710F058

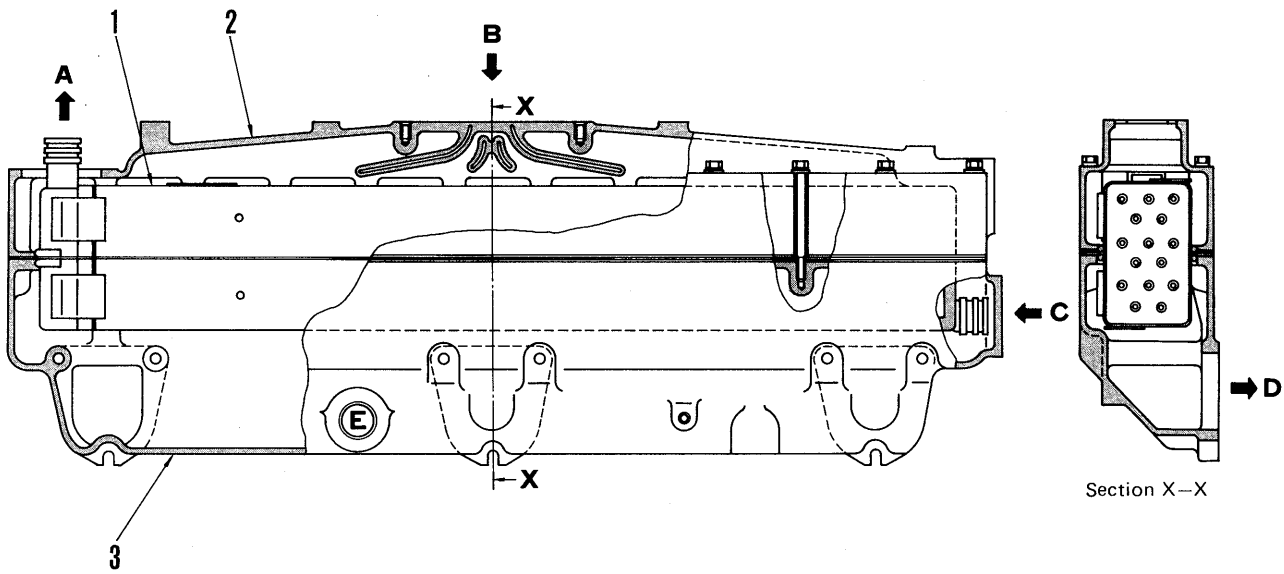
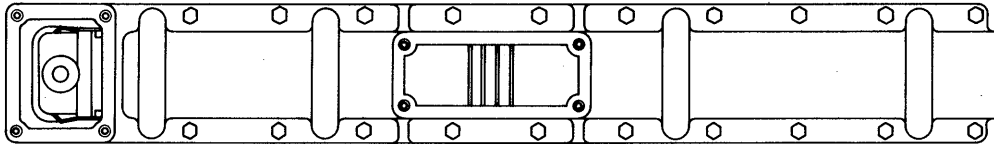
- | | |
|---------------------|---------------------|
| 1. Blower housing | 10. Slinger |
| 2. Blower impeller | 11. Insert |
| 3. Clamp | 12. Thrust bearing |
| 4. Bearing housing | A. Air inlet |
| 5. Journal bearing | B. Air outlet |
| 6. Clamp | C. Exhaust inlet |
| 7. Shield | D. Exhaust outlet |
| 8. Turbine impeller | E. From oil filter |
| 9. Turbine housing | F. To oil pan drain |

Turbocharger specifications

Model:	Komatsu KTR-130
Length x Width x Height	325mm x 295mm x 344mm
Weight:	30kg
Continuous rotation:	70,000rpm
Maximum charging	31.8kg/min.
Maximum temperature (At inlet)	750°C and below
Direction of rotation (viewed from blower):	Clockwise
Lubrication method:	Forced lubrication with engine oil

AFTER-COOLER

NTA-855-C



Section X-X

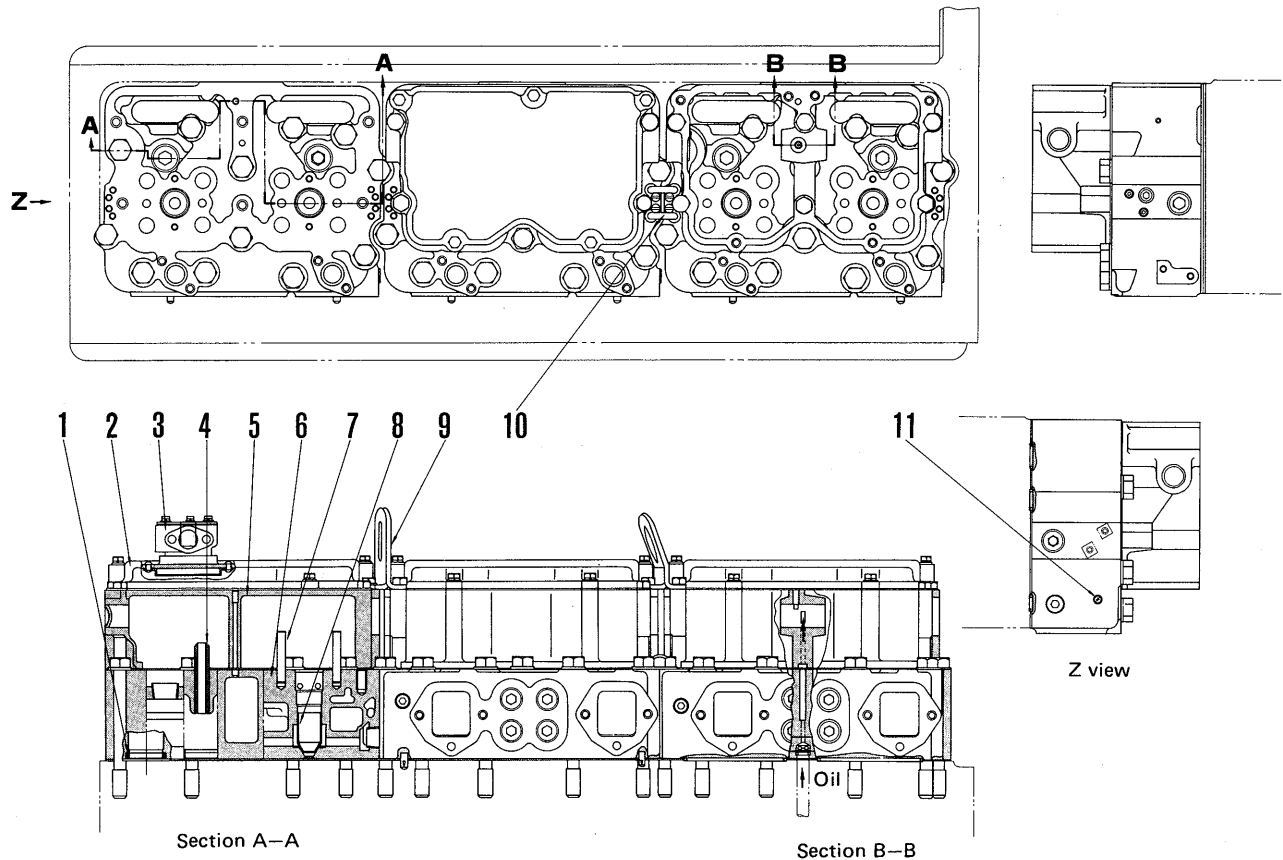
6710F060

- 1. Core
- 2. Cover
- 3. Housing

- A. Water outlet (To thermostat)
- B. Air intake (From turbocharger)
- C. Water intake (From cylinder block)
- D. Air outlet (To intake manifold)
- E. Compressor outlet

ENGINE BODY

CYLINDER HEAD



6710F061

1. Valve seat insert
2. Rocker arm housing cover
3. Crank case breather
4. Valve guide
5. Rocker arm housing
6. Cylinder head
7. Crosshead guide
8. Injector sleeve
9. Lifting bracket
10. Fuel cross tube
11. Fuse plug

CYLINDER HEAD

- Direct injection, 4-valve, injector type
- 1 cylinder head for 2 cylinder

VALVE SEAT INSERT

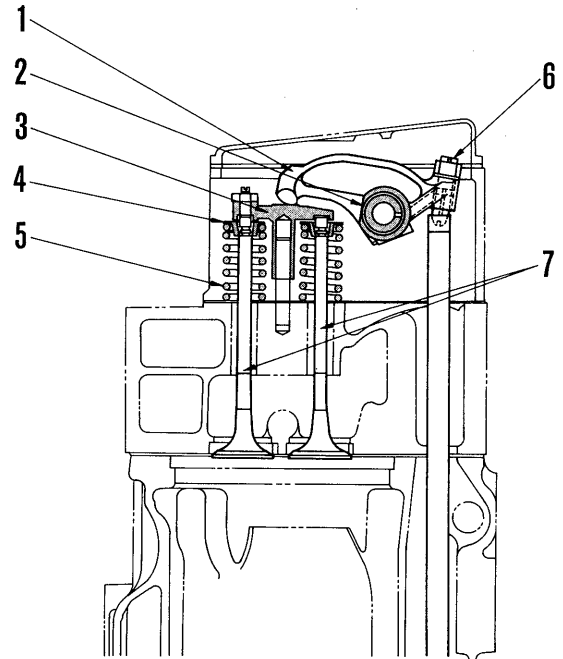
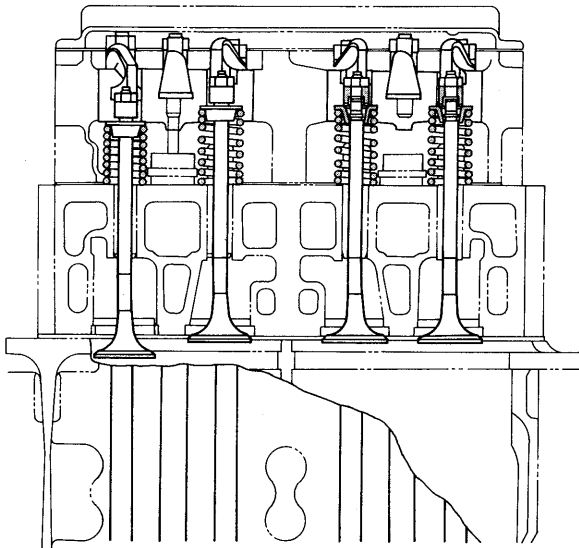
N-855-C:

Press-fitted insert for exhaust.

NT-855-C, NTA-855-C:

Press fitted insert for intake and exhaust.

VALVE SYSTEM



Intake valve

6710F062

- 1. Intake rocker arm
- 2. Rocker arm shaft
- 3. Crosshead
- 4. Valve guide
- 5. Valve spring
- 6. Rocker arm adjustment screw
- 7. Intake valve
- 8. Exhaust rocker arm
- 9. Crosshead adjustment screw
- 10. Exhaust valve

VALVE CLEARANCE

- Engine No. 26102754 – 26155791

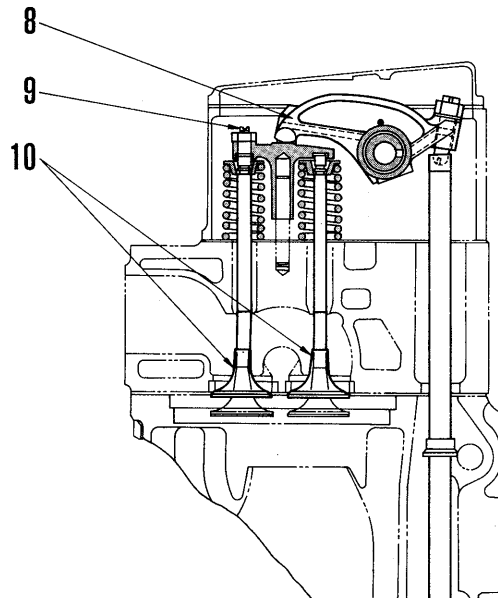
Unit: mm

	Intake valve	Exhaust valve
Cold (20°C)	0.41	0.74
Warm (60°C)	0.36	0.69

- Engine No. 26155792 and up

Unit: mm

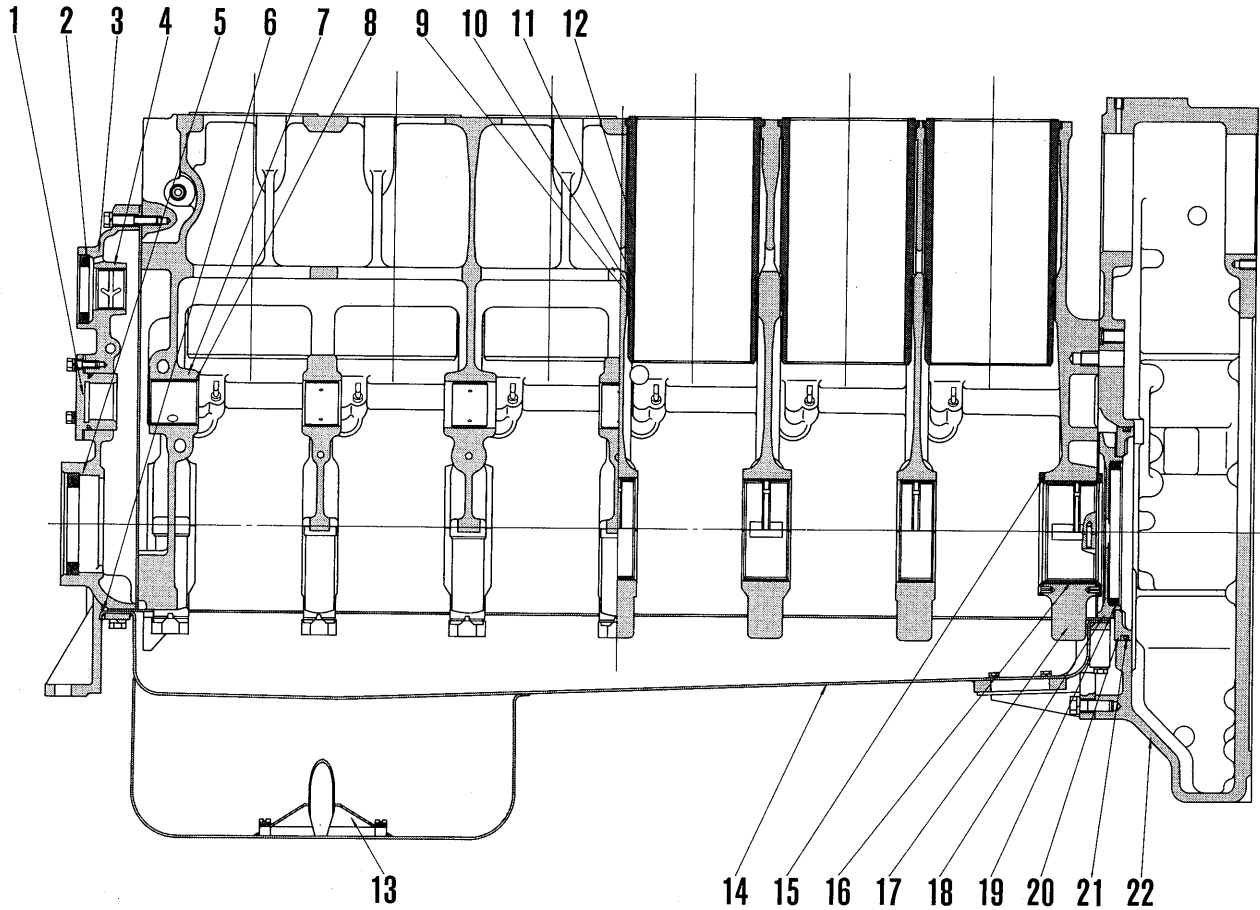
	Intake valve	Exhaust valve
Cold (20°C)	0.36	0.69
Warm (60°C)	0.36	0.69



Exhaust valve

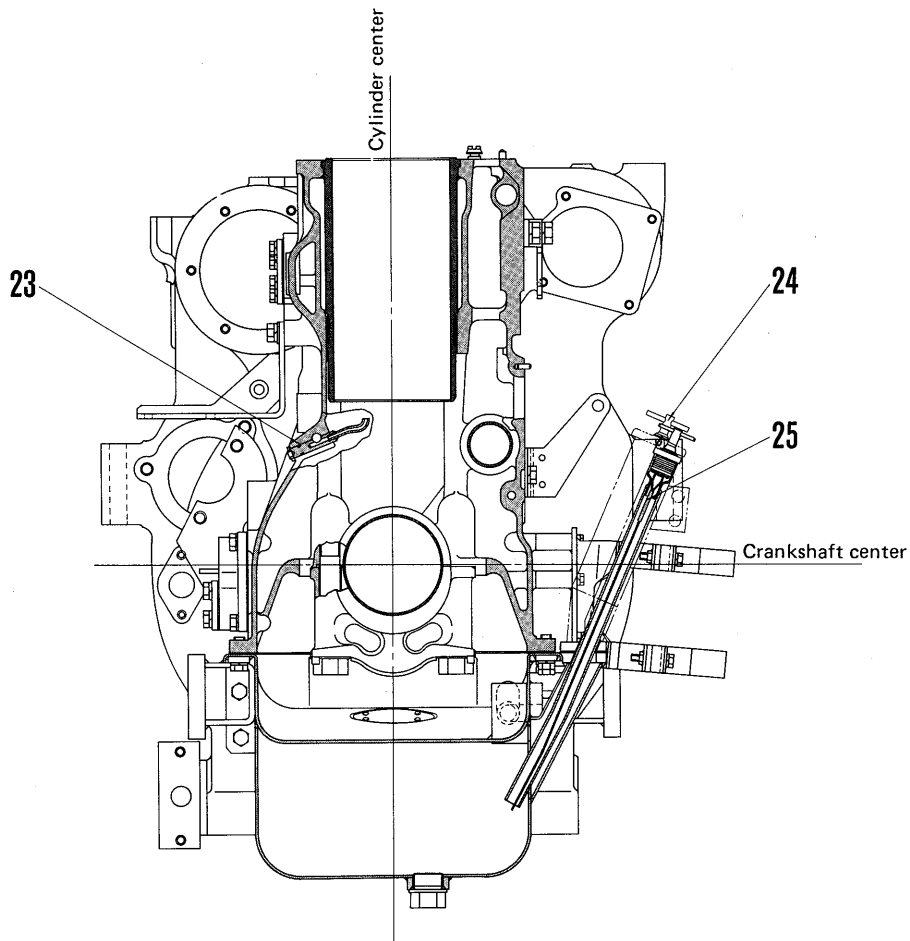
6710F063

CYLINDER BLOCK



6710F064A

- | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|
| 1. Camshaft support | 11. Liner clevis seal |
| 2. Accessory drive seal | 12. Cylinder liner |
| 3. Gear case | 13. Oil strainer |
| 4. Accessory drive gear | 14. Oil pan |
| 5. Front oil seal | 15. Thrust bearing |
| 6. Front support | 16. Main bearing |
| 7. Cylinder block | 17. Main bearing cap |
| 8. Camshaft bushing | 18. Rear cover |
| 9. Liner O-ring (Silicon rubber) | 19. Rear oil seal |
| 10. Liner O-ring (Nitrile rubber) | 20. Oil seal retainer |



6710F065

- 21. Retainer O-ring
- 22. Flywheel housing
- 23. Piston cooling nozzle
- 24. Oil filler
- 25. Oil level gauge

Cylinder liner

Wet liner

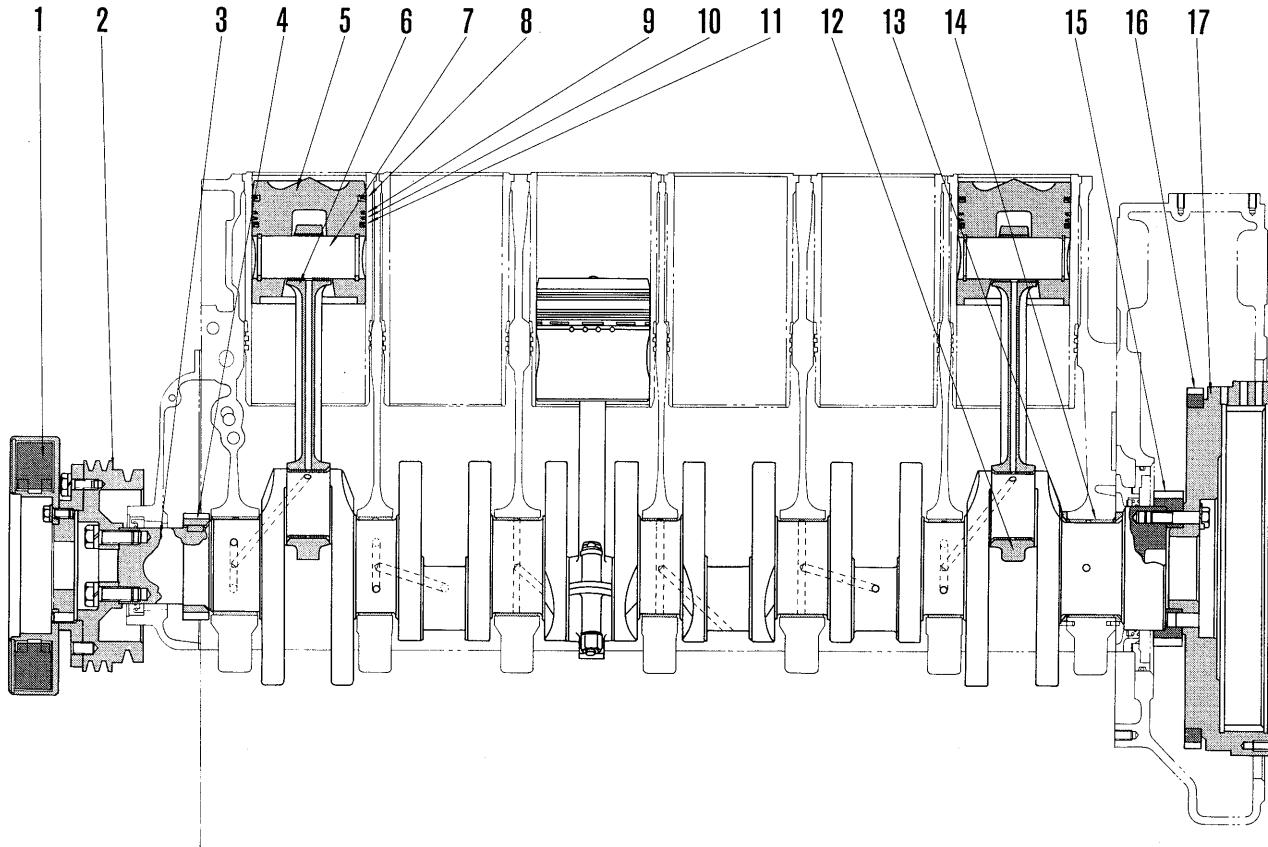
Clevis seal, O-ring x 2

Cylinder block

Crankshaft: 7 bearings

Camshaft: 7 bearings

MAIN CIRCULATION SYSTEM



6710F066A

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1. Vibration damper | 11. Oil ring |
| 2. Crankshaft pulley | 12. Connecting rod cap |
| 3. Crankshaft | 13. Thrust bearing |
| 4. Crankshaft gear
(No. of teeth: 36) | 14. Main bearing cap |
| 5. Piston | 15. PTO drive gear
(No. of teeth:
D80, 85-18: 44
D95S-2: 49) |
| 6. Connecting rod | 16. Ring gear
(No. of teeth: 138) |
| 7. Piston pin | 17. Flywheel |
| 8. Top ring | |
| 9. Second ring | |
| 10. Third ring | |

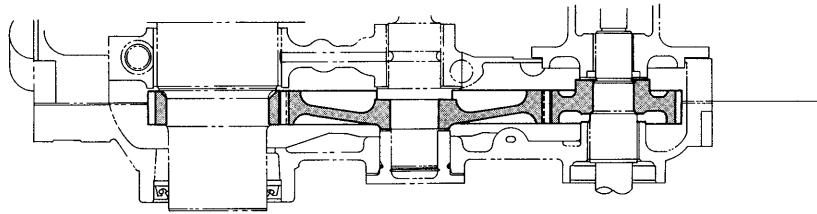
CRANKSHAFT

- Journal and fillet portion:
Induction hardening

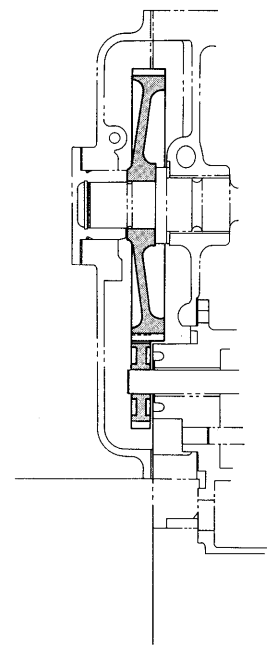
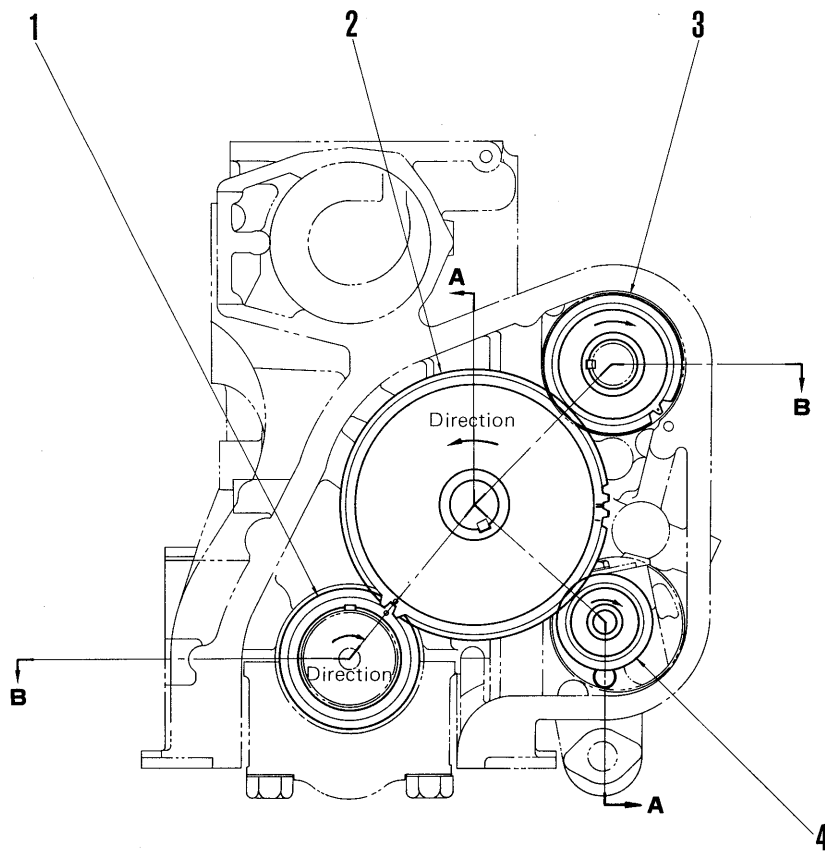
PISTON RING

- N-855-C, NT-855-C: 4 rings
- NTA-855-C
Engine No. 26102754 – 26134153:
5 rings
Engine No. 26134154 and up: 4 rings

TIMING GEAR



Section B-B

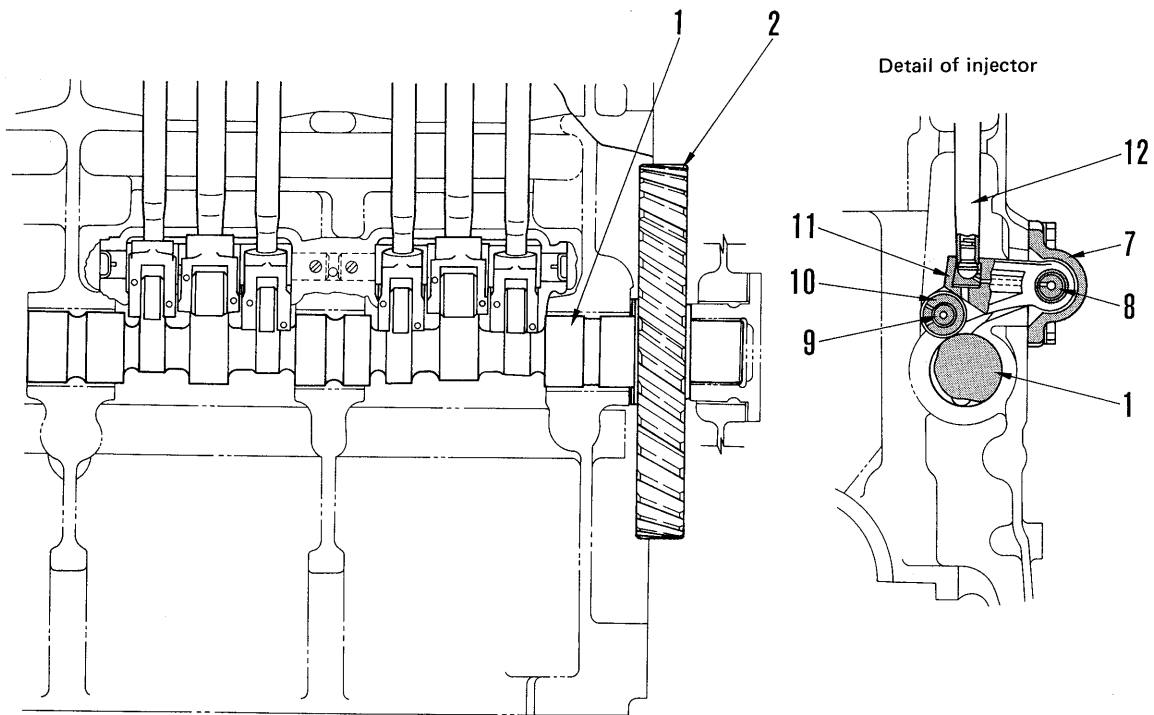


Section A-A

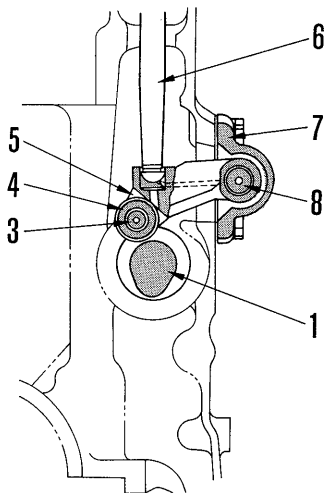
6710F067

1. Crankshaft (Number of teeth 36)
2. Camshaft gear (Number of teeth 72)
3. Accessory drive gear (Number of teeth 36)
4. Oil pump drive gear (Number of teeth 24)

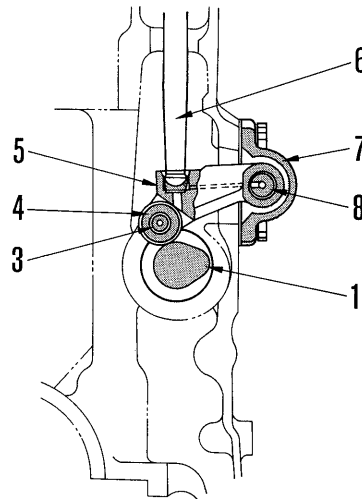
CAMSHAFT, CAM FOLLOWER AND PUSH ROD



Detail of intake side



Detail of exhaust side



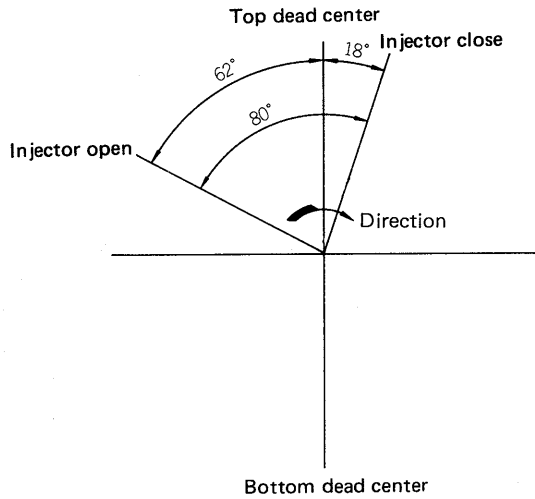
6710F068A

- | | |
|--|-------------------------------|
| 1. Camshaft | 7. Cam follower housing |
| 2. Camshaft gear
(No. of teeth: 72) | 8. Lever shaft |
| 3. Roller pin (For valve) | 9. Roller pin (For injector) |
| 4. Cam roller (For valve) | 10. Cam roller (For injector) |
| 5. Lever (For valve) | 11. Lever (For injector) |
| 6. Push rod (For valve) | 12. Push rod (For injector) |

CAMSHAFT

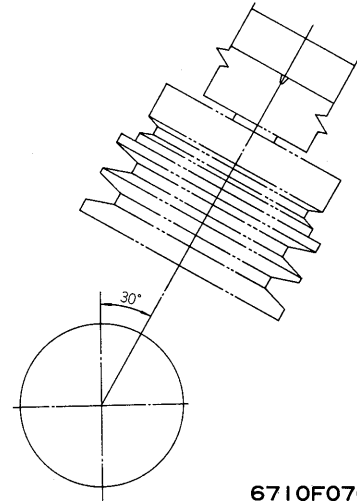
- Cam and journal portion:
Induction hardening

INJECTION TIMING



6710F069A

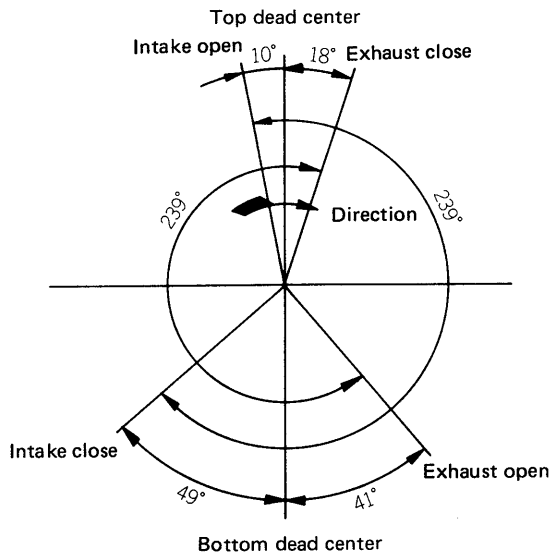
Injector, valve clearance point position
(Shows 1.6 cylinder)



6710F070

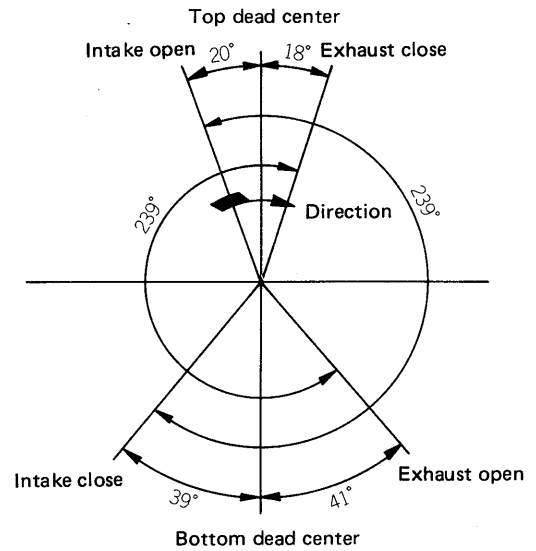
VALVE TIMING

N-855-C



6710F072A

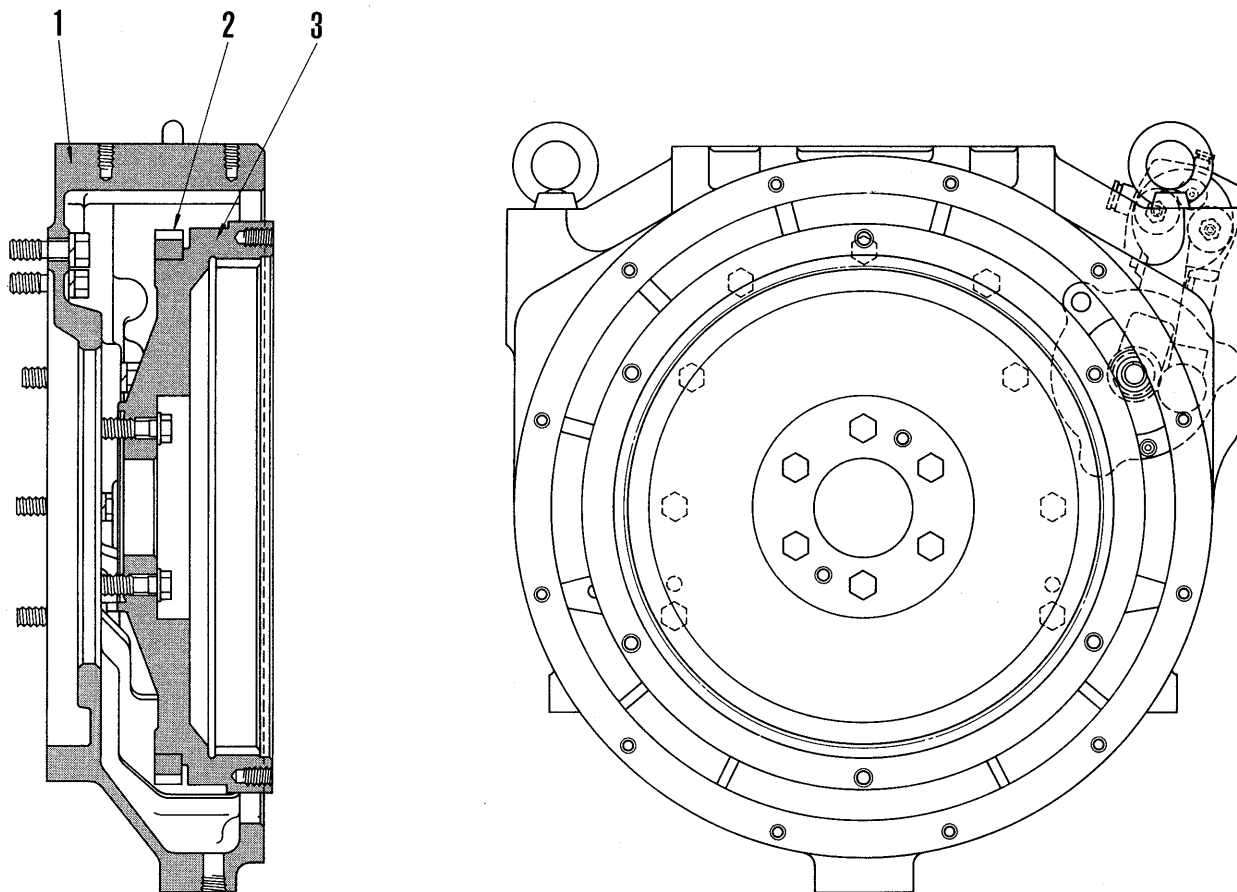
NT-855-C, NTA-855-C



6710F071A

FLYWHEEL AND FLYWHEEL HOUSING

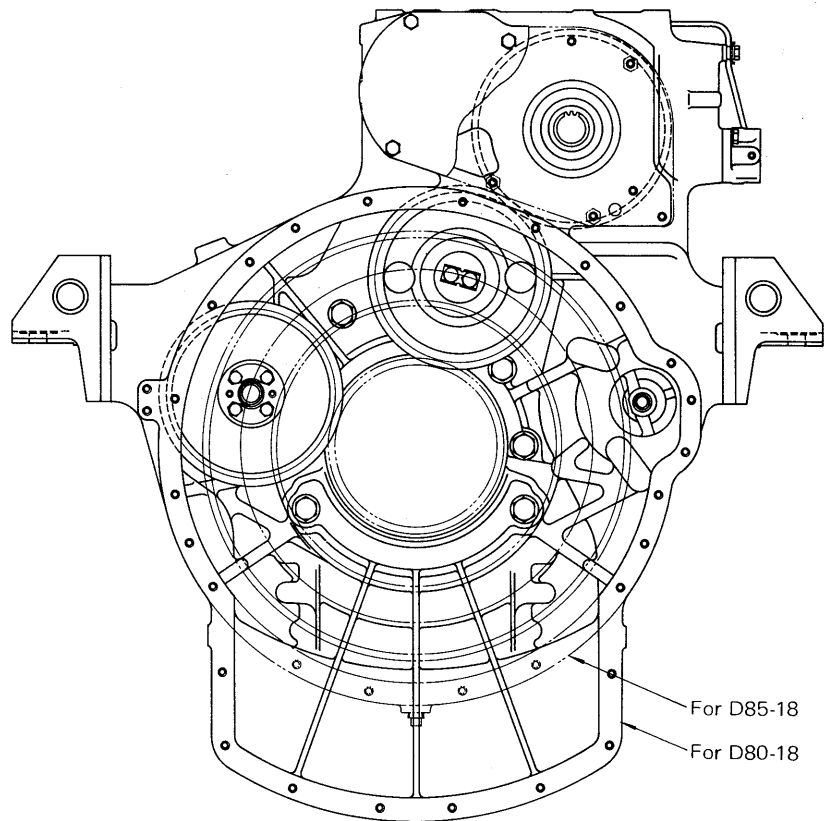
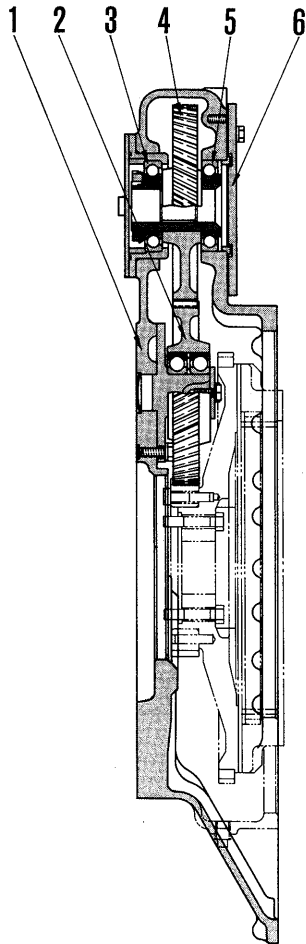
N-855-C (For PC300-1, 2 and PC300LC-1, 2)



6710F072-1

1. Flywheel housing
2. Ring gear (No. of teeth: 138)
3. Flywheel

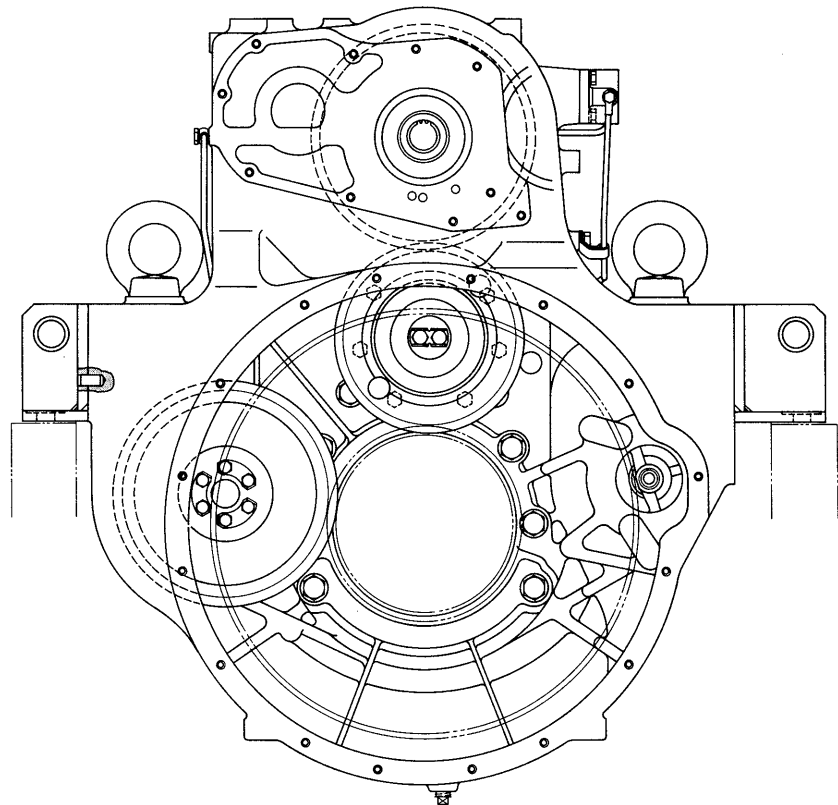
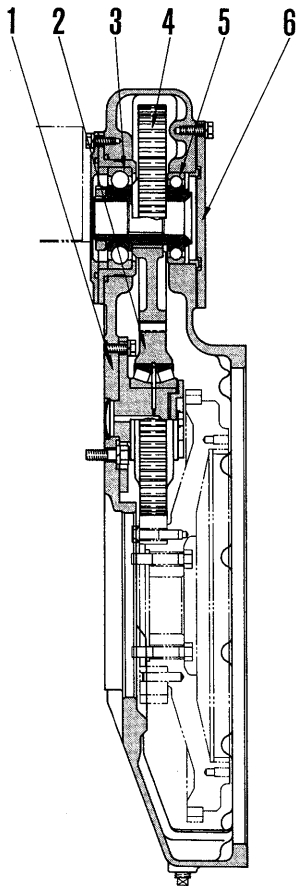
NT-855-C (For D80·85-18)



6710F073

- 1. Flywheel housing
- 2. Idler gear (Number of teeth 51)
- 3. Ball bearing
- 4. P.T.O. gear (Number of teeth: 56)
- 5. Ball bearing
- 6. P.T.O. cover

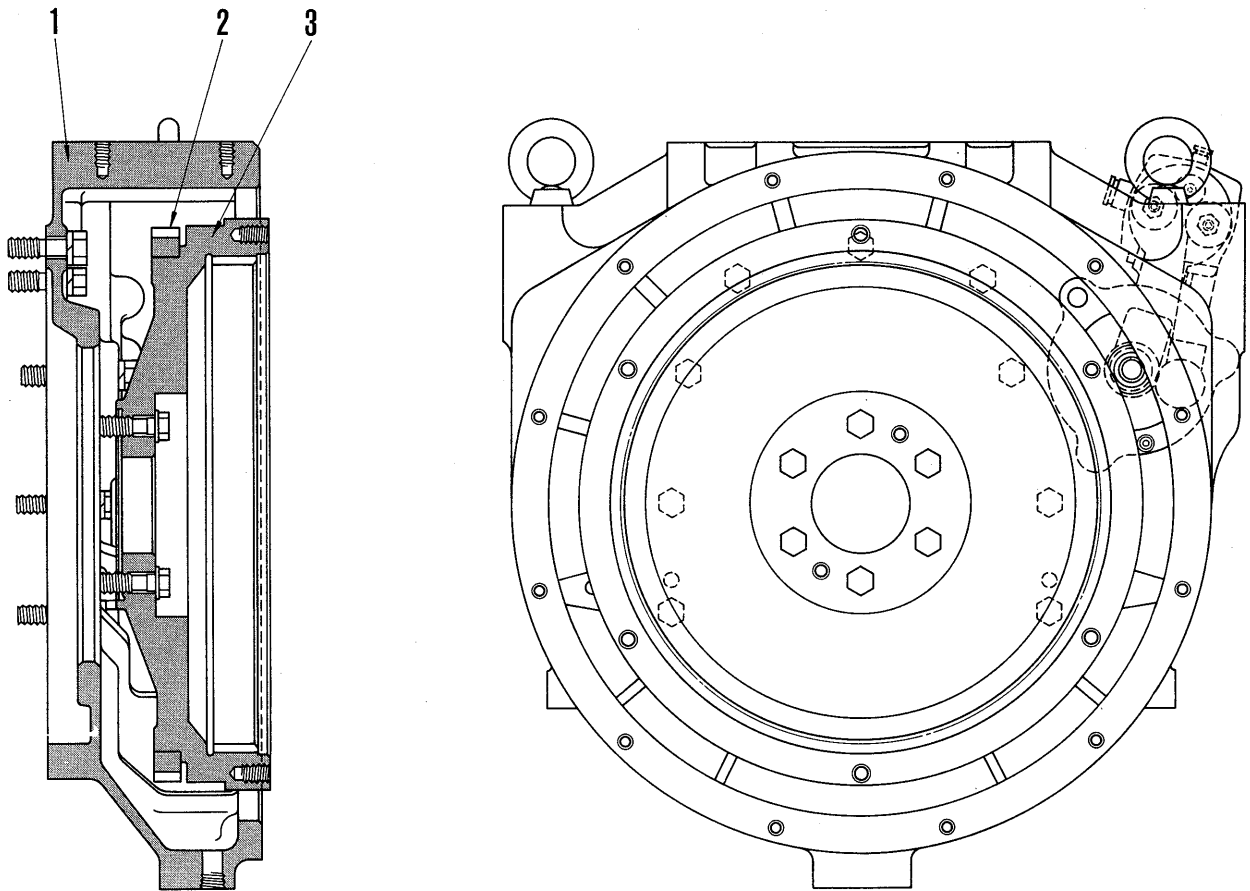
NT-855-C (For D95S-2)



6710F074

1. Flywheel housing
2. Idle gear (Number of teeth 43)
3. Ball bearing
4. P.T.O. gear (Number of teeth: 51)
5. Ball bearing
6. P.T.O. cover

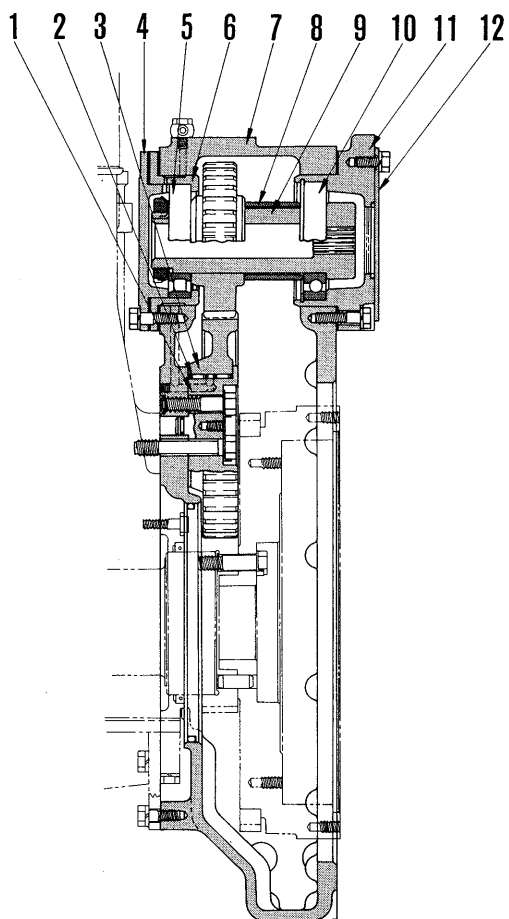
NT-855-C (For PC400-1, PC400LC-1, W170-2, W180-1)



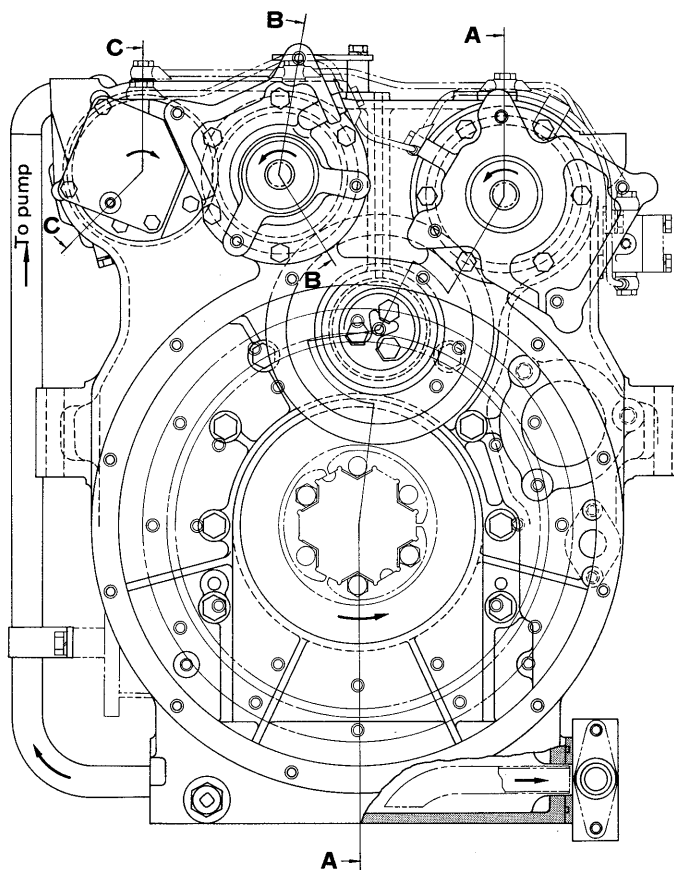
6710F072-1

- 1. Flywheel housing
- 2. Ring gear (No. of teeth: 138)
- 3. Flywheel

NTA-855-C (For HD320-2 Engine No. 26102754 – 26155098)

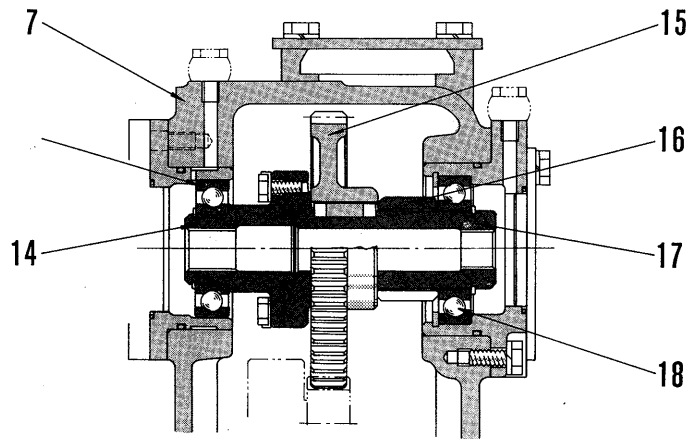


Section A-A



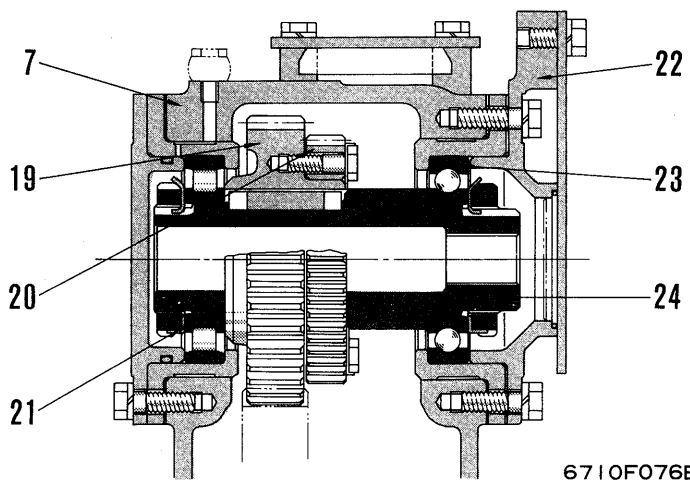
6710F075A

- | | |
|---|------------------------------|
| 1. P.T.O. idler gear shaft | 7. Flywheel housing |
| 2. Needle bearing | 8. Spacer |
| 3. P.T.O. idler gear (Number of teeth 52) | 9. Steering pump drive shaft |
| 4. Bearing case cover | 10. Ball bearing |
| 5. Roller bearing | 11. Bearing case |
| 6. Bearing case | 12. Bearing case cover |



- 13. Ball bearing
- 14. Scavenging pump drive shaft
- 15. Scavenging pump drive gear (Number of teeth 51)
- 16. Spacer
- 17. Scavenging pump drive shaft
- 18. Ball bearing

Section C-C (Scavenging pump drive system)

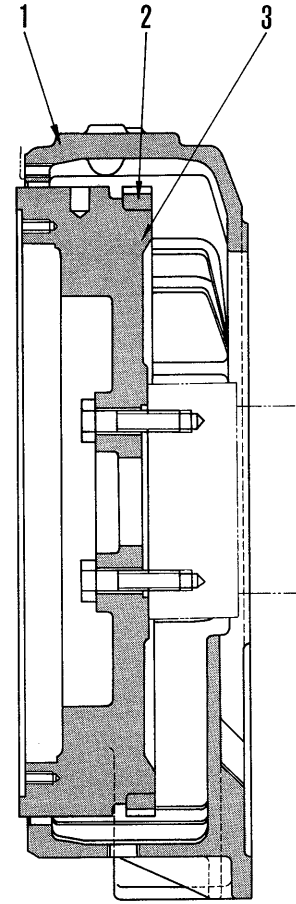
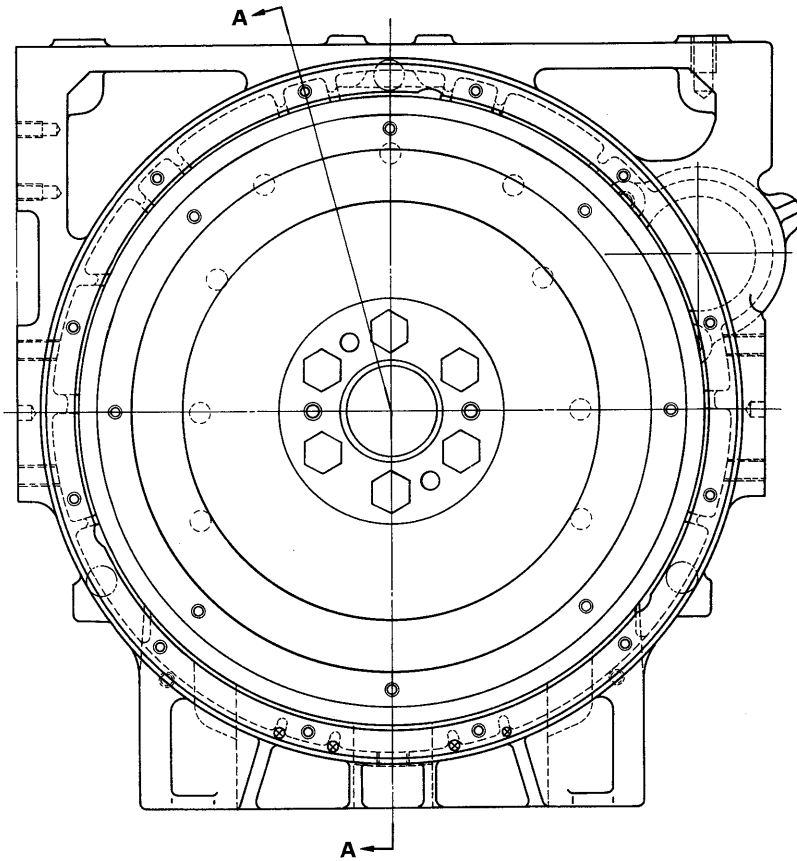


- 19. Hydraulic pump drive gear (Number of teeth 35)
- 20. Scavenging pump driven gear (Number of teeth 46)
- 21. Roller bearing
- 22. Bearing case cover
- 23. Ball bearing
- 24. Hydraulic pump drive shaft

6710F076B

Section B-B (Hydraulic pump drive system)

NTA-855-C (For HD320-2 Engine No. 26155099 and up)
(For WS16S-2 and WS23-1)



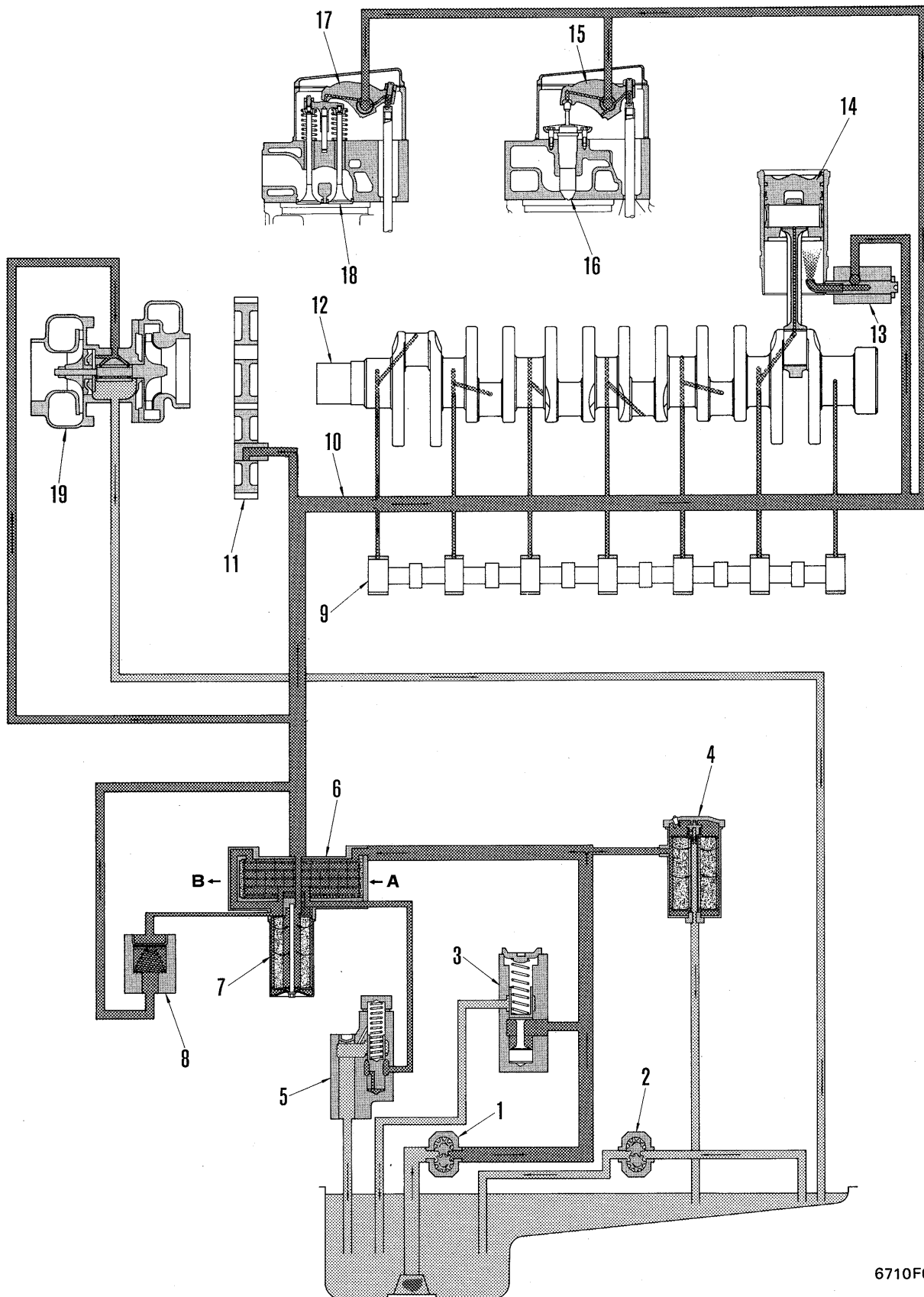
Section A-A

6710F115A

1. Flywheel housing
2. Ring gear (No. of teeth: 118)
3. Flywheel

LUBRICATION SYSTEM

LUBRICATION SYSTEM CHART



6710F077A

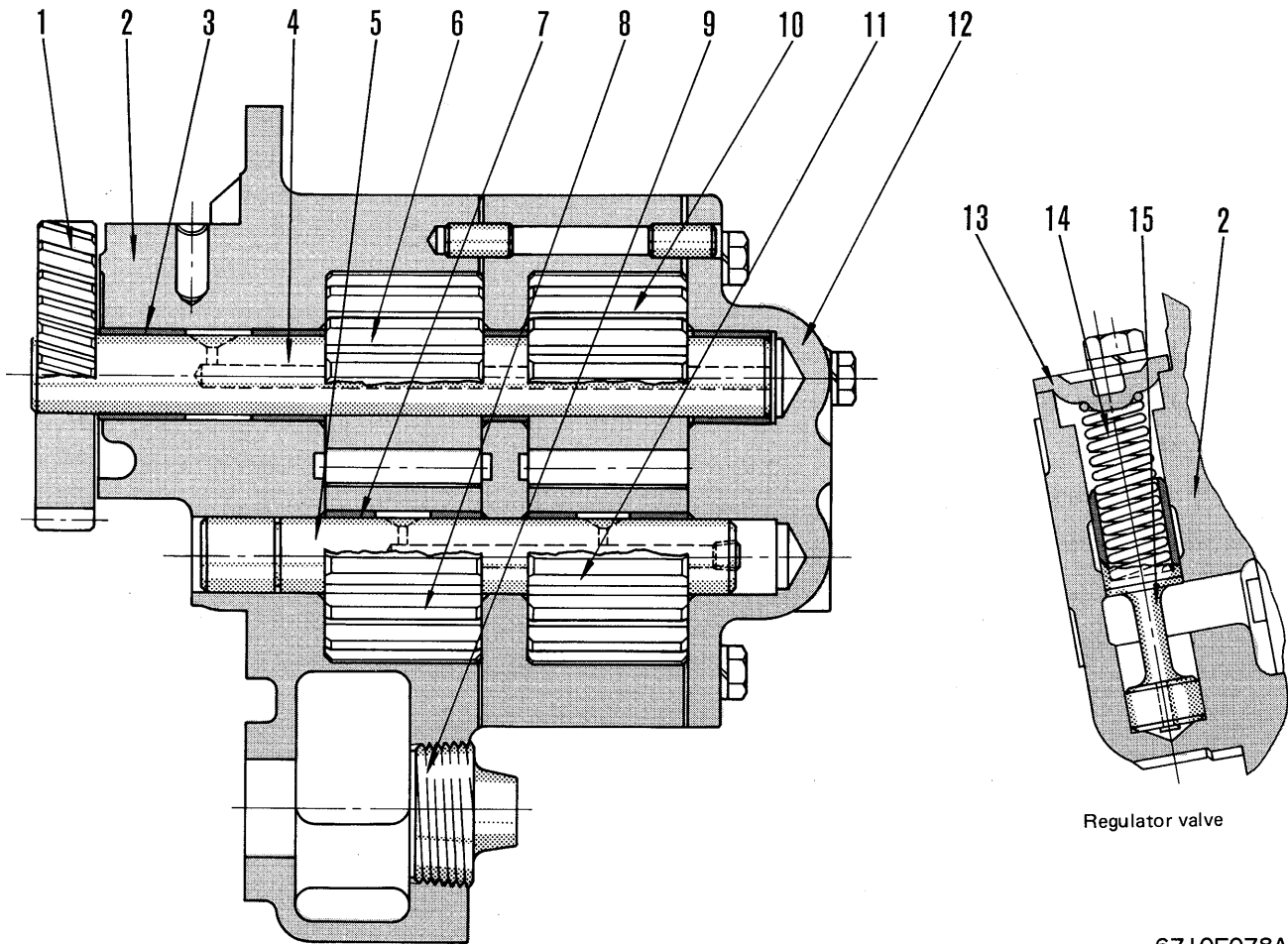
1. Oil pump
 2. P.T.O. scavenging pump
 3. By-pass valve ($9.15 \pm 0.25 \text{ kg/cm}^2$)
 4. By-pass filter
 5. Regulator valve ($4.4 \pm 0.4 \text{ kg/cm}^2$)
 6. Oil cooler
 7. Oil filter
 8. Oil filter safety valve ($3.15 \pm 0.35 \text{ kg/cm}^2$)
 9. Camshaft
 10. Main oil gallery
 11. Timing gear
 12. Crankshaft
 13. Piston cooling nozzle
 14. Piston
 15. Rocker arm (For injector)
 16. Injector
 17. Rocker arm (For intake and exhaust valve)
 18. Intake and exhaust valve
 19. Turbocharger
-
- A. From water pump
 - B. To water manifold

OIL PUMP

WITH SCAVENGING PUMP

NT-855-C (For D80, 85-18, D95S-2)

NTA-855-C (For HD320 Engine No. 26102754 – 26136175 and 26136178 – 26138576)



Regulator valve

6710F078A

- | | |
|--|--|
| 1. Pump drive gear
(No. of teeth: 27) | 9. Plug |
| 2. Pump body | 10. Scavenging pump drive gear
(No. of teeth: 9) |
| 3. Bushing | 11. Scavenging pump driven gear
(No. of teeth: 9) |
| 4. Drive shaft | 12. Pump cover |
| 5. Driven shaft | 13. Valve retainer |
| 6. Oil pump drive gear
(No. of teeth: 9) | 14. Valve spring |
| 7. Bushing | 15. Regulator valve spool |
| 8. Oil pump driven gear
(No. of teeth: 9) | |

OIL PUMP

- Type: Gear pump
- Pump speed: Engine speed x 1.333

REGULATOR VALVE

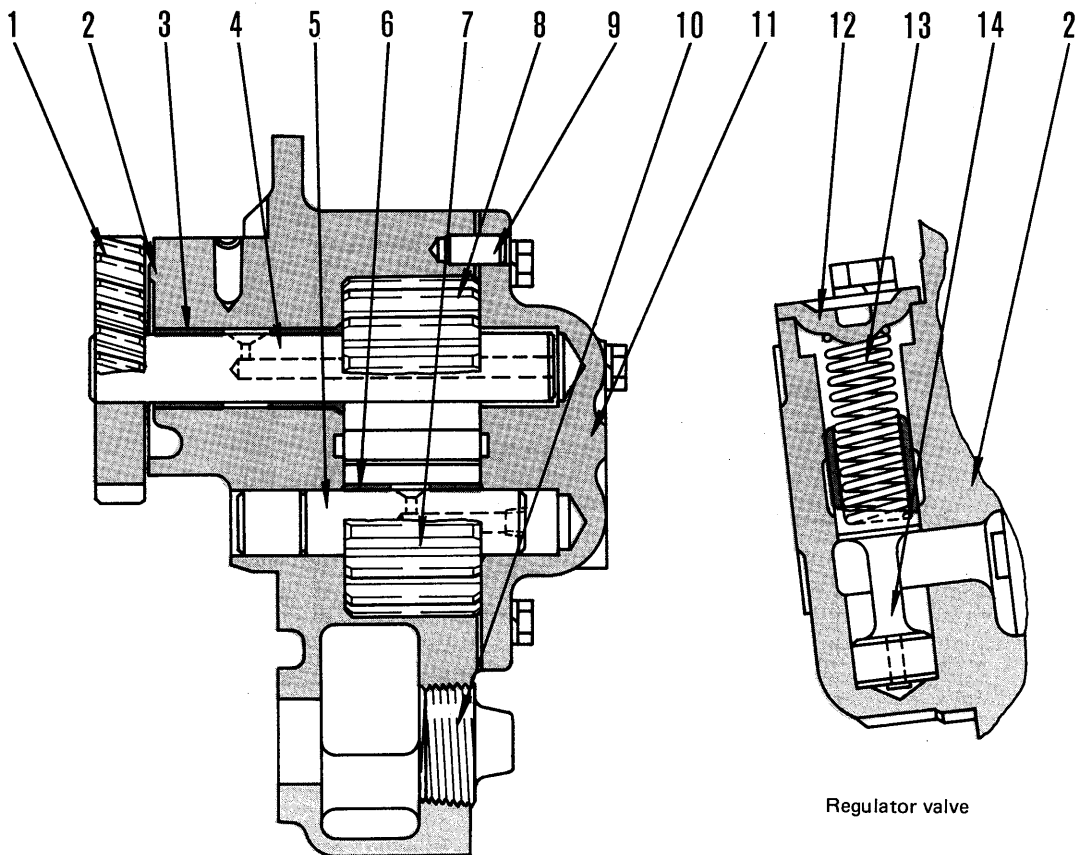
- Set pressure: $4.4 \pm 0.4 \text{ kg/cm}^2$

WITHOUT SCAVENGING PUMP

N-855-C

NT-855-C (For PC400-1, PC400LC-1, W170-2, W180-1)

NTA-855-C (For HD320 Engine No. 26136176, 26136177 and 26138577 and up)
(For WS16S-2, WS23-1)



Regulator valve

6710F079

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1. Pump drive gear
(No. of teeth: 27) | 8. Oil pump drive gear
(No. of teeth: 9) |
| 2. Pump body | 9. Dowel pin |
| 3. Bushing | 10. Plug |
| 4. Drive shaft | 11. Cover |
| 5. Driven shaft | 12. Valve retainer |
| 6. Bushing | 13. Valve spring |
| 7. Oil pump driven gear
(No. of teeth: 9) | 14. Regulator valve spring |

OIL PUMP

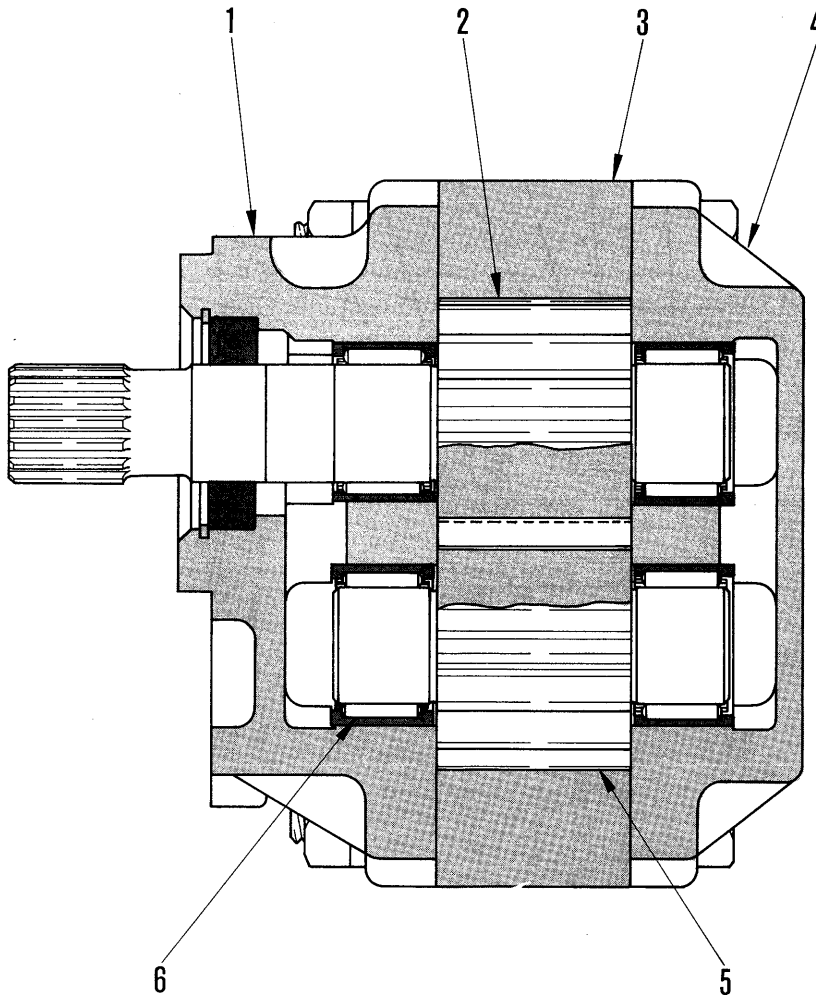
- Type: Gear pump
- Pump speed: Engine speed x 1.333

REGULATOR VALVE

- Set pressure: $4.4 \pm 0.4 \text{ kg/cm}^2$

PTO SCAVENGING PUMP

NTA-855-C (For HD320 Engine No. 26102754 – 26155098)



6710F080

1. Front housing
2. Drive gear
(No. of teeth: 15)
3. Gear housing
4. Rear housing
5. Driven gear
(No. of teeth: 15)
6. Needle bearing

Specifications

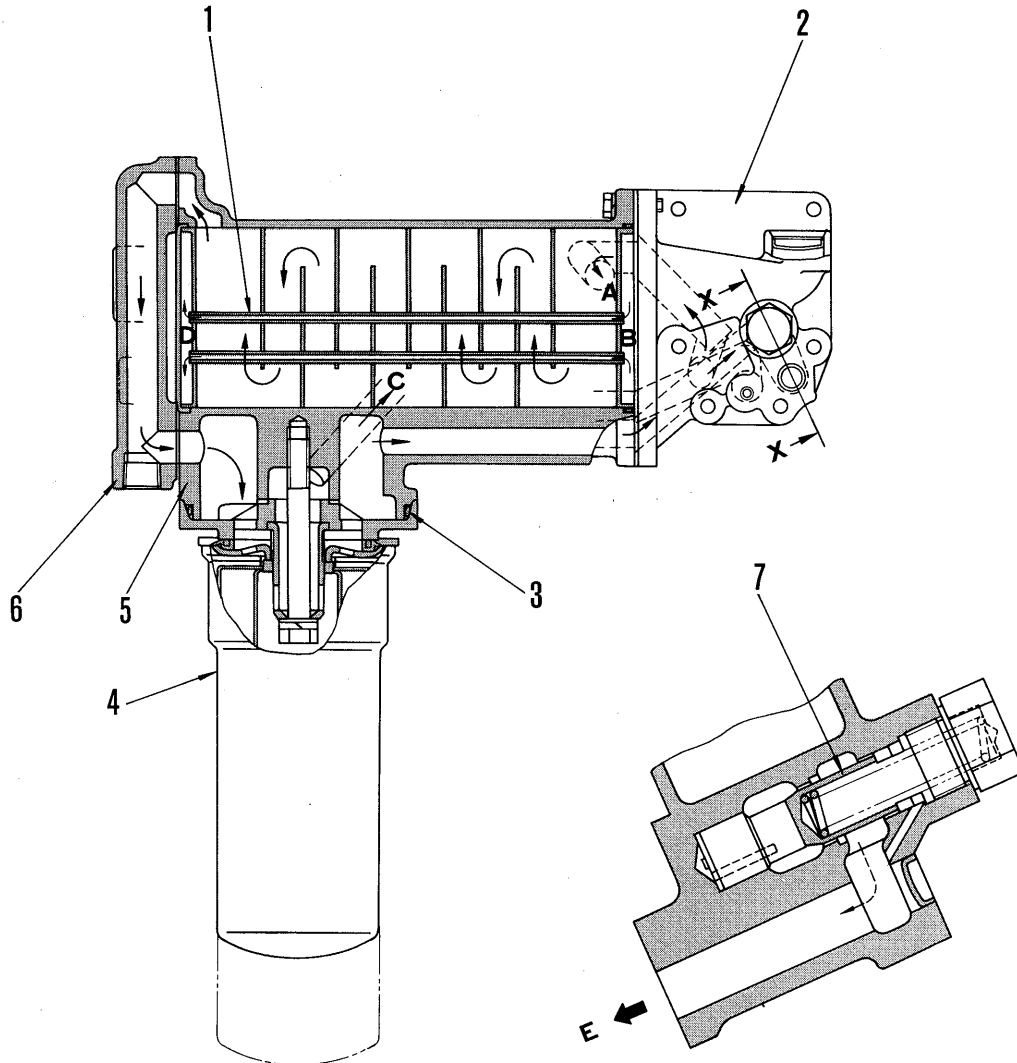
- Model: FAR032
- Max. revolution: 2,300 rpm
- Max. pressure: 30 kg/cm²

OIL FILTER AND OIL COOLER

OIL FILTER BUILD IN OIL COOLER

NT-855-C (D80, 85-18, D95S-2)

NTA-855-C (WS16S-2, WS23-1)



Section X-X

6710F081A

- | | |
|-----------------------|------------------------------|
| 1. Cooler element | A. From oil pump (oil) |
| 2. Oil cooler cover | B. From water pump (water) |
| 3. Seal ring | C. To main gallery (oil) |
| 4. Oil filter | D. To water manifold (water) |
| 5. Oil cooler housing | E. To oil pan |
| 6. Oil cooler cover | |
| 7. Regulator valve | |

OIL FILTER

- Filtration area: 0.84 m²

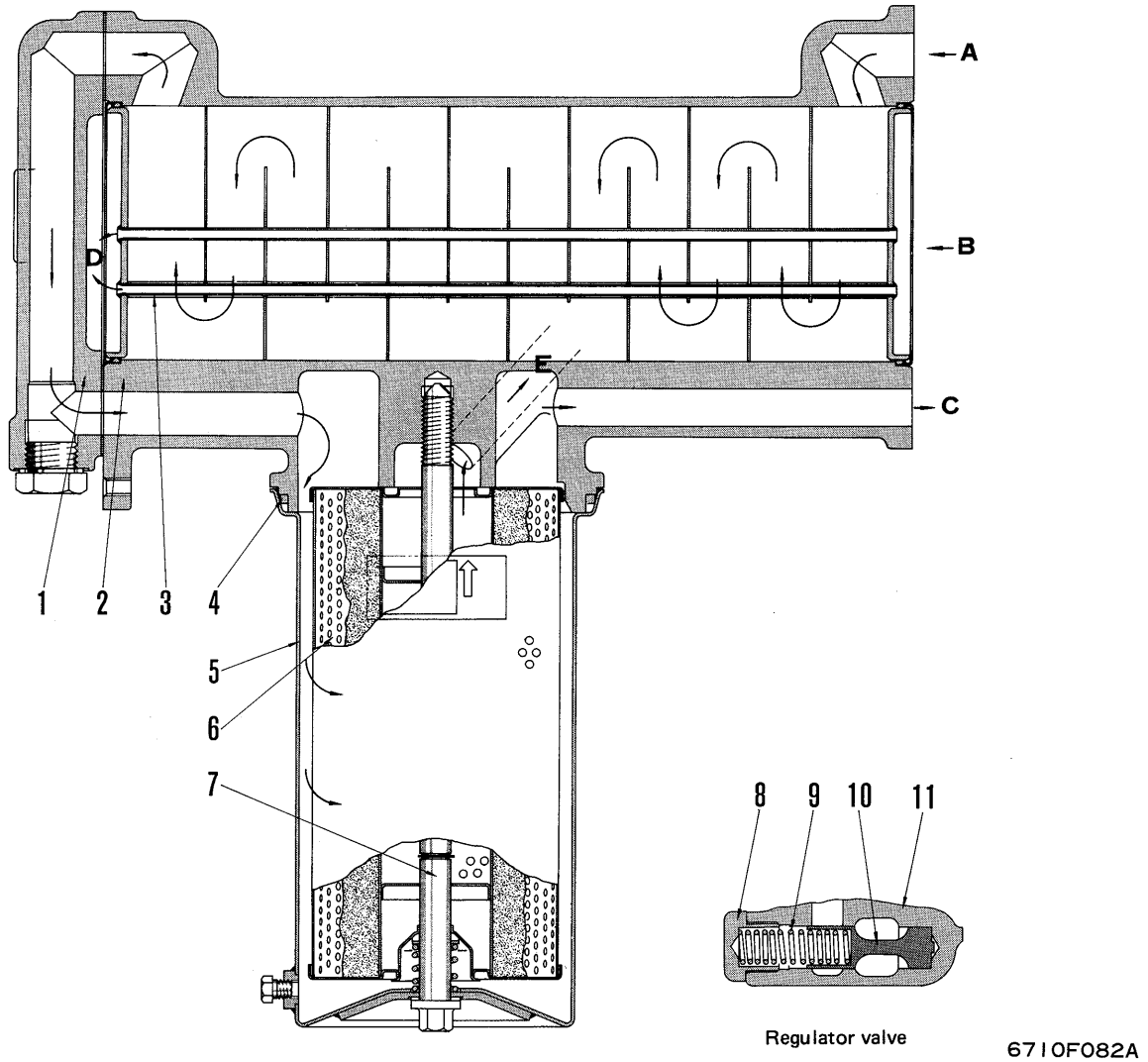
OIL COOLER

- Effective area: 1.058 m²

REGULATOR VALVE

- Set pressure: 4.4 ± 0.4 kg/cm²

NTA-855-C (HD320 Engine No. 26102754 – 26155098)



- 1. Cooler cover
- 2. Cooler housing
- 3. Cooler element
- 4. Seal ring
- 5. Filter case
- 6. Filter element
- 7. Center bolt
- 8. Cap
- 9. Valve spring
- 10. Regulator valve
- 11. Water pump inlet housing

- A. From oil pump (oil)
- B. From water pump (water)
- C. To regulator valve (oil)
- D. To water manifold (water)
- E. To main gallery (oil)

OIL FILTER

- Filtration area: 0.84 m²

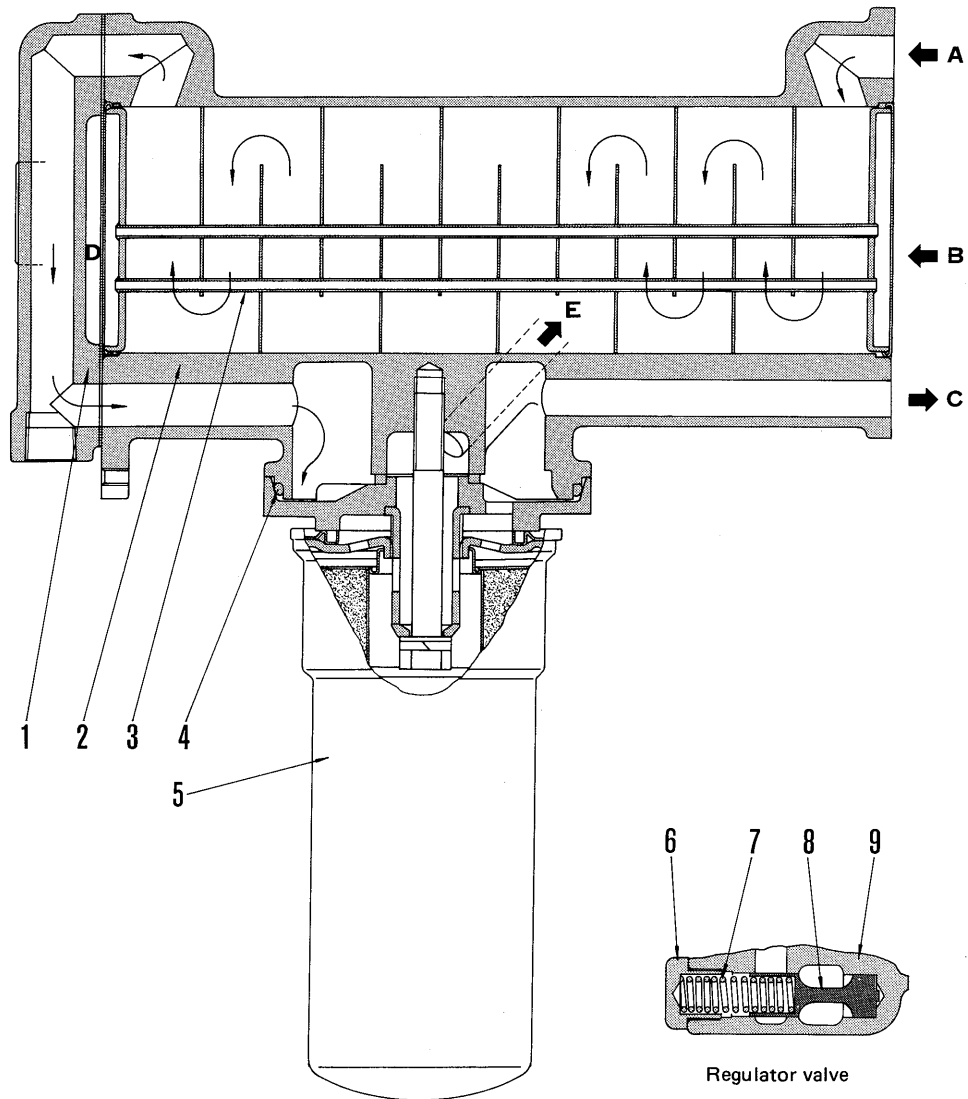
OIL COOLER

- Effective area: 1.37 m²

REGULATOR VALVE

- Set pressure: 4.4 ± 0.4 kg/cm²

NTA-855-C (HD320 Engine No. 26155099 and up)



- 1. Cooler cover
- 2. Cooler housing
- 3. Cooler element
- 4. Seal ring
- 5. Oil filter
- 6. Cap
- 7. Valve spring
- 8. Regulator valve
- 9. Water pump inlet housing

- A. From oil pump (oil)
- B. From water pump (water)
- C. To regulator valve (oil)
- D. To water manifold (water)
- E. To main gallery (oil)

OIL FILTER

- Filtration area: 0.84 m²

OIL COOLER

- Effective area: 1.37 m²

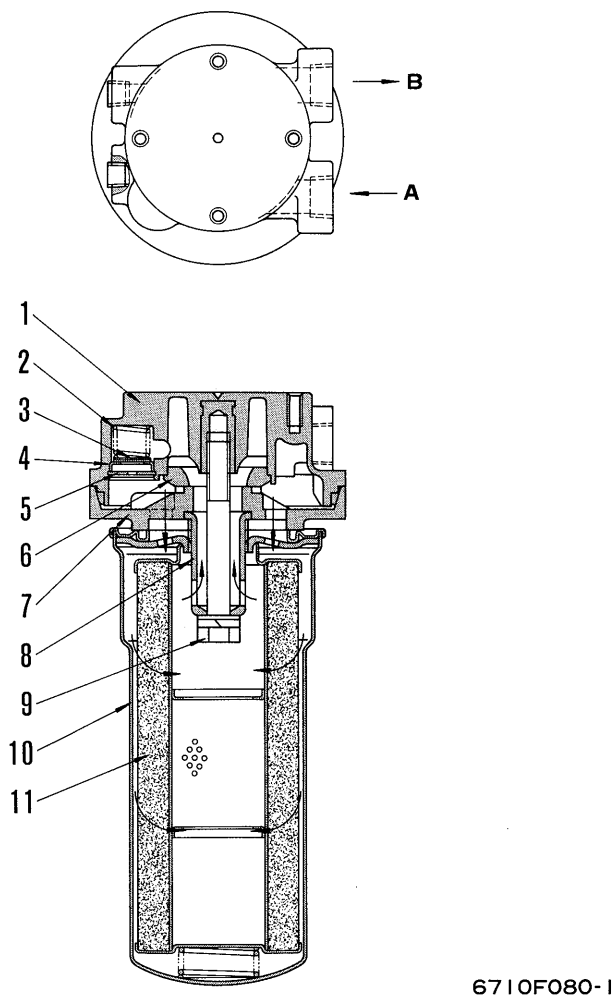
REGULATOR VALVE

- Set pressure: 4.4 ± 0.4 kg/cm²

6710F083A

FULL-FLOW FILTER

N-855-C
 NT-855-C (For PC400-1, PC400LC-1, W170-2, W180-1)



6710F080-1

- 1. Head bracket
- 2. Valve spring
- 3. Safety valve
- 4. Valve seat
- 5. Ring
- 6. Adapter
- 7. Adapter
- 8. Insert
- 9. Center bolt
- 10. Cartridge
- 11. Element

- A. Fuel inlet
- B. Fuel outlet

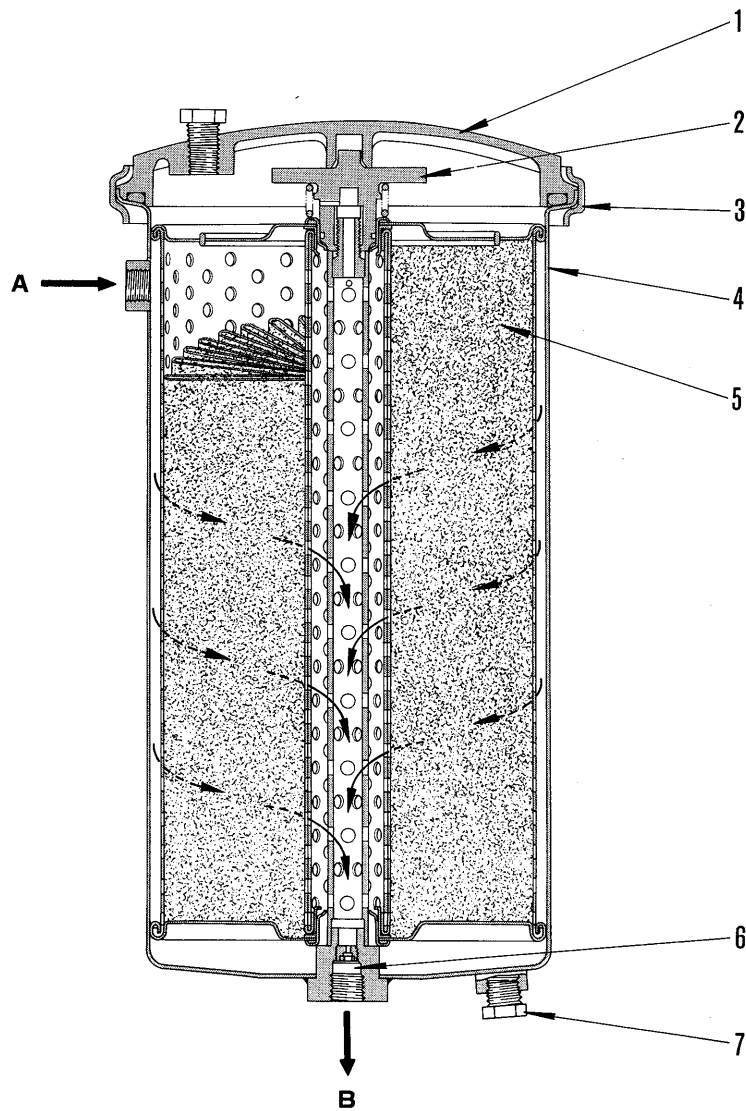
FULL-FLOW FILTER

- Filtration area: 0.84 m²

SAFETY VALVE

- Set pressure: 3.14 ± 0.34 kg/cm²

BY-PASS FILTER

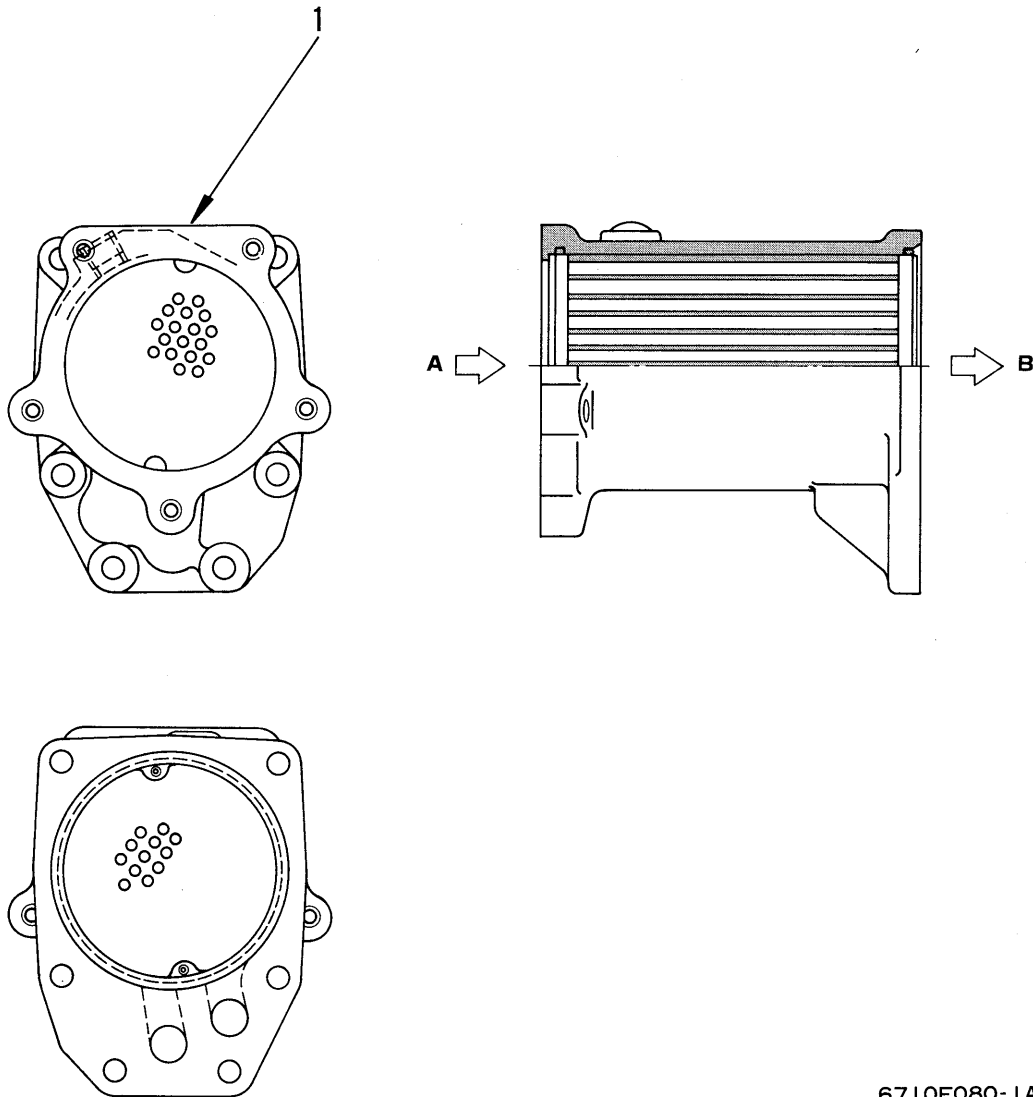


6710F083-1

- | | |
|-------------------|------------------|
| 1. Filter cover | A. From oil pump |
| 2. Support | B. To oil pan |
| 3. Coupling | |
| 4. Filter case | |
| 5. Filter element | |
| 6. Orifice plug | |
| 7. Drain plug | |

OIL COOLER

N-855-C



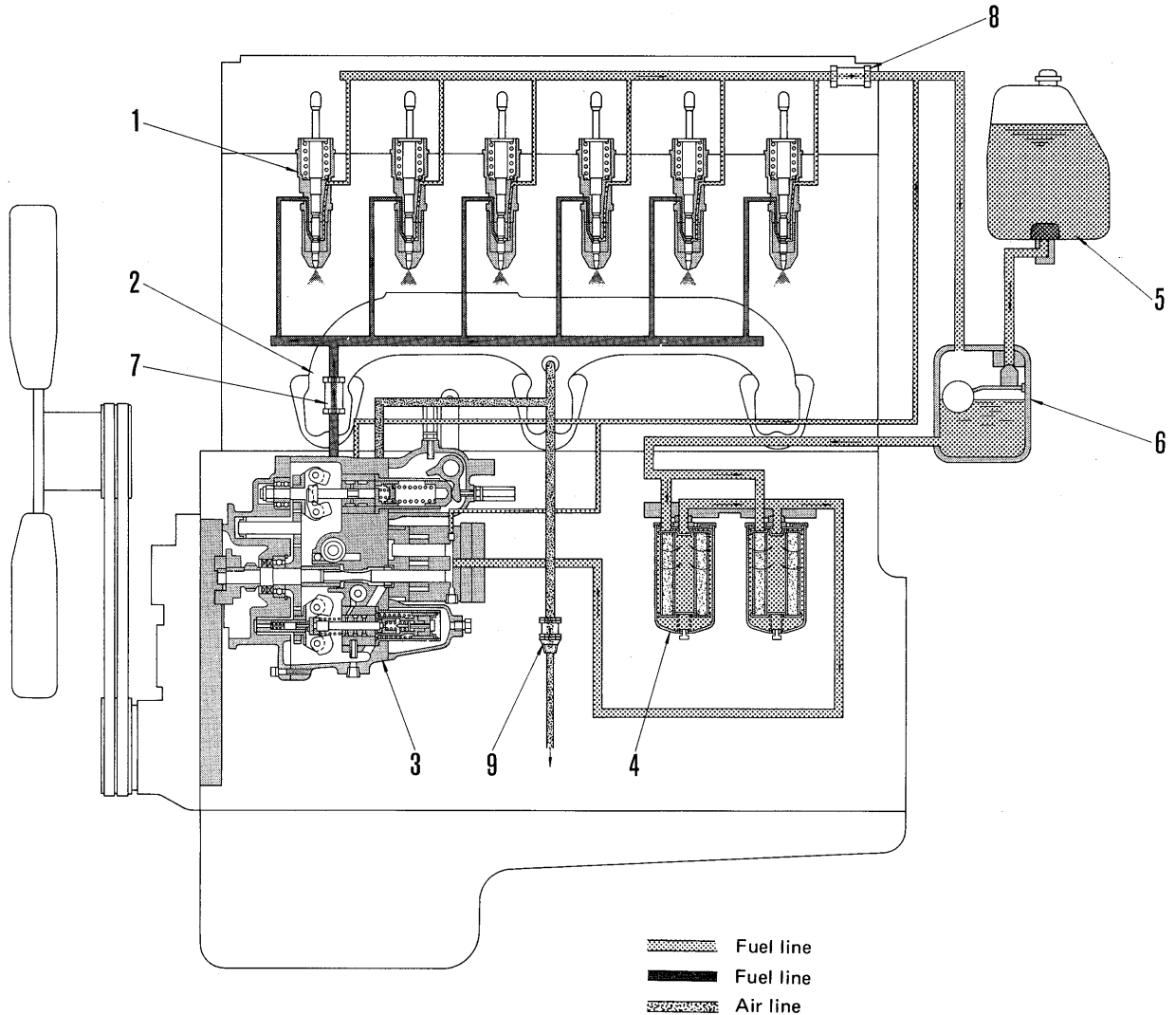
- 1. Oil cooler
- A. Water inlet
- B. Water outlet

6710F080-1A

FUEL SYSTEM

FUEL SYSTEM CHART

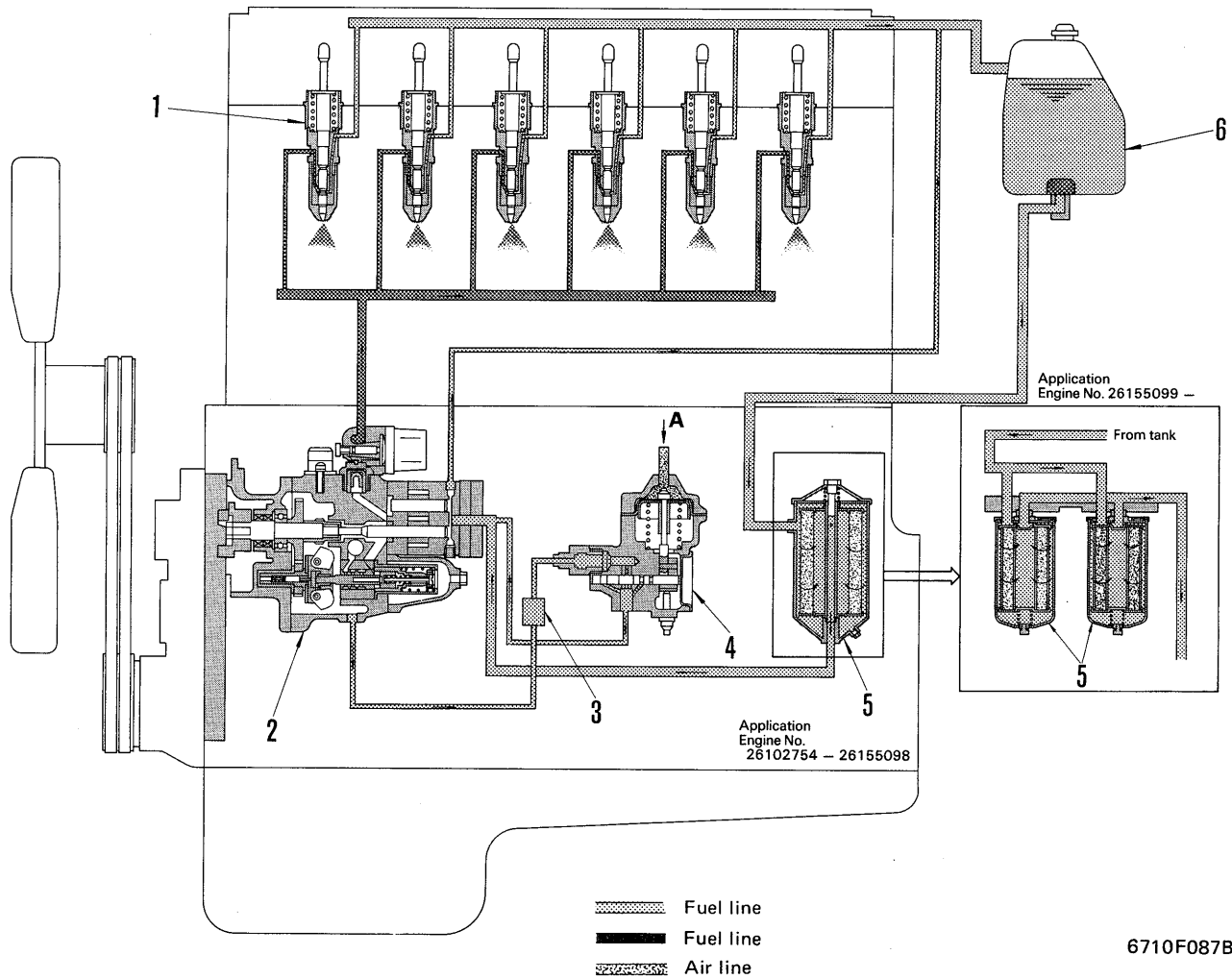
N-855-C
 NT-855-C
 NTA-855-C (Except HD320-2, HD320-3)



6710F086A

- | | |
|--------------------|---|
| 1. Injector | 6. Float tank |
| 2. Intake manifold | 7. Check valve
(Cracking pressure: $0.28 \pm 0.07 \text{ kg/cm}^2$) |
| 3. PT fuel pump | 8. Check valve
(Cracking pressure: $0.027 \pm 0.008 \text{ kg/cm}^2$) |
| 4. Fuel filter | 9. Check valve
(Cracking pressure: 0.035 kg/cm^2) |
| 5. Fuel tank | |

NTA-855-C (HD320-2)

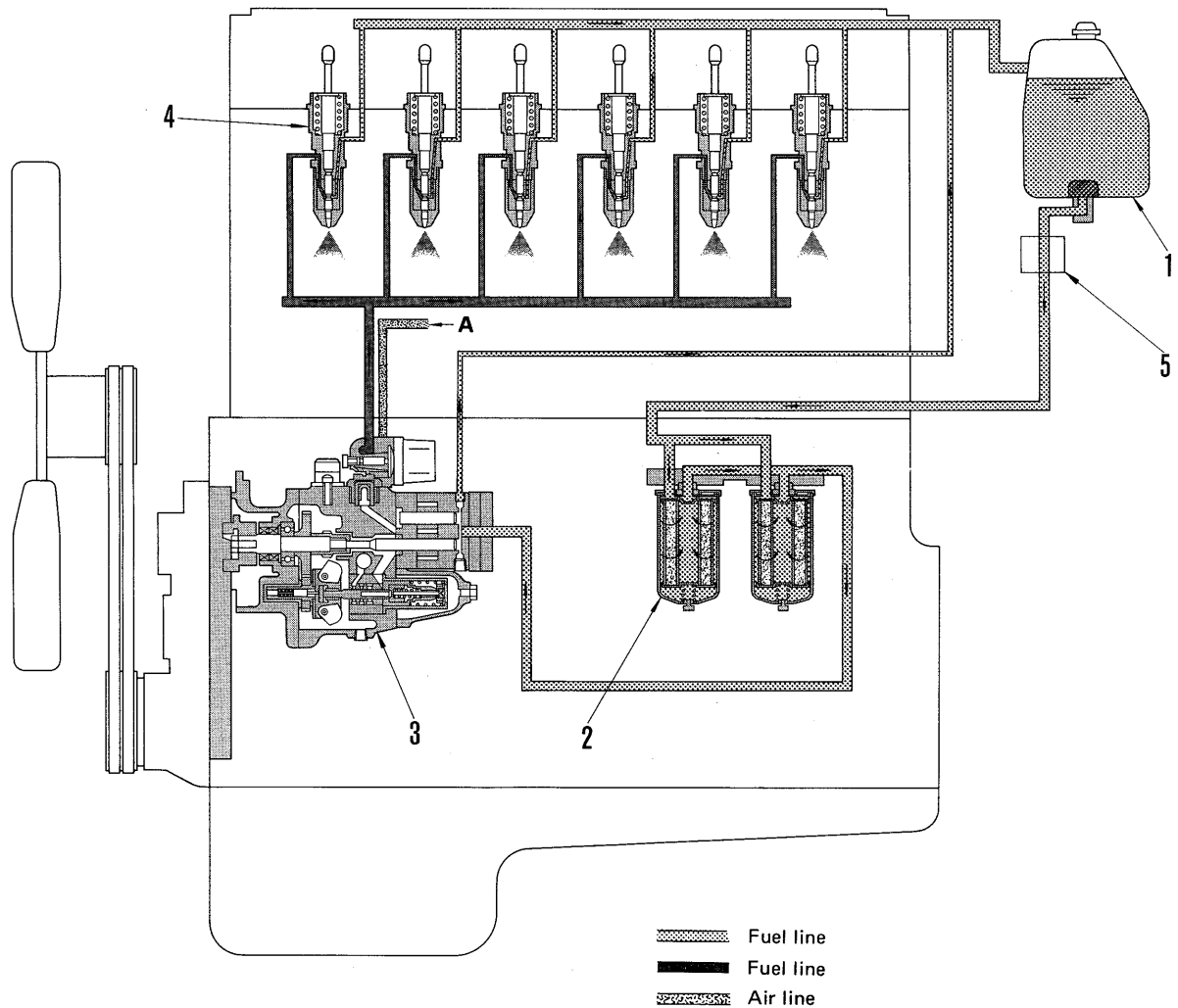


6710F087B

- 1. Injector
- 2. PT fuel pump
- 3. Check valve
- 4. Aneroid control valve
- 5. Fuel filter
- 6. Fuel tank

A. From after-cooler (air)

NTA-855-C (HD320-3)



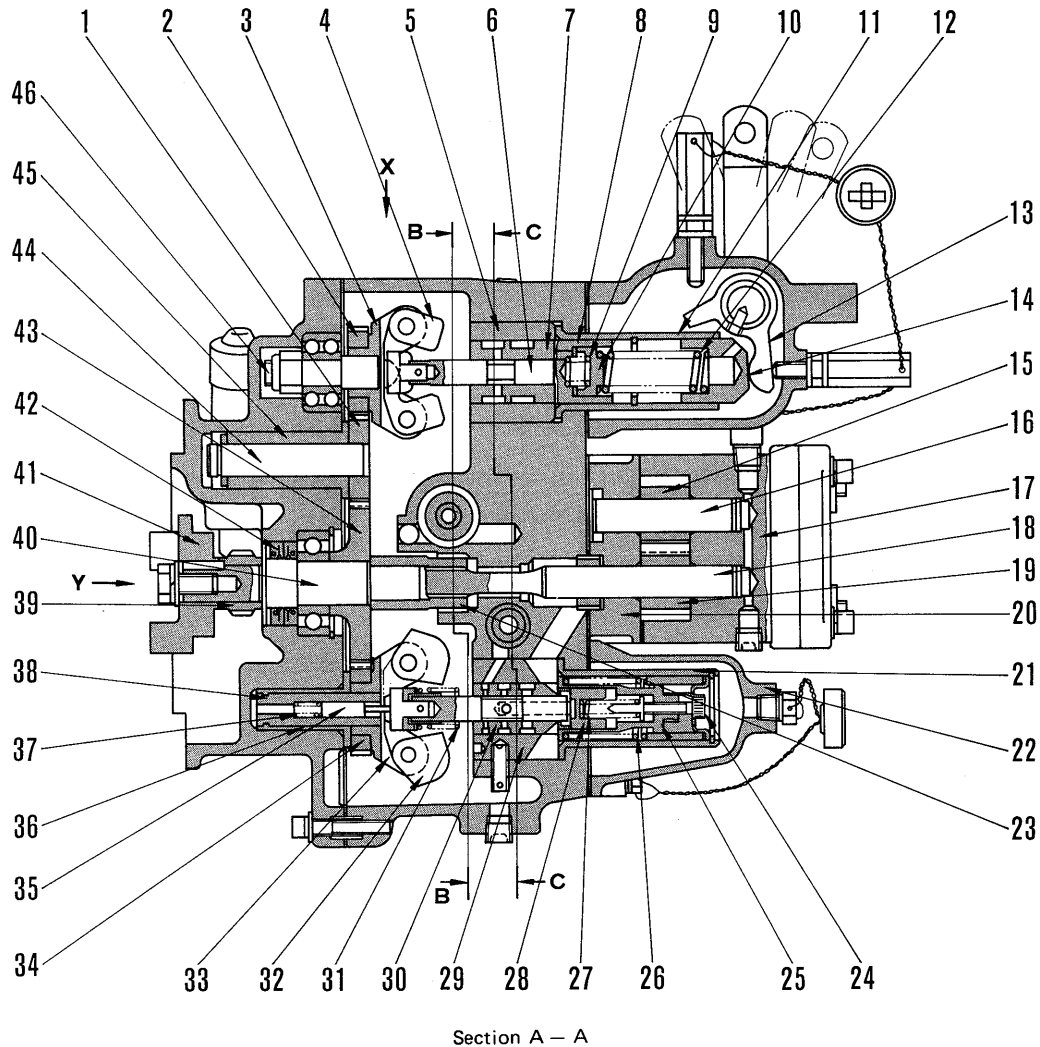
6710F087-1

- 1. Fuel tank
- 2. Fuel filter
- 3. PT fuel pump
- 4. Injector

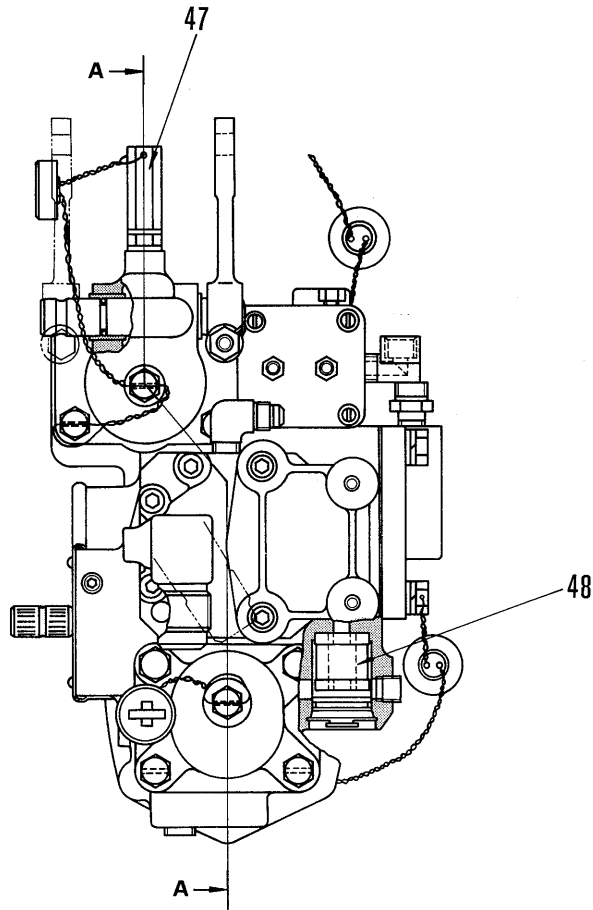
A. From after-cooler (air)

PT FUEL PUMP

N-855-C
 NT-855-C
 NTA-855-C (Except HD320-2 and HD320-3)

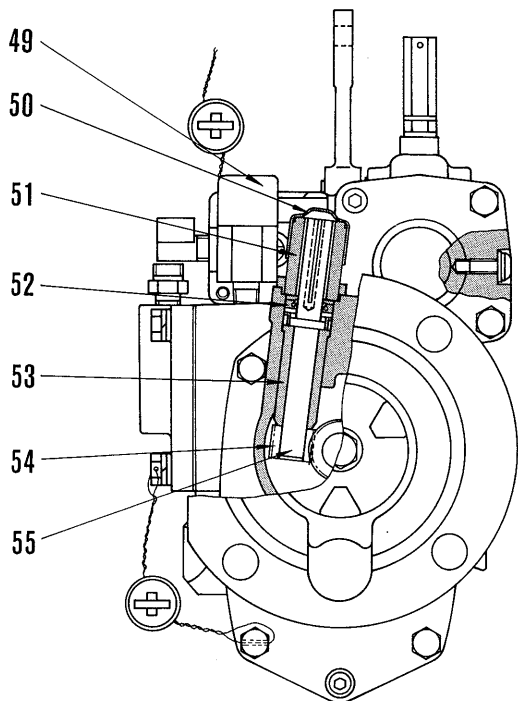


- | | |
|--|---|
| 1. Idler gear (No. of teeth: 26) | 11. VS governor spring pack housing |
| 2. VS governor drive gear (No. of teeth: 26) | 12. VS governor spring |
| 3. Weight carrier | 13. Stopper lever |
| 4. Weight | 14. Throttle plunger |
| 5. VS governor barrel | 15. Pump driven gear (No. of teeth: 10) |
| 6. VS governor plunger | 16. Driven shaft |
| 7. VS governor sleeve | 17. Gear pump body |
| 8. VS governor idler plunger | 18. Gear pump drive shaft |
| 9. VS governor idle spring | 19. Pump drive gear (No. of teeth: 10) |
| 10. VS governor spring retainer | 20. Gear pump cover |

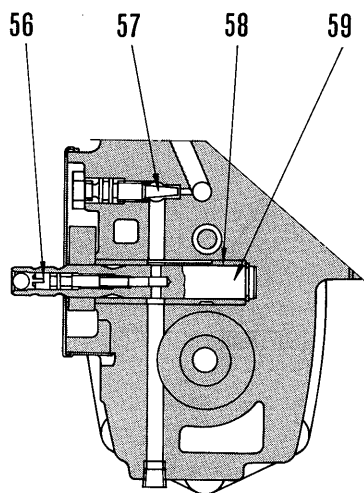


6710F090A

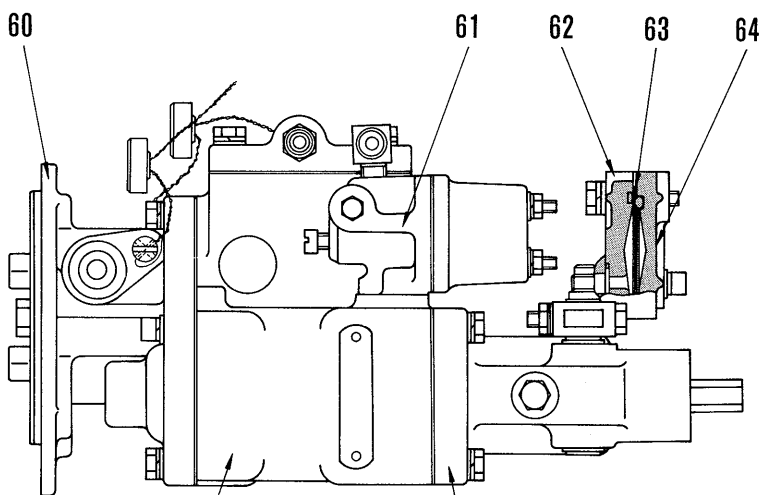
- | | | |
|-------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|
| 21. Spring pack housing | 31. Torque spring | 41. Drive coupling |
| 22. Spring pack cover | 32. Main governor weight | 42. Oil seal |
| 23. Coupling | 33. Weight carrier | 43. Drive gear (No. of teeth: 49) |
| 24. Idle adjustment screw | 34. Main governor drive gear (No. of teeth: 26) | 44. Idle shaft |
| 25. Governor plunger guide | 35. Weight assist plunger | 45. Bushing |
| 26. Main governor spring | 36. Bushing | 46. VS governor shaft |
| 27. Main governor idle spring | 37. Weight assist spring | 47. Adjustment screw |
| 28. Idler plunger (button) | 38. Governor weight shaft | 48. Filter screen |
| 29. Governor barrel | 39. Service meter drive gear (No. of teeth: 9) | |
| 30. Governor sleeve | 40. PT pump drive shaft | |



View Y

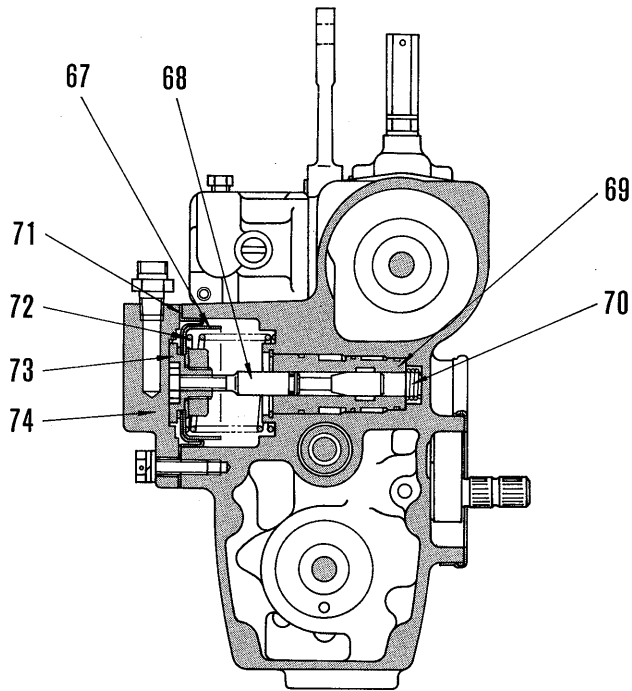


Section C-C



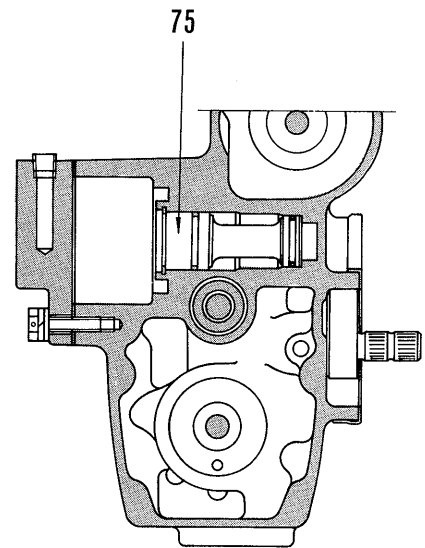
View X

- | | | |
|-------------------|--|--------------------|
| 49. Breather | 54. Service meter drive gear (No. of teeth: 9) | 59. Throttle shaft |
| 50. Dust cap | 55. Service meter drive shaft | 60. PT pump cover |
| 51. Drive housing | 56. Idle screw | 61. Shut-off valve |
| 52. Oil seal | 57. Needle barrel | 62. Damper body |
| 53. Bushing | 58. Sleeve | 63. Diaphragm |
| | | 64. |
| | | 65. |
| | | 66. |



Section B-B

With AFC



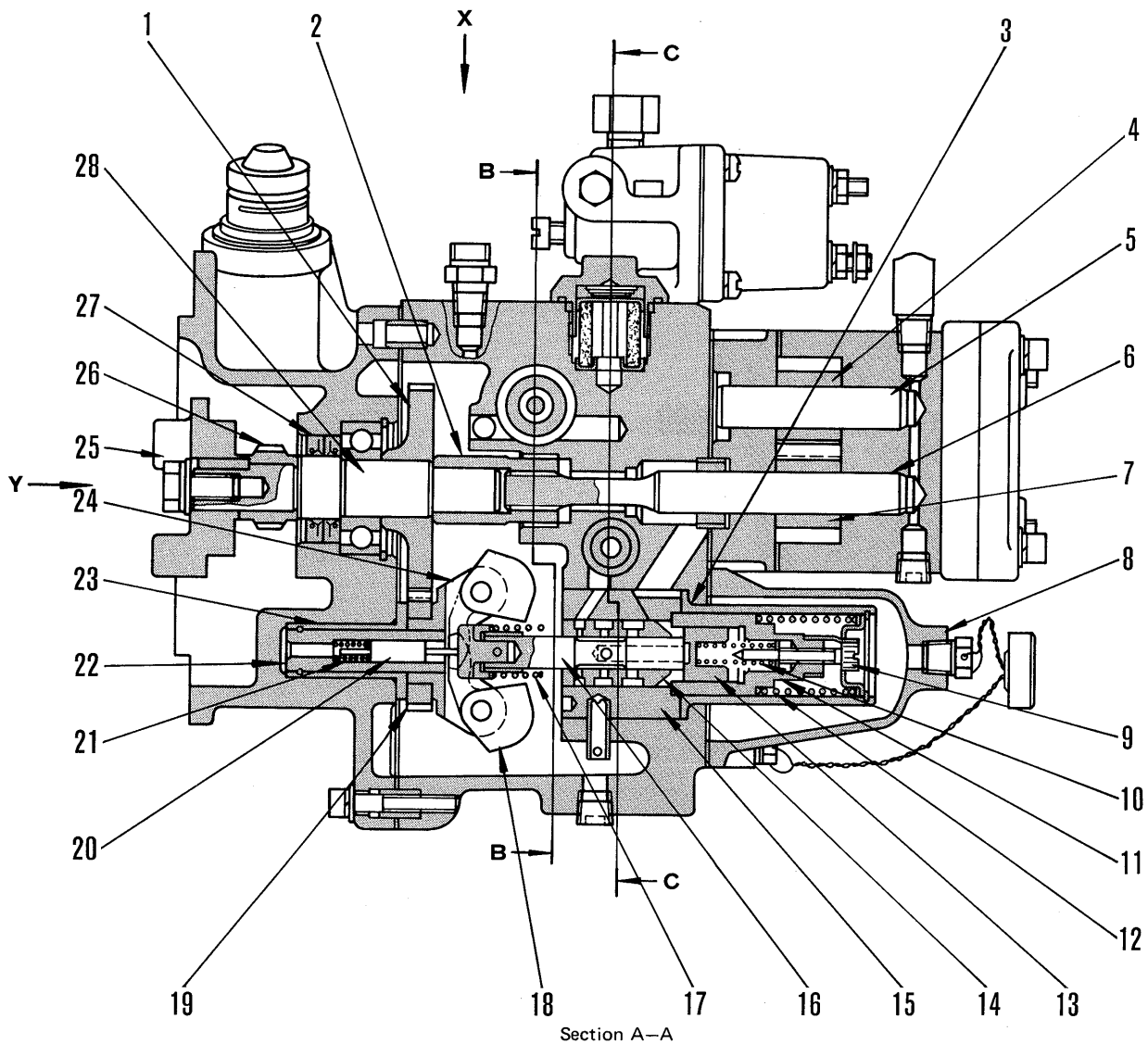
Section B-B

Without AFC

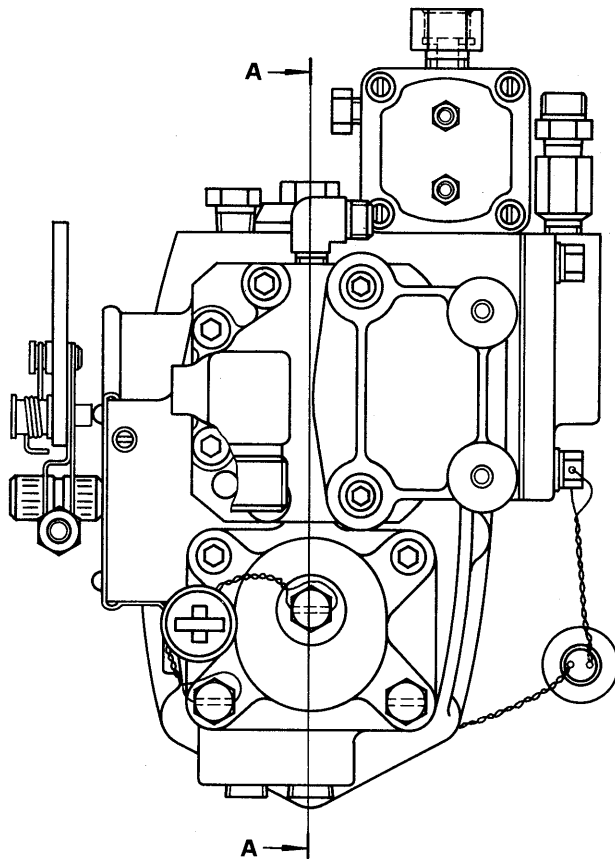
6710F091A

- | | | |
|----------------------------|---------------------|---------------|
| 64. Pulsation damper cover | 69. AFC barrel | 74. AFC cover |
| 65. PT pump housing | 70. Spring | 75. Barrel |
| 66. Spring pack cover | 71. AFC bellows | |
| 67. AFC piston | 72. AFC spring | |
| 68. AFC plunger | 73. AFC center bolt | |

NTA-855-C (For HD320-2 and HD320-3)

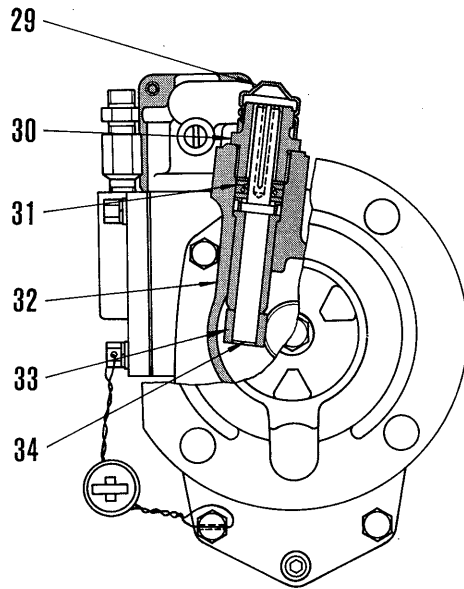


- | | |
|--|--|
| 1. PT pump drive gear (No. of teeth: 49) | 11. Plunger guide |
| 2. Coupling | 12. Governor spring |
| 3. Spring pack cover | 13. Idler plunger (button) |
| 4. Pump driven gear (No. of teeth: 10) | 14. Governor sleeve |
| 5. Driven shaft | 15. Governor barrel |
| 6. Gear pump drive shaft | 16. Governor plunger |
| 7. Pump drive gear (No. of teeth: 10) | 17. Torque spring |
| 8. Spring pack cover | 18. Governor weight |
| 9. Idler adjustment screw | 19. Governor drive gear (No. of teeth: 26) |
| 10. Idler spring | 20. Weight assist plunger |

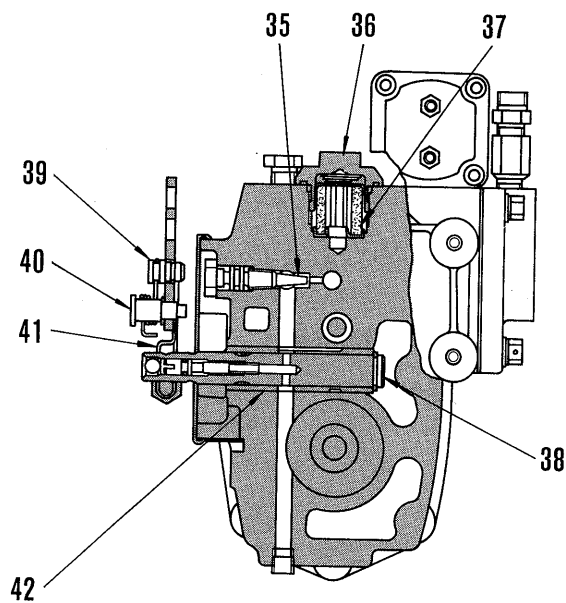


6710F088A

21. Weight assist spring
22. Governor weight shaft
23. Bushing
24. Weight carrier
25. Drive coupling
26. Service meter drive gear (No. of teeth: 9)
27. Oil seal
28. PT pump drive shaft

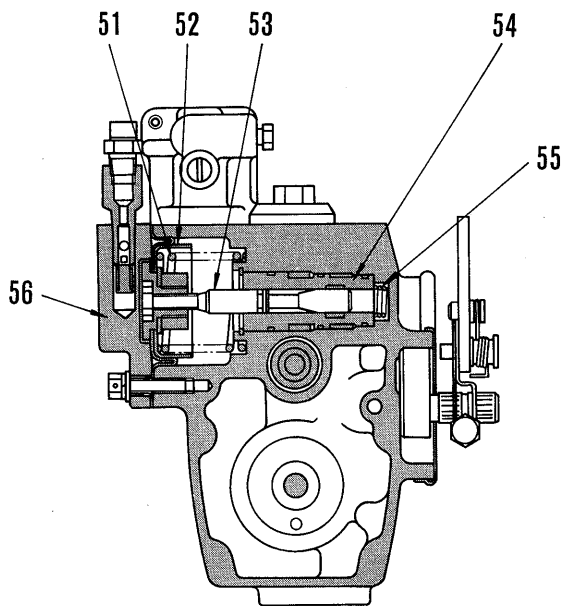
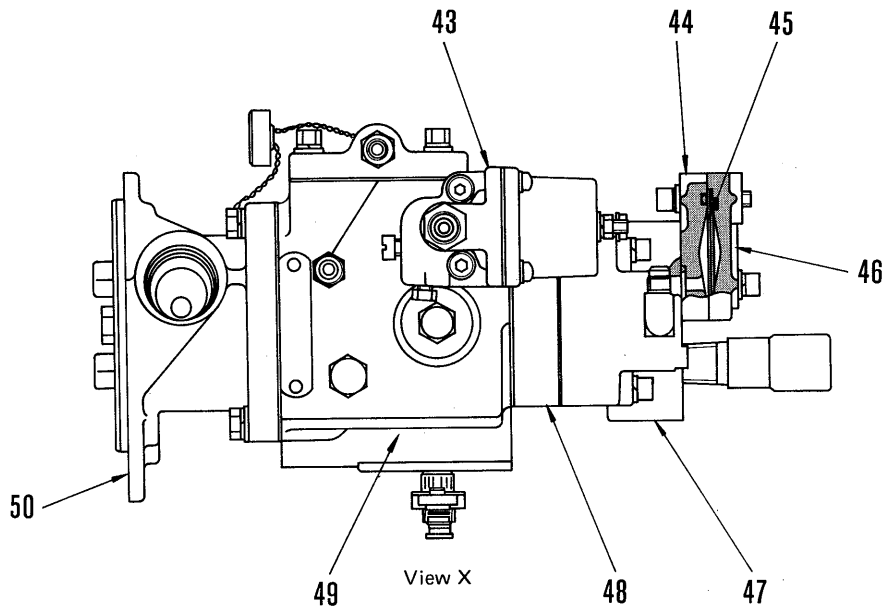


View Y

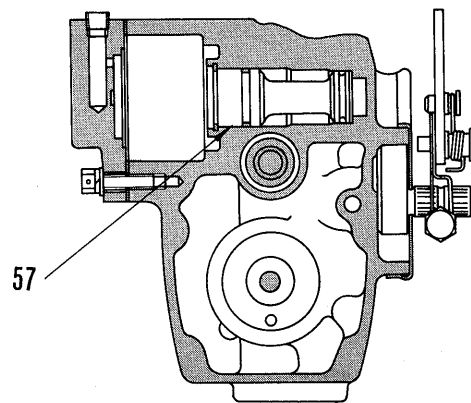


Section C - C.

- | | | |
|--|-------------------------------|--------------------|
| 29. Dust cap | 34. Service meter drive shaft | 39. Stopper |
| 30. Service meter drive housing | 35. Needle valve | 40. Swivel joint |
| 31. Oil seal | 36. Filter cap | 41. Throttle lever |
| 32. Bushing | 37. Filter screen | 42. Sleeve |
| 33. Service meter drive gear (No. of teeth: 9) | 38. Throttle shaft | |



Section B-B
With AFC



Section B-B
Without AFC

6710F089A

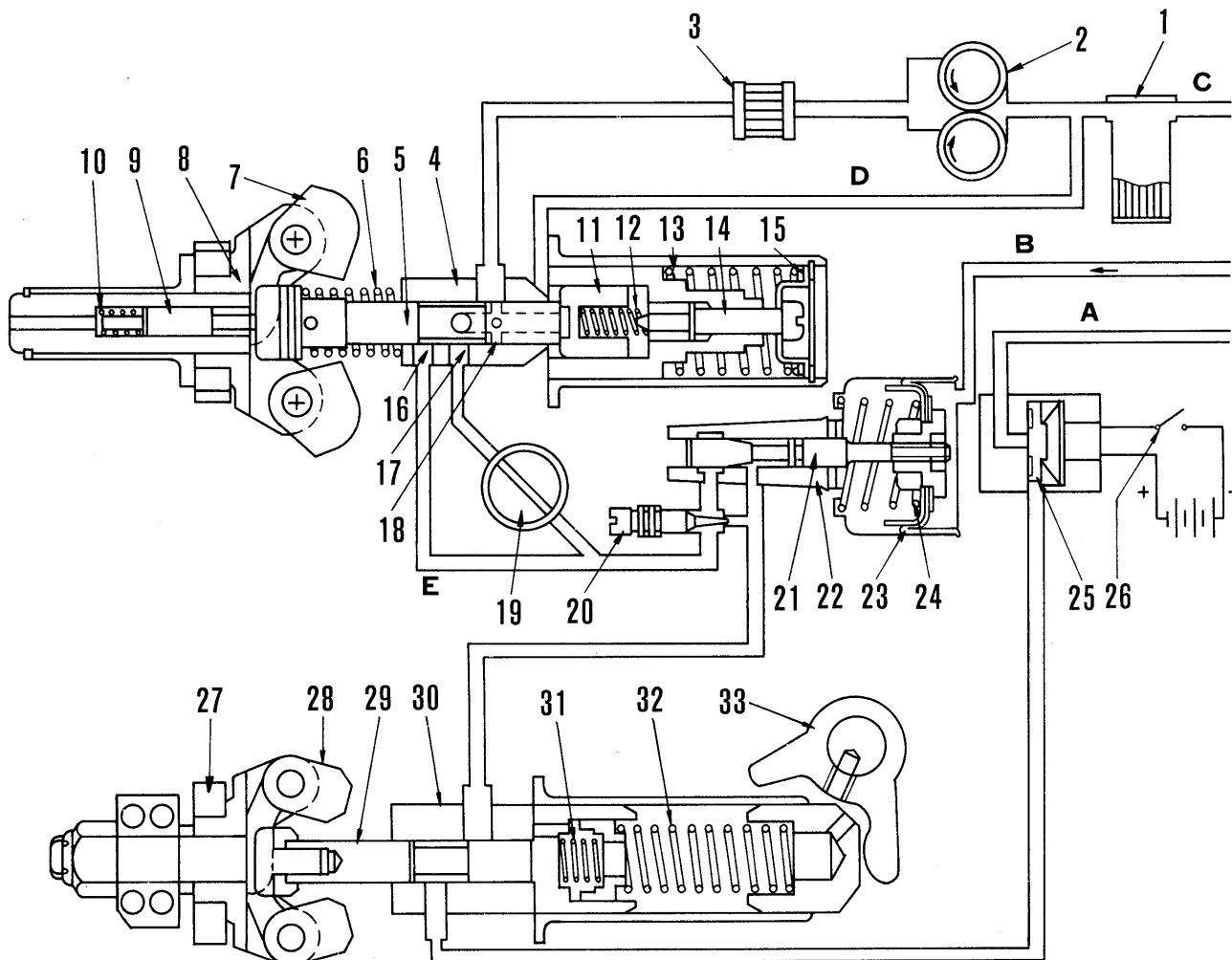
- | | | |
|---------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|
| 43. Shut-off valve | 49. PT pump housing | 54. AFC barrel |
| 44. Pulsation damper body | 50. PT pump front cover | 55. Spring |
| 45. Diaphragm | 51. AFC spring | 56. AFC cover |
| 46. Damper cover | 52. AFC piston | 57. Barrel |
| 47. Gear pump housing | 53. AFC plunger | |
| 48. Gear pump cover | | |

PTG-VS FUEL PUMP FUEL FLOW AND GOVERNOR (For NT-855-C)

The schematics show a PTG-VS fuel pump with an air fuel control (AFC). The PTG-VS fuel pump has two governors in series: The PTG governor and the VS governor. The PTG governor has the same hardware and function as in the PTG fuel pump. The VS governor is a restricting governor that senses engine speed. The fuel flows from the fuel filter through the PTG governor, AFC section, VS governor, shut down valve, and to the injectors. The PTG-VS (variable speed) fuel pump provides stable constant speed operation at any throttle or speed setting.

ENGINE NOT RUNNING

Ignition switch is open, solenoid valve is closed. The VS throttle is in the closed position when the engine is not running, eliminating any flow or pressure in engine fuel passages. Turbo boost pressure is not available to act upon diaphragm, to deflect AFC spring. The AFC plunger is in the closed position.



6710F121

1. Fuel filter
 2. Gear pump
 3. Filter screen
 4. Governor plunger
 5. Weight assist plunger
 6. Torque control spring
 7. Fly weights (Governor weights)
 8. Fly weight drive gear
 9. Weight assist plunger
 10. Weight assist spring
 11. Idle spring plunger
 12. Idle speed spring
 13. Governor spring
 14. Idle speed adjusting screw
 15. Maximum speed governor shims
 16. Idler speed governor port
 17. Main governor port
 18. Governor dump port
 19. Throttle shaft
 20. AFC needle valve
 21. AFC control plunger
 22. AFC barrel
 23. Diaphragm (Bellows)
 24. AFC spring
 25. Solenoid valve
 26. Ignition switch
 27. VS governor weight drive gear
 28. Fly weights (VS governor weights)
 29. Weight assist plunger (VS governor plunger)
 30. VS governor sleeve
 31. Governor spring (VS idle speed spring)
 32. VS maximum speed governor spring
 33. VS throttle
- A: Fuel to injectors
 B: Air from intake manifold
 C: Fuel from tank
 D: By-passed fuel
 E: Idle fuel passage

STARTING AND IDLE

Ignition switch is closed, causing solenoid valve to be energized and in open position. The gear pump supplies fuel to the governor; the governor weights push the governor plunger to a position to supply fuel to the VS governor. The VS governor weights move the VS plunger to open and regulate idle. Fuel pressure then forces the idle spring plunger back to allow excess fuel to by-pass and regulate pressure. Idle fuel which has flowed through the restricted "no air" needle valve, passes through the VS governor and on to the solenoid valve. The AFC plunger blocks fuel from passing through the AFC barrel due to insufficient turbo "boost" pressure available to act upon the diaphragm to deflect the AFC spring.

NORMAL DRIVING

The throttle is connected to a pedal or lever by which the operator controls fuel flow and rail pressure to the injectors. The position of the VS governor plunger, which is positioned by the counteracting forces of the VS governor spring and the VS governor weight force, controls the amount of fuel flow and rail to the injectors. The governor weight force increases as speed increases. The amount of fuel delivered to the VS governor depends upon the regulating counteracting forces of the governor spring and torque spring which influences the amount of fuel by-passed at the end of the governor plunger and idle spring plunger. The maximum fuel pressure and fuel flow are regulated in the speed range of the engine by the governor itself. Fuel is passing through the needle valve and AFC barrel since sufficient turbo "boost" is available to act upon the diaphragm and overcome the AFC spring. The final fuel flow is regulated at the VS governor and passes through the solenoid valve on to the injector.

BEGINNING OF HIGH SPEED GOVERNING

Fuel is still flowing from the governor through both the needle valve and AFC barrel, VS governor, to the solenoid, and on to the injectors. However, it can be noticed that the VS governor port is being closed which causes more fuel to be by-passed by the plunger and idle spring plunger. The VS plunger and port thereby control governor regulation on the droop curve by restricting fuel flow.

COMPLETE HIGH SPEED GOVERNING

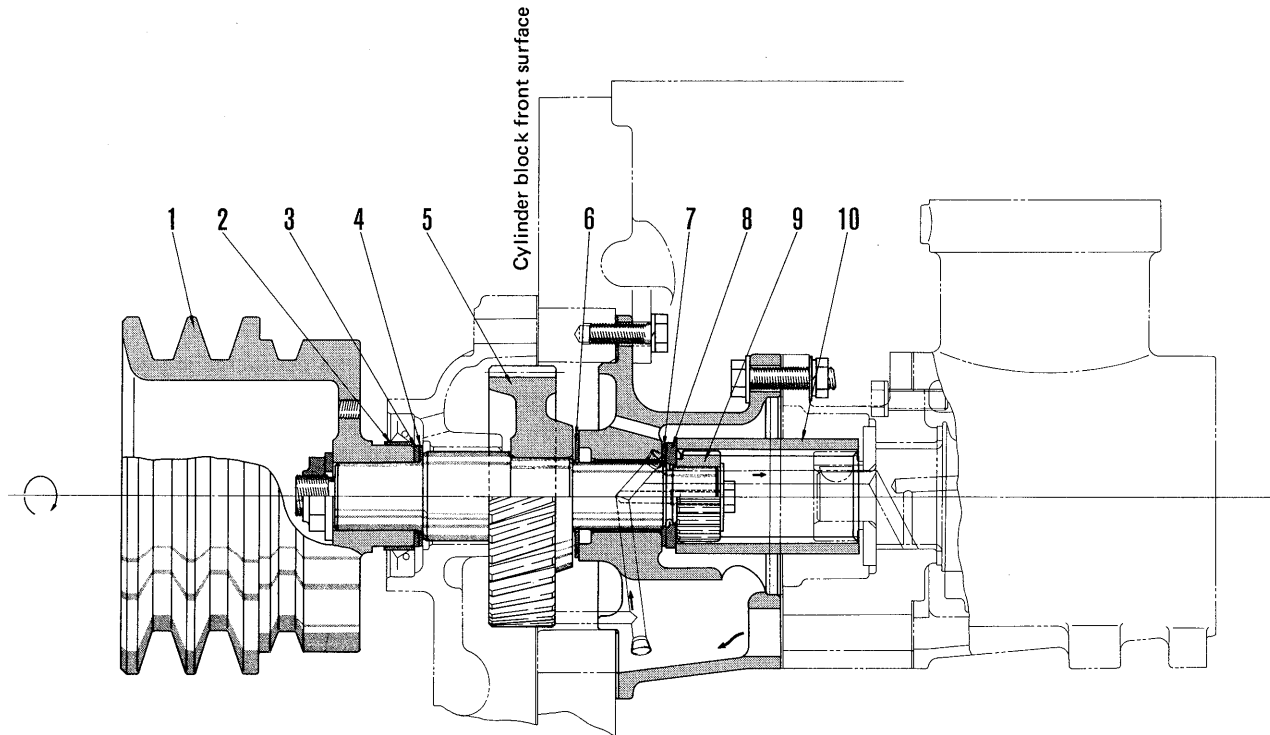
Gear pump supplied fuel is flowing to the VS governor, which is restricting the flow of fuel to the engine. The supplied fuel is being by-passed by the plunger and idle spring plunger and dump holes; thus only sufficient fuel will pass to maintain high idle speed. The throttle is open and fuel will flow through restricted "no air" needle valve, and on to solenoid valve. AFC plunger blocks fuel from passing through AFC barrel. Turbo "boost" pressure is not available to act upon diaphragm to deflect AFC spring.

PT FUEL PUMP DRIVE

WITH AIR COMPRESSOR

NT-855-C (PC400-1, PC400LC-1, W170-2, W180-1)

NTA-855-C (HD320-2, 3, WS16S-2, WS26-1)

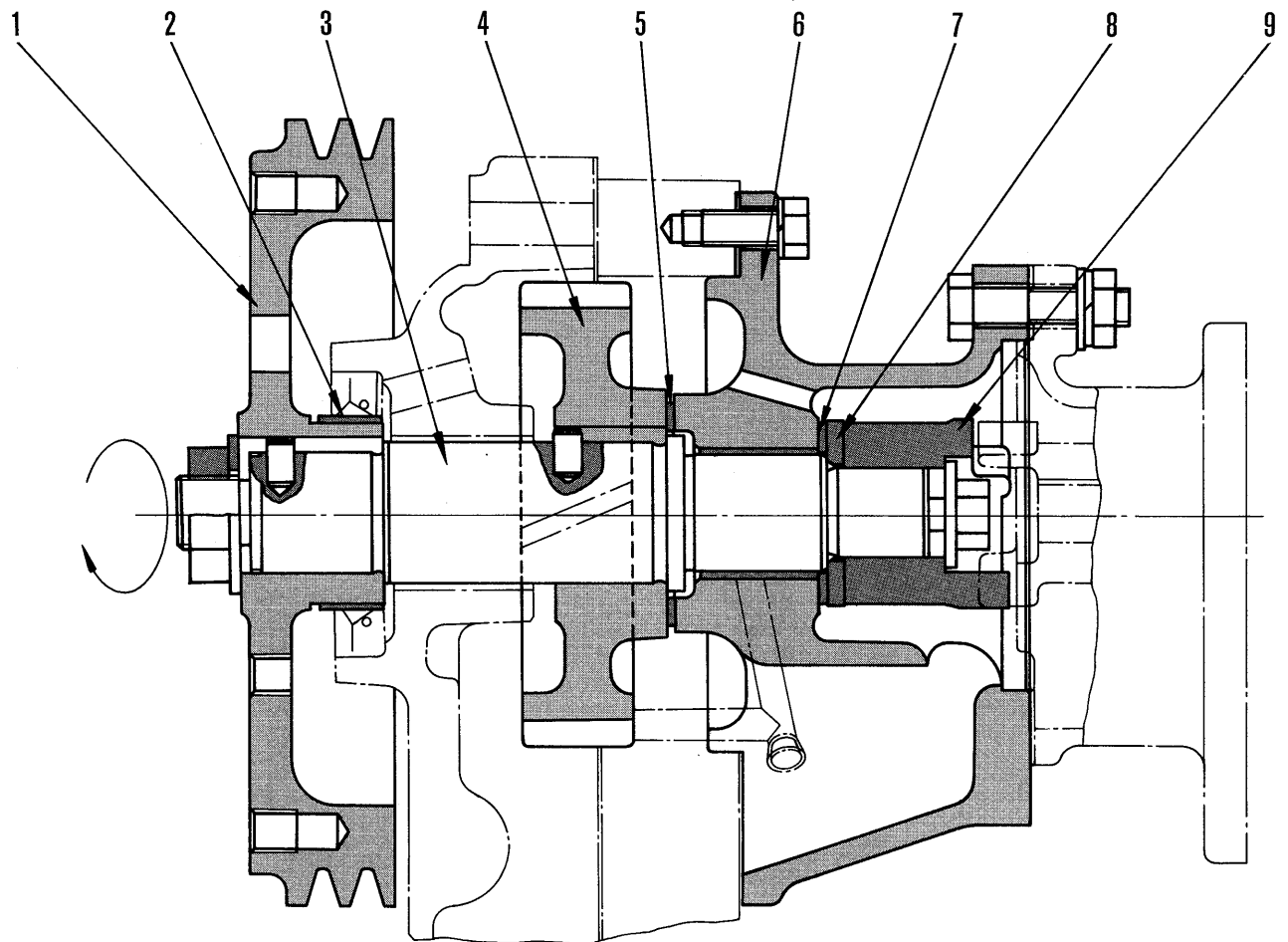


6710F092A

- | | |
|---|-------------------|
| 1. Accessory drive pulley | 6. Thrust washer |
| 2. Sleeve | 7. Thrust washer |
| 3. Slinger (NTA-855-C) | 8. Washer |
| 4. Spacer | 9. Drive coupling |
| 5. Accessory drive gear
(No. of teeth: 36) | 10. Coupling |

WITHOUT AIR COMPRESSOR

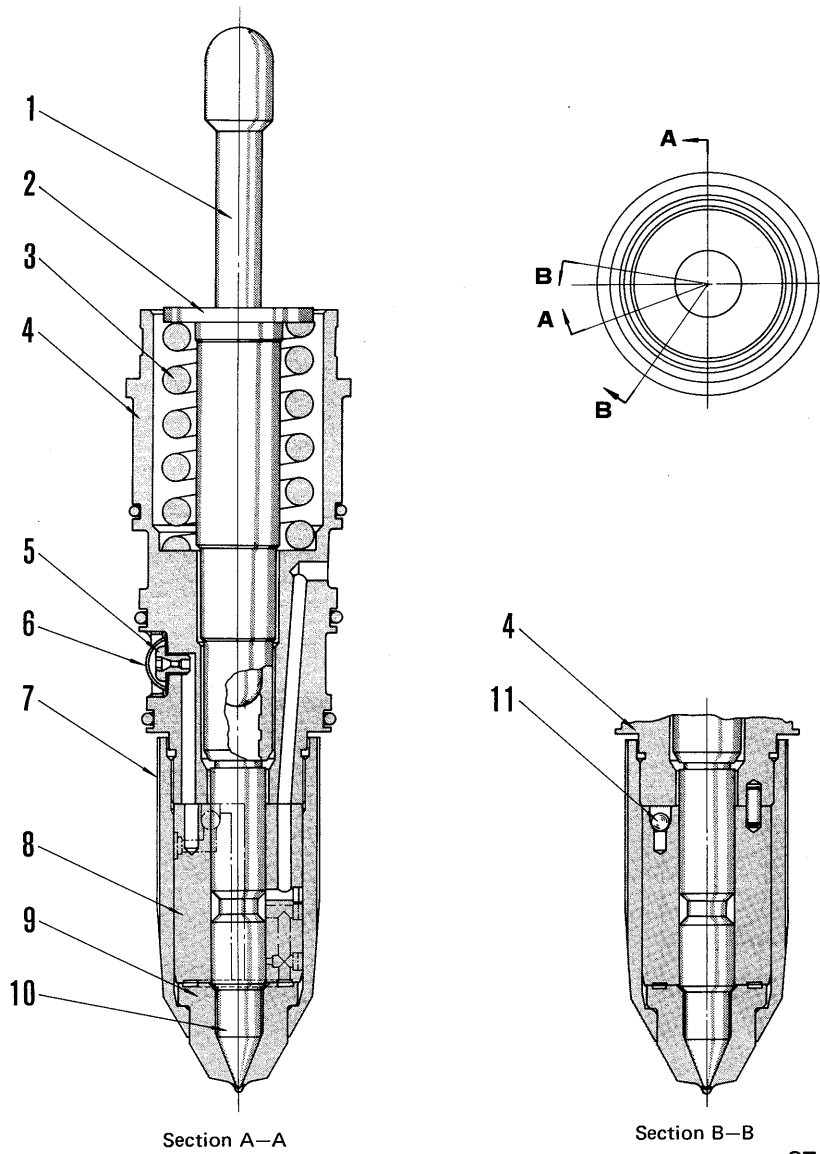
NT-855-C (D80, 85-18, D95S-2)



6710F092-1

- | | |
|---|------------------|
| 1. Accessory drive pulley | 6. Drive case |
| 2. Wear sleeve | 7. Thrust washer |
| 3. Accessory drive shaft | 8. Washer |
| 4. Accessory drive gear
(No. of teeth: 36) | 9. Coupling |
| 5. Thrust washer | |

INJECTOR

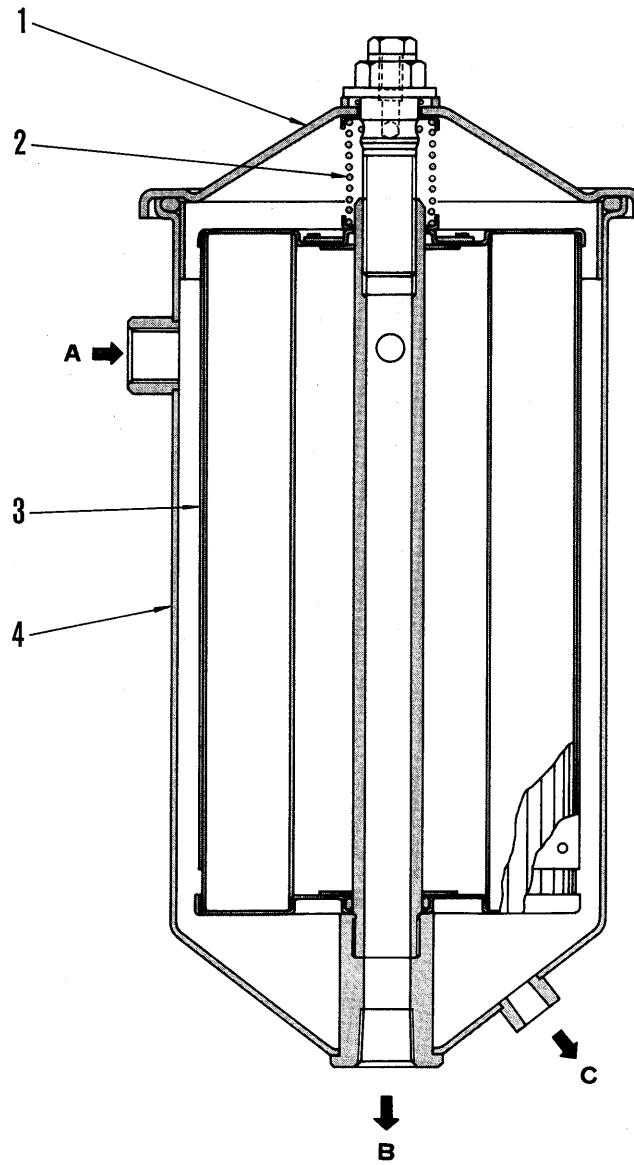


6710F093

- | | |
|---------------------|----------------------|
| 1. Plunger link | 7. Injector retainer |
| 2. Plunger coupling | 8. Injector barrel |
| 3. Injector spring | 9. Injector cup |
| 4. Injector adapter | 10. Injector plunger |
| 5. Orifice plug | 11. Check ball valve |
| 6. Filter screen | |

FUEL FILTER

Center bolt type



6710F094

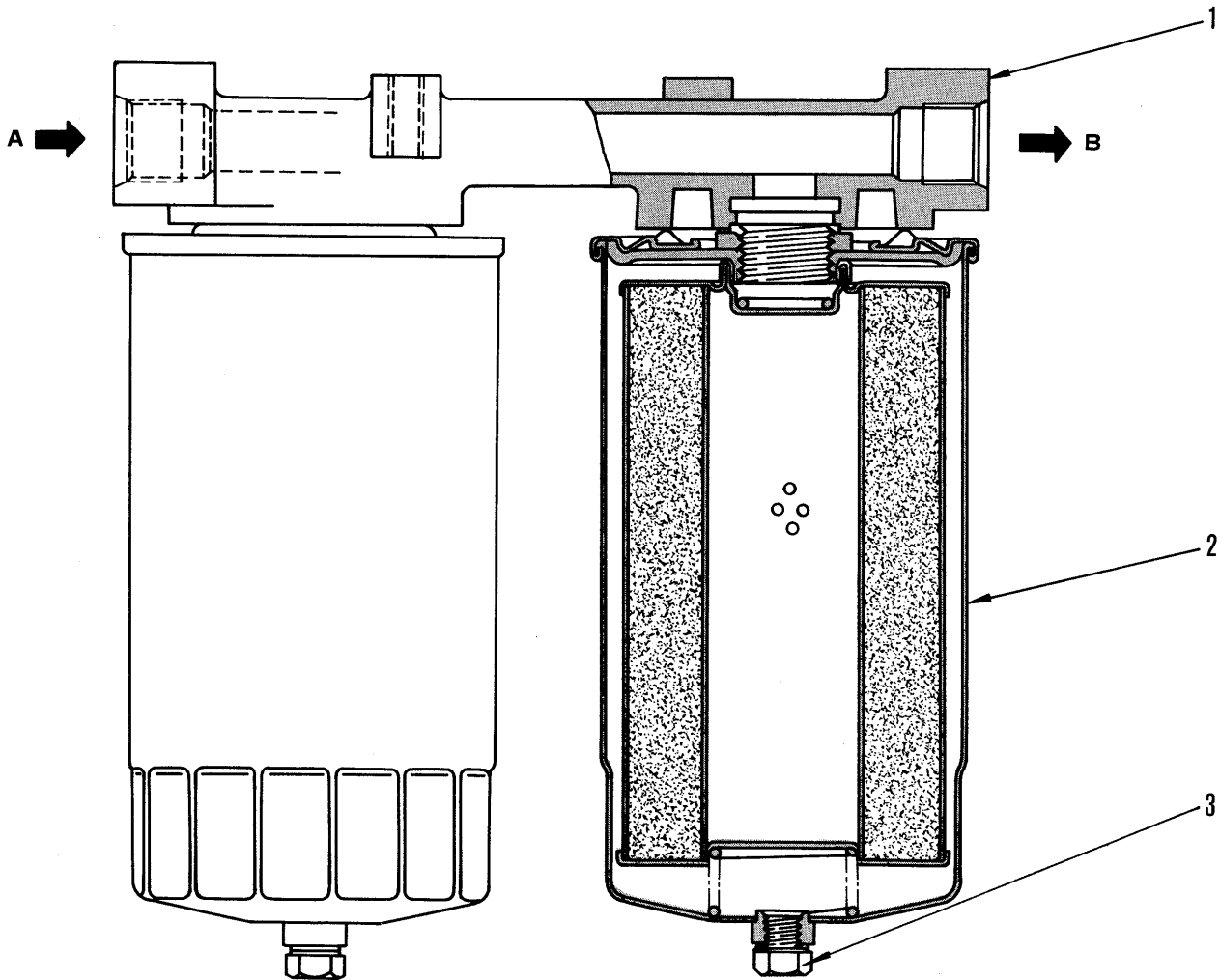
- 1. Cover
- 2. Spring
- 3. Element
- 4. Body

Filter

Filtration area : 1.21m²

- A. From fuel tank
- B. To PT fuel pump
- C. To drain

Cartridge type



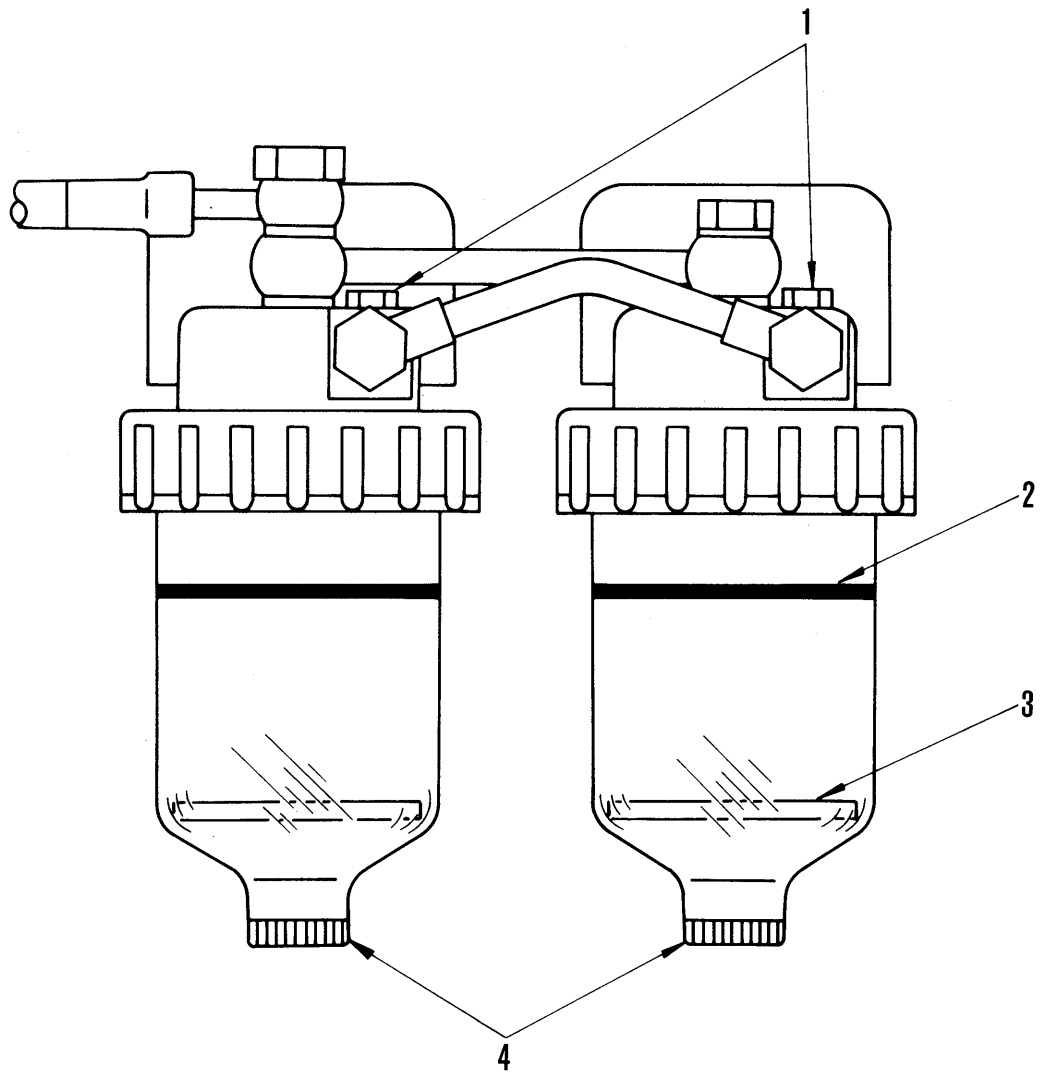
6710F095B

- 1. Filter bracket
- 2. Cartridge assembly
- 3. Drain plug

Filter

Filtration area : 1.0m^2
 ($0.5\text{m}^2 \times 2$)

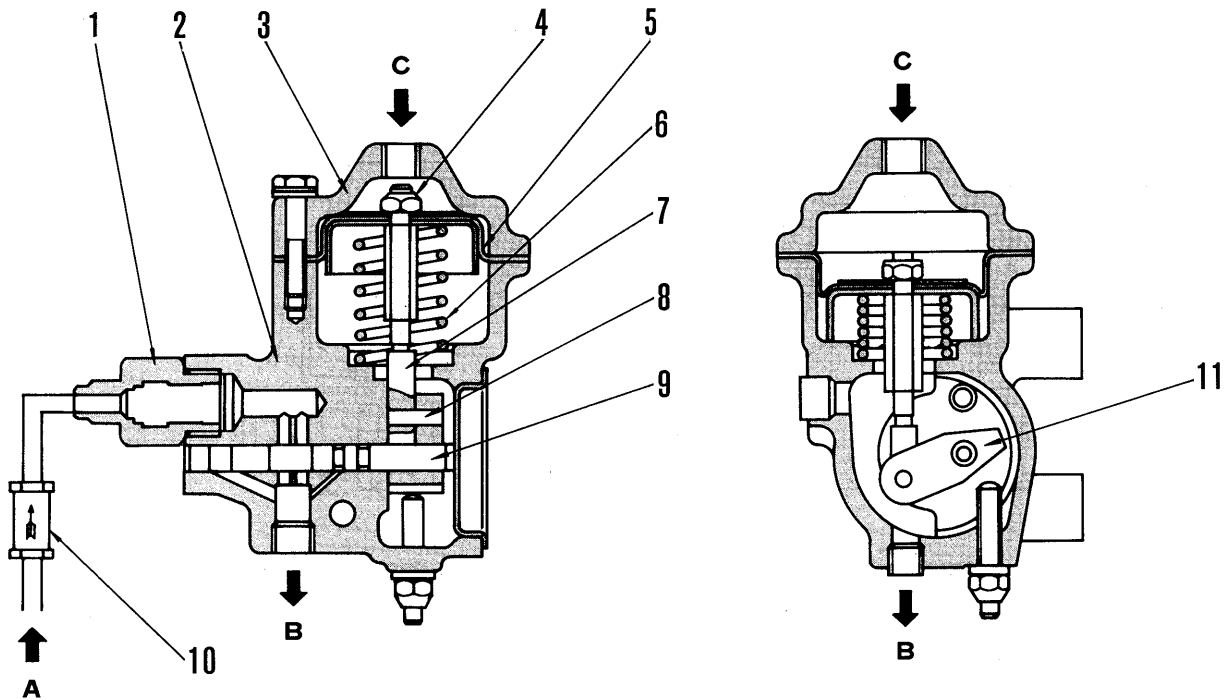
- A. From fuel tank
- B. To PT fuel pump

WATER SEPARATOR (OPTION)

1. Air bleeding plug
2. Allowable water level (red line)
3. Float
(floats on water to indicate the water level)
4. Drain plug

ANEROID CONTROL VALVE

NTA-855-C (For HD320-2)



6710F096

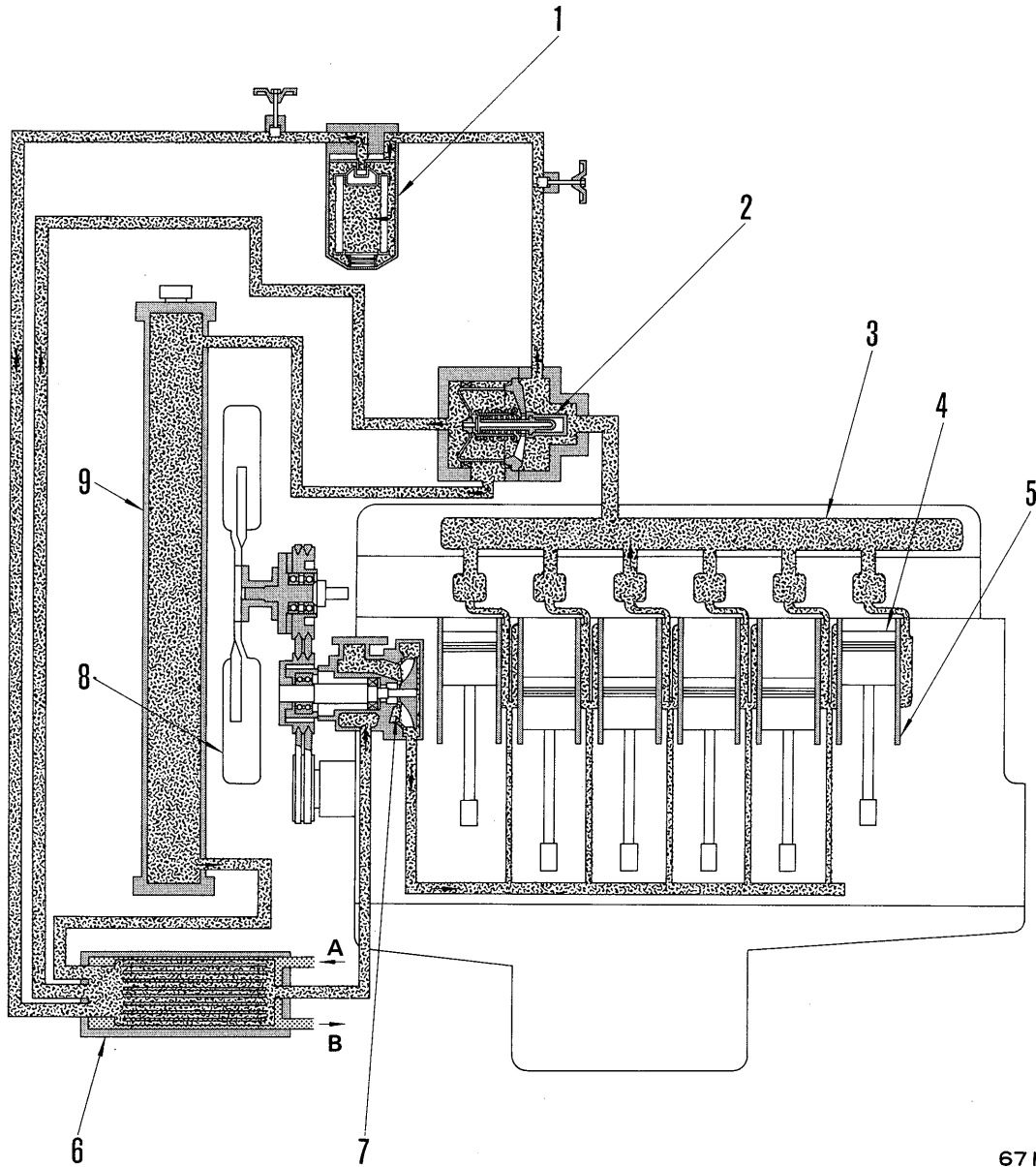
- | | |
|---------------------------|----------------------|
| 1. Inlet fitting | A. From PT fuel pump |
| 2. Housing | B. To PT fuel pump |
| 3. Cover | C. From after-cooler |
| 4. Upper shaft | |
| 5. Piston | |
| 6. Aneroïd control spring | |
| 7. Lower shaft | |
| 8. Aneroïd control pin | |
| 9. Aneroïd control valve | |
| 10. Check valve | |
| 11. Aneroïd control lever | |

Check valve pressure : $1.05 \pm 0.25 \text{ kg/cm}^2$

COOLING SYSTEM

COOLING SYSTEM CHART

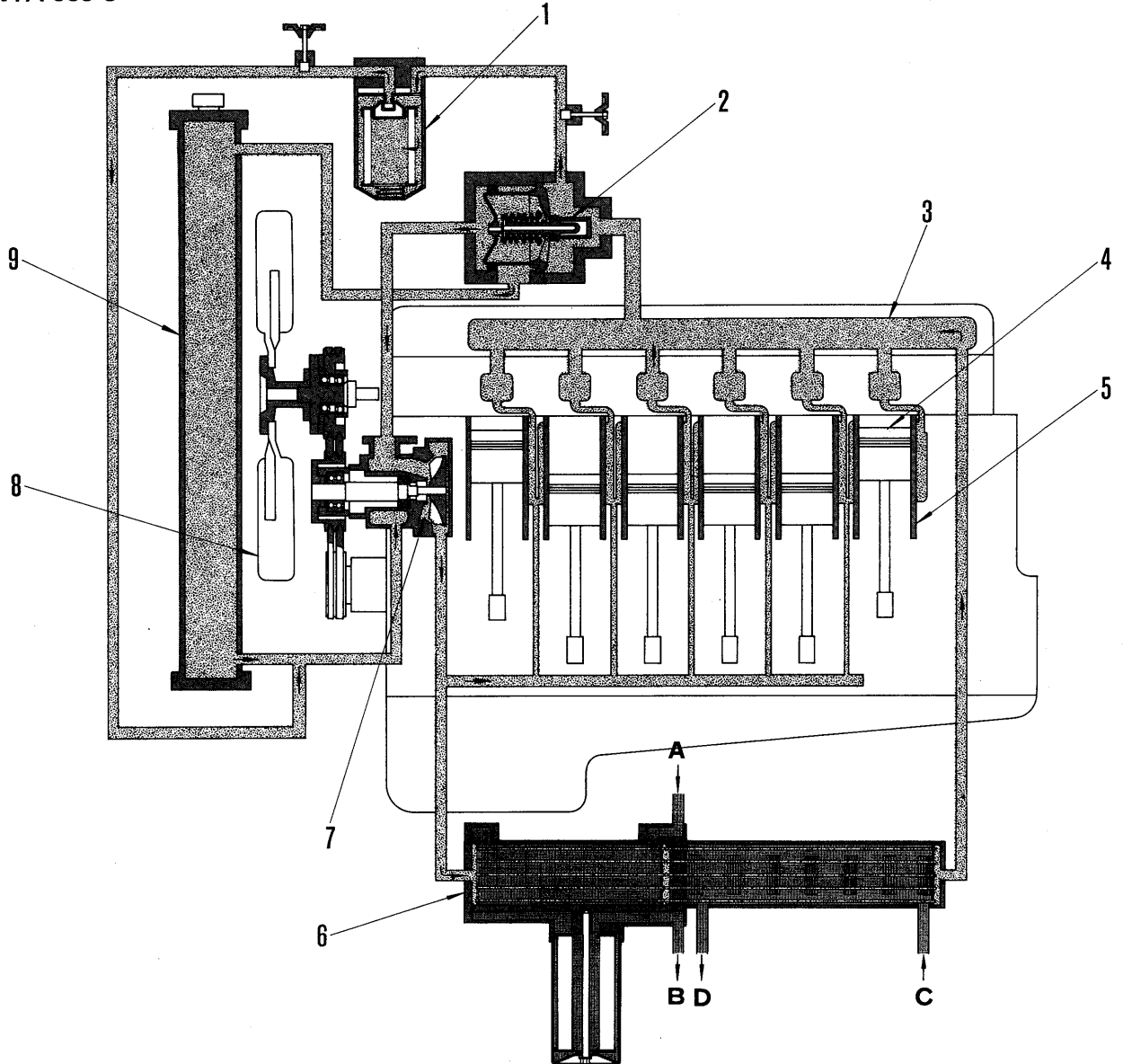
N-855-C



6710F096-1

- | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| 1. Corrosion resistor | 7. Water pump |
| 2. Thermostat | 8. Fan |
| 3. Water manifold | 9. Radiator |
| 4. Piston | A. From oil pump (oil) |
| 5. Cylinder liner | B. To main gallery (oil) |
| 6. Oil cooler | |

NT-855-C
NTA-855-C



6710F097A

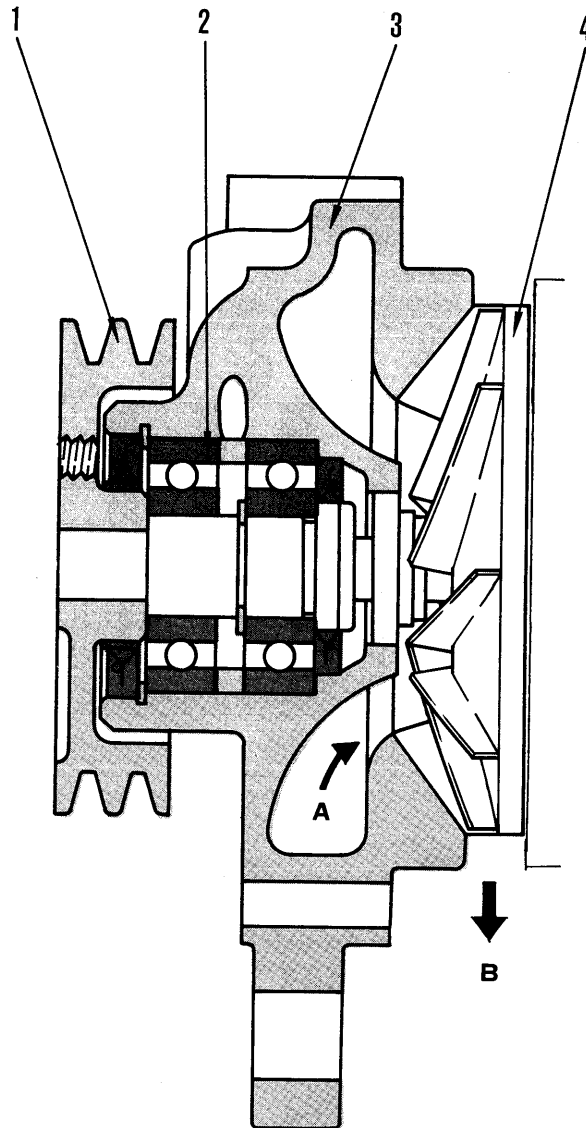
- 1. Corrosion resistor
- 2. Thermostat
- 3. Water manifold
- 4. Piston
- 5. Cylinder liner

- 6. Oil cooler
- 7. Water pump
- 8. Fan
- 9. Radiator

- A. From oil pump (oil)
- B. To main gallery (oil)
- C. From machine chassis (oil)
- D. To machine chassis (oil)

WATER PUMP

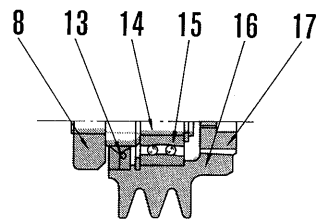
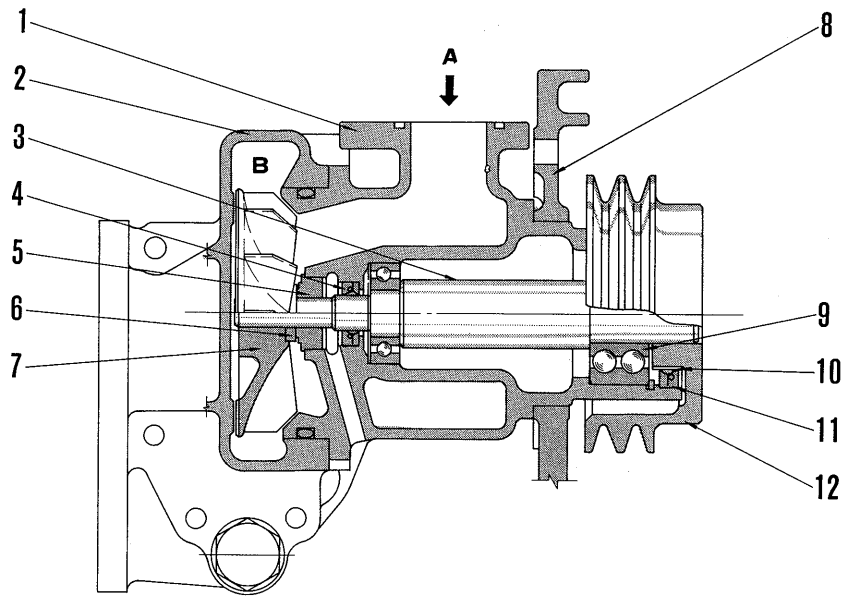
N-855-C
 NT-855-C
 NTA-855-C (WS16S-2, WS23-1)



6710F098A

- | | |
|----------------------------|------------------|
| 1. Pulley (O.D.: 118.5 mm) | A. From radiator |
| 2. Ball bearing | B. To oil cooler |
| 3. Pump housing | |
| 4. Impeller | |

NTA-855-C (For HD320-2)

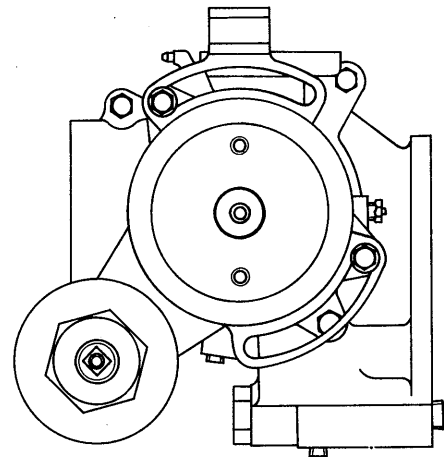
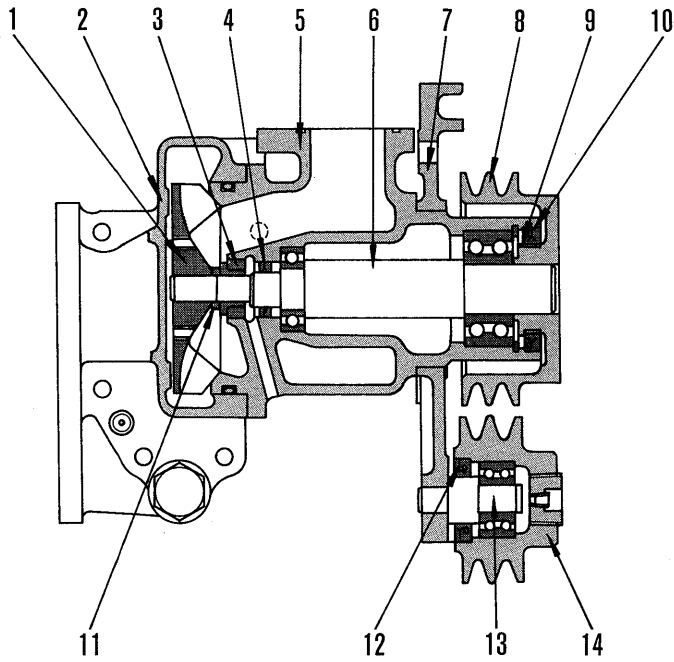


Idler pulley

6710F099A

- | | | |
|------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1. Inlet housing | 8. Idler pulley bracket | 15. Ball bearing |
| 2. Pump housing | 9. Ball bearing | 16. Idler pulley |
| 3. Pump shaft | 10. Wear sleeve | 17. Plug |
| 4. Oil seal | 11. Oil seal | |
| 5. Water seal | 12. Pump pulley (O.D.: 142 mm) | A. From radiator, thermostat |
| 6. Pump seat | 13. Oil seal | B. To oil cooler, cylinder block |
| 7. Impeller | 14. Idler pulley shaft | |

NTA-855 (For HD320-3)

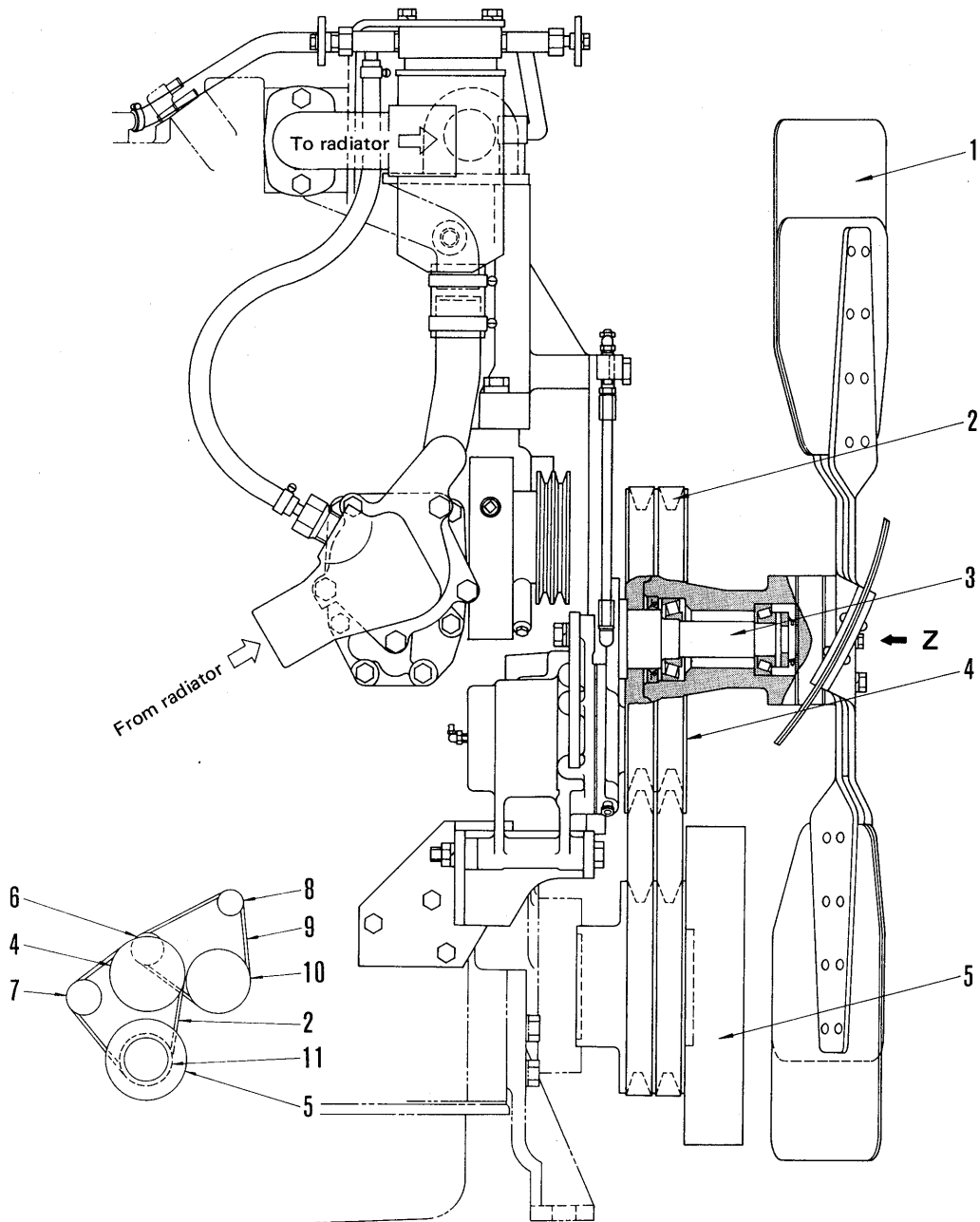


6710F099-3

- | | |
|-------------------------|------------------------|
| 1. Impeller | 8. Pump pulley |
| 2. Inlet housing | 9. Wear sleeve |
| 3. Water seal | 10. Oil seal |
| 4. Oil seal | 11. Pump seat |
| 5. Pump housing | 12. Oil seal |
| 6. Pump shaft | 13. Idler pulley shaft |
| 7. Idler pulley bracket | 14. Idler pulley |

FAN DRIVE

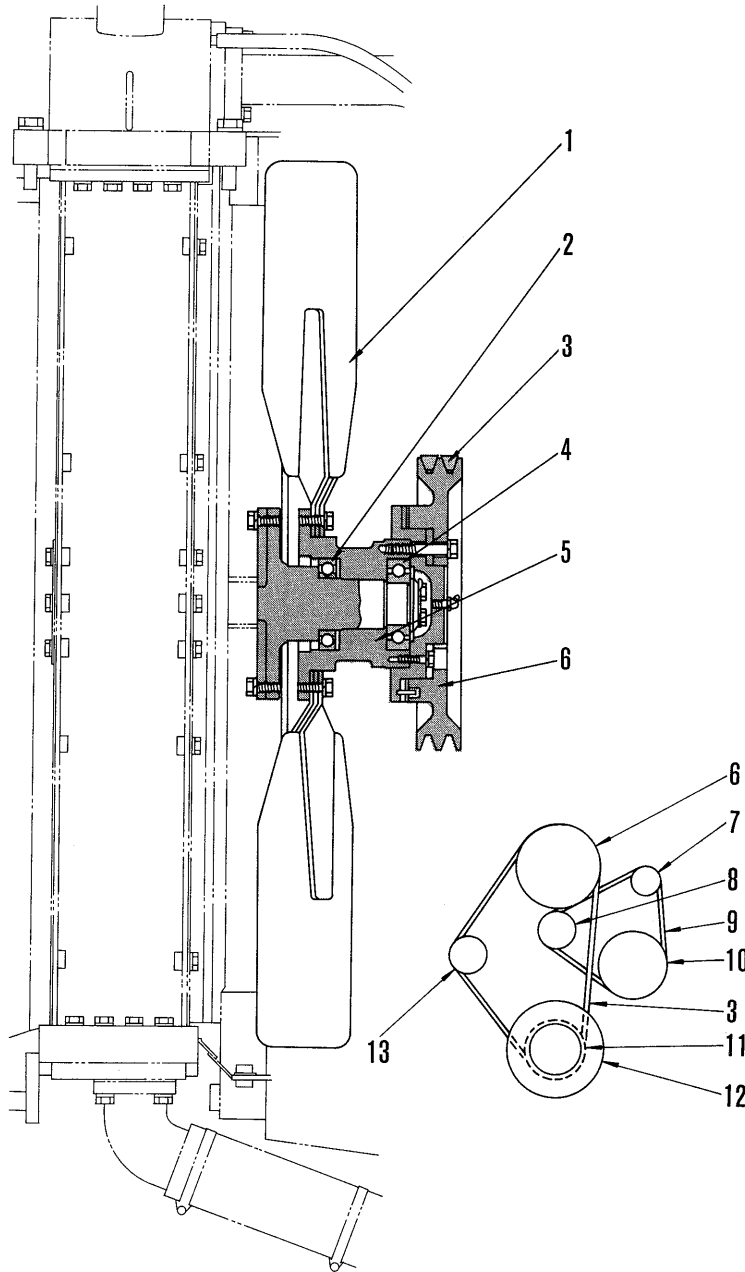
N-855-C



6710F099-1A

- | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| 1. Fan | 7. Tension pulley (O.D.: 125 mm) |
| 2. V-belt | 8. Alternator pulley (O.D.: 95 mm) |
| 3. Fan drive shaft | 9. V-belt |
| 4. Fan pulley (O.D.: 262 mm) | 10. Accessory drive pulley (O.D.: 222.3 mm) |
| 5. Vibration damper | 11. Crank pulley (O.D.: 183 mm) |
| 6. Water pump pulley (O.D.: 118.5 mm) | |

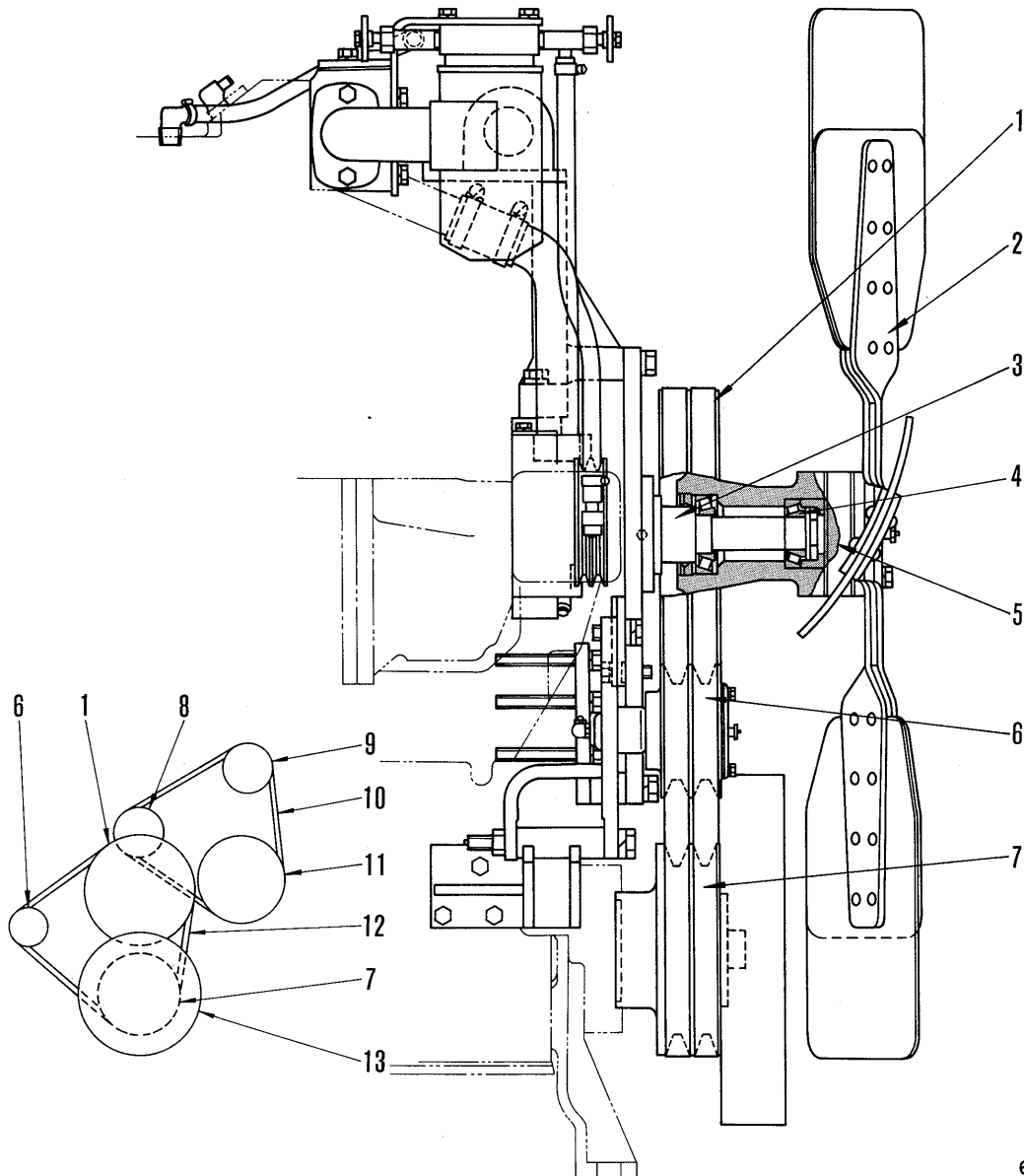
NT-855-C (For D80, 85-18, D95S-2)



6710F100A

- | | |
|------------------------------|---|
| 1. Fan | 7. Alternator pulley (O.D.: 95 mm) |
| 2. Ball bearing | 8. Water pump pulley (O.D.: 118.5 mm) |
| 3. V-belt | 9. V-belt |
| 4. Ball bearing | 10. Accessory drive pulley (O.D.: 222 mm) |
| 5. Fan spacer | 11. Crank pulley (O.D.: 183 mm) |
| 6. Fan pulley (O.D.: 262 mm) | 12. Vibration damper |
| | 13. Tension pulley (O.D.: 120 mm) |

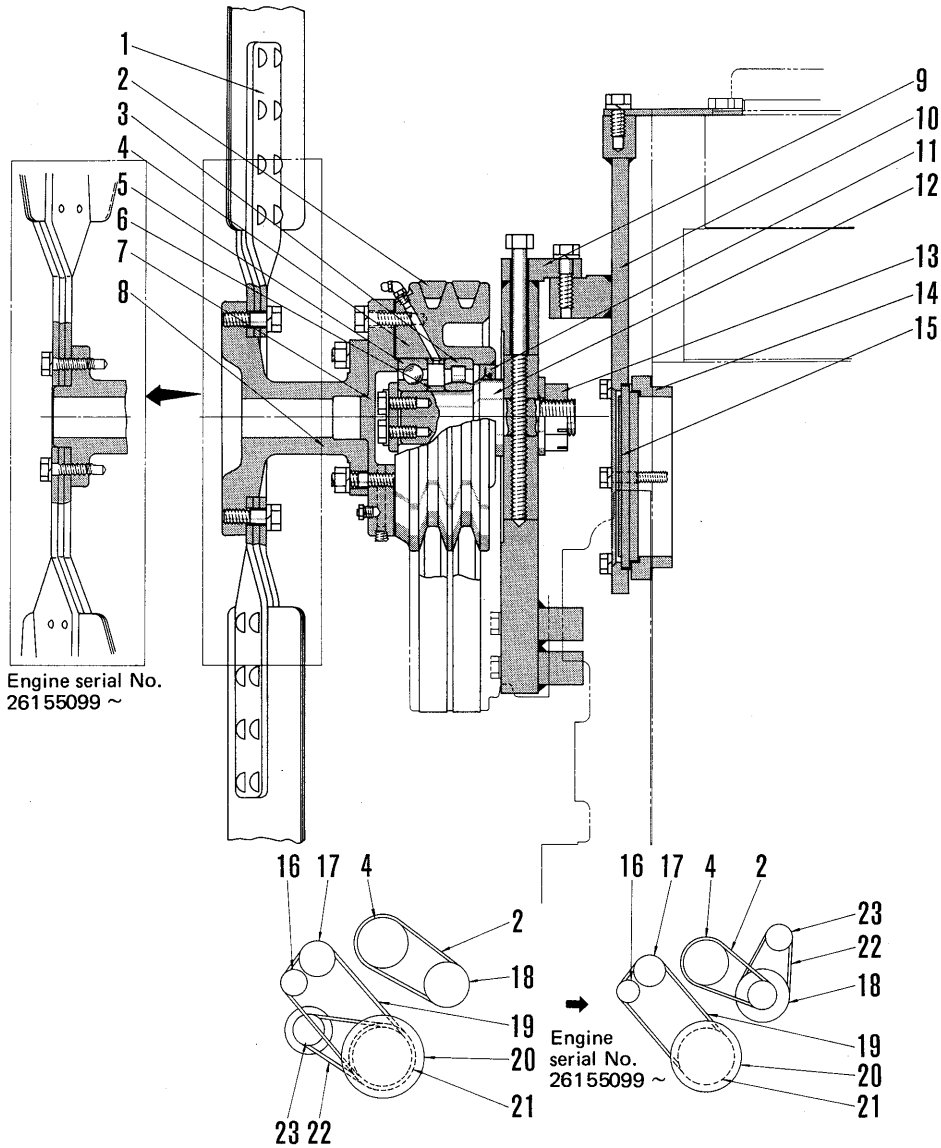
NT-855-C (For PC400-1, PC400LC-1, W170-2, W180-1)
 NTA-855-C (For WS16S-2, WS23-1)



6710F099-4

- | | | |
|--|---|--|
| <p>1. Fan pulley (O.D.)
 (O.D. for PC400-1: 262 mm
 W170-2, W180-1: 315 mm,
 WS16S-2: 336 mm)</p> <p>2. Fan</p> <p>3. Fan drive shaft</p> <p>4. Ball bearing</p> | <p>5. Fan spacer</p> <p>6. Tension pulley
 (O.D. for PC400-1, W170-2, W180-1:
 120 mm, WS16S-2: 118 mm)</p> <p>7. Crank pulley
 (O.D. for PC400-1: 194 mm,
 W170-2, W180-1: 180 mm,
 WS16S-2: 192 mm)</p> | <p>8. Water pump pulley (O.D.: 118 mm)</p> <p>9. Alternator pulley (O.D.: 118 mm)</p> <p>10. V-belt</p> <p>11. Accessory drive pulley (O.D.: 222 mm)</p> <p>12. V-belt</p> <p>13. Vibration damper</p> |
|--|---|--|

NTA-855-C (For HD320-2, HD320-3)

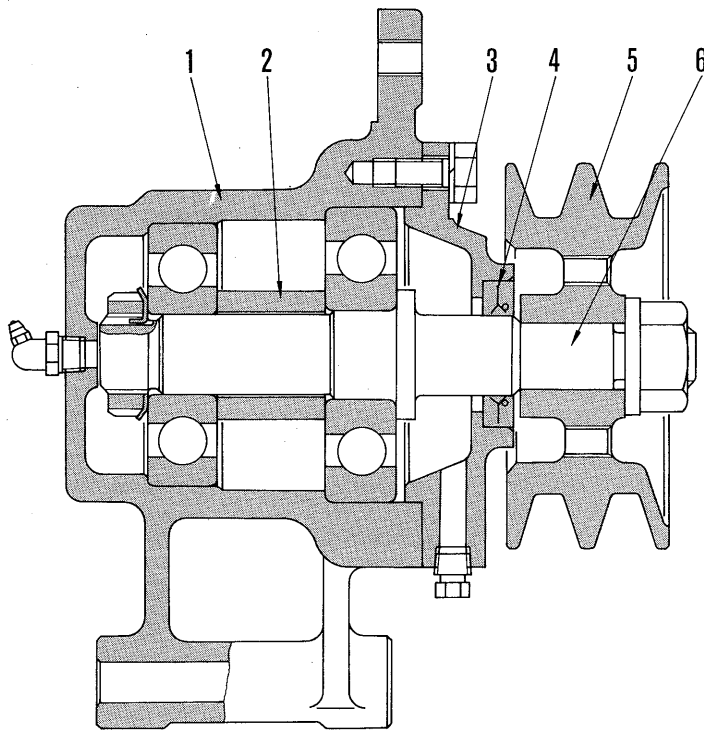


6710F101B

- | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| 1. Fan | 10. Fan bracket | 18. Accessory drive pulley
(Alternator drive O.D.: Change 155 mm to 238 mm) |
| 2. V-belt | 11. Oil seal | (Fan drive O.D.: 155 mm) |
| 3. Roller bearing | 12. Fan drive shaft | 19. V-belt |
| 4. Fan pulley (O.D.: 228 to 247 mm) | 13. Lock nut | 20. Vibration damper |
| 5. Ball bearing | 14. Water pump support | 21. Crank pulley
(Water pump drive O.D.: change 238 mm to 260.5 mm) |
| 6. Spacer | 15. Water pump cover | (Alternator drive O.D.: 260.5 mm) |
| 7. Cover | 16. Idler pulley (O.D.: 101.5 mm) | 22. V-belt |
| 8. Fan spacer | 17. Water pump pulley (O.D.: 118 mm) | 23. Alternator pulley (O.D.: 120 mm) |
| 9. Bracket | | |

TENSION PULLEY

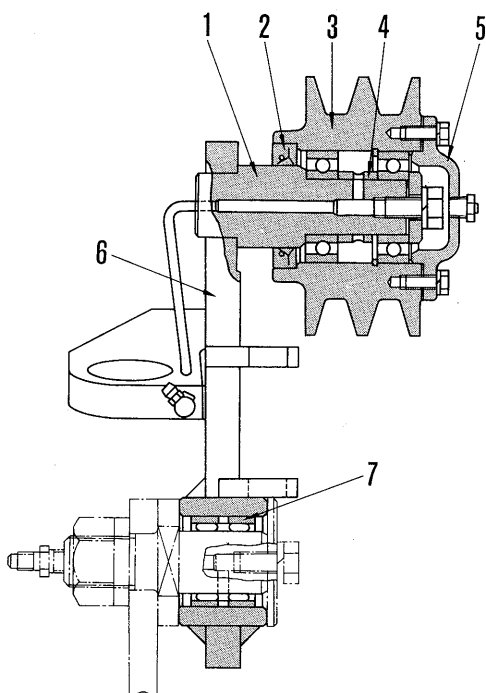
N-855-C



- 1. Tension pulley bracket
- 2. Spacer
- e. Cover
- 4. Oil seal
- 5. Tension pulley
- 6. Tension pulley shaft

6710F099-2A

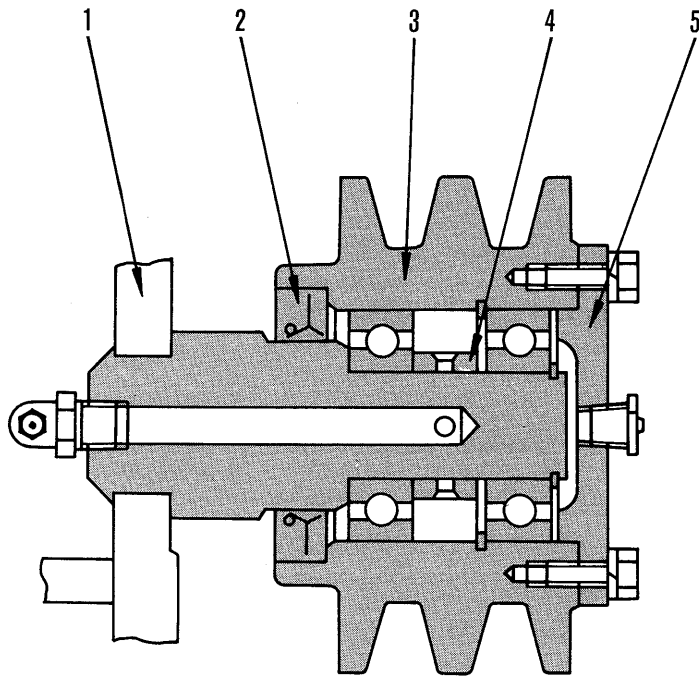
NT-855-C (For D80, 85-18, D95S-2)



- 1. Tension pulley shaft
- 2. Oil seal
- 3. Tension pulley
- 4. Spacer
- 5. Pulley cover
- 6. Tension pulley bracket
- 7. Needle bearing

6710F099-5

NT-855-C (For PC400-1, W170-2, W180-1)
NTA-855-C (For WS16S-2, WS23-1)

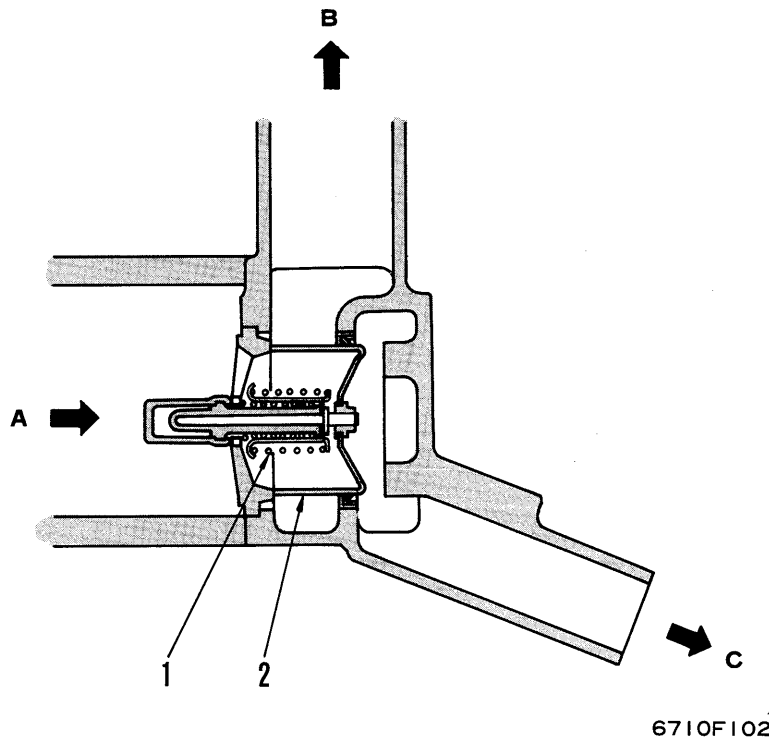


1. Bracket
2. Oil seal
3. Tension pulley
4. Spacer
5. Cover

6710F099-6

THERMOSTAT

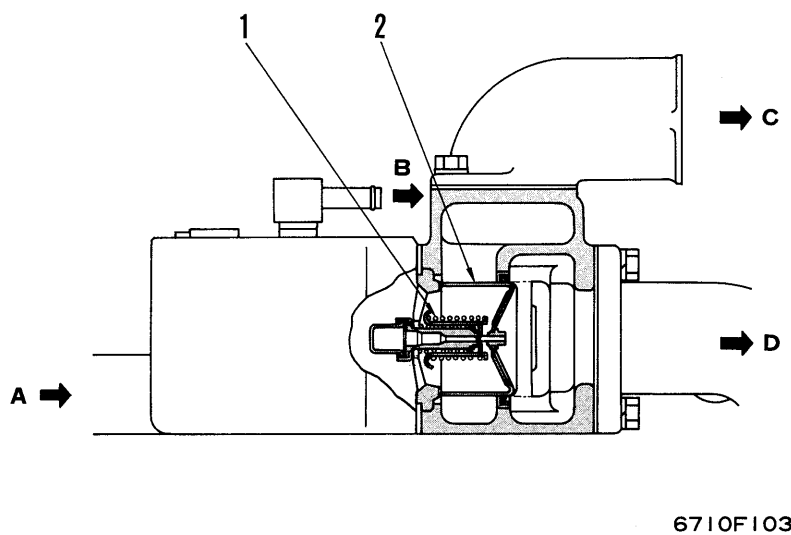
NT-855-C



- 1. Spring
 - 2. Thermostat case
- A. From water manifold
 - B. To radiator upper tank
 - C. To water pump

Opening temperature : 75.5~78.5°C
 Full opening temperature : 90°C
 Full opening lift : 10mm minimum

NTA-855-C

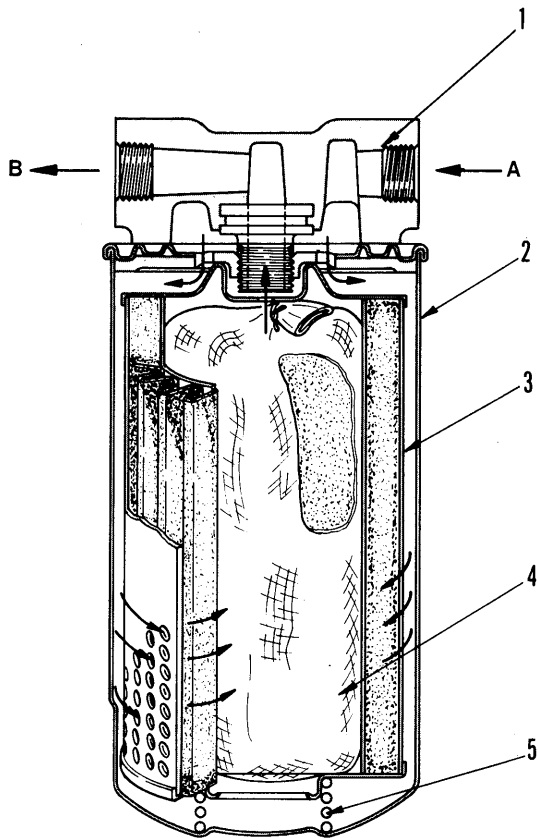


- 1. Spring
 - 2. Thermostat
- A. From water manifold
 - B. To radiator upper tank
 - C. To radiator upper tank
 - D. To water pump

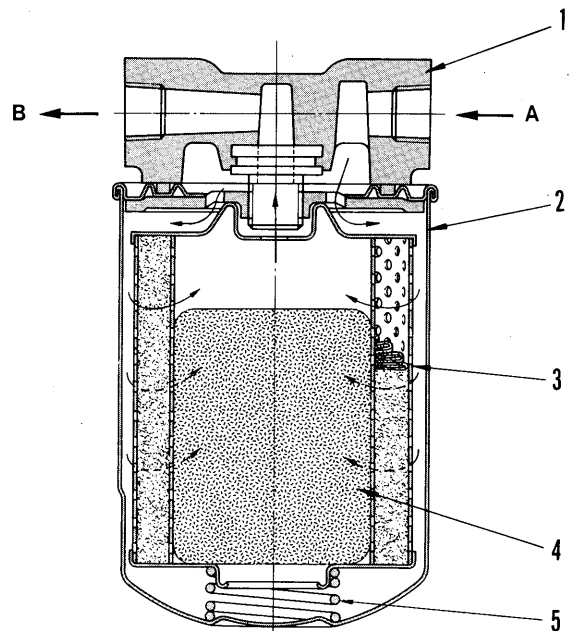
Opening temperature : 74.5~78.5°C
 Full opening temperature : 90°C
 Full opening lift : 10mm minimum

CORROSION RESISTOR

CARTRIDGE TYPE



6136F023-2A



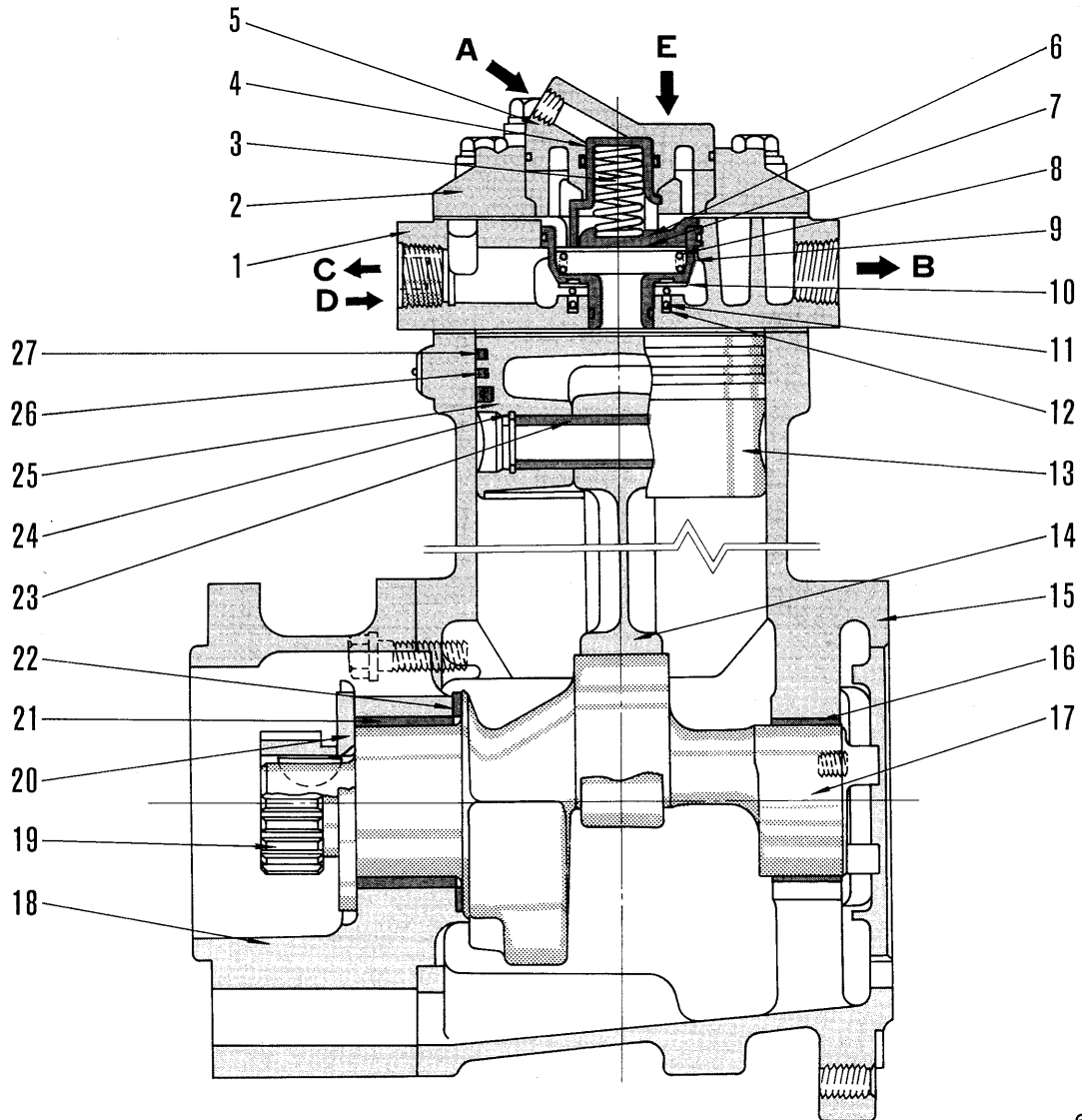
6136F023-7

- 1. Bracket
- 2. Cartridge
- 3. Element (Paper)
- 4. Element (Chemicals)
- 5. Spring

- A. Water inlet
- B. Water outlet

ACCESSORY AIR COMPRESSOR

(For N-855-C, NTA-855-C)

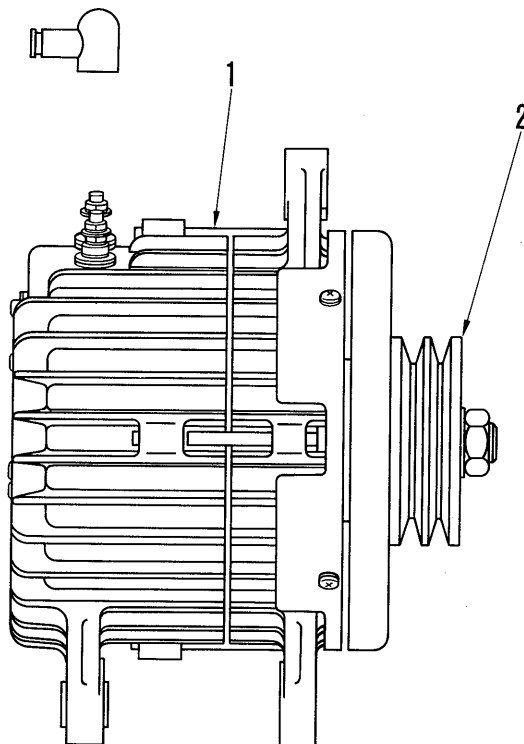
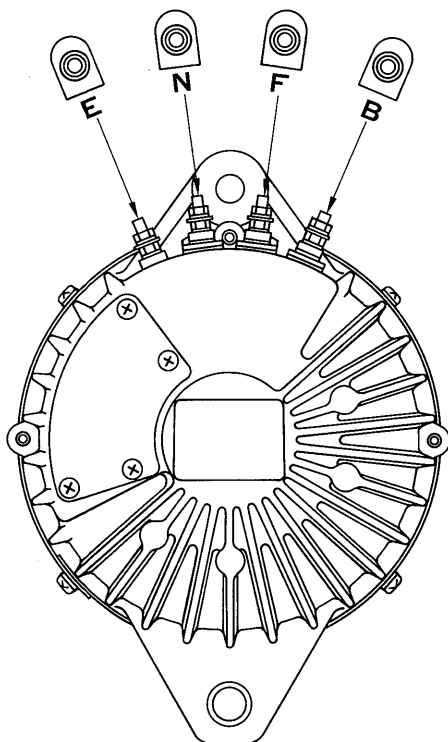


6710F105

- | | | |
|--------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|
| 1. Cylinder head | 12. Wear plate | 23. Piston pin |
| 2. Cylinder head cover | 13. Piston | 24. Snap ring |
| 3. Unloader valve spring | 14. Connecting rod | 25. Oil ring |
| 4. Unloader valve cap | 15. Crankcase | 26. Piston ring (No. 2) |
| 5. Unloader valve body | 16. Crankcase bushing | 27. Piston ring (TOP) |
| 6. Inlet valve seat | 17. Crankshaft | |
| 7. Inlet valve | 18. Support | A. From air tank |
| 8. Inlet valve spring | 19. Half coupling | B. To air tank |
| 9. Outlet valve seat | 20. Thrust washer | C. Cooling water outlet |
| 10. Outlet valve | 21. Support bushing | D. Cooling water inlet |
| 11. Outlet valve spring | 22. Thrust washer | E. From intake manifold |

ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

ALTERNATOR

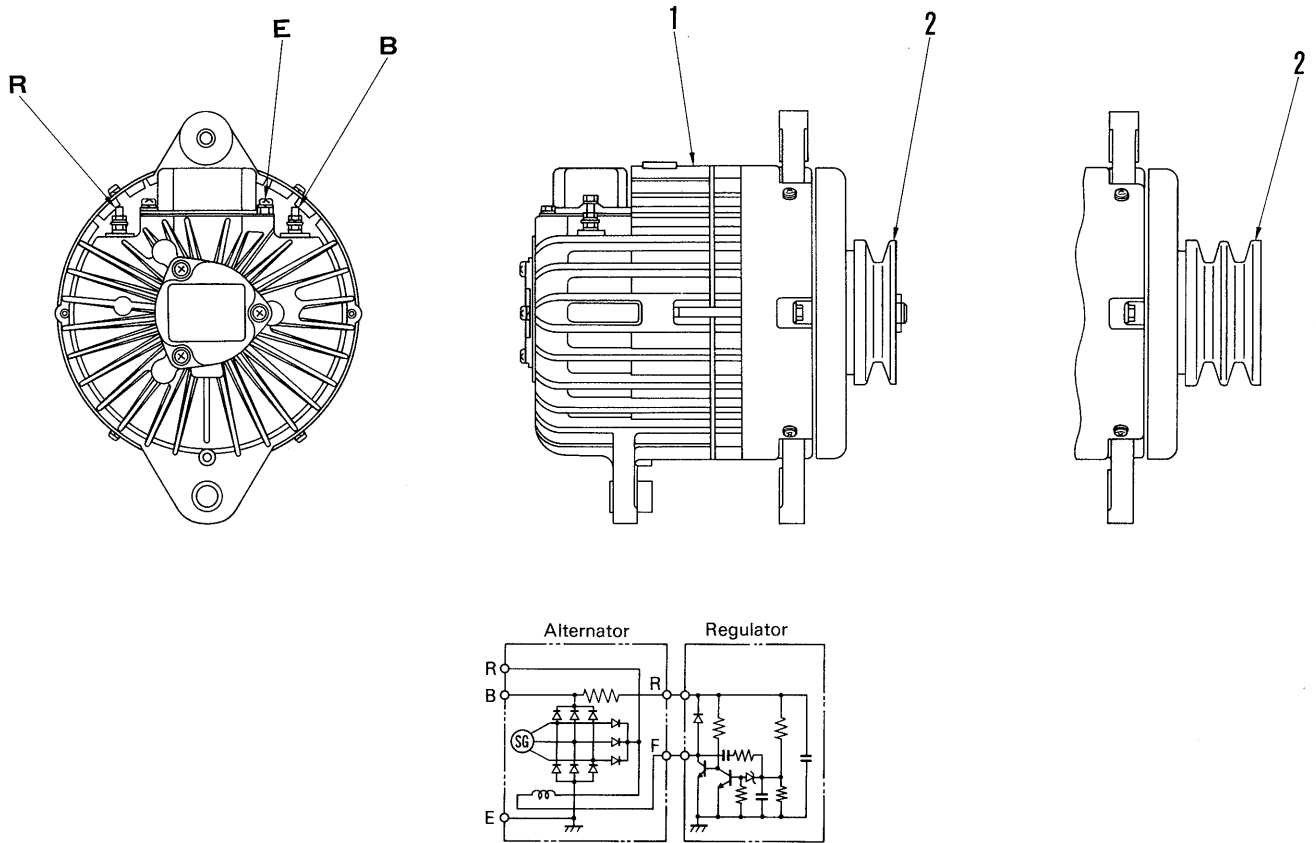


F6710A012

- 1. Alternator
- 2. Pulley

E, N, F, B: Terminal

Engine model	Applicable machine	Type	Specification	Pulley O.D. (mm)	Weight (kg)
N-855-C	PC300-1, 2 PC300LC-1, 2	Maker: NIKKO DENKI Type: Sealed	24V, 25A	95	14
NT-855-C	D85A, E, P, F-18 D85A, E-18 D95S-2 PC400-1, PC400LC-1	Maker: NIKKO DENKI Type: Sealed	24V, 25A	95	14
	W170-2	Maker: NIKKO DENKI Type: Sealed	24V, 35A	120	15

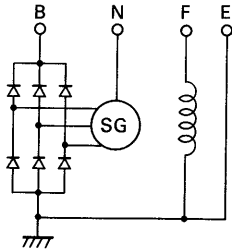
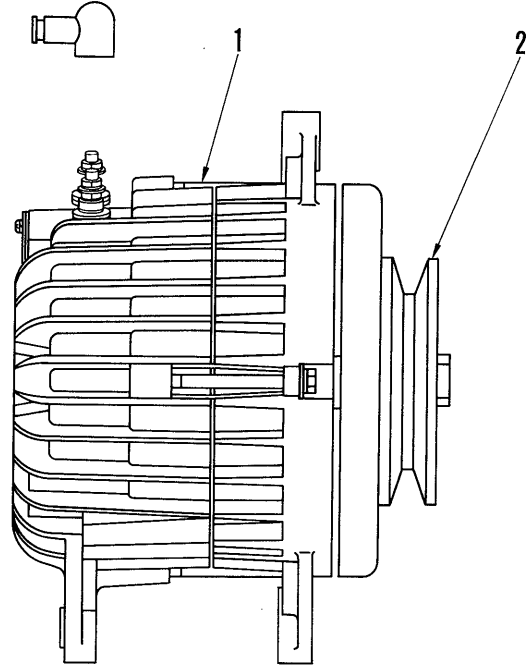
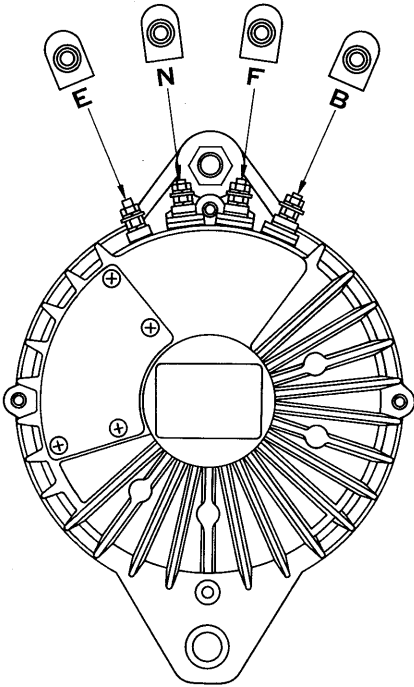


- 1. Alternator
- 2. Pulley

B, E, F, R: Terminal

F6710A013

Engine model	Applicable machine	Type	Specification	Pulley O.D. (mm)	Weight (kg)
NT-855-C	W180-1	Maker: NIKKO DENKI Type: Sealed	24V, 35A	95 (Double pulley)	17.5
NTA-855-C	HD320	Maker: NIKKO DENKI Type: Sealed	24V, 35A	120 (Single pulley)	18
	WS16S-2 WS23-1			95 (Double pulley)	17.5



F6710A014

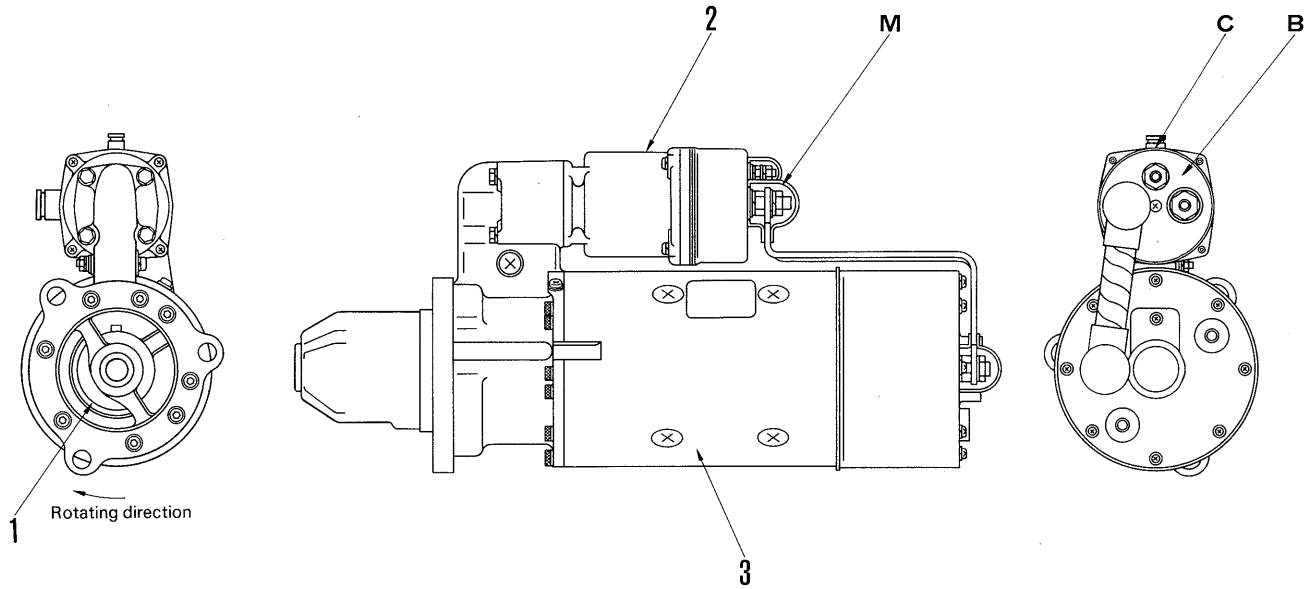
- 1. Alternator
- 2. Pulley

B, E, F, N: Terminal

Engine model	Applicable machine	Type	Specification	Pulley O.D. (mm)	Weight (kg)
NTA-855-C	HD320	Maker: NIKKO DENKI Type: Sealed	24V, 35A	190	13

STARTING MOTOR

WITHOUT SAFETY RELAY

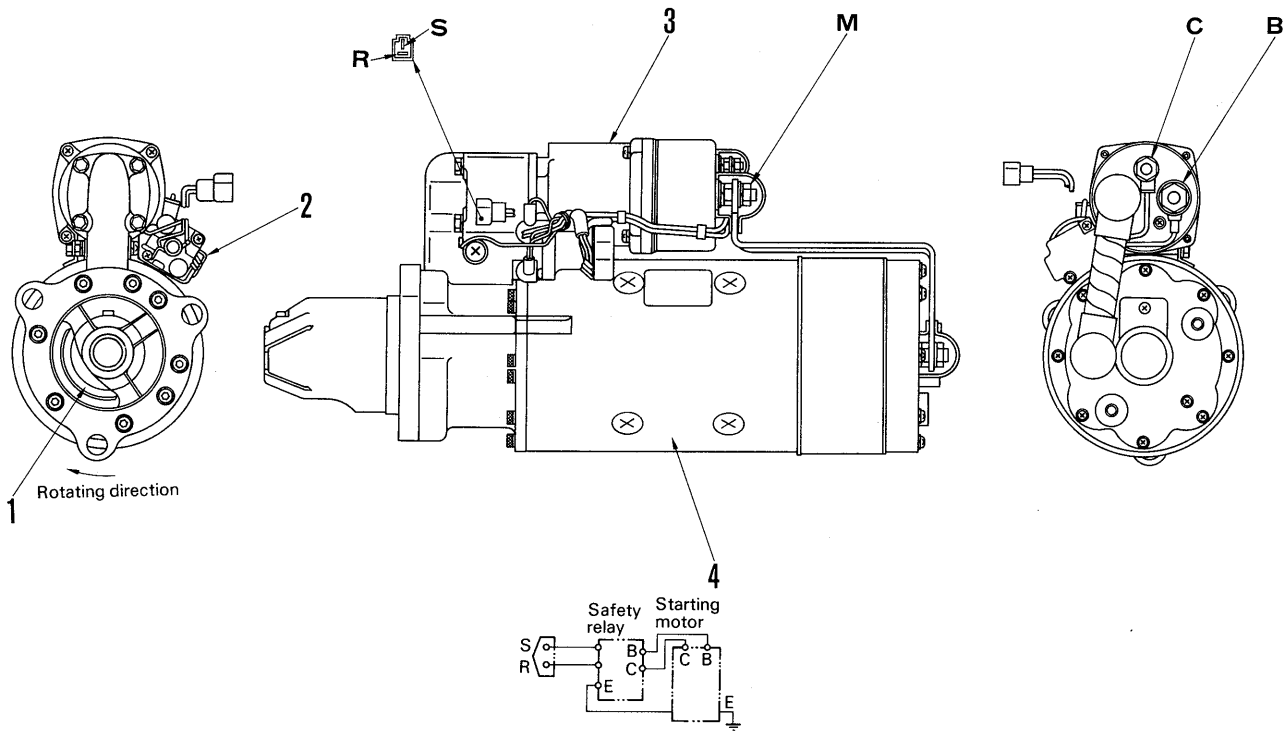


F6710A015

- 1. Pinion
 - 2. Magnetic switch
 - 3. Starting motor
- B, C, M: Terminal

Engine model	Applicable machine	Type	Specification	Number of pinion teeth	Weight (kg)
N-855-C	All machine	Maker: NIKKO DENKI Type: Sealed	24V, 11kW	11	44.5
NT-855-C	All machine	Maker: NIKKO DENKI Type: Sealed	24V, 11kW	11	44.5
NTA-855-C	HD320-2, 3 WS16S-2 WS23-1	Maker: NIKKO DENKI Type: Sealed	24V, 11kW	11	44.5

WITH SAFETY RELAY



F6710A016

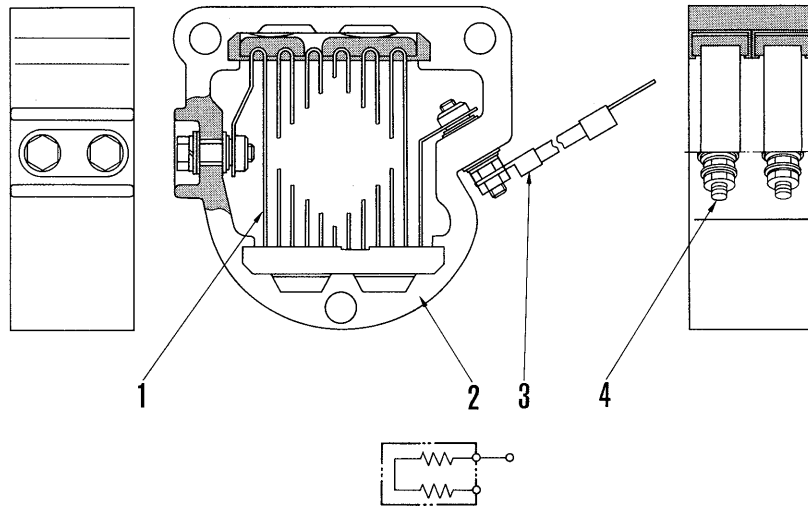
- 1. Pinion
 - 2. Safety relay
 - 3. Magnetic switch
 - 4. Starting motor
- B, C, E, M, R, S: Terminal

Engine model	Applicable machine	Type	Specification	Number of pinion teeth	Weight (kg)
NT-855-C	W170-2 W180-1	Maker: NIKKO DENKI Type: Sealed	24V, 11kW	11	45

ELECTRICAL INTAKE AIR HEATER

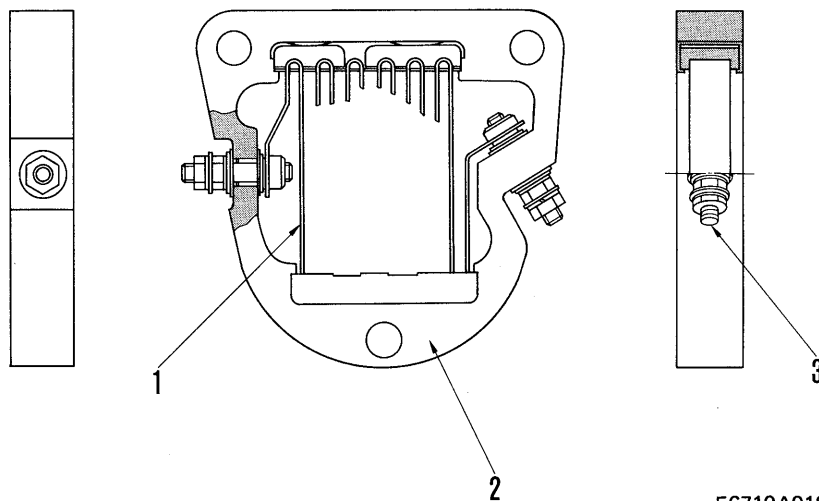
RIBBON TYPE

- SMALL SIZE (For PC300-1, 2, PC300LC-1, 2)



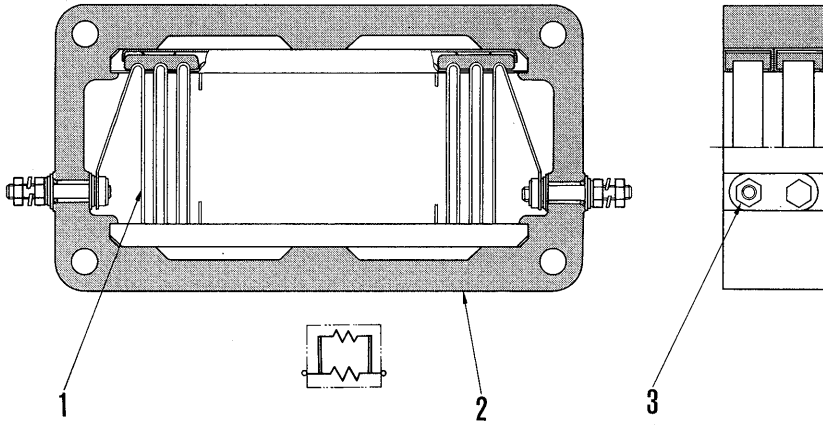
F6710A017

- SMALL SIZE (For PC400-1, PC400LC-1, W170-2, W180-1)



F6710A018

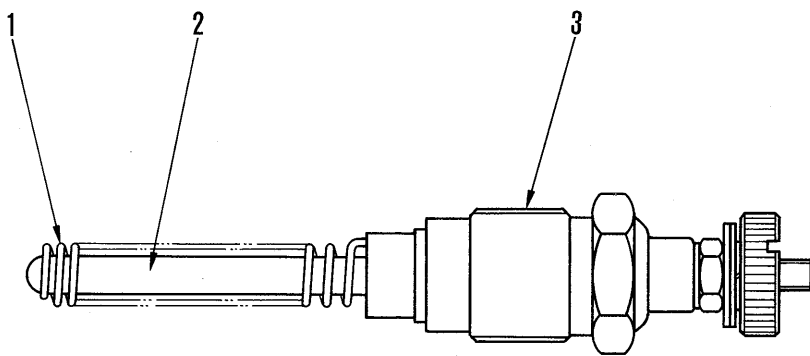
● LARGE SIZE (For PC400-1, PC400LC-1, W170-2, W180-1)



- 1. Heater coil
- 2. Heater body
- 3. Terminal

F6710A019

COIL TYPE (For D80, 85-18, D95S-2)



- 1. Heater coil
- 2. Tube
- 3. Heater body

F6710A020

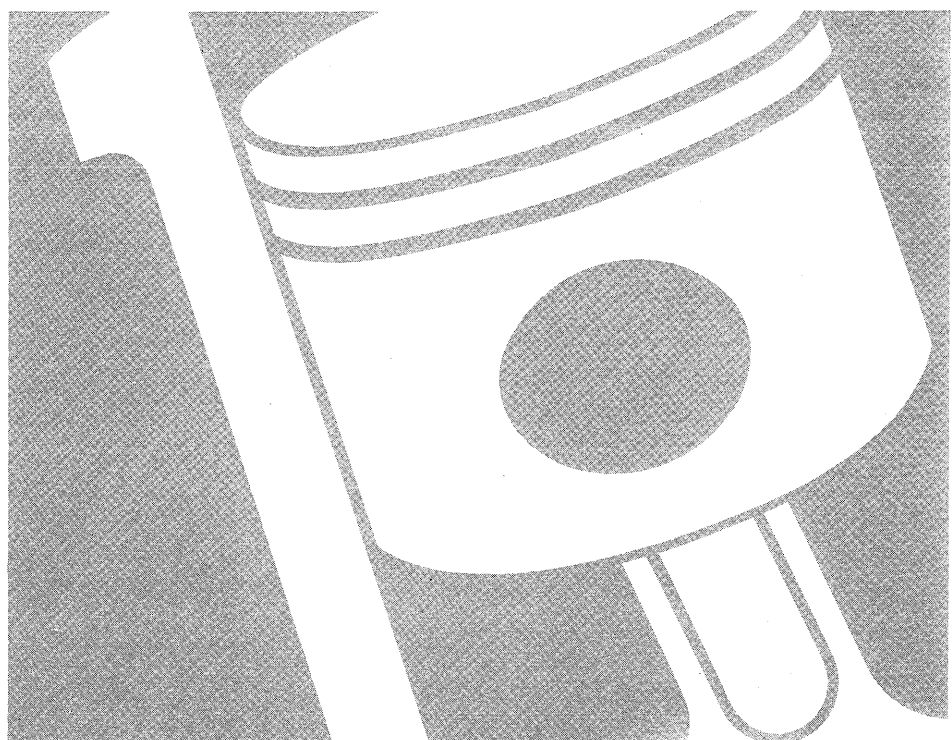
SHOP MANUAL

N-855 SERIES

Engine Serial No. 26100001 and up

12

ENGINE TESTING AND ADJUSTING



CONTENTS

Testing and adjusting injector and valve clearance	12-004
Measuring compression pressure	12-008
Measuring blow-by pressure	12-010
Measuring oil consumption	12-012
Measuring fuel pressure	12-014
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PT fuel pump parts specification	12-027
Injector specification	12-037
Run-in standard	12-038
Performance test criteria	12-040
Testing and adjusting tool list	12-045
Testing and adjusting data	12-046
Troubleshooting	12-052

TESTING AND ADJUSTING INJECTOR AND VALVE CLEARANCE

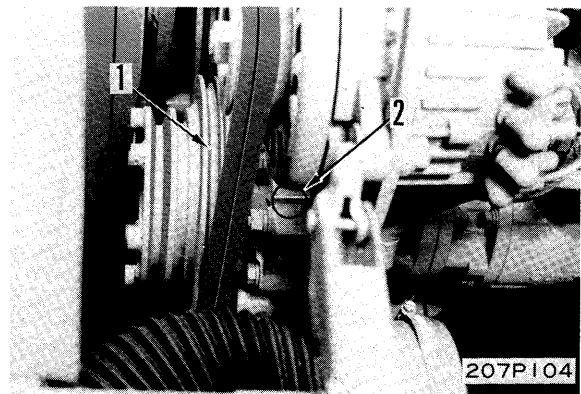
- ★ When testing and adjusting the injector and the valve clearance, work in the same cranking position and adjust the injector first.
- ★ Test and adjust the injectors and valve clearances in the following engine firing order:
Firing order: 1 – 5 – 3 – 6 – 2 – 4

ADJUSTING INJECTORS

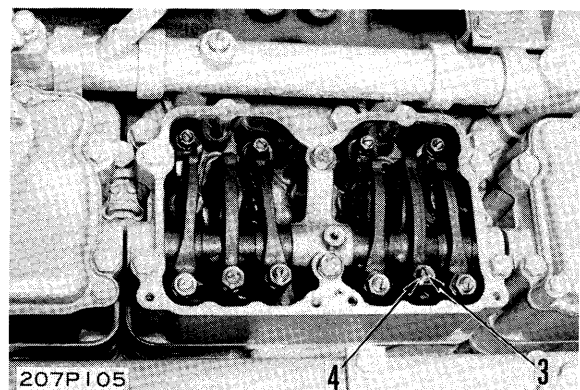
Special tools

	Part Number	Part name	Q'ty
A	795-630-1803	Torque wrench set	1
B	795-130-2103	Torque wrench set	1


- ★ Remove the rocker arm housing cover.
 - ★ When adjusting No. 3 and No. 4 injectors, remove crossover pipe.
1. Rotate the crankshaft in the normal direction and, while watching the valve movement, align stamp "1.6VS" on accessory pulley (1) with pointer (2) on the gear case.
 - ★ When stamp "1.6VS" is aligned with the pointer, either No. 1 or No. 6 cylinder should be in compression TDC position.
If the valves for No. 1 cylinder is still in motion at this stage, the cylinder is not in the compression TDC position. In this case, rotate the crankshaft one complete turn in the normal direction.



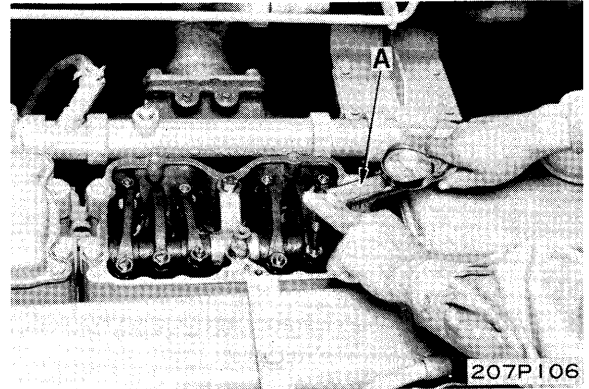
2. Loosen locknut (4) for adjustment screw (3).
3. Screw in the adjustment screw until the injector plunger comes into contact with the cup. Then, screw in the adjustment screw about 15° to drive the fuel out of the cup.
4. Back off the adjustment screw one complete turn.




5. Tighten the adjustment screw to the specified torque with the torque wrench in tool A.

 Adjustment screw: Unit: kgm

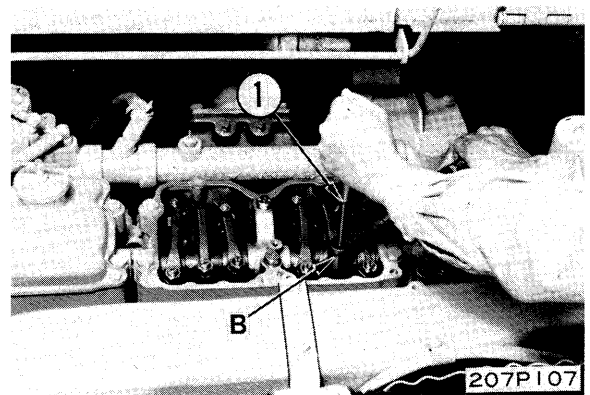
Engine No.	26102754 – 26155791	26155792 and up
Cold (20°C)	0.55	0.83
Warm (60°C)	0.69	0.83



6. Hold the adjustment screw with screwdriver ① and tighten the locknut with tool B.

 Locknut: 4.8 ± 0.7 kgm

- ★ After the valve clearance is tested and adjusted in the same cranking position, adjust the next injector in the firing order, use the same manner described above.



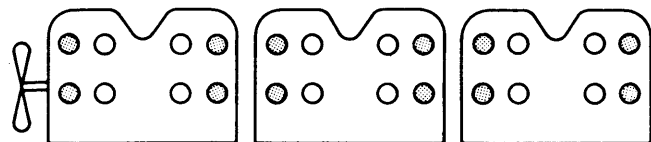
TESTING AND ADJUSTING THE VALVE
CLEARANCE

Special tools

	Part Number	Part Name	Q'ty
A	795-130-2103	Torque wrench set	1
B	795-562-1300	Feeler gauge	1

- Adjust the valve clearance in the same cranking position, after the injector is adjusted.
- "Testing" the valve clearance means checking to see if a feeler gauge of the specified clearance can slide lightly when inserted between the rocker arm lever and the crosshead.
 - ★ If the clearance deviates from the standard value, adjust the clearance in the following manner.

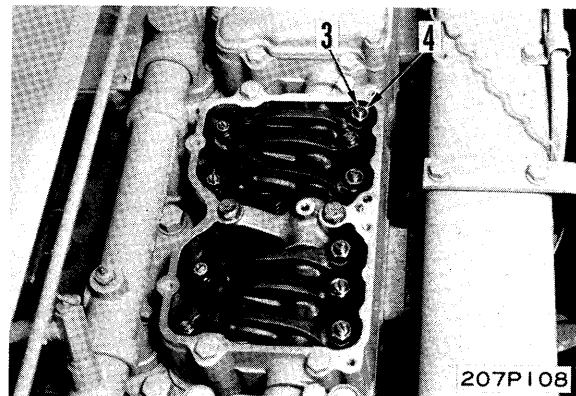
★ Valve arrangement




○ Intake valve ● Exhaust valve

207F201

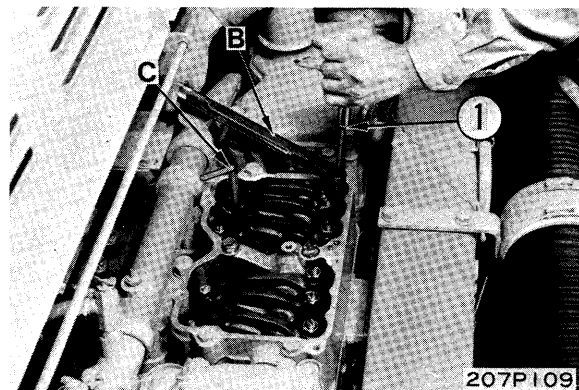
- 1 Loosen locknut (4) for adjustment screw (3).
- 2 Insert feeler gauge C between the rocker arm lever and the crosshead, and adjust the clearance with the adjustment screw just until the gauge can be slid lightly.



- 3 Hold the adjustment screw with screwdriver ① and tighten the locknut with wrench B.

 Locknut: 4.8 ± 0.7 kgm

- ★ After the locknut is tightened, check the clearance again.
- ★ Adjust the other valve clearances according to the firing order in the same way as described above.



MEASURING COMPRESSION PRESSURE

Special tools

	Part Number	Part Name	Q'ty
H	795-132-6401	Injector puller	1
I		Adapter	1
T	795-502-1203	Compression gauge	1



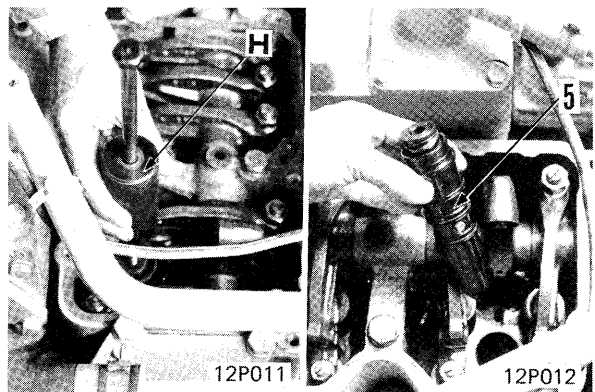
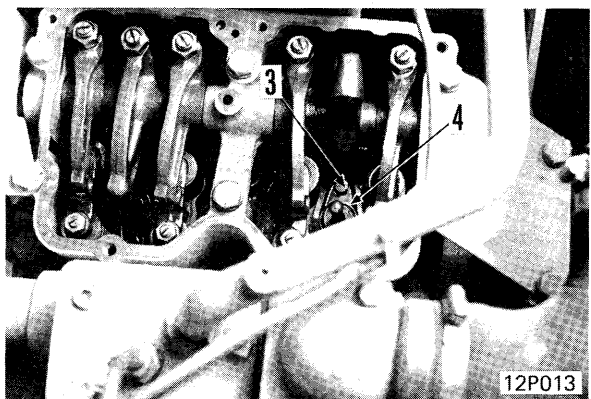
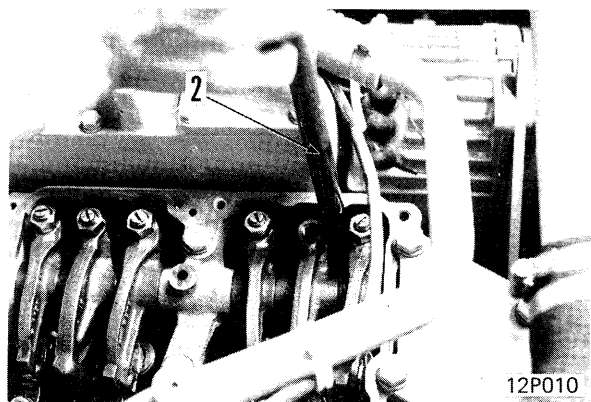
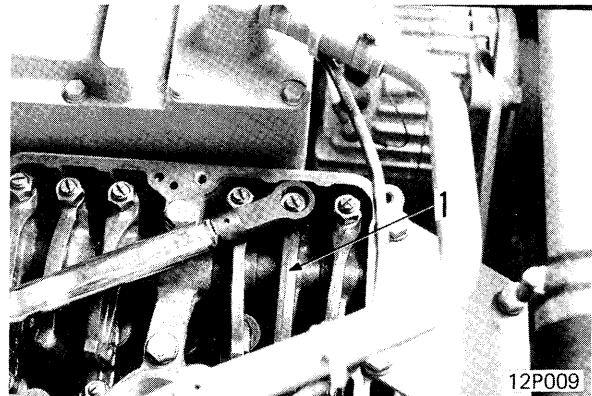
When measuring the compression pressure, be careful not to burn yourself on the exhaust pipe or to get caught in a revolving part of the engine.

- ★ Adjust the valve clearance before measuring.
- ★ For details, see TESTING AND ADJUSTING THE VALVE CLEARANCE.


1. Loosen the locknut for injector lever (1) and remove the adjustment screw.
2. Remove push rod (2).

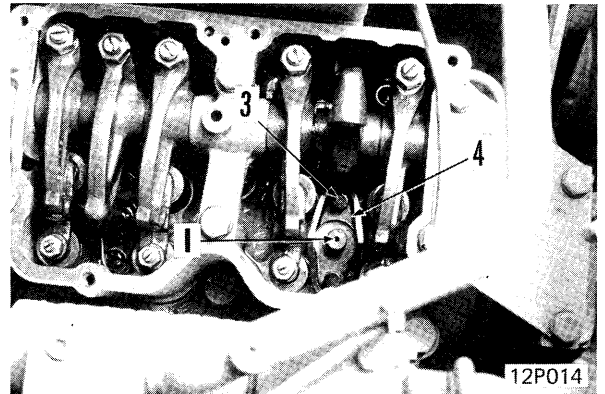
3. Remove mounting bolt (3) and clamp (4).

4. Pull out injector assembly (5) with injector puller H.

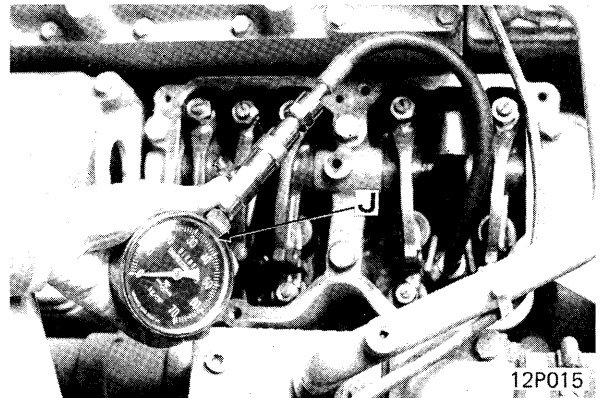


5. Install adapter I and tighten clamp (4) with bolt (3).


 Bolt: 1.55 ± 0.55 kgm



6. Connect the hose and gauge J.

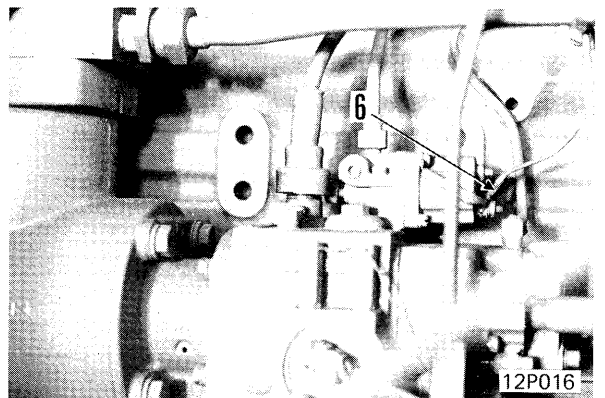


7. Disconnect wiring (6) for the shut-off valve.

 Take care not to let the disconnected wiring come into contact with the machine body.

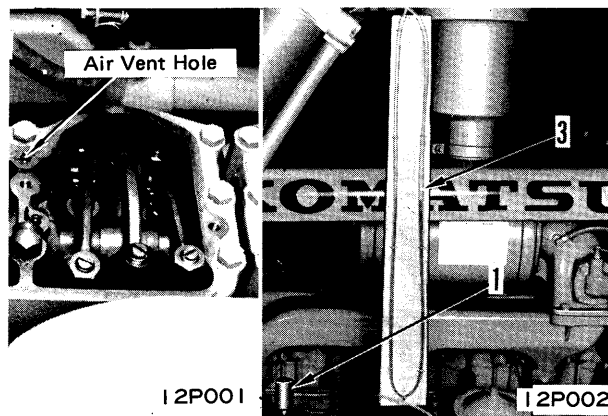
8. Crank the engine with the starting motor and measure the compression pressure.

- ★ Read out the pressure from the compression gauge when the gauge hand has come to a stand still.
- ★ When measuring the compression pressure, measure the engine speed as well and confirm that the engine speed is within the specified range in the measurement conditions.



MEASURING BLOW-BY PRESSURE

- ★ Measure blow-by after the engine has warmed up (oil temperature at least 60°C or water temperature at least 70°C).
1. Remove the rocker arm housing cover.
 - ★ Unnecessary in the case on an engine fitted with a turbocharger.
 2. Block up the air vent holes of each rocker arm housing.
 - ★ When taking blow-by measurements, block up the air vent holes in order to prevent the passage of air from the cylinder head to the air intake side.
 - ★ In the case of an engine fitted with a turbocharger, the air vent holes are plugged up.
 3. Install the rocker arm housing cover.
 4. Install blow-by check tool (1) over the oil filler or breather port using the adapter provided with the check tool.
 5. Connect the check tool to U-tube manometer (3) or a pressure gauge by means of tubing.
 6. Block up all openings (breather, oil filler, oil level gauge guide, etc.) except the one over which the blow-by check tool is mounted, in order to prevent leakage.
 7. Run the engine and read off the blow-by pressure.
- ★ After completion of the above measurements, open up the air vent holes.



DETERMINATION OF RESULTS OF BLOW-BY MEASUREMENT AND REMEDY

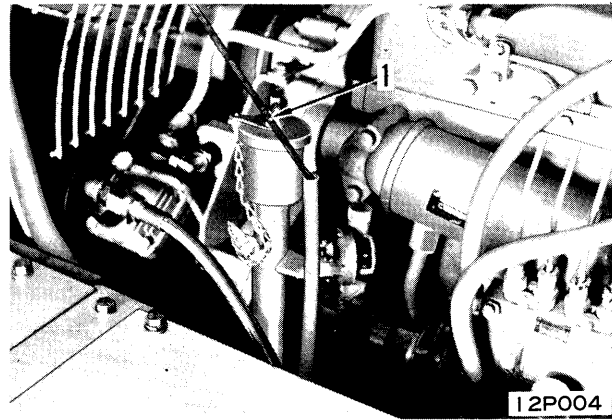
- ★ The blow-by standard is specified as the value obtained at the rated output of the engine. At high idling, it is possible to obtain about 80% of the blow-by obtained at rated engine output. For this reason, the blow-by standard is sometimes specified at high idling.
- ★ When it is difficult to operate the engine at rated output during field measurements, for example, take measurements under full stall operation or the previously mentioned high idling condition in order to obtain a value similar to that obtained at rated engine output.
- ★ The blow-by standard is specified for an engine installed in a new machine. The actual measured value will thus vary depending upon the operating time and maintenance condition of the machine.
- ★ The measured blow-by value may sometimes abruptly increase depending upon the degree of overlap of the piston ring gaps or may vary depending upon the operating condition of the machine. It is thus dangerous to assume that an abnormality in the blow-by reference value is related to a fault in the engine.
- ★ If a measured blow-by value is considered to be abnormal, it is necessary to thoroughly investigate the following items which are related to blow-by.
 - 1 Oil consumption
 - 2 Exhaust color
 - 3 Starting performance
 - 4 Oil deterioration
- ★ The main causes of abnormal blow-by area:
 - 1 Worn piston rings and liners
 - 2 Worn valve stems and guides
 - 3 Blocked breather
 - 4 Abnormal combustion

Of these, it is possible to check 1 and 2 by measuring the compression pressure.

MEASURING OIL CONSUMPTION

Measuring oil consumption

- ★ Measure the oil consumption using oil level gauge (1) in terms of the amount of oil required to maintain a constant oil level.
- ★ In order to do this, it is necessary to perform the oil level inspections accurately.
- ★ In order to eliminate errors due to changes in oil temperature and oil circulation, inspect the oil at the stop level at the commencement of operation.
- ★ In the case of an engine in which the oil is poured in from the cylinder head, inspect the oil level after a lapse of at least 30 minutes from the time the oil is poured in.



Oil consumption

- ★ The oil consumption will vary greatly depending upon the size of the engine, whether or not a turbo-charger is fitted, and the operating conditions, etc.
- ★ It will also vary depending upon the operating hours, temperature and external pressure (high altitude work), etc.
- ★ In addition, the oil consumption will also increase momentarily when the piston ring gaps overlap.

Oil consumption rate

- ★ Because the oil consumption will vary considerably depending upon the type of machine and operating conditions, etc., it is very difficult to determine whether or not the oil consumption is normal simply by saying that it is Xℓ per day. Because of this the OIL CONSUMPTION RATE is used. This expresses the amount of oil consumed for a given amount of fuel, after compensating for change due to machine type (engine size) and operating condition.

$$\text{Oil consumption rate} = \frac{\text{Oil consumption}}{\text{Fuel consumption}} \times 100\%$$

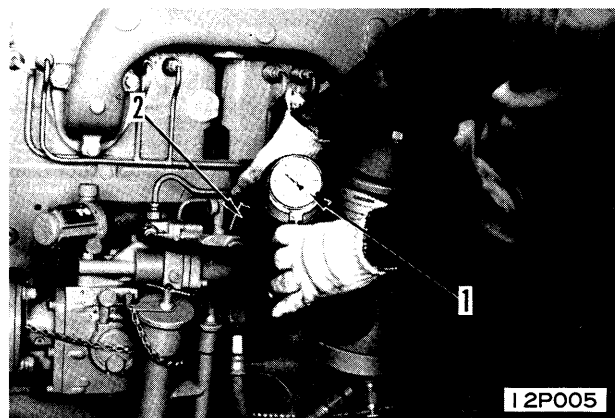
Determination of oil consumption rate

- ★ In order to determine the oil consumption rate, it is necessary to accurately measure the fuel consumption in addition, of course, to accurately reading the oil level so as to accurately derive the oil consumption.
- ★ Because the oil consumption will vary depending upon various conditions, it is necessary to determine the oil consumption rate on the basis of measurements taken over as long a period as possible (one month is necessary).
 - If the oil consumption is quite large, take appropriate action as soon as possible.
- ★ Oil consumption on a new machine (one which has been run for no more than 500 hours) tends to be high owing to the fact that the sliding surfaces are not properly worn in (oil consumption tends to be 0.3 to 1.0% greater than the oil consumption on a machine that is already run in).
- ★ The oil consumption of an engine fitted with a turbocharger will tend to be high because of oil circulation to the turbocharger, etc. (oil consumption tends to be 0.3 to 1.0% greater than the oil consumption on a machine not fitted with a turbocharger).
- ★ The oil consumption on a vehicle which has been run for a large number of hours will be high due to wear of piston rings and liners, etc.
- ★ If an engine is run at high speed on a light load, oil consumption will be high despite the low fuel consumption because of the fact that the oil circulation quantity will remain constant and also on account of the increase of raising oil from the piston rings due to the combustion pressure remaining the same.
- ★ When determining the oil consumption rate, it is necessary to take into consideration the aforementioned various conditions. It must be borne in mind that a simple numerical determination will result in incorrect remedial measures.
As a general guide, if oil consumption is 0.5 to 1.0% greater than other similar type machine → exercise care; if it is 1.0 to 2% greater → consumption high; if it 2% or greater → consumption very large or excessive.

MEASURING FUEL PRESSURE

- ★ Check and measure the fuel pressure using a test bench.
- ★ This section describes a simple method of inspecting and measuring the fuel pressure, which can be performed even in the field.

1. Remove the fuel pressure outlet plug from the PT pump shut-off valve.
2. Screw in the nipple, and connect up the hose and fuel pressure gauge (1).
3. Warm up the engine for a period of 5 to 10 minutes.
 - ★ Continue engine warm-up until the water and oil temperatures enter the specified operating range (green region).



4. Read off the maximum indication on the fuel pressure gauge when the fuel control lever (2) is abruptly pulled from the low idling position to the high idling position.
 - ★ Because the maximum value is only maintained for 0.3 to 0.5 seconds, confirm the reading by repeating this test 2 or 3 times.
- ★ By carrying out the above simplified inspection and measurement procedure, it is possible to obtain a value of about 90 to 100% of the fuel pressure corresponding to rated output.
 - ★ The results of this simplified inspection and measurement procedure can be determined as satisfactory if they are within about 85 to 105% of the fuel pressure at rated output (test bench standard), taking into account measuring errors and measuring accuracy, etc.

PT PUMP CALIBRATION DATA

NOTES:

1. Some calibration data show two or more set standards. Setting to either standard is acceptable, but setting to the latest standard will facilitate adjustment of engine output after installing a pump to the engine.

In other words, a pump preset to the standard in parentheses in the application column should be set to the standard without parentheses at the time of overhaul.

2. If the pump sets to a different pump code, the code number punched on the pump nameplate should also be changed.

1. MACHINE MODELS AND PT PUMP CODE NUMBERS

Machine Model	Specifications	Engine Model	Applicable Engine No.	PT Pump Code	Page
D80A-18	Standard	NT-855-C	26139838 to 26155378	GR-J141	12-017
			26155379 and up	GR-J173	12-021
D85A-18	Standard	NT-855-C	26139849 to 26155897	GR-J141	12-017
			26155898 and up	GR-J173	12-021
D80F-18	Standard	NT-855-C		GR-J207	12-024
D95S-2	Standard	NT-855-C	26153623 and up	GR-J161	12-019
PC300-1, 2 PC300LC-1, 2	Standard	N-855-C	26162054 and up	GR-J144	12-018
PC400-1	Standard	NT-855-C	26163093 and up	GR-J203	12-022
HD320-2 HS300S	Standard	NTA-855	26138589 to 169351	GR-J138	12-016
HD320-3	Standard	NTA-855	26169352 and up	GR-J172	12-020
WS16S-2	Standard	NTA-855-C	26164237 and up	GR-J217	12-025
W170-2	Standard	NT-855-C	26178483 and up	GR-J241	12-026
W180-1	Standard	NT-855-C	26169968 and up	GR-J205	12-023

2. CALIBRATION DATA (Arranged in the order of PT pump code numbers)

Pump Code	GR-J 138			
Machine Model	HD320-2, HS300S	Rated	HP/rpm	405/2300
Engine Model	NTA855-C	Max. Torque	kgm(ft.lb.)/rpm	142 (1027)/1700
		High Idling	rpm	2430 to 2530
Pump P/N	6610-71-1011			

Specification		Application		Attached Parts	
1	Vacuum Set	mmHg(in.Hg)/rpm	127(5.0)/2300		
2	Flow Meter Set	kg(lb.)/hour/rpm	322(170)/2300		
3	Governor Cut-off	rpm	2360 to 2420		
4	Governor Set at 2.8 kg/cm ² (40 psi)	rpm	2450 to 2570		
5	Governor Set at 1.4 kg/cm ² (20 psi)	rpm	2460 to 2600		
6	Intake Manifold Pressure	kg/cm ² (psi)/rpm	15.3 (218)/2300		
7	Check Point	kg/cm ² (psi)	9.8 to 10.3/1700 (140 to 146)		
8	Weight Assist Set at 800 rpm	kg/cm ² (psi)	2.7 to 3.2 (39 to 45)		
9	Idle Speed Pressure at 1500 rpm	kg/cm ² (psi)	2.8 (40)		
10	Throttle Leakage	cc(in. ³)/min./rpm	35 to 70/2300 (2.1 to 3.1)		
11	AFC Set	Air	mmHg(in.Hg)	-	
		Fuel	kg/cm ² (psi)	-	
12	No Air Set	rpm	-		
		kg/cm ² (psi)	-		
1	Governor Lever	Komatsu P/N	6710-71-1300		
		Cummins P/N	-		
2	Fuel Inlet Elbow	Direction	Vertical		
		Place	Right, viewed from coupling		
3	Coupling	Komatsu P/N	6710-71-2570		
		Cummins P/N	203849		
4	Shut-off Valve	Komatsu P/N	6684-71-2381		
		Cummins P/N	101918		
5	Direction of Cooling Elbow	Komatsu P/N	6610-71-4010		
		Cummins P/N	BM-69986		
			Left, viewed from coupling		

Internal Parts		Application	
1	Idle Plunger	Komatsu P/N	6610-71-6550
		Cummins P/N	140418
2	MVS Idle Spring	Code No.	#37
		Komatsu P/N	6710-71-3260
3	Governor Plunger	Cummins P/N	70778
		Komatsu P/N	6610-71-1411
4	Governor Spring	Cummins P/N	169660
		Komatsu P/N	6610-71-5510
5	Governor Spring Shims	Cummins P/N	143247
		Color Code	Yellow
6	Torque Spring	mm(in.) x Q'ty	0.51(0.02) x 2
		Komatsu P/N	Non
7	Torque Spring Shims	Cummins P/N	Non
		Color Code	Non
8	Weight Assist Spring	mm(in.) x Q'ty	Non
		Komatsu P/N	6610-71-2140
9	Weight Assist Spring Shims	Cummins P/N	143847
		Color Code	Blue
10	Weight Assist Protrusion	mm (in.) x Q'ty	0.51(0.02) x 5
		mm(lift)	Non
11	MVS Governor Spring	Komatsu P/N	Non
		Cummins P/N	Non
12	MVS Governor Spring Shims	Color Code	Non
		mm(in.) x Q'ty	Non
13	AFC Spring	Komatsu P/N	-
		Cummins P/N	-
		Color Code	-

Pump Code	GR-J 141		
Machine Model	D80A-18, D85A-18	Rated	HP/rpm 220/1800
Engine Model	NT-855-C	Max. Torque	kgm(ft.lb.)/rpm 105 (759)/1250
Pump P/N	6711-71-1022	High Idling	rpm 1900 to 2000

Application		mmHg(in.Hg)/rpm	kg(lb.)/hour/rpm	Rated	HP/rpm
1	Vacuum Set	127 (5.0)/1800	163.3 (360)/1800		
2	Flow Meter Set		1900 to 1930 1830 to 1860		
3	Governor Cut-off	rpm	1920 to 1960		
4	Governor Set at 2.8 kg/cm ² (40 psi)		1930 to 1990		
5	Governor Set at 1.4 kg/cm ² (20 psi)		7.7 (110)/1800		
6	Intake Manifold Pressure	kg/cm ² (psi)/rpm	5.6 to 5.9/1250 (80 to 84)		
7	Check Point		3.0 to 3.4 (42 to 48)		
8	Weight Assist Set at 800 rpm	kg/cm ² (psi)	3.0 (42)		
9	Idle Speed Pressure at 500 rpm	cc(in. ³)/min./rpm	Non		
10	Throttle Leakage	mmHg(in.Hg)	178(7)		
11	AFC Set	Air	0.24 (3.4)		
		rpm	1600		
		Fuel	5.3 (75)		
12	No Air Set	kg/cm ² (psi)	162 (957)/H		
		kg(lb.)/hour	1600		
1	Governor Lever	rpm	4.8 (68)		
		kg/cm ² (psi)	136 (300)/H		
		kg(lb.)/hour	6680-71-3281		
2	Fuel Inlet Elbow	Komatsu P/N	423641		
		Cummins P/N	Vertical		
3	Coupling	Direction	Left, viewed from coupling		
		Place	6691-71-2570		
4	Shut-off Valve	Komatsu P/N	6710-71-2470		
		Cummins P/N	212613		
5	Direction of Cooling Elbow	Komatsu P/N	6711-71-4100		
		Cummins P/N	3326200		
5	Direction of Cooling Elbow	Left, viewed from coupling			

Application		Komatsu P/N	Cummins P/N	Code No.	Komatsu P/N	Cummins P/N	Color Code
1	Idle Plunger	6610-71-6550	140418	#37	6610-71-1411	169660	Red-Brown
2	MVS Idle Spring	6710-71-3260	70778		6610-71-5580	143254	Red-Blue
3	Governor Plunger	6610-71-1411	169660		6610-71-5140	138782	Red-Blue
4	Governor Spring	6610-71-5580	143254		0.51(0.02) x 5 0.25(0.01) x 3		
5	Governor Spring Shims	mm(in.) x Q'ty	mm(in.) x Q'ty		6610-71-2140	143847	Blue
6	Torque Spring	Komatsu P/N	Cummins P/N		0.51(0.02) x 2	23.3 to 23.7 (0.9 to 0.93)	
7	Torque Spring Shims	Color Code	Color Code		6610-71-6120	109686	Blue
8	Weight Assist Spring	mm(in.) x Q'ty	mm(in.) x Q'ty		Color Code	Color Code	
9	Weight Assist Spring Shims	Komatsu P/N	Cummins P/N		mm(in.) x Q'ty	mm(in.) x Q'ty	
10	Weight Assist Protrusion	mm(in.)	mm(in.)		Komatsu P/N	Cummins P/N	
11	MVS Governor Spring	Komatsu P/N	Cummins P/N		Color Code	Color Code	
12	MVS Governor Spring Shims	mm(in.) x Q'ty	mm(in.) x Q'ty		Komatsu P/N	Cummins P/N	
13	AFC Spring	Komatsu P/N	Cummins P/N		Color Code	Color Code	

Pump Code	GR-J 144		
Machine Model	PC300-1 and PC300LC-1	Rated	180/1850
Engine Model	N855-C	Max. Torque	85.8 (621)/1300
Pump P/N	6712-71-1020	High Idling	1985 to 2085
			rpm

Specification		Application	
1	Vacuum Set	mmHg(in.Hg)/rpm	127(5.0)/1850
2	Flow Meter Set	kg(lb.)/hour/rpm	122.4(270)/1850
3	Governor Cut-off	rpm	1970 to 2000 1920 to 1970
4	Governor Set at 2.8 kg/cm ² (40 psi)	rpm	1990 to 2050
5	Governor Set at 1.4 kg/cm ² (20 psi)	rpm	2010 to 2080
6	Intake Manifold Pressure	kg/cm ² (psi)/rpm	9.1 (130)/1850
7	Check Point	kg/cm ² (psi)	6.3 to 6.7/1300 (89 to 95)
8	Weight Assist Set at 800 rpm	kg/cm ² (psi)	3.0 to 3.5 (43 to 50)
9	Idle Speed Pressure at 1500 rpm	kg/cm ² (psi)	1.8 (25)
10	Throttle Leakage	cc(in. ³)/min./rpm	Non
11	AFC Set	Air	mmHg(in.Hg)
			kg/cm ² (psi)
		Fuel	rpm
12	No Air Set	kg/cm ² (psi)	-
		kg(lb.)/hour	-
1	Governor Lever	Komatsu P/N	6680-71-3281
		Cummins P/N	423641
		Direction	Vertical
		Place	Left, viewed from coupling
			6691-71-2570
2	Fuel Inlet Elbow	Komatsu P/N	6710-71-2470
		Cummins P/N	212613
3	Coupling	Komatsu P/N	6711-71-4100
		Cummins P/N	3326200
4	Shut-off Valve		Away from coupling
5	Direction of Cooling Elbow		

Internal Parts		Application	
1	Idle Plunger	Komatsu P/N	6610-71-6550
		Cummins P/N	140418
2	MVS Idle Spring	Code No.	#37
		Komatsu P/N	6710-71-3260
3	Governor Plunger	Cummins P/N	70778
		Komatsu P/N	6610-71-1411
4	Governor Spring	Cummins P/N	169660
		Komatsu P/N	6610-71-5560
5	Governor Spring Shims	Cummins P/N	143252
		Color Code	Red
6	Torque Spring	mm(in.) x Q'ty	0.51(0.02) x 1 0.25(0.01) x 1
		Komatsu P/N	Non
7	Torque Spring Shims	Cummins P/N	Non
		Color Code	Non
8	Weight Assist Spring	mm(in.) x Q'ty	Non
		Komatsu P/N	6610-71-2140
9	Weight Assist Spring Shims	Cummins P/N	143847
		Color Code	Blue
10	Weight Assist Protrusion	mm (in.) x Q'ty	Non
		mm (in.)	22.3 to 22.8 (0.8 to 0.9)
11	MVS Governor Spring	Komatsu P/N	6610-71-6230
		Cummins P/N	107787
12	MVS Governor Spring Shims	Color Code	Blue-Yellow
		mm(in.) x Q'ty	Non
13	AFC Spring	Komatsu P/N	-
		Cummins P/N	-
		Color Code	-

Pump Code	GR-J 161			
Machine Model	D95S-2	Rated	HP/rpm	245/1850
Engine Model	NT855-C	Max. Torque	kgm(ft.lb.)/rpm	112 (810)/1200
Pump P/N	6711-71-1070	High Idling	rpm	2000 to 2100

Application		Specification		Attached Parts	
1	Vacuum Set	mmHg(in.Hg)/rpm	127(5.0)/1850		
2	Flow Meter Set	kg(lb.)/hour/rpm	176.9(390)/1850		
3	Governor Cut-off	rpm	2000 to 2050 1930 to 1950		
4	Governor Set at 2.8 kg/cm ² (40 psi)	rpm	2000 to 2080		
5	Governor Set at 1.4 kg/cm ² (20 psi)	rpm	2010 to 2080		
6	Intake Manifold Pressure	kg/cm ² (psi)/rpm	2010 to 2080		
7	Check Point	kg/cm ² (psi)	8.2 (117)/1850		
8	Weight Assist Set at 800 rpm	kg/cm ² (psi)	5.8 to 6.0/1200 (82 to 86)		
9	Idle Speed Pressure at 500 rpm	cc(in. ³)/min./rpm	3.4 to 3.7 (48 to 53)		
10	Throttle Leakage	mmHg(in.Hg)	3.1 (50)		
11	AFC Set	Air	178 (7)		
		Fuel	0.2 (3.4)		
12	No Air Set	rpm	1600		
		kg/cm ² (psi)	6 (87)		
1	Governor Lever	kg(lb.)/hour	136 (300)/H		
		rpm	1600		
2	Fuel Inlet Elbow	Komatsu P/N	6680-71-3281		
		Cummins P/N	423641		
3	Coupling	Direction	Vertical		
		Place	Left, viewed from coupling		
4	Shut-off Valve	Komatsu P/N	6691-71-2570		
		Cummins P/N	-		
5	Direction of Cooling Elbow	Komatsu P/N	6710-71-2470		
		Cummins P/N	212613		
6	Direction of Cooling Elbow	Komatsu P/N	6711-71-4100		
		Cummins P/N	3326200		
7	Direction of Cooling Elbow	Left, viewed from coupling			
		Right, viewed from coupling			

Application		Internal Parts	
1	Idle Plunger	Komatsu P/N	6610-71-6530
		Cummins P/N	141634
		Code No.	#32
2	MVS Idle Spring	Komatsu P/N	6710-71-3260
		Cummins P/N	70778
3	Governor Plunger	Komatsu P/N	6610-71-1411
		Cummins P/N	169660
4	Governor Spring	Komatsu P/N	6610-71-5580
		Cummins P/N	143254
5	Governor Spring Shims	Color Code	Red-Brown
		mm(in.) x Q'ty	0.51(0.02) x 7 0.25(0.01) x 2
6	Torque Spring	Komatsu P/N	6610-71-5140
		Cummins P/N	138782
7	Torque Spring Shims	Color Code	Red-Blue
		mm(in.) x Q'ty	0.51(0.02) x 2
8	Weight Assist Spring	Komatsu P/N	6610-71-2140
		Cummins P/N	143847
9	Weight Assist Spring Shims	Color Code	Blue
		mm(in.) x Q'ty	0.51(0.02) x 3
10	Weight Assist Protrusion	mm(in.)	22.8 to 23.3 (0.9 to 0.92)
		Komatsu P/N	6610-71-6120
11	MVS Governor Spring	Cummins P/N	109686
		Color Code	Blue
12	MVS Governor Spring Shims	mm(in.) x Q'ty	Non
		Komatsu P/N	6710-72-2910
13	AFC Spring	Cummins P/N	179818
		Color Code	Blue-Orange

Pump Code	GR-1172	Pump Type	PTG-AFC-AUTO	Rated	HP/rpm	405/2300
Machine Model	HD320-3	Max. Torque	146(1056)/1700	rpm	2430 to 2530	
Engine Model	NTA-855-C	High Idling		rpm		
Pump P/N	6710-71-1060					
Specification						
1	Vacuum Set	mmHg(in. Hg)/rpm	127(5.0)/2300			
2	Flow Meter Set	kg(lb.)/hour/rpm	131.5(290)/2300			
3	Governor Cut-off	rpm	2320 to 2370			
4	Governor Set at 2.8 kg/cm ² (40 psi)	rpm	2410 to 2470			
5	Governor Set at 1.4 kg/cm ² (20 psi)	rpm	2430 to 2500			
6	Intake Manifold Pressure	kg/cm ² (psi)/rpm	15.5 (220)/2300			
7	Check Point	kg/cm ² (psi)	10.8 to 11.0/1700 (153 to 157)			
8	Weight Assist Set at 800 rpm	kg/cm ² (psi)	3.2 to 3.9 (45 to 55)			
9	Idle Speed Pressure at 500 rpm	kg/cm ² (psi)	4.4 (63)			
10	Throttle Leakage	cc (in. ³)/min/rpm	35 to 80/2300 (2.1 to 4.9)			
11	AFC Set	Air	mmHg(in. Hg)	279 (11)		
		Fuel	kg/cm ² (psi)	0.38 (5.4)		
12	No Air Set	rpm	1600			
		kg/cm ² (psi)	4.9 (70)			
13	Coupling	kg(lb.)/hour	181 (400)			
		rpm	6710-71-1300			
14	Governor Lever	Komatsu P/N				
		Cummins P/N				
15	Fuel Inlet Elbow	Direction	Vertical			
		Place				
16	Coupling	Komatsu P/N	6610-71-2571			
		Cummins P/N	403971			
17	Shut-off Valve	Komatsu P/N	6710-71-2470			
		Cummins P/N	212613			
18	Direction of Cooling Elbow	Komatsu P/N	6684-71-4100			
		Cummins P/N	AR-90265			
19			Away from coupling			

		Application	
Internal Parts	1	Idle Plunger	Komatsu P/N 6610-71-6550 Cummins P/N 140418 Code No. 37
	2	MVS Idle Spring	Komatsu P/N 6710-71-3260 Cummins P/N 70778
	3	Governor Plunger	Komatsu P/N 6610-71-1411 Cummins P/N 168660
	4	Governor Spring	Komatsu P/N 6610-71-5530 Cummins P/N 143249
	5	Governor Spring Shims	Color Code Yellow – White mm(in.) x O'ty 0.51(0.02) x 6 0.25(0.01) x 1
	6	Torque Spring	Komatsu P/N — Cummins P/N — Color Code —
	7	Torque Spring Shims	mm(in.) x O'ty —
	8	Weight Assist Spring	Komatsu P/N 6610-71-2140 Cummins P/N 143847 Color Code Blue
	9	Weight Assist Spring Shims	mm(in.) x O'ty 0.51(0.02) x 1
	10	Weight Assist Protusion	mm(in.) 22.0 to 22.5 (0.87 to 0.87)
	11	MVS Governor Spring	Komatsu P/N — Cummins P/N — Color Code —
	12	MVS Governor Spring Shims	mm(in.) x O'ty —
	13	AFC Spring	Komatsu P/N 6710-72-2930 Cummins P/N 179820 Color Code Blue – Purple

Pump Code	GR-J 173		
Machine Model	D80A-18, D85A-18	Rated	220/1800
Engine Model	NT855-C	Max. Torque	105 (759)/1250
Pump P/N	6711-71-1023	High Idling	1900 to 2000
		rpm	

Specification		Application	
1	Vacuum Set	mmHg(in.Hg)/rpm kg(lb.)/hour/rpm	127(5.0)/1800
2	Flow Meter Set		165.5(365)/1800
3	Governor Cut-off	rpm	1920 to 1950 1850 to 1880
4	Governor Set at 2.8 kg/cm ² (40 psi)		1920 to 1960
5	Governor Set at 1.4 kg/cm ² (20 psi)		1930 to 1990
6	Intake Manifold Pressure	kg/cm ² (psi)/rpm	7.5 (107)/1800
7	Check Point		5.4 to 5.8/1250 (77 to 82)
8	Weight Assist Set at 800 rpm	kg/cm ² (psi)	3.1 to 3.4 (44 to 48)
9	Idle Speed Pressure at 500 rpm		3.0 (42)
10	Throttle Leakage	cc(in. ³)/min./rpm	Non
11	AFC Set	Air	mmHg(in.Hg) kg/cm ² (psi)
		Fuel	rpm kg/cm ² (psi) kg(lb.)/hour rpm kg/cm ² (psi) kg(lb.)/hour
12	No Air Set		1600 5.5 (78) 136 (300)/H
1	Governor Lever	Komatsu P/N	6680-71-3281
		Cummins P/N	423641
2	Fuel Inlet Elbow	Direction	Vertical
		Place	Left, viewed from coupling
3	Coupling	Komatsu P/N	6691-71-2570
		Cummins P/N	—
4	Shut-off Valve	Komatsu P/N	6710-71-2470
		Cummins P/N	212613
5	Direction of Cooling Elbow	Komatsu P/N	6711-71-4100
		Cummins P/N	3326200
			Away from coupling

Internal Parts		Application	
1	Idle Plunger	Komatsu P/N	6610-71-6550
		Cummins P/N	140418
2	MVS Idle Spring	Code No.	#37
		Komatsu P/N	6710-71-3260
3	Governor Plunger	Cummins P/N	70778
		Komatsu P/N	6610-71-1411
4	Governor Spring	Cummins P/N	169660
		Komatsu P/N	6610-71-5580
5	Governor Spring Shims	Cummins P/N	143254
		Color Code	Red-Brown
6	Torque Spring	mm(in.) x O'ty	0.51(0.02) x 6 0.25(0.01) x 2
		Komatsu P/N	6610-71-5140
7	Torque Spring Shims	Cummins P/N	138782
		Color Code	Red-Blue
8	Weight Assist Spring	mm(in.) x O'ty	0.51(0.02) x 1
		Komatsu P/N	6610-71-2140
9	Weight Assist Spring Shims	Cummins P/N	143847
		Color Code	Blue
10	Weight Assist Protrusion	mm (in.) x O'ty	Non
		mm(in.)	22.3 to 22.8 (0.8 to 0.9)
11	MVS Governor Spring	Komatsu P/N	6610-71-6120
		Cummins P/N	109686
12	MVS Governor Spring Shims	Color Code	Blue
		mm(in.) x O'ty	Non
13	AFC Spring	Komatsu P/N	6710-72-2910
		Cummins P/N	179818
		Color Code	Blue-Orange

Pump Code	GR-J 203		
Machine Model	PC400-1	Rated	233/1800
Engine Model	NT855-C	Max. Torque	116 (839)/1200
Pump P/N	67111-71-1100	High Idling	1950 to 2050
			rpm

Application		Specification		Attached Parts	
1	Vacuum Set	mmHg(in.Hg)/rpm	127(5.0)/1800		
2	Flow Meter Set	kg(lb.)/hour/rpm	176.9(390)/1800		
3	Governor Cut-off	rpm	1900 to 1930 1850 to 1890		
4	Governor Set at 2.8 kg/cm ² (40 psi)		1950 to 2000		
5	Governor Set at 1.4 kg/cm ² (20 psi)		1960 to 2040		
6	Intake Manifold Pressure	kg/cm ² (psi)/rpm	8.4 (120)/1800		
7	Check Point		6.5 to 6.8/1200 (92 to 96)		
8	Weight Assist Set at 800 rpm	kg/cm ² (psi)	4.2 to 4.8 (60 to 66)		
9	Idle Speed Pressure at 500 rpm		5.3 (75)		
10	Throttle Leakage	cc(in. ³)/min./rpm	Non		
11	AFC Set	Air	mmHg(in.Hg)	-	
		Fuel	kg/cm ² (psi)	-	
12	No Air Set	rpm	-		
		kg/cm ² (psi)	-		
		kg(lb.)/hour	-		
1	Governor Lever	Komatsu P/N	6680-71-3281		
		Cummins P/N	423641		
		Direction	Vertical		
		Place	Left, viewed from coupling		
2	Fuel Inlet Elbow	Komatsu P/N	6691-71-2570		
		Cummins P/N	-		
3	Coupling	Komatsu P/N	6710-71-2470		
		Cummins P/N	212613		
4	Shut-off Valve	Komatsu P/N	67111-71-4100		
		Cummins P/N	3326200		
5	Direction of Cooling Elbow		Away from coupling		

Application		Internal Parts	
1	Idle Plunger	Komatsu P/N	6610-71-6510
		Cummins P/N	141632
		Code No.	#27
2	MVS Idle Spring	Komatsu P/N	6710-71-3260
		Cummins P/N	70778
3	Governor Plunger	Komatsu P/N	6610-71-1411
		Cummins P/N	169660
		Komatsu P/N	6610-71-5570
		Cummins P/N	143253
		Color Code	Red-Yellow
5	Governor Spring Shims	mm(in.) x O'ty	0.51(0.02) x 2 0.25(0.01) x 1
6	Torque Spring	Komatsu P/N	6610-71-5150
		Cummins P/N	138783
		Color Code	Red-Brown
7	Torque Spring Shims	mm(in.) x O'ty	Non
		Komatsu P/N	6610-71-2290
		Cummins P/N	-
		Color Code	Red-White
9	Weight Assist Spring Shims	mm (in.) x O'ty	0.51(0.02) x 4
		mm(in.)	25.5 to 26.0 (1.0 to 1.02)
10	Weight Assist Protrusion		
		Komatsu P/N	6610-71-6130
		Cummins P/N	70821
		Color Code	Red
12	MVS Governor Spring Shims	mm(in.) x O'ty	0.51(0.02) x 4
		Komatsu P/N	-
		Cummins P/N	-
		Color Code	-
13	AFC Spring		

Pump Code	GR-J205	Pump Type	PTG-VS-AFC	Rated	HP/rpm
Machine Model	W180-1			Max. Torque	116 (840)/1600
Engine Model	NT-855			High Idling	2430 to 2530
Pump P/N	6711-71-1140				

		Application	
1	Vacuum Set	mmHg(in. Hg)/rpm	127(5.0)/2300
2	Flow Meter Set	kg(lb.)/hour/rpm	102.9(227)/2300
3	Governor Cut-off	rpm	2440 to 2510
4	Governor Set at 2.8 kg/cm ² (40 psi)	rpm	2450 to 2530
5	Governor Set at 1.4 kg/cm ² (20 psi)	rpm	12.5(178)/2300
6	Intake Manifold Pressure	kg/cm ² (psi)/rpm	8.1 to 8.4/1600 (115 to 120)
7	Check Point	kg/cm ² (psi)	2.8 to 3.5 (40 to 50)
8	Weight Assist Set at 800 rpm	kg/cm ² (psi)	3.9 (55)
9	Idle Speed Pressure at 500 rpm	cc(in. ³)/min/rpm	—
10	Throttle Leakage	mmHg(in. Hg)	145 (5.7)
	Air	kg/cm ² (psi)	0.20 (2.8)
11	AFC Set	rpm	1600
	Fuel	kg/cm ² (psi)	8.4 (120)
		kg(lb.)/hour	168 (370)
12	No Air Set	rpm	1600
		kg/cm ² (psi)	7.9 (112)
		kg(lb.)/hour	125 (275)
		Komatsu P/N	6675-71-3281
		Cummins P/N	413691
1	Governor Lever	Direction	Vertical
		Place	Left, viewed from coupling
2	Fuel Inlet Elbow	Komatsu P/N	6691-71-2570
		Cummins P/N	—
3	Coupling	Komatsu P/N	6710-71-2470
		Cummins P/N	212613
4	Shut-off Valve	Komatsu P/N	6610-71-4010
		Cummins P/N	BM-69986
5	Direction of Cooling Elbow		Left, viewed from coupling

		Application	
1	Idle Plunger	Komatsu P/N	6610-71-6570
		Cummins P/N	140923
		Code No.	42
2	MVS Idle Spring	Komatsu P/N	6710-71-3260
		Cummins P/N	70778
3	Governor Plunger	Komatsu P/N	6610-71-1411
		Cummins P/N	169660
4	Governor Spring	Komatsu P/N	6610-71-5510
		Cummins P/N	143247
		Color Code	Yellow
5	Governor Spring Shims	mm(in.) x O'ty	0.51(0.02) x 1 0.25(0.01) x 1
		Komatsu P/N	6610-71-5160
		Cummins P/N	138784
		Color Code	Red — Yellow
7	Torque Spring Shims	mm(in.) x O'ty	—
		Komatsu P/N	6610-71-2140
		Cummins P/N	143847
		Color Code	Blue
9	Weight Assist Spring Shims	mm(in.) x O'ty	0.51(0.02) x 4
		mm(in.)	—
11	MVS Governor Spring	Komatsu P/N	6610-71-6120
		Cummins P/N	109686
		Color Code	Blue
12	MVS Governor Spring Shims	mm(in.) x O'ty	—
		Komatsu P/N	6710-72-2910
		Cummins P/N	179818
		Color Code	Blue — Orange

Internal Parts

Pump Code	GF-J207	Pump Type	PTG-VS-AFC
Machine Model	D80F-18	Rated	260/1950
Engine Model	NT-855	Max. Torque	118/1200
		High Idling	1900 to 2000
Pump P/N	6711-71-1110		

		Application	
1	Vacuum Set	mmHg(in. Hg)/rpm	127(5.0)/1800
2	Flow Meter Set	kg(lb)/hour/rpm	166(365)/1800
3	Governor Cut-off	rpm	AUTO 1900 to 1930 VS. 1840 to 1870
4	Governor Set at 2.8 kg/cm ² (40 psi)	rpm	1940 to 1980
5	Governor Set at 1.4 kg/cm ² (20 psi)	rpm	1950 to 1990
6	Intake Manifold Pressure	kg/cm ² (psi)/rpm	8.4(120)/1800
7	Check Point	kg/cm ² (psi)	6.2 to 6.5(1200 (88 to 92)
8	Weight Assist Set at 800 rpm	kg/cm ² (psi)	4.2 to 4.7 (80 to 67)
9	Idle Speed Pressure at 500 rpm	kg/cm ² (psi)	3.5 (50)
10	Throttle Leakage	cc (in ³)/min/rpm	—
11	AFC Set	Air	mmHg(in. Hg)
			178 (7.0)
		Fuel	kg/cm ² (psi)
		rpm	0.24 (3.4)
		kg/cm ² (psi)	1600
		kg(lb)/hour	6.1 (87)
		rpm	172 (380)
		kg/cm ² (psi)	1600
		kg(lb)/hour	5.6 (80)
12	No Air Set	kg(lb)/hour	145 (320)
1	Governor Lever	Komatsu P/N	6680-71-3281
		Cummins P/N	423641
		Direction	Vertical
		Place	Left, viewed from coupling
2	Fuel Inlet Elbow	Komatsu P/N	6691-71-2570
		Cummins P/N	—
3	Coupling	Komatsu P/N	6710-71-2470
		Cummins P/N	212613
4	Shut-off Valve	Komatsu P/N	6711-71-4100
		Cummins P/N	3326200
5	Direction of Cooling Elbow		Away from coupling

		Application	
1	Idle Plunger	Komatsu P/N	6610-71-6650
		Cummins P/N	140418
		Code No.	37
2	VS Idle Spring	Komatsu P/N	6710-71-3260
		Cummins P/N	70778
3	Governor Plunger	Komatsu P/N	6610-71-1411
		Cummins P/N	169660
4	Governor Spring	Komatsu P/N	6610-71-5570
		Cummins P/N	143253
		Color Code	Red-Yellow
5	Governor Spring Shims	mm(in.) x O'ty	0.51(0.02) x 3
6	Torque spring	Komatsu P/N	6610-71-5150
		Cummins P/N	138783
		Color Code	Red-Brown
7	Torque Spring Shims	mm(in.) x O'ty	—
8	Weight Assist Spring	Komatsu P/N	6610-71-2290
		Cummins P/N	—
		Color Code	White-Red
9	Weight Assist Spring Shims	mm(in.) x O'ty	0.51(0.02) x 2
10	Weight Assist Protrusion	mm(in.)	23.5 to 24.0 (9.25 to 9.45)
		Komatsu P/N	6610-71-6140
		Cummins P/N	109687
		Color Code	Yellow
12	VS Governor Spring Shims	mm(in.) x O'ty	0.51(0.02) x 4
		Komatsu P/N	6710-72-2910
		Cummins P/N	179818
		Color Code	Blue-Orange

Internal Parts

Pump Code	GR-J217	Pump Type	PTG-VS-AFC	Rated	HP/rpm
Machine Model	WS16S-2				364/2100
Engine Model	NTA-855-C			Max. Torque	140(1013)/1500
				High Idling	2300 to 2400
Pump P/N	6710-71-1042				

Specification	Application	
	mmHg(in.Hg)/rpm	kg(lb.)/hour/rpm
1 Vacuum Set	127(5.0)/2100	
2 Flow Meter Set	129.7(286)/2100	
3 Governor Cut-off	AJTD250 to 2290	VS 2170 to 2200
4 Governor Set at 2.8 kg/cm ² (40 psi)	2270 to 2330	
5 Governor Set at 1.4 kg/cm ² (20 psi)	2300 to 2380	
6 Intake Manifold Pressure	12.7(180)/2100	
7 Check Point	8.7 to 9.3/1600	(124 to 132)
8 Weight Assist Set at 800 rpm	2.6 to 3.1	(37 to 44)
9 Idle Speed Pressure at 500 rpm	3.4 (48)	
10 Throttle Leakage	cc(in. ³)/min/rpm	—
Air	mmHg(in.Hg)	178 (7)
	kg/cm ² (psi)	0.24(3.4)
Fuel	rpm	1600
	kg/cm ² (psi)	9.8 (140)
	kg(lb.)/hour	211 (465)
No Air Set	rpm	1600
	kg/cm ² (psi)	6.3 (89)
	kg(lb.)/hour	159 (350)
Governor Lever	Komatsu P/N	6680-71-3281
	Cummins P/N	413691
	Direction	Vertical
	Place	Right, viewed from coupling
Fuel Inlet Elbow	Komatsu P/N	6691-71-2570
	Cummins P/N	—
Coupling	Komatsu P/N	6710-71-2470
	Cummins P/N	212613
Shut-off Valve	Komatsu P/N	6711-71-4100
	Cummins P/N	3326200
Direction of Cooling Elbow		Away from coupling

Attached Parts	Application	
	mmHg(in.Hg)/rpm	kg(lb.)/hour/rpm
1 Idle Plunger	Komatsu P/N	6610-71-6460
	Cummins P/N	140417
	Code No.	17
2 VS Idle Spring	Komatsu P/N	6710-71-3260
	Cummins P/N	70778
3 Governor Plunger	Komatsu P/N	6610-71-1411
	Cummins P/N	169660
4 Governor Spring	Komatsu P/N	6610-71-5510
	Cummins P/N	143247
	Color Code	Yellow
5 Governor Spring Shims	mm(in.) x Q'ty	0.51(0.02) x 1
6 Torque Spring	Komatsu P/N	6610-71-5100
	Cummins P/N	138768
	Color Code	Red
7 Torque Spring Shims	mm(in.) x Q'ty	—
8 Weight Assist Spring	Komatsu P/N	6610-71-2140
	Cummins P/N	143847
	Color Code	Blue
9 Weight Assist Spring Shims	mm(in.) x Q'ty	0.51(0.02) x 1
10 Weight Assist Protrusion	mm(in.)	—
11 VS Governor Spring	Komatsu P/N	6610-71-6180
	Cummins P/N	109680
	Color Code	Pink
12 VS Governor Spring Shims	mm(in.) x Q'ty	—
13 AFC Spring	Komatsu P/N	6710-72-2910
	Cummins P/N	179818
	Color Code	Blue - Orange

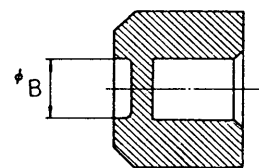
Pump Code	GR-J241	Pump Type	PTG-VS-AFC	Rated	HP/rpm	235/2200
Machine Model	W170-2			Max. Torque	kgm(ft.lb.)/rpm	100(723)/1400
Engine Model	NT-855-C			High Idling	rpm	2350 to 2450
Pump P/N	6711-71-1170					
Application						
1	Vacuum Set	mmHg(in. Hg)/rpm	127(5.0)/2300			
2	Flow Meter Set	kg(lb.)/hour/rpm	89.3(197)/2200			
3	Governor Cut-off	rpm	AUTO 2330 to 2370 VS 2280 to 2310			
4	Governor Set at 2.8 kg/cm ² (40 psi)	rpm	2370 to 2420			
5	Governor Set at 1.4 kg/cm ² (20 psi)	rpm	2380 to 2430			
6	Intake Manifold Pressure	kg/cm ² (psi)/rpm	9.2(131)/2200			
7	Check Point	kg/cm ² (psi)	5.4 to 5.7/1400 (77 to 81)			
8	Weight Assist Set at 800 rpm	kg/cm ² (psi)	2.1 to 2.8 (30 to 40)			
9	Idle Speed Pressure at 500 rpm	kg/cm ² (psi)	4.9 (70)			
10	Throttle Leakage	cc(in. ³)/min/rpm	—			
11	AFC Set	Air	mmHg(in. Hg)	178 (7)		
			kg/cm ² (psi)	0.24 (3.4)		
		Fuel	rpm	1600		
		kg/cm ² (psi)	5.3 (75)			
		kg(lb.)/hour	162 (357)			
12	No Air Set	rpm	1600			
		kg/cm ² (psi)	4.8 (68)			
		kg(lb.)/hour	136 (300)			
1	Governor Lever	Komatsu P/N	6675-71-3281			
		Cummins P/N	413691			
		Direction	Vertical			
		Place	Left, viewed from coupling			
2	Fuel Inlet Elbow	Komatsu P/N	6691-71-2570			
		Cummins P/N	—			
3	Coupling	Komatsu P/N	6710-71-2470			
		Cummins P/N	212613			
4	Shut-off Valve	Komatsu P/N	6610-71-4010			
		Cummins P/N	BM-68986			
5	Direction of Cooling Elbow		Left, viewed from coupling			

		Application	
Internal Parts	1	Idle Plunger	Komatsu P/N 6610-71-6550 Cummins P/N 140418 Code No. 37
	2	MVS Idle Spring	Komatsu P/N 6710-71-3260 Cummins P/N 70778
	3	Governor Plunger	Komatsu P/N 6610-71-1411 Cummins P/N 168660
	4	Governor Spring	Komatsu P/N 6610-71-5530 Cummins P/N 143249 Color Code Yellow — White
	5	Governor Spring Shims	mm(in.) x O'ty 0.51(0.02) x 1 0.25(0.01) x 2 Komatsu P/N 6610-71-5100 Cummins P/N 138768 Color Code Red
	6	Torque Spring	mm(in.) x O'ty — Komatsu P/N 6610-71-2140 Cummins P/N 143847 Color Code Blue
	7	Torque Spring Shims	mm(in.) x O'ty — Komatsu P/N 6610-71-2140 Cummins P/N 143847 Color Code Blue
	8	Weight Assist Spring	mm(in.) x O'ty 0.51(0.02) x 3 22.5 to 23.0 (0.88 to 0.91)
	9	Weight Assist Spring Shims	mm(in.) —
	10	Weight Assist Protrusion	mm(in.) —
	11	MVS Governor Spring	Komatsu P/N 6610-71-6150 Cummins P/N 70822 Color Code Green
	12	MVS Governor Spring Shims	mm(in.) x O'ty 0.51(0.02) x 6 Komatsu P/N 6710-72-2910 Cummins P/N 179818 Color Code Blue — Orange
	13	AFC Spring	mm(in.) x O'ty —

PT FUEL PUMP PARTS SPECIFICATION

IDLE PLUNGER

Code No.	Dimension B (mm)	Komatsu Parts No.	Cummins Parts No.	Code No.	Dimension B (mm)	Komatsu Parts No.	Cummins Parts No.
5	5.30 – 5.37	6610-71-6410	141623	185	9.35 – 9.44	—	145953
7	5.42 – 5.50	6610-71-6420	141624	187	9.49 – 9.56	—	145954
10	5.55 – 5.63	6610-71-6430	141625	190	9.61 – 9.69	—	145955
12	5.68 – 5.75	6610-71-6440	141626	192	9.74 – 9.82	—	145956
15	5.80 – 5.88	6610-71-6450	139894	195	9.87 – 9.94	—	145957
17	5.93 – 6.01	6610-71-6460	140417	197	9.99 – 10.07	—	145958
20	6.06 – 6.13	6610-71-6470	141629	200	10.12 – 10.20	—	145959
22	6.19 – 6.26	6610-71-6480	141630	202	10.25 – 10.33	—	145960
25	6.31 – 6.39	6610-71-6490	141631	205	10.38 – 10.45	—	145961
27	6.44 – 6.52	6610-71-6510	141632	207	10.50 – 10.58	—	145962
30	6.57 – 6.64	6610-71-6520	141633	210	10.63 – 10.71	—	145963
32	6.69 – 7.77	6610-71-6530	141634	212	10.76 – 10.83	—	145964
35	6.82 – 6.90	6610-71-6540	140922	215	10.88 – 10.96	—	145965
37	6.94 – 7.02	6610-71-6550	140418	217	11.01 – 11.09	—	145966
40	7.07 – 7.15	6610-71-6560	137370	220	11.14 – 11.21	—	145967
42	7.20 – 7.28	6610-71-6570	140923	222	11.26 – 11.34	—	145968
45	7.33 – 7.40	6610-71-6580	138862	225	11.39 – 11.47	—	145969
47	7.46 – 7.53	6610-71-6590	140924	227	11.52 – 11.60	—	145970
50	7.58 – 7.66	6610-71-6610	140925	230	11.65 – 11.72	—	145971
52	7.71 – 7.79	6610-71-6620	139618	232	11.77 – 11.85	—	145972
55	7.84 – 7.91	6610-71-6630	139619	235	11.90 – 11.98	—	145973
57	7.96 – 8.04	6610-71-6640	140926	237	12.03 – 12.10	—	145974
60	8.09 – 8.17	6610-71-6650	140927				
62	8.22 – 8.29	6610-71-6660	141636				
65	8.34 – 8.42	6610-71-6670	141637				
67	8.47 – 8.55	6610-71-6680	141638				
170	8.60 – 8.67	—	145947				
172	8.72 – 8.80	—	145948				
175	8.85 – 8.93	—	145949				
177	8.98 – 9.06	—	145950				
180	9.11 – 9.18	—	145951				
182	9.23 – 9.31	—	145952				



GOVERNOR SPRING

Komatsu Part No.	Cummins Part No.	Color code	Free length (mm)	Spring rate (kg/cm ²)	Wire dia. (mm)	Number coils	Remarks
	70711-G	Orange/White			1.37	5.5	
	70711-H	Lt. Blue/Orange			1.37	6.5	
	70711-J	Lt. Green/White			1.30	6.2	
	70711-K	Orange/Lt. Green			1.19	7.2	
6610-71-5510	143247	Yellow	37.77	0.63	2.34	7.4	
6610-71-5520	143248	Yellow/Green	37.77	0.57	2.34	7.9	70711
6610-71-5530	143249	Yellow/White	37.77	0.52	2.18	7.1	
6610-71-5540	143250	Red/White	37.77	0.46	2.18	7.7	70711A
6610-71-5550	143251	Blue/Purple	37.77	0.41	2.18	8.4	70711B
6610-71-5560	143252	Red	37.77	0.36	2.03	7.6	
6610-71-5570	143253	Red/Yellow	37.77	0.30	2.03	8.6	70711C
6610-71-5580	143254	Red/Purple	37.77	0.25	1.83	7.5	135158
6610-71-5590	143255	Red/Green	37.77	0.20	1.70	7.8	70711D
6610-71-5610	143256	White/Blue	37.77	0.14	1.57	7.5	70711E-F
6610-71-5620	144478	White	44.12	0.46	2.18	7.7	
6610-71-5630	144479	Green	44.12	0.41	2.18	8.4	
6610-71-5640	144490	Orange	31.42	0.36	2.03	7.6	
6610-71-5650	144491	Light Blue	31.42	0.30	2.03	8.6	
6610-71-5660	147292	Purple	35.69	0.68	2.34	7.0	
6610-71-5670	147293	Orange/Yellow	33.58	0.73	2.34	6.6	
6610-71-5690	147294	White/Purple	31.62	0.79	2.34	6.3	
6610-71-5680	147295	Orange/Red	31.42	0.84	2.34	6.0	
6610-71-5710	147296	Purple/Green	31.42	0.89	2.34	5.8	
	153232	Blue	31.42		2.18	7.1	
6610-71-5720	153235	Green/Orange	34.59	0.30	2.03	8.6	
6610-71-5730	153236	Green/Blue	34.59	0.46	2.18	7.7	
6610-71-5740	153237	Blue/Yellow	34.59	0.41	2.18	8.4	
6610-71-5750	153238	Blue/Red	34.59	0.36	2.03	7.6	
	157059	Blue/Orange	37.77	0.78	2.34	6.3	
	177629	Purple/Orange	32.26	1.11	2.59	6.1	
	3000932	Purple/Lt. Blue	44.12	0.36	2.03	7.6	
	3000933	Purple/Orange	44.12	0.30	2.03	8.6	

TORQUE SPRING

Komatsu Part No.	Cummins Part No.	Color code	Free length (mm)	Spring rate (kg/cm ²)	Wire dia. (mm)	Number coils	Remarks
6610-71-5100	138768	Red	16.26 – 16.76	0.18	1.12	6.5	
6610-71-5110	138769	Blue	16.26 – 16.76	0.21	1.12	5.7	
6610-71-5120	138780	Green	16.26 – 16.76	0.25	1.12	5.2	
6610-71-5130	138781	Yellow	16.26 – 16.76	0.29	1.19	5.6	
6610-71-5140	138782	Red/Blue	16.26 – 16.76	0.32	1.19	5.2	
6610-71-5150	138783	Red/Green	16.26 – 16.76	0.36	1.30	5.9	
6610-71-5160	138784	Red/Yellow	16.26 – 16.76	0.39	1.30	5.5	
6610-71-5200	138785	Red	14.99 – 15.49	0.18	1.12	6.5	
6610-71-5210	138786	Blue	14.99 – 15.49	0.21	1.12	5.7	
6610-71-5220	138787	Green	14.99 – 15.49	0.25	1.12	5.2	
6610-71-5230	138788	Yellow	14.99 – 15.49	0.29	1.19	5.6	
6610-71-5240	138789	Red/Blue	14.99 – 15.49	0.32	1.19	5.2	
6610-71-5250	138790	Red/Green	14.99 – 15.49	0.36	1.30	5.9	
6610-71-5260	138791	Red/Yellow	14.99 – 15.49	0.39	1.30	5.5	
6610-71-5270	138792	Blue/Green	14.99 – 15.49	0.43	1.30	5.2	
6610-71-5300	138793	Red	13.72 – 14.22	0.18	1.12	6.5	
6610-71-5310	138794	Blue	13.72 – 14.22	0.21	1.12	5.7	
6610-71-5320	138795	Green	13.72 – 14.22	0.25	1.12	5.2	
6610-71-5330	138796	Yellow	13.72 – 14.22	0.29	1.19	5.6	
6610-71-5340	138797	Red/Purple	13.72 – 14.22	0.32	1.19	5.2	
6610-71-5350	138798	Red/Green	13.72 – 14.22	0.36	1.30	5.9	
6610-71-5360	138799	Red/Yellow	13.72 – 14.22	0.39	1.30	5.5	
6610-71-5370	138800	Blue/Green	13.72 – 14.22	0.43	1.30	5.2	
6610-71-5380	138801	Blue/Yellow	13.72 – 14.22	0.46	1.30	4.7	
6610-71-5390	138802	Green/Yellow	12.45 – 12.95	0.50	1.37	5.4	
6610-71-5400	138803	Red	12.45 – 12.95	0.18	1.12	6.5	
6610-71-5410	138804	Blue	12.45 – 12.95	0.21	1.12	5.7	
6610-71-5420	138805	Green	12.45 – 12.95	0.25	1.12	5.2	
6610-71-5430	138993	Yellow	12.45 – 12.95	0.29	1.19	5.6	
6610-71-5440	138994	Red/Blue	12.45 – 12.95	0.32	1.19	5.2	
6610-71-5450	138995	Red/Green	12.45 – 12.95	0.36	1.30	5.9	
6610-71-5460	138996	Red/Yellow	12.45 – 12.95	0.39	1.30	5.5	

Komatsu Part No.	Cummins Part No.	Color code	Free length (mm)	Spring rate (kg/cm ²)	Wire dia. (mm)	Number coils	Remarks
6610-71-5470	138997	Blue/Green	12.45 – 12.95	0.43	1.30	5.2	
6610-71-5480	138998	Blue/Yellow	12.45 – 12.95	0.46	1.30	4.7	
6610-71-5490	138999	Green/Yellow	12.45 – 12.95	0.50	1.37	5.4	
6610-71-5170	139584	Blue/Green	16.26 – 16.76	0.43	1.30	5.2	
6610-71-5180	139585	Blue/Yellow	16.26 – 16.76	0.46	1.30	4.7	
6610-71-5190	139586	Green/Yellow	16.26 – 16.76	0.50	1.37	5.4	
6610-71-5280	139587	Blue/Yellow	14.99 – 15.49	0.46	1.30	4.7	
6610-71-5290	139588	Green/Yellow	14.99 – 15.49	0.50	1.37	5.4	
	142696	White/Blue	16.26 – 16.76	0.14	1.04	6.3	
	142697	White/Yellow	16.26 – 16.76	0.11	1.04	7.7	
	142698	White/Green	16.26 – 16.76	0.07	0.89	6.7	
	142699	White/Blue	14.99 – 15.49	0.14	1.04	6.3	
	142700	White/Yellow	14.99 – 15.49	0.11	1.04	7.7	
	142701	White/Green	14.99 – 15.49	0.07	0.89	6.7	
	142702	White/Blue	13.72 – 14.22	0.14	1.04	6.3	
	142703	White/Yellow	13.72 – 14.22	0.11	1.04	7.7	
	142704	White/Green	13.72 – 14.22	0.07	0.89	6.7	
	142705	White/Blue	12.45 – 12.95	0.14	1.04	6.3	
	142706	White/Yellow	12.45 – 12.95	0.11	1.04	7.7	
	142707	White/Green	12.45 – 12.95	0.07	0.89	6.7	
	142843	White/Blue	21.34 – 21.84	0.14	1.04	6.3	
	142844	Red	21.34 – 21.84	0.18	1.12	6.5	
	142845	Blue	21.34 – 21.84	0.21	1.19	6.8	
	142846	Green	21.34 – 21.84	0.25	1.19	6.1	
	142850	White/Blue	20.07 – 20.57	0.14	1.04	6.3	
	142851	Red	20.07 – 20.57	0.18	1.12	6.5	
	142852	Blue	20.07 – 20.57	0.21	1.19	6.8	
	142853	Green	20.07 – 20.57	0.25	1.19	6.1	
	142854	Yellow	20.07 – 20.57	0.28	1.19	5.6	
	142855	Red/Blue	20.07 – 20.57	0.32	1.30	6.3	
	142857	White/Blue	18.80 – 19.30	0.14	1.04	6.3	
	142858	Red	18.80 – 19.30	0.27	1.12	6.5	

Komatsu Part No.	Cummins Part No.	Color code	Free length (mm)	Spring rate (kg/cm ²)	Wire dia. (mm)	Number coils	Remarks
	142859	Blue	18.80 – 19.30	0.21	1.19	6.8	
	142860	Green	18.80 – 19.30	0.25	1.19	6.1	
	142861	Yellow	18.80 – 19.30	0.28	1.19	5.6	
	142862	Red/Blue	18.80 – 19.30	0.32	1.30	6.3	
	142863	Red/Green	18.80 – 19.30	0.36	1.30	5.9	
	142864	White/Blue	17.53 – 18.03	0.14	1.04	6.3	
	142865	Red	17.53 – 18.03	0.17	1.12	5.5	
	142866	Blue	17.53 – 18.03	0.21	1.19	6.8	
	142867	Green	17.53 – 18.03	0.25	1.19	6.1	
	142868	Yellow	17.53 – 18.03	0.28	1.19	5.6	
	142869	Red/Blue	17.53 – 18.03	0.32	1.30	6.3	
	142870	Red/Green	17.53 – 18.03	0.36	1.30	5.9	
	3002047	White	16.26 – 16.76	0.54	1.37	5.2	
	3002048	White/Red	16.26 – 16.76	0.57	1.37	5.0	
	3002049	Brown	16.26 – 16.76	0.61	1.37	4.8	
	3002050	Brown/Red	16.26 – 16.76	0.64	1.50	5.6	
	3002051	Brown/Blue	16.26 – 16.76	0.68	1.50	5.5	
	3002052	Brown/Green	16.26 – 16.76	0.71	1.50	5.3	
	3002053	White	14.99 – 15.49	0.54	1.37	5.2	
	3002054	White/Red	14.99 – 15.49	0.57	1.37	5.0	
	3002055	Brown	14.99 – 15.49	0.61	1.37	4.8	
	3002056	Brown/Red	14.99 – 15.49	0.64	1.37	4.6	
	3002057	Brown/Blue	14.99 – 15.49	0.68	1.50	5.5	
	3002058	Brown/Green	14.99 – 15.49	0.71	1.50	5.3	

MVS GOVERNOR SPRING

Komatsu Part No.	Cummins Part No.	Color code	Free length (mm)	Spring rate (kg/cm ²)	Wire dia. (mm)	Number coils	Remarks
6610-71-6130	70821	Red	34.42 – 36.45	0.53	1.83	10	
6610-71-6150	70822	Green	33.48 – 35.51	0.86	2.03	9.5	
6610-71-6110	101002	White	37.44 – 39.47	0.27	1.60	11	
6610-71-6190	105422	Black	37.29 – 39.32	0.14	1.37	11	
6610-71-6230	107787	Yellow/Blue	36.63 – 38.66	0.40	1.83	12	
6610-71-6120	109686	Blue	32.46 – 34.49	0.66	1.83	8.5	
6610-71-6140	109687	Yellow	33.20 – 35.13	0.80	2.03	10	
6610-71-6160	109688	Green/White	33.78 – 35.81	0.91	2.03	9	
6610-71-6170	109689	Grey	34.14 – 36.17	1.00	2.03	8.5	
6610-71-6180	109690	Pink	34.44 – 36.47	1.09	2.03	8	
6610-71-6210	110460	Orange	38.05 – 40.08	0.20	1.60	14	
6610-71-6220	110461	Purple	37.80 – 39.83	0.33	1.60	12	
	116508		10.3		0.74	10.5	Idle
6610-71-6240	118128	Black/White	38.56 – 40.59	0.11	1.37	14	
6610-71-6250	118934	Blue/White	35.53 – 37.57	0.46	1.83	11	
6610-71-6260	118935	Orange/White	37.03 – 39.07	0.33	1.60	9	
	143849	Yellow	15.50 – 17.52	0.13	0.64	9	Idle, SVS
	153232	Blue	30.41 – 32.43	0.52	2.18	7.1	
	153240		9.91 – 11.93	0.52	1.12	5.5	Idle, MVS and VS
	201116	Green	14.87 – 16.89	0.08	0.81	7.4	Idle

MVS GOVERNOR PLUNGER

Komatsu Part No.	Cummins Part No.	Class size	Color code	Diameter (mm)	Remarks
6689-71-3350	154460	0	Red	7.910 – 7.914	
	154461	0	Red	7.910 – 7.914	
	154462	1	Blue	7.915 – 7.919	
	154463	1	Blue	7.915 – 7.919	
	168906	2	Green	7.930 – 7.935	
	168908	2	Green	7.930 – 7.935	
	168907	3	Yellow	7.938 – 7.942	
	168909	3	Yellow	7.938 – 7.942	

AFC SPRING

Komatsu Part No.	Cummins Part No.	Color code	Free length (mm)	Spring rate (kg/cm ²)	Wire dia. (mm)	Number coils	Remarks
6710-72-2820	179804	White	31.24	0.36	2.67	5.2	
6710-72-2840	179806	Blue	31.24	0.54	2.67	4.1	
6710-72-2860	179808	Purple	31.24	0.71	3.05	4.6	
6710-72-2880	179816	Blue/White	31.24	0.89	3.05	4.1	
6710-72-2910	179818	Blue/Orange	31.24	1.07	3.43	4.7	
6710-72-2920	179819	Blue/Orange					
6710-72-2930	179820	Blue/Purple	31.24	1.25	3.43	4.3	
6710-72-2940	179821						
6710-72-2950	179822	White/Green	31.24	1.43	3.43	4.1	
6710-72-2960	179823						
6710-72-2970	179824	White/Red	31.24	1.61	3.43	3.9	
6710-72-2990	179826	White/Yellow	31.24	1.79	3.76	4.4	
6710-72-3120	179828	Green/Red	31.24	1.96	3.76	4.2	
6710-72-3140	179830	Green/Yellow	31.24	2.14	3.76	4.0	
6710-72-3160	179832	Orange/Purple	31.24	2.32	3.76	3.8	
6710-72-3180	179834	Red/Purple	31.24	2.50	3.76	3.7	
6710-72-3210	179836	Purple/Yellow	31.24	2.68	3.96	4.0	
6710-72-3230	3000592	Light Green	31.24	2.86	3.96	3.9	

WEIGHT ASSIST SPRING

Komatsu Part No.	Cummins Part No.	Color code	Free length (mm)	Spring rate (kg/cm ²)	Wire dia. (mm)	Number coils	Remarks
	143846	Red	15.90 – 16.66	0.17			
6610-71-2140	143847	Blue	14.45 – 15.21	0.24	0.71	9.7	
	143848	White	13.06 – 13.82	0.39	0.76	9.0	
	143849	Yellow	16.13 – 16.89	0.14	0.76	11.0	
	143850	Red/Yellow	17.65 – 18.42	0.09			
	143851	Red/Brown	11.68 – 12.45	0.42			
6691-71-2140	143852	Red/Yellow	11.68 – 12.45	0.36	0.71	9.5	
	143853	Red/Brown	11.68 – 12.45	0.30			
	143854	Blue/Yellow	11.68 – 12.45	0.24			
	143855	White/Yellow	11.68 – 12.45	0.12	0.56	10.0	
6610-71-2290	416920	White/Red	16.64 – 17.40	0.47	0.81	10.0	
	650662	Green	17.65 – 18.42	0.09	0.56	7.5	
6610-71-2190		White	16.70 – 17.30	0.42	0.81	11.0	

ADJUSTMENT SHIM

Parts Name	Komatsu Parts No.	Cummins Parts No.	Thickness (mm)	Remarks
Throttle adjustment shim	6610-71-1240	142179	0.76	
	6610-71-1250	70750	0.25	
	6610-71-1260	70750-A	0.13	
	6610-71-1290	70750-B	0.05	
Governor spring shim	6610-71-6350	70717	0.51	
	6610-71-6360	70717-A	0.25	
	6610-71-6370	70717-B	0.13	
Torque spring shim	6610-71-1460	101841	0.31	
	6610-71-1470	101842	0.25	
	6610-71-1480	101843	0.51	
Weight assist shim	6610-71-2160	144179	0.51	0.38 – 0.64 mm
MVS governor leak adjustment shim	6610-71-3410	153379	0.51	
	6610-71-3420	153380	0.25	
	6610-71-3470	153381	0.19	
	6610-71-3430	—	0.13	
MVS governor adjustment shim	6610-71-6310	70811	0.51	
	6610-71-6320	70811-A	0.25	
	6610-71-6330	70811-B	0.13	

INJECTOR SPECIFICATION

DELIVERY VOLUME

Injector Ass'y Parts No.		Delivery volume		Pressure (Psi)	No. of hole – Size x Angle	Seat orifice	Inside diameter of adjustment orifice
Komatsu Parts No.	Cummins Parts No.	cc/1000st	Code				
6710-11-3010	AR-40098	177 – 178	178	120	8 – 0.008" x 18°	0.020"	0.028" – 0.029"
6710-11-3011	3003940	177 – 178 800 st	–	120	8 – 0.008" x 18°	0.020"	0.028" – 0.029"
6712-11-3011	3003943	121 – 122	–	120	8 – 0.0065" x 17°	0.020"	0.018" – 0.019"

ADJUSTMENT ORIFICE

Komatsu Parts No.	Cummins Parts No.	Inside diameter		Komatsu Parts No.	Cummins Parts No.	Inside diameter	
		mm	Inch			mm	Inch
CU177282	177282	0.36	0.014	6710-11-3610	179333	0.84	0.033
6710-11-3410	177283	0.38	0.015	6710-11-3620	179334	0.86	0.034
6710-11-3420	177284	0.41	0.016	6710-11-3630	179335	0.89	0.035
6710-11-3430	177285	0.43	0.017	6710-11-3640	179336	0.91	0.036
6710-11-3440	177286	0.46	0.018	6710-11-3650	179337	0.94	0.037
6710-11-3450	177287	0.48	0.019	6710-11-3660	179338	0.97	0.038
6710-11-3460	177288	0.51	0.020	6710-11-3670	179339	0.99	0.039
6710-11-3470	177289	0.53	0.021	6710-11-3680	179340	1.02	0.040
6710-11-3480	177290	0.56	0.022	6710-11-3690	179341	1.04	0.041
6710-11-3490	177291	0.58	0.023	6710-11-3710	179342	1.07	0.042
6710-11-3510	177292	0.61	0.024	6710-11-3720	179343	1.09	0.043
6710-11-3520	177293	0.64	0.025	6710-11-3730	179344	1.12	0.044
6710-11-3530	177294	0.66	0.026	6710-11-3740	179345	1.14	0.045
6710-11-3540	177295	0.68	0.027	6710-11-3750	179346	1.17	0.046
6710-11-3550	177296	0.71	0.028	6710-11-3760	179347	1.19	0.047
6710-11-3560	177297	0.74	0.029	6710-11-3770	179348	1.22	0.048
6710-11-3570	177298	0.76	0.030	6710-11-3780	179349	1.24	0.049
6710-11-3580	177299	0.79	0.031	6710-11-3790	179350	1.27	0.050
6710-11-3590	177332	0.81	0.032				

RUN-IN STANDARD

- Load are given for the case of the dynamometer arm length is 716 mm.
This list shows the standard on condition that the fan is removed.

Engine model	Machine model	Item		Order					
				1	2	3	4	5	6
N-855-C	PC300-1, 2 PC300LC-1, 2	Running time	min.	10	20	20	10		
		Engine speed	rpm	550 – 600	1,000	1,400	1,850		
		Load	kg	0	37	81	108		
		Output	HP	0	36	110	194		
NT-855-C	D80A,E-18 D80A,E,P-18	Running time	min.	5	10	20	30	10	
		Engine speed	rpm	600 – 650	1,100	1,400	1,600	1,800	
		Load	kg	0	33	66	98	131	
		Output	HP	0	36	92.5	157	236	
	D80F-18	Running time	min.	5	10	20	30	10	
		Engine speed	rpm	600 – 650	1,200	1,550	1,750	1,950	
		Load	kg	0	35	70	105	140	
		Output	HP	0	41	105	178.5	265	
	D95S-2	Running time	min.	5	10	20	30	10	
		Engine speed	rpm	600 – 650	1,150	1,450	1,700	1,850	
		Load	kg	0	35	70	104	142	
		Output	HP	0	39	98.5	172	255	
PC400-1 PC400LC-1	Running time	min.	5	10	20	30	10		
	Engine speed	rpm	600 – 650	1,100	1,400	1,600	1,800		
	Load	kg	0	35	70	106	141		
	Output	HP	0	38	95	165	246		
W170-2	Running time	min.	5	10	20	30	10		
	Engine speed	rpm	670 – 730	1,300	1,750	2,000	2,200		
	Load	kg	0	28	57	85	113		
	Output	HP	0	35	97	165	242		
W180-1	Running time	min.	5	10	20	30	10		
	Engine speed	rpm	670 – 730	1,400	1,800	2,100	2,300		
	Load	kg	0	32	64	96	128		
	Output	HP	0	44	112	196	285		

Engine model	Machine model	Item		Order					
				1	2	3	4	5	6
NTA-855-C	HD320-2 HD320-3	Running time	min.	5	10	20	30	10	
		Engine speed	rpm	610 – 650	1,400	1,800	2,100	2,300	
		Load	kg	0	45	91	136	181	
		Output	HP	0	63	164	285.5	416	
	WS16S-2 WS23-1	Running time	min.	5	10	20	30	10	
		Engine speed	rpm	610 – 650	1,400	1,600	1,900	2,100	
		Load	kg	0	41	96	137	182	
		Output	HP	0	55	148	252	371	

PERFORMANCE TEST CRITERIA

Engine model	Machine model	Test item	Specified value (fully equipped)	Engine speed (rpm)	Dynamometer load (kg)	Output (HP)
N-855-C	PC300-1,2 PC300LC-1,2	Flywheel horsepower	180HP/1,850rpm	1,845 – 1,855	103.0 – 113.2	180.5 – 198.5
		Maximum torque	85.5HP/1,300rpm	1,200 – 1,400	118.9 – 126.1	–
		High idling speed	1,985 – 2,085rpm	1,985 – 2,085	0	0
		Low idling speed	550 – 600rpm	550 – 600	0	0
NT-855-C	D80A,E-18 D85A,E,P-18	Flywheel horsepower	220HP/1,800rpm	1,795 – 1,805	127.8 – 135.1	230.0 – 243.2
		Maximum torque	105kgm/1,250rpm	1,150 – 1,350	149.3 – 158.1	–
		High idling speed	1,900 – 2,000rpm	1,900 – 2,000	0	0
		Low idling speed	600 – 650rpm	600 – 650	0	0
	D80F-18	Flywheel horsepower	260HP/1,950rpm	1,945 – 1,955	139.9 – 148.1	264.5 – 280.1
		Maximum torque	118kgm/1,400rpm	1,300 – 1,500	168.2 – 173.0	–
		High idling speed	2,100 – 2,200rpm	2,100 – 2,200	0	0
		Low idling speed	600 – 650rpm	600 – 650	0	0
	D95S-2	Flywheel horsepower	245HP/1,850rpm	1,845 – 1,855	137.9 – 145.7	255.0 – 269.7
		Maximum torque	112kgm/1,200rpm	1,100 – 1,300	158.7 – 168.0	–
		High idling speed	2,000 – 2,100rpm	2,000 – 2,100	0	0
		Low idling speed	600 – 650rpm	600 – 650	0	0
	PC400-1 PC400LC-1	Flywheel horsepower	233HP/1,800rpm	1,795 – 1,805	137.1 – 145.1	239.6 – 253.6
		Maximum torque	116kgm/1,200rpm	1,100 – 1,300	160.6 – 170.4	–
		High idling speed	1,950 – 2,050rpm	1,950 – 2,050	0	0
		Low idling speed	600 – 650rpm	600 – 650	0	0
W170-2	Flywheel horsepower	235HP/2,200rpm	2,195 – 2,205	113.5 – 120.1	242.3 – 256.3	
	Maximum torque	100kgm/1,400rpm	1,300 – 1,500	142.8 – 151.1	–	
	High idling speed	2,350 – 2,450rpm	2,350 – 2,450	0	0	
	Low idling speed	670 – 730rpm	670 – 730	0	0	
W180-1	Flywheel horsepower	280HP/2,300rpm	2,295 – 2,305	128.0 – 135.4	285.6 – 302.3	
	Maximum torque	116kgm/1,600rpm	1,500 – 1,700	160.9 – 170.6	–	
	High idling speed	2,430 – 2,530rpm	2,430 – 2,530	0	0	
	Low idling speed	600 – 700rpm	600 – 700	0	0	

Torque (kgm)	Fuel pressure (kg/cm ²)	Coolant temperature (°C)	Lubricating oil temperature (°C)	Lubricating oil pressure (kg/cm ²)	Exhaust temperature (°C) (t = Intake air temp. -20°C)
—	8.5 – 9.5	70 – 90	80 – 100	3.5 – 5.5	Max. 650 + 3t
85.1 – 90.3	—	70 – 90	80 – 100	—	Max. 680 + 3t
0	—	70 – 90	80 – 100	—	—
0	—	70 – 90	Min. 80	Min. 1.0	—
—	7.0 – 8.0	70 – 90	80 – 100	3.5 – 5.5	Max. 650 + 3t
106.9 – 113.2	—	70 – 90	80 – 100	—	Max. 680 + 3t
0	—	70 – 90	80 – 100	—	—
0	—	70 – 90	Min. 80	Min. 1.0	—
—	9.7 – 10.7	70 – 90	80 – 100	3.5 – 5.5	Max. 650 + 3t
120.4 – 123.9	—	70 – 90	80 – 100	—	Max. 680 + 3t
0	—	70 – 90	80 – 100	—	—
0	—	70 – 90	Min. 80	Min. 1.0	—
—	7.5 – 8.7	70 – 90	80 – 110	3.5 – 5.5	Max. 650 + 3t
113.6 – 120.3	—	70 – 90	80 – 110	—	Max. 680 + 3t
0	—	70 – 90	80 – 110	—	—
0	—	70 – 90	Min. 80	Min. 1.0	—
—	7.5 – 9.0	70 – 90	80 – 110	3.5 – 5.5	Max. 650 + 3t
115 – 122	—	70 – 90	80 – 110	—	Max. 680 + 3t
0	—	70 – 90	80 – 110	—	—
0	—	70 – 90	Min. 80	Min. 1.0	—
—	9.6 – 10.6	70 – 90	80 – 110	3.5 – 5.5	Max. 650 + 3t
102.2 – 108.2	—	70 – 90	80 – 110	—	Max. 680 + 3t
0	—	70 – 90	80 – 110	—	—
0	—	70 – 90	Min. 80	Min. 1.0	—
—	11.4 – 12.4	70 – 90	80 – 110	3.5 – 5.5	Max. 650 + 3t
115.2 – 122.2	—	70 – 90	80 – 110	—	Max. 650 + 3t
0	—	70 – 90	80 – 110	—	—
0	—	70 – 90	Min. 80	Min. 1.0	—

Engine model	Machine model	Test item	Specified value (fully equipped)	Engine speed (rpm)	Dynamometer load (kg)	Output (HP)
NTA-855-C	HD320-2	Flywheel horsepower	405HP/2,300rpm	2,295 – 2,305	176.0 – 185.2	404.7 – 426.0
		Maximum torque	142kgm/1,700rpm	1,600 – 1,800	193.7 – 203.9	–
		High idling speed	2,430 – 2,530 rpm	2,430 – 2,530	0	0
		Low idling speed	600 – 650rpm	600 – 650	0	0
	HD320-3	Flywheel horsepower	405HP/2,300rpm	2,295 – 2,305	176.0 – 185.2	404.7 – 426.0
		Maximum torque	142kgm/1,700rpm	1,600 – 1,800	193.7 – 203.9	–
		High idling speed	2,430 – 2,530rpm	2,430 – 2,530	0	0
		Low idling speed	675 – 725rpm	675 – 725	0	0
	WS16S-2 WS23-1	Flywheel horsepower	364HP/2,100rpm	2,095 – 2,105	176.4 – 187.4	359.4 – 381.7
		Maximum torque	140kgm/1,500rpm	1,400 – 1,600	191.3 – 203.2	–
		High idling speed	2,430 – 2,530rpm	2,430 – 2,530	0	0
		Low idling speed	610 – 650rpm	610 – 650	0	0

Torque (kgm)	Fuel pressure (kg/cm ²)	Coolant temperature (°C)	Lubricating oil temperature (°C)	Lubricating oil pressure (kg/cm ²)	Exhaust temperature (°C) (t = Intake air temp. -20°C)
–	14.6 – 15.6	70 – 95	80 – 110	3.5 – 5.5	Max. 700 + 3t
138.7 – 146.0	0	70 – 95	80 – 110	–	Max. 700 + 3t
0	0	70 – 95	80 – 110	–	–
0	0	70 – 95	Min. 80	Min. 1.0	–
–	14.6 – 15.6	70 – 95	80 – 110	3.5 – 5.5	Max. 700 + 3t
138.7 – 146.0	0	70 – 95	80 – 110	–	Max. 700 + 3t
0	0	70 – 95	80 – 110	–	–
0	0	70 – 95	Min. 80	Min. 1.0	–
–	12.4 – 13.2	70 – 95	80 – 110	3.5 – 5.5	Max. 650 + 3t
137.1 – 145.5	–	70 – 95	80 – 110	–	Max. 680 + 3t
0	–	70 – 95	80 – 110	–	–
0	–	70 – 95	Min. 80	Min. 1.0	–

TESTING AND ADJUSTING TOOL LIST

No.	Testing and adjusting item	Fault finding tool list	Part No.	Remarks
1	Engine speed	Multi-tachometer	799-203-8000	Digital reading: 60 – 20,000 rpm
2	Battery S.G.	Battery coolant tester	795-500-1000	1.100 – 1.300
3	Freezing temperature of cooling water			–5 – –50°C
4	Water temperature, oil temperature, intake air temperature	Thermistor temperature gauge	790-500-1300	0 – 200°C
5	Exhaust temperature			0 – 1,000°C
6	Lubricating oil pressure	Engine pressure measuring kit	799-203-2002	0 – 10 kg/cm ²
7	Fuel pressure			0 – 20 kg/cm ²
8	Intake pressure, exhaust pressure			0 – 1,500 mmHg
9	Blow-by pressure			0 – 1,000 mmH ₂ O
10	Intake resistance			–1,000 – 0 mmH ₂ O
11	Compression pressure	Compression gauge	795-502-1203	0 – 70 kg/cm ²
12	Blow-by pressure	Blow-by checker	799-201-1503	0 – 500 mmH ₂ O
13	Valve clearance	Feeler gauge	795-562-1200 795-562-1300	0.41, 0.74 mm 0.36, 0.69 mm
14	Exhaust gas color	Handy smoke checker	799-201-9000	Dirtiness 0 – 70% with standard color (Dirtiness % x 1/10 = Bosch scale)
15	Water and fuel content in oil	Engine oil checker	799-201-6000	Provided with 0.1 and 0.2 water content standard samples.
16	PT pump fuel pressure	Fuel pressure gauge	799-201-1300	0 – 25 kg/cm ²
17	PT pump vacuum pressure	Vacuum gauge	799-201-1200	0 – 70 kg/cm ²
18	Injector timing	Timing fixture	795-140-1604	
19	Coolant quality	Water quality tester	799-202-7001	PH, nitrite ion concentration
20	Pressure valve performance Leakage in cooling system	Radiator cap tester	799-202-9001	0 – 2 kg/cm ²
21	Radiator blockage (wind speed)	Anemometer (Air speed gauge)	799-202-2001	0 – 40 m/s
22	Engine cranking	Cranking kit	795-610-1000	
23	Electrical circuit	Tester	Commercially available	Current, Voltage, Resistance

TESTING AND ADJUSTING DATA

Engine model				N-855-C		NT-855-C		
Applicable machine model				PC300-1,2 PC300LC-1,2		D80A,E-18 D85A,E,P-18		
Classification	Item	Condition, etc.	Unit	Standard value	Permissible value	Standard value	Permissible value	
Performance	Engine speed	High idling speed	rpm	1,985 – 2,085	1,985 – 2,085	1,900 – 2,000	1,900 – 2,000	
		Low idling speed	rpm	550 – 600	550 – 600	600 – 650	600 – 650	
	Necessary starting speed	0°C	rpm	Min. 150	–	Min. 150	–	
–20°C (with starting aid)		rpm	Min. 100	–	Min. 100	–		
Intake and exhaust system	Intake resistance	At rated output	mmH ₂ O	Max. 330	550	Max. 330	550	
	Intake pressure	At rated output	mmHg	–	–	–	–	
	Exhaust pressure	At rated output	mmHg	–	–	–	–	
	Exhaust temperature	All speed (Intake air temp.: 20°C)	°C	Max. 680	Max. 680	Max. 680	Max. 680	
	Exhaust gas color	Quick acceleration	Bosch index		Max. 6.0	7.0	Max. 6.5	7.5
		At high idling			Max. 2.5	3.5	Max. 2.5	3.5
	Valve clearance	Cold	Intake valve	mm	0.36	–	0.36	–
Exhaust valve			mm	0.69	–	0.69	–	
Warm		Intake valve	mm	0.36	–	0.36	–	
		Exhaust valve	mm	0.69	–	0.69	–	
Engine body	Compression pressure	Oil temperature: 40 – 60°C	kg/cm ²	Min. 32	23	Min. 29	20	
		(Engine speed)	(rpm)	(230 – 260)	(230 – 260)	(170 – 180)	(170 – 180)	
	Blow-by pressure	At high idling Oil temperature: Min. 60°C	mmH ₂ O	Max. 100	200	Max. 100	200	
Lubrication system	Oil pressure (SAE30, oil temperature: Min. 80°C)	At high idling	kg/cm ²	3.5 – 5.5	3.5 – 5.5	3.5 – 5.5	3.5 – 5.5	
		At low idling	kg/cm ²	Min. 1.0	0.7	Min. 1.0	Min. 1.0	
	Oil temperature	All speed (oil in oil pan)	°C	80 – 100	120	80 – 100	120	
	Oil consumption ratio	At continuous rated output (Ratio to fuel consumption)	%	Max. 1.0	1.5	Max. 1.0	1.5	
Fuel system	PT pump fuel pressure	At rated output	kg/cm ²	8.5 – 9.5	–	7.0 – 8.0	–	
		Quick acceleration	kg/cm ²		–		–	
Cooling system	Coolant temperature	All speed (At engine outlet)	°C	70 – 90	100	70 – 90	100	
	Thermostat function	Valve opening temperature	°C	74.5 – 78.5	74.5 – 78.5	74.5 – 78.5	74.5 – 78.5	
		Full opening temperature	°C	90	–	90	–	
		Full opening lift	mm	10 ± 0.5	10 ± 0.5	10 ± 0.5	10 ± 0.5	
	Radiator pressure valve	Opening pressure (Differential pressure)	kg/cm ²	0.75 ± 0.1	0.75 ± 0.1	0.75 ± 0.1	0.75 ± 0.1	
	Fan speed	At engine rated speed	rpm	1,310 – 1,370	1,270	950 – 990	920	
Fan belt tension	Deflects when pushed with a force of 6 kg	mm	See page 12-040					

NT-855-C							
D80F-18		D95S-2		PC400-1 PC400LC-1		W170-2	
Standard value	Permissible value	Standard value	Permissible value	Standard value	Permissible value	Standard value	Permissible value
2,100 – 2,200	2,100 – 2,200	2,000 – 2,100	2,000 – 2,100	1,950 – 2,050	1,950 – 2,050	2,350 – 2,450	2,350 – 2,450
600 – 650	600 – 650	600 – 650	600 – 650	600 – 650	600 – 650	670 – 730	670 – 730
Min. 150	–	Min. 150	–	Min. 150	–	Min. 150	–
Min. 100	–	Min. 100	–	Min. 100	–	Min. 100	–
Max. 330	550	Max. 330	550	Max. 330	550	Max. 330	550
–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Max. 680	Max. 680	Max. 680	Max. 680	Max. 680	Max. 680	Max. 680	Max. 680
Max. 4.5		Max. 6.5	7.5	Max. 6.5	7.5	Max. 6.5	7.5
Max. 2.5		Max. 2.5	3.5	Max. 2.5	3.5	Max. 2.5	3.5
0.36	–	0.36	–	0.36	–	0.36	–
0.69	–	0.69	–	0.69	–	0.69	–
0.36	–	0.36	–	0.36	–	0.36	–
0.69	–	0.69	–	0.69	–	0.69	–
Min. 29	24	Min. 29	20	Min. 29	20	Min. 29	20
(170 – 180)	(170 – 180)	(170 – 180)	(170 – 180)	(170 – 180)	(170 – 180)	(170 – 180)	(170 – 180)
Max. 100	200	Max. 100	200	Max. 100	200	Max. 100	200
3.5 – 5.5	3.5 – 5.5	3.5 – 5.5	3.5 – 5.5	3.5 – 5.5	3.5 – 5.5	3.5 – 5.5	3.5 – 5.5
Min. 1.0	Min. 1.0	Min. 1.0	0.7	Min. 1.0	0.7	Min. 1.0	0.7
80 – 100	120	80 – 110	120	80 – 110	120	80 – 110	120
Max. 1.0	1.5	Max. 1.0	1.5	Max. 1.0	1.5	Max. 1.0	1.5
7.0 – 8.0	–	7.5 – 8.7	–	7.5 – 9.0	–	9.6 – 10.6	–
	–		–		–		–
70 – 90	100	70 – 90	100	70 – 90	100	70 – 90	100
74.5 – 78.5	74.5 – 78.5	74.5 – 78.5	74.5 – 78.5	74.5 – 78.5	74.5 – 78.5	74.5 – 78.5	74.5 – 78.5
90	–	90	–	90	–	90	–
10 ± 0.5	10 ± 0.5	10 ± 0.5	10 ± 0.5	10 ± 0.5	10 ± 0.5	10 ± 0.5	10 ± 0.5
0.75 ± 0.1	0.75 ± 0.1	0.75 ± 0.1	0.75 ± 0.1	0.75 ± 0.1	0.75 ± 0.1	0.75 ± 0.1	0.75 ± 0.1
		1.075 – 1.125	1.045	1,300 – 1,360	1,260	1,535 – 1,615	1,495

See page 12-040

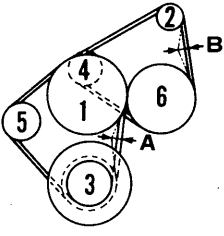
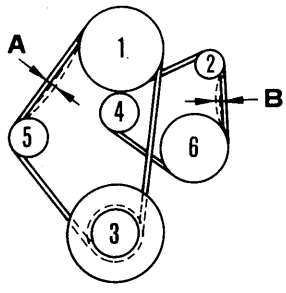
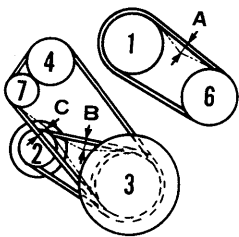
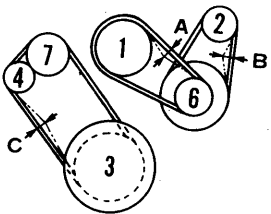
Engine model				NT-855-C		NTA-855-C	
Applicable machine model				W180-1		HD320-2 (Engine No. 26102754 – 26155791)	
Classification	Item	Condition, etc.	Unit	Standard value	Permissible value	Standard value	Permissible value
Performance	Engine speed	High idling speed	rpm	2,430 – 2,530	2,430 – 2,530	2,430 – 2,530	2,430 – 2,530
		Low idling speed	rpm	600 – 700	600 – 700	600 – 650	600 – 650
	Necessary starting speed	0°C	rpm	Min. 150	–	Min. 160	–
–20°C (with starting aid)		rpm	Min. 100	–	Min. 100	–	
Intake and exhaust system	Intake resistance	At rated output	mmH ₂ O	Max. 330	550	Max. 330	550
	Intake pressure	At rated output	mmHg	–	–	1,000 – 1,100	–
	Exhaust pressure	At rated output	mmHg	–	–	Max. 75	–
	Exhaust temperature	All speed (Intake air temp.: 20°C)	°C	Max. 680	Max. 680	Max. 700	Max. 700
	Exhaust gas color	Quick acceleration	Bosch index	Max. 6.5	7.5	Max. 7.0	8.0
		At high idling		Max. 2.5	3.5	Max. 2.5	3.5
	Valve clearance	Cold	Intake valve	mm	0.36	–	0.41
Exhaust valve			mm	0.69	–	0.74	–
Warm		Intake valve	mm	0.36	–	0.36	–
		Exhaust valve	mm	0.69	–	0.69	–
Engine body	Compression pressure	Oil temperature: 40 – 60°C	kg/cm ²	Min. 29	20	Min. 26	18
		(Engine speed)	(rpm)	(170 – 180)	(170 – 180)	(230 – 260)	(230 – 260)
	Blow-by pressure	At high idling Oil temperature: Min. 60°C	mmH ₂ O	Max. 100	200	Max. 150	300
Lubrication system	Oil pressure (SAE30, oil temperature: Min. 80°C)	At high idling	kg/cm ²	3.5 – 5.5	3.5 – 5.5	3.5 – 5.5	3.5 – 5.5
		At low idling	kg/cm ²	Min. 1.0	0.7	Min. 1.0	0.7
	Oil temperature	All speed (oil in oil pan)	°C	80 – 110	120	80 – 110	120
	Oil consumption ratio	At continuous rated output (Ratio to fuel consumption)	%	Max. 1.0	1.5	Max. 1.0	1.5
Fuel system	PT pump fuel pressure	At rated output	kg/cm ²	11.4 – 12.4	–	14.6 – 15.6	–
		Quick acceleration	kg/cm ²	–	–	70 – 95	–
Cooling system	Coolant temperature	All speed (At engine outlet)	°C	70 – 90	100	70 – 95	100
	Thermostat function	Valve opening temperature	°C	74.5 – 78.5	74.5 – 78.5	74.5 – 78.5	74.5 – 78.5
		Full opening temperature	°C	90	–	90	–
		Full opening lift	mm	10 ± 0.5	10 ± 0.5	10 ± 0.5	10 ± 0.5
	Radiator pressure valve	Opening pressure (Differential pressure)	kg/cm ²	0.75 ± 0.1	0.75 ± 0.1	0.75 ± 0.1	0.75 ± 0.1
	Fan speed	At engine rated speed	rpm	1,285 – 1,345	1,250	1,170 – 1,230	1,140
Fan belt tension	Deflects when pushed with a force of 6 kg	mm	See page 12-040				

NTA-855-C							
HD320-2 (Engine No. 26155791 and up)		HD320-3		WS16S-2 WS23-1		Standard value	Permissible value
Standard value	Permissible value	Standard value	Permissible value	Standard value	Permissible value	Standard value	Permissible value
2,430 – 2,530	2,430 – 2,530	2,430 – 2,530	2,430 – 2,530	2,430 – 2,530	2,430 – 2,530		
600 – 650	600 – 650	675 – 725	675 – 725	610 – 650	610 – 650		
Min. 160	–	Min. 160	–	Min. 160	–		
Min. 100	–	Min. 100	–	Min. 100	–		
Max. 330	550	Max. 330	550	Max. 330	550		
1,000 – 1,100	–	1,000 – 1,100	–	–	–		
Max. 75	–	Max. 75	–	Max. 75	–		
Max. 700	Max. 700	Max. 700	Max. 700	Max. 680	Max. 680		
Max. 7.0	8.0	Max. 7.0	8.0	Max. 7.0	8.0		
Max. 2.5	3.5	Max. 2.5	3.5	Max. 2.5	3.5		
0.36	–	0.36	–	0.36	–		
0.69	–	0.69	–	0.69	–		
0.36	–	0.36	–	0.36	–		
0.69	–	0.69	–	0.69	–		
Min. 26	18	Min. 26	18	Min. 26	18		
(230 – 260)	(230 – 260)	(230 – 260)	(230 – 260)	(230 – 260)	(230 – 260)		
Max. 150	300	Max. 150	300	Max. 150	300		
3.5 – 5.5	3.5 – 5.5	3.5 – 5.5	3.5 – 5.5	3.5 – 5.5	3.5 – 5.5		
Min. 1.0	0.7	Min. 1.0	0.7	Min. 1.0	0.7		
80 – 110	120	80 – 110	120	80 – 110	120		
Max. 1.0	1.5	Max. 1.0	1.5	Max. 1.0	1.5		
14.6 – 15.6	–	14.6 – 15.6	–	14.6 – 15.6	–		
	–		–		–		
70 – 95	100	70 – 95	100	70 – 95	100		
74.5 – 78.5	74.5 – 78.5	74.5 – 78.5	74.5 – 78.5	74.5 – 78.5	74.5 – 78.5		
90	–	90	–	90	–		
10 ± 0.5	10 ± 0.5	10 ± 0.5	10 ± 0.5	10 ± 0.5	10 ± 0.5		
0.75 ± 0.1	0.75 ± 0.1	0.75 ± 0.1	0.75 ± 0.1	0.75 ± 0.1	0.75 ± 0.1		
1,170 – 1,230	1,140	1,450 – 1,520	1,410	1,170 – 2,030	1,140		

See page 12-040

V-BELT TENSION

- Deflects when pushed at center of v-belt with a force of 6 kg. (): Range

V-belt setting condition	Engine model	Applicable machine model	Belt tension (mm)		
			A	B	C
 <p>6710F119</p>	N-855-C	PC300-1, 2 PC300LC-1, 2	7 (5 - 9)	10 (8 - 12)	
	NT-855-C	PC400-1, PC400LC-1 W170-2, W180-1			
	NTA-855-C	WS16S-2 WS23-1			
 <p>6710F120A</p>	NT-855-C	D80A, E, F-18 D80A, E, P-18 D95S-2	Auto-tension adjustment value: 106	10 (8 - 12)	
 <p>6710F121</p>	NTA-855-C	HD320-2	10 (8 - 12)	10 (8 - 12)	12 (10 - 14)
 <p>6710F122</p>	NTA-855-C	HD320-3	10 (8 - 12)	10 (8 - 12)	12 (10 - 14)

- 1. Fan pulley
- 2. Alternator pulley
- 3. Crankshaft pulley
- 4. Water pump pulley
- 5. Tension pulley
- 6. Accessory drive pulley
- 7. Idle pulley

TROUBLESHOOTING

METHOD OF READING TROUBLESHOOTING TABLE

DESCRIPTION OF SYMBOLS USED IN TROUBLESHOOTING TABLE

The following symbols are used in the "Remedy" column to indicate the method of eliminating the cause of a fault.

- X: Replace; Δ: Repair;
- A: Adjusting; C: Clean

METHOD OF READING TROUBLESHOOTING TABLE

- The symbol ○ in the table is inserted only for causes which can be diagnosed. If a cause cannot be diagnosed, the corresponding box is left blank.
- If the result of problems 1 using the troubleshooting table shown at right is abnormal, the cause of the trouble can be assumed to lie between a and d. Because it is not possible to make a problems regarding e, it is necessary to perform the next problems (owing to the possibility of a multiple fault).

If the result of problems 1 is normal, the cause of the fault does not lie between a and d. In such a case, before diagnosing the cause as e, however, carry out a check by means of problems 2 or 5.

- If now the result of problems 1 is abnormal and the result of problems 2 normal, the cause is one of a, b or d. In addition, if the result of problems 3 is abnormal, the cause will be narrowed down to one of b or d. To determine which of b or d is the actual cause, perform problems 4.
- If the result of problems is abnormal, blacken out the corresponding ○ in the table and then perform the next problems on these causes in order to narrow the likely causes.

		Cause				
		a	b	c	d	e
Problems	Remedy	X	C	Δ	A	X
	1	○	○	○	○	
2			○		○	
3			○	○		
4		○		○		
5			○		○	

Example 1

		Cause				
		a	b	c	d	e
Problems	Remedy	X	C	Δ	A	X
	1	●	●	●	●	
2			⊖		⊖	
3			●	●		
4		⊖		⊖		
5	Not necessary problems →		○		○	

Example 1:

Problems 1 → Abnormal
 Problems 2 → Normal
 Problems 3 → Abnormal
 Problems 4 → Normal

} From the table of example 1, the cause of the fault is b.

Example 2:

Problems 1 → Normal
 Problems 2 → Abnormal

} From the table of example 2, the cause of the fault is e.

★ In example 2, it is evident that the cause is e without carrying out problems 2, however problems 2 is performed by way of an additional check.

Example 2

		Cause				
		a	b	c	d	e
Problems	Remedy	X	C	Δ	A	X
	1	⊖	⊖	⊖	⊖	
2				●	●	
3	Not necessary problems →		○	○		
4		○		○		
5			○		○	

Example 3:

Problems 1 → Abnormal } From the table of ex-
 Problems 2 → Normal } ample 3, the cause is
 Problems 3 → Normal } one of a, c and e.

Continue problems

Problems 4 → Normal } From the table of ex-
 Problems 5 → Normal } ample 3-1, the cause
 is c.

Example 3

		Cause				
		a	b	c	d	e
Problems	Remedy	x	c	Δ	A	x
	1	●	●	●	●	
2				●		●
3			⊙		⊙	
4		○			○	
5			○			○

Example 3-1

		Cause				
		a	b	c	d	e
Problems	Remedy	x	c	Δ	A	x
	1	●	●	●	●	
2				●		●
3			⊙		⊙	
4		⊙			⊙	
5			⊙			⊙

Example 4:

Problems 1 → Abnormal } From the table of ex-
 Problems 2 → Normal } ample 4, the cause is
 one of a, b or d.

Continue problems

Problems 3 → Abnormal } From the table of ex-
 Problems 4 → Abnormal } ample 4-1, the cause
 Problems 5 → Normal } is a or d.

Example 4

		Cause				
		a	b	c	d	e
Problems	Remedy	x	c	Δ	A	x
	1	●	●	●	●	
2				⊙		⊙
3			○		○	
4		○			○	
5			○			○

Example 4-1

		Cause				
		a	b	c	d	e
Problems	Remedy	x	c	Δ	A	x
	1	●	●	●	●	
2				⊙		⊙
3			●		●	
4		●			●	
5			⊙			⊙

As can be seen from the above examples, it is not necessary to perform all of the problems.

Also, looking at a particular cause, no matter how many ● marks there are in the column corresponding to that cause, it will cease to be an actual cause if there is even one ⊙ mark in the same column.

TROUBLESHOOTING TABLE

1. Starting defective or badness.

1) Engine does not turn.

Questions to ask operator before starting trouble-shooting

1. Did machine stop suddenly during operation? → Damage or seizure of internal parts.
2. Did machine make abnormal noise during operation? → Damaged parts.

★ Cause h: battery charging rate

Charging rate	100%	90%	80%	75%	70%
Temperature					
20°C	1.28	1.26	1.24	1.23	1.22
0°C	1.29	1.27	1.25	1.24	1.23
-10°C	1.30	1.28	1.26	1.25	1.24

- Specific gravity should be at least figure for 70% charging rate.
- In cold weather, specific gravity must be at least figure for 75% charging rate.

Cause	a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k	l
Stopping piston from moving by foreign matter in cylinder.												
Damage to connecting rod or crankshaft												
Bushing and bearing biting into each other												
Intake and exhaust valves are blocked in cylinder												
Damage to pump or supply system												
Failure in power train												
Seizure of moving parts												
Battery insufficiently charged → See No. 20												
Damage to pinion or ring gear												
Pinion movement force insufficient												
Battery terminal connection defective, wrong meshing position												
Electrical system defective → see No. 19												

No.	Problems	Remedy											
		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
1	When setting the starting switch to START; 1) No sound of pinion moving out.												○
	2) Pinion grates.											○	
	3) Pinion engages but does not turn.	○	○	○	○	○	○	○					
2	When checking battery, electrolyte level or specific gravity is low.								○				
3	When cranking engine with barring tool; 1) Does not move.								○				
	2) Moves backlash only.					○							
	3) Can be turned in reverse direction.	○	○	○									
4	Remove head cover. When checking valve cotter, it is out of place.				○								
5	Remove oil pan. When checking internal parts, they are abnormal.			○									
6	Remove cylinder head. When checking internal parts, foreign matter appears.	○											

The following symbols are used to indicate the action to be taken when a cause of failure is located.

X: Replace Δ: Repair
 A: Adjust C: Clean

2) Engine turns but no exhaust gas is emitted.

Check before troubleshooting

1. Is there any fuel in fuel tank?
2. Is fuel feed valve open?
3. Is fuel piping leaking or damaged between fuel tank and inside of float tank?
4. Is fuel piping leaking or damaged between float tank and PT pump?
5. Is fuel piping leaking or damaged between PT pump and injector?
6. Is there any water, rust or sludge mixed with fuel drained from fuel tank or fuel filter?
(PT pump or injector are frequent cause of failure.)
7. Did fuel be added in tank after replacing fuel filter.
8. Is compression release lever placed in "RELEASE" position.

No.	Problems	Remedy	Cause							
			a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h
			△X	X	△	△X	X△	△X	X△	△X
1	No reaction even if compression release lever is operated.									○
2	Engine starts when screwing in the knob of shut-off valve.									○
3	No fuel comes out even if fuel is drained from fuel filter.		○	○			○			
4	No fuel comes out even if PT pump fuel pressure take-off plug is loosened.		○	○	○					
5	Remove the PT pump. No reaction even if drive shaft is turned.			○						
6	No fuel comes out even if float tank outlet hose is loosened.		○							

The following symbols are used to indicate the action to be taken when a cause of failure is located.

X: Replace △: Repair
 A: Adjust C: Clean

2. Engine stopped during operation.

Questions to ask operator before starting problems.

1. Did engine stop slowly? → fuel supply cut.
2. Did engine stop suddenly? → internal parts damaged or seized.
3. Did engine make abnormal noise? → parts damaged.

Check before troubleshooting

1. Is there any fuel in fuel tank?
2. Is fuel control lever bent? Is there any play? Is the pin out of place?
3. Is fuel piping leaking or damaged between fuel tank and injector?
4. Is bead hole of fuel tank cap clogged?

No.	Problems	Remedy	Cause																	
			a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j								
			△X	X	△X	△X	X△	△X	X△	X	X	X△								
1	Starting motor cranks engine, but engine stops if gear shift lever is moved to any speed position.																			○
2	Starting motor does not crank engine. 1) Engine does not turn when cranking engine with barring tool.																			○
	2) Engine turns backlash distance only.																			○
	3) Engine can be turned in reverse direction.																			○
3	No fuel comes out even if fuel is drained from fuel filter.																			○
4	Engine starts when screwing in the knob of shut-off valve.																			○
5	Remove the PT pump. No reaction even if drive shaft is turned.																			○
6	No fuel comes out even if float tank outlet hose is loosened.																			○

The following symbols are used to indicate the action to be taken when a cause of failure is located.

X: Replace △: Repair
 A: Adjust C: Clean

3. Engine runs abnormally.

1) Engine speed is too high.

Cause		Remedy
a	PTG governor or MVS governor plunger seized or rusted or adjustment defective.	ΔXA

2) Engine speed does not increase.

Cause		Remedy
a	Fuel return piping damaged or clogged between injector and float tank.	ΔCX
b	PTG governor or MVS governor plunger seized or rusted or adjustment defective.	ΔXΔ

3) Engine deceleration time (over 15sec.) and stop time (over 10 sec.) are long.

Cause		Remedy
a	Fuel return piping damaged or clogged between injector and float tank.	ΔCX
b	Movement of PTG governor and MVS governor plunger defective.	ΔXA

4) Engine does not stop.

Cause		Remedy
a	Shut-off valve remained opening (Shut-off valve being caught the other thing and rusted)	ΔX

5) Hunting.

★ Hunting may be happened for several time when air in circuit bleeds, after maintaing fuel system and replacing fuel filter element.

Cause		Remedy
a	Fuel piping air leaking into system between float tank and fuel filter.	ΔX
b	Air leaking into system from fuel filter gasket.	XΔ
c	Fuel piping air leaking into system between fuel filter and PT pump.	ΔX
d	Movement of PTG governor and MVS governor plunger defective.	ΔXA

- ★ In case of improper engine-running causes the trouble of PT pump (PTG governor or MVS governor plunger seized or rusted or adjustment defective), the mixed water and dirt and used non-specified fuel are considered. Check for the fuel drain tank or fuel filter.
- ★ Inspection, adjustment and repair of PT pump inside perform only the shop prepared test stand.
- ★ Engine damages if PT pump pressure sets the higher than standard pressure and the pump for other modal is equipped in order to cover the lack of engine power.

4. Fuel consumption is more.

Ask the operator that you fell why fuel consumption is more.

Symbol	Cause	Remedy
a	Fuel leakage from fuel tank, fuel filter, PT pump and piping.	ΔX
b	Fuel leakage from inlet and outlet of injector, fuel passage in head cover and seal of pump.	Follow problems "9. Oil level raises".
c	Over-injection, worse fuel consumption.	Follow Problems "6. Exhaust gas is black".

The following symbols are used to indicate the action to be taken when a cause of failure is located.

X: Replace Δ: Repair
 A: Adjust C: Clean

7. Exhaust gas is blue. (Combustion of engine oil)

Check before troubleshooting

1. Has engine continued to run for over 20 mins at low idling? → Oil coming up into cylinder, oil leak from seal at turbocharger turbine side.
2. Has engine continued to run for over 20 mins at high idling? → Oil coming up or down into cylinder, oil leak from seal at turbocharger blower side.
3. Is turbocharger oil return pipe damaged? → oil leak from turbocharger seal.

No.	Problems	Remedy	Cause				
			a	b	c	d	e
			X	C	X	X	X
1	Inside of turbocharger intake pipe is coated with oil.						○
2	Turbocharger shaft play is excessive.					○	○
3	Compression pressure is lack.			○			
4	Blow-by is excessive.			○			
5	When checking breather element, it is clogged with oil.		○				
6	Remove cylinder head. When checking intake valve and valve guide, the clearance of them is big.		○				

The following symbols are used to indicate the action to be taken when a cause of failure is located.

X: Replace Δ: Repair
 A: Adjust C: Clean

8. Oil consumption too high.

Before starting the diagnosis, ask the operator why the noticed the fuel consumption was too high.

★ If answer is: "Oil consumption was high and exhaust gas was blue", follow problems "7. Exhaust gas is blue".

Check before troubleshooting

Is engine or engine lower part coated with oil.
(Remove earth and sand and check.)

Cause	
a	Rear seal or seal contact face worn or damaged
b	Oil cooler damaged
c	Oil leaking from oil drain plug
d	Oil leaking from cylinder head, oil pan, gear case, flywheel housing and mounts
e	Oil leaking from oil piping
f	Oil leaking from oil filter or oil cooler
g	Oil leaking from turbocharger

No.	Problems	Remedy						
		X	Δ	X	Δ	X	Δ	X
1	Oil leaking out of engine (check around engine).					○		
2	Cooling water is mixed with engine oil.			○				
3	Oil in main clutch or TORQFLOW transmission or damper increases.	○						

The following symbols are used to indicate the action to be taken when a cause of failure is located.

X: Replace Δ: Repair
A: Adjust C: Clean

9. Oil level rises. (Mixed water or fuel)

Check before troubleshooting

- Is the cooler of engine oil dirt – white? → Mixed water.

No.	Problems	Remedy	Cause											
			a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j		
			X△	X△	X△	X△	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
1	Water mixed with engine oil.													○
2	Fuel mixed with engine oil.												○	
3	Oil in main clutch or TORQFLOW transmission or damper decreases.			○										
4	Seal or seal contact face of hydraulic pump drive shaft is worn or damaged.		○											

The following symbols are used to indicate the action to be taken when a cause of failure is located.

X: Replace Δ: Repair
 A: Adjust C: Clean

10. Oil quickly becomes dirty.

Before starting the troubleshooting, ask the operator the following questions.

1. Were oil and oil filter changed in accordance with the "Operation and Maintenance Manual"?
2. Was improper oil used?

No.	Problems	Remedy	Cause		
			a	b	c
			XΔ	X	XΔ
1	Exhaust gas is blue when engine is run at high speed with light load.		○	○	○
2	Compression pressure is lack.		○	○	○
3	Blow-by is excessive.		○	○	○
4	After running at high idling for approx. 10 mins., oil can be seen leaking from turbocharger turbine outlet.	○	○	○	○
5	Turbocharger shaft play is excessive.	○	○	○	○

★ If the above problems does not reveal the cause, a common secondary cause of dirty oil is carbon from incomplete combustion mixing with the oil. In this case follow problems in "6. Exhaust gas is black".

The following symbols are used to indicate the action to be taken when a cause of failure is located.

X: Replace Δ: Repair
 A: Adjust C: Clean

11. Engine oil pressure gauge indicator fluctuates abnormally.

No.	Problems	Remedy	Cause			
			a	b	c	d
			Regulator valve defective	Instrument panel loose	Engine oil pressure gauge defective	Lack of oil in oil pan (fluctuation occurs particularly when operating on slopes)
		A Δ X			X	A
1	Oil level in oil pan is too low. (Check whether oil consumption is excessive.)					○
2	Fluctuation stops when gauge is replaced.				○	
3	Mounts in instrument panel are loose. (Check directly)		○			
4	Regulator valve is caught, spring is fatigued, valve or valve guide is damaged. (Check directly)	○				

The following symbols are used to indicate the action to be taken when a cause of failure is located.

X: Replace Δ: Repair
 A: Adjust C: Clean

12. Lack of oil pressure.

(At engine speed of over 700 rpm, indicator of engine oil pressure gauge is to left of "green range".)

Question to be asked before starting troubleshooting.

Is 10W oil being used at temperatures above 0°C?

Cause	
a	b
Oil pump defective	Regulator valve function defective
Oil strainer in oil pan clogged	Oil pipe in oil pan damaged or clogged
Scavenging oil pump defective	Bearing or journal worn
Oil filter element clogged	Oil filter element clogged and bypass valve function defective
Oil hose, tube clogged or damaged	Engine oil pressure gauge tube clogged or damaged
Gauge defective	Lack of oil in oil pan (particularly with lack of oil when operating on slopes)
Water or fuel mixed with oil	Oil leaking from connection of oil hose and tube
Oil leaking from connection of oil hose and tube	Oil leaking from tube or connections of engine oil pressure gauge

No.	Problems	Remedy	Cause													
			a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k	l	m	n
			Δ	Δ	C	X	X	X	X	C	C	X	A	-	X	X
			X	XA	C	C	Δ	X	ΔA	XΔ	XΔ	X	A	-	Δ	Δ
1	Oil is leak from hose or tube. (Check for signs of external oil leakage).															○
2	Water or fuel mixed with fuel.														○	
3	Oil in oil pan is lack (no sign of external oil leakage).												○			
4	Engine oil pressure is normal if gauge is replaced.												○			
5	Oil hose, tube are clogged or damaged. (Check directly)									○						
6	Oil filter is clogged and bypass valve function is defective. (Check directly)										○					
7	Metal particles are caught in oil filter element. K.O.W.A (oil analysis) shows abnormality.										○					
8	Engine oil pressure drops only when going uphill. (with oil level normal)										○					
9	Remove oil pan. When checking oil, strainer is clogged or oil pipe is damaged.														○	
10	Regulator valve is catching, spring is fatigued, valve or valve guide is damaged. (Check directly)														○	
11	Oil pump does not rotate smoothly and oil pump shaft play is excessive.															○

The following symbols are used to indicate the action to be taken when a cause of failure is located.
 X: Replace Δ: Repair
 A: Adjust C: Clean

13. Oil in cooling system.

	Cause	Remedy
a	Pipe broken in oil cooler. O-ring damaged.	X
b	Head gasket damaged	X
c	Cylinder head cracked	X
d	Cylinder block cracked	X

14. Water temperature does not rise.

Water temperature gauge indicator is to left of "green range".

- ★ In cold weather operation, if reversible fan and radiator are not fitted, the engine may not warm up.

No.	Problems	Remedy	Cause	
			a	b
		X	X	
1	Water temperature rises if gauge is replaced.			○
2	When thermostat is removed, it is found to stay open; or performance test shows cranking temperature is too low.	○		

The following symbols are used to indicate the action to be taken when a cause of failure is located.

X: Replace Δ: Repair
 A: Adjust C: Clean

16. Too much vibration.

The following symbols are used to indicate the action to be taken when a cause of failure is located.

- X: Replace
- A: Adjust
- Δ: Repair
- C: Clean

No.	Problems	Remedy	Cause											
			a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k	l
			X	X	X	X	A	ΔX	X	X	A	X	X	Δ
1	Engine mounting bolts are loose. (Check directly)													○
2	Vibration damper is not warm to touch after operation; during operation, gear noise is also excessive.												○	
3	Exhaust gas is black.				○		○				○			
4	Water temperature does not rise or rises slowly.										○			
5	Low idling speed are low.					○	○	○	○					
6	Plunger does not move when checking the injector after removing cylinder head cover.							○						
7	Injection spray condition is defective when removing injector and check							○						
8	Vacuum pressure is low or hot stationary.					○								
9	Fuel pressure is excessive.				○									
10	Oil pressure is low at low idling.			○										
11	Remove the cam follower housing and it is abnormal.			○										
12	Remove cylinder head. When checking it, the tappet or intake and exhaust valves are abnormal.		○											
13	The wear and clearance of front support pilot are large.	○												

17. Abnormal noise emitted.

- ★ When noises indicating internal damaged are being emitted continuing to operate the machine may make the damage worse.
- ★ As far as possible, classify the abnormal noise to make location of the cause easier.

Type of noise;


- Interference
- Abnormal combustion
- Gears
- Internal, external
- Engine, power train

The following symbols are used to indicate the action to be taken when a cause of failure is located.

- X: Replace
- A: Adjust
- Δ: Repair
- C: Clean

No.	Problems	Remedy	Cause													
			a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k	l	m	n
			X	X	X	X	ΔX	XΔ	CX	X	A	X	A	X	X	ΔX
1	External or interference engine noise occurs.															○
2	Exhaust gas is black.								○		○	○	○		○	
3	Combustion noise is abnormal.								○	○		○	○			
4	Water temperature does not rise.													○		
5	Vibration damper is not warm to touch after operation; during operation, gear noise is also excessive.												○			
6	Fuel pressure (discharge pressure) is high. Seal of PT pump is abolished.											○				
7	Compression pressure is lack, blow-by is excessive.										○					
8	Valve clearance is too large or too small.									○						
9	Injector function is defective. (Plunger does not move up and down.)									○						
10	Injector injection spray is defective. (Remove it and check.)								○							
11	Remove oil pan. When checking it, internal engine noise is excessive.					○										
12	Remove gear cover. Gear noise is occurred.				○											
13	Remove cam follower housing. It is abnormal.			○												
14	When removing cylinder head, Internal engine noise is excessive.	○														


19. Engine does not start because of fault in electrical system. (Check starting circuit)

 When checking, take care not to be caught in fan or other rotating parts if engine starts.

Check before troubleshooting

1. Is battery electrolyte level or specific gravity too low?
2. Check starting circuit for broken or disconnected wires, loose terminals or short circuits (Visual check).
Battery ↔ Safety relay ↔ Starting switch ↔ Battery relay switch ↔ Battery
3. Immediately after repair, mistaken wiring connection is possible cause.
4. When problems 1-1) "Engine does not turn" gives cause i "Electrical system defective", use this problems.


Cause				
a	b	c	d	e
Starting motor defective				
Internal wiring or performance of safety relay defective				
Internal wiring or performance of safety switch defective				
Internal wiring or performance of battery relay defective				
Internal wiring or performance of starting switch defective				

No.	Problems	Remedy	Cause				
			a	b	c	d	e
1	If terminals (B) and (C) of starting motor are connected, pinion moves out. * Sparks are produced by this test.  When pinion movement is confirmed, disconnect-terminals immediately.		X	Δ	Δ	X	
2	If terminals (B) and (C) of starting switch are connected, engine will start.						○
3	If terminals (b) and (E) of battery relay switch are connected, engine will start.					○	
4	If plug terminal of safety switch is connected to terminal (B) or (+) of starting motor, engine will start.				○		
5	If terminals (B) and (C) of safety relay are connected, engine will start.		○				
6	Starting motor does not turn even if No. 1 starting motor terminals (B) and (C) are connected.	○					

The following symbols are used to indicate the action to be taken when a cause of failure is located.

X: Replace Δ: Repair
A: Adjust C: Clean

20. Battery does not charge. (Check charging circuit)

 When checking, take care not to be caught in fan or other rotating parts if engine starts. Take care also not to cause short circuits.

The following symbols are used to indicate the action to be taken when a cause of failure is located.
 X: Replace Δ: Repair
 A: Adjust C: Clean

Before starting the troubleshooting, ask the operator if the battery is old (in use for 2 or more years).

Check before troubleshooting

1. Is alternator drive belt loose?
2. Check starting circuit for broken or disconnected wires, loose terminals or short circuits. (Visual check, continuity check).
 Battery ↔ Starting switch ↔ Ammeter ↔ Regulator ↔ Alternator ↔ Battery relay switch ↔ Battery
3. Do lamps or heater exceed specified limit? Are they left on?
 ★ When engine is stopped and charged lamp stays on, or ammeter indicator deflects to one side, lamps are still on, or there is a short circuit.
4. Following repairs, mistaken wiring connection is possible cause.

Cause				
a	b	c	d	e
Alternator defective	Internal wiring or performance of regulator defective	Internal wiring or performance of ammeter or charging lamp defective	Internal wiring or performance of ammeter or charging lamp	Battery defective

No.	Problems	Remedy	X	Δ	Δ	Δ	X
1	During operation, deflection of ammeter and charging lamp are normal.						○
2	Continuity test using tester shows: 1) Little or no continuity when terminals (AC) and (B) of starting switch are connected. (with switch ON)						○
	2) When the starting switch is ON, continuity between them above 1) is proper, but when being OFF, no continuity.						○
	3) Little or no continuity between (+) terminal and (-) terminal of ammeter or charging lamp.			○			
3	Run engine at medium speed (1,000 – 1,500 rpm) and measure charging voltage with tester. 1) Tester does not show charging voltage (26 – 30V) between terminal (E) of alternator and terminal (N) of regulator.		○	○			
	2) Tester shows charging voltage between terminals (A) and (E) of dynamo, or between terminals (B) and (E) of alternator, but does not show with above.			○			
	3) Tester shows charging voltage with 2) only.		○				

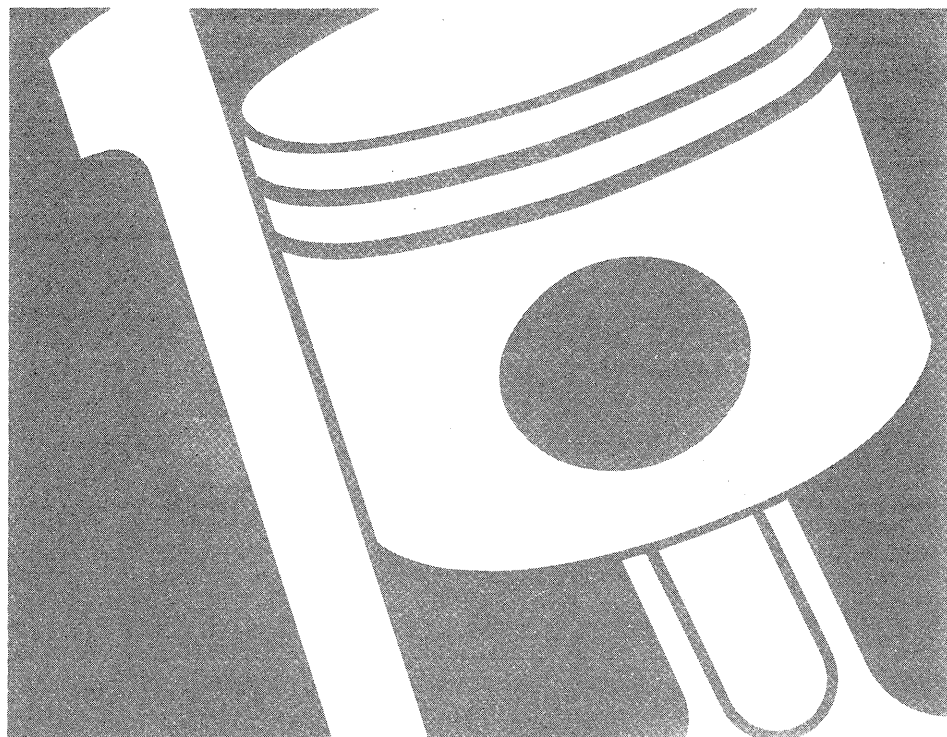
SHOP MANUAL

N-855 SERIES

Engine Serial No. 26100001 and up

13

ENGINE DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY



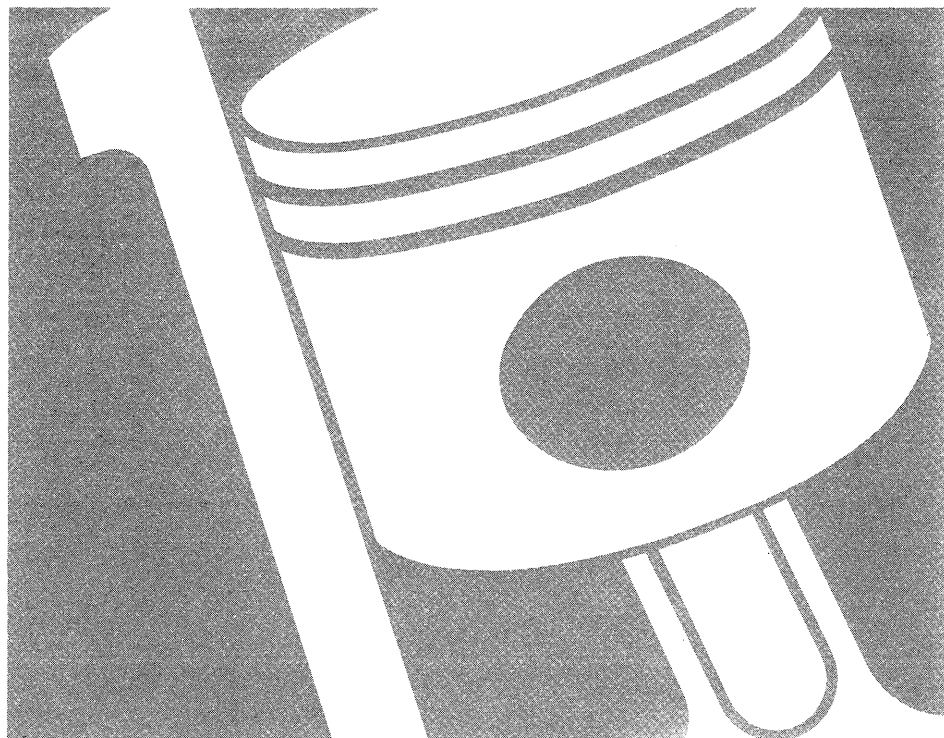
SHOP MANUAL

N-855 SERIES

Engine Serial No. 26100001 and up

14

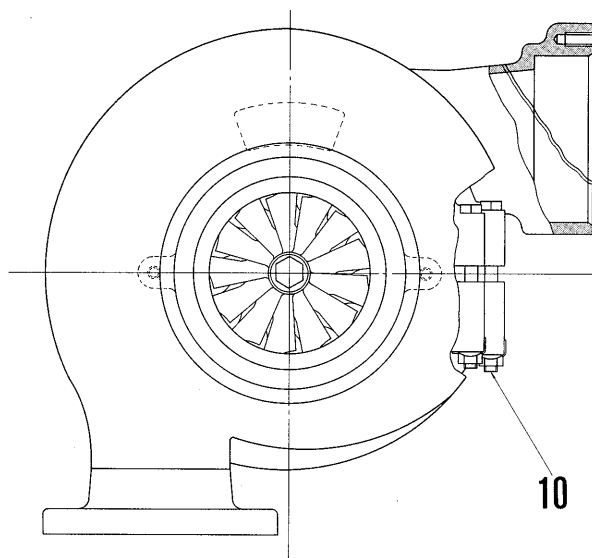
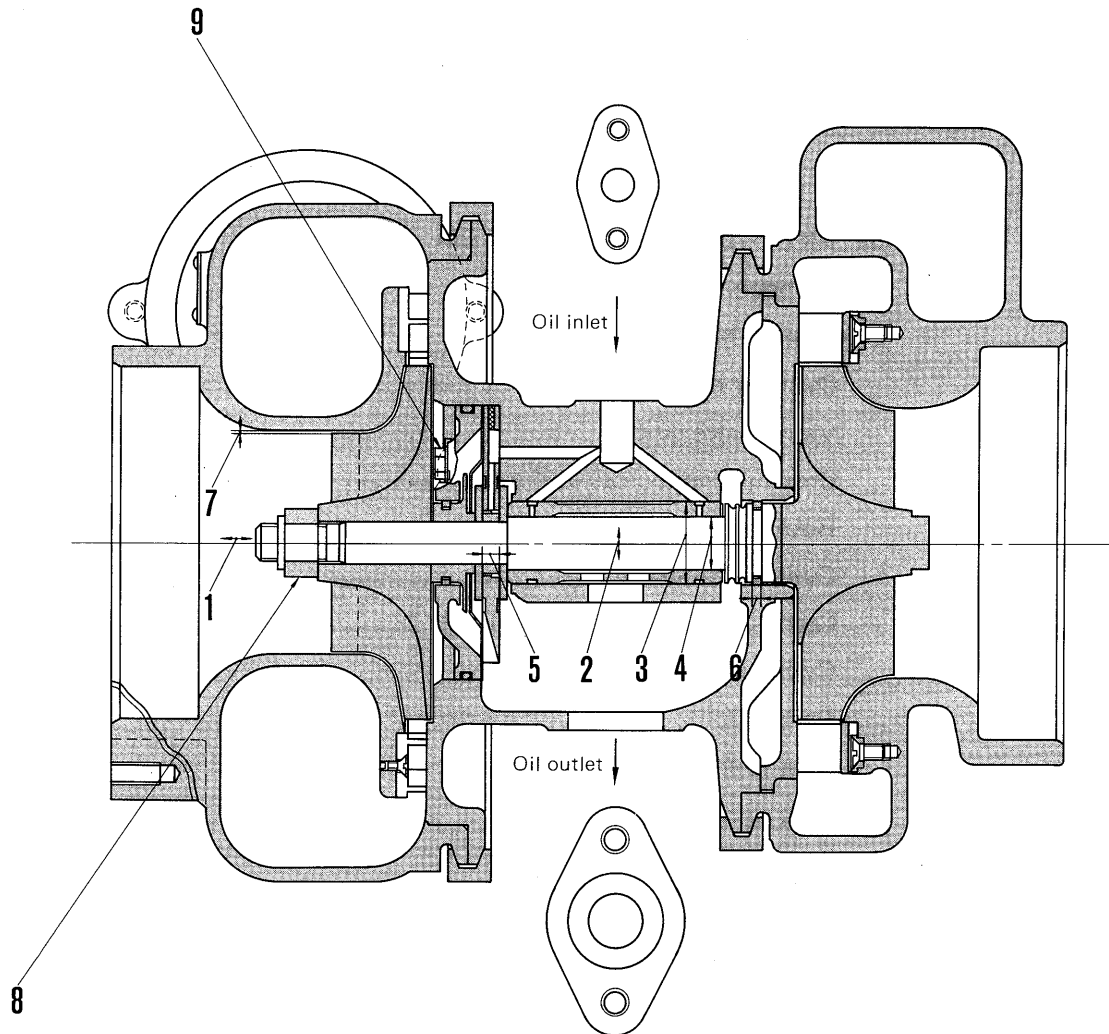
ENGINE MAINTENANCE STANDARD



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INTAKE AND EXHAUST SYSTEM TURBOCHARGER (KTR130 for NTA-855-C)

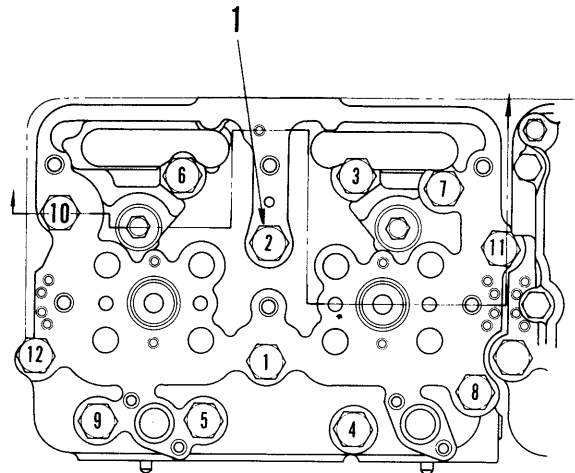
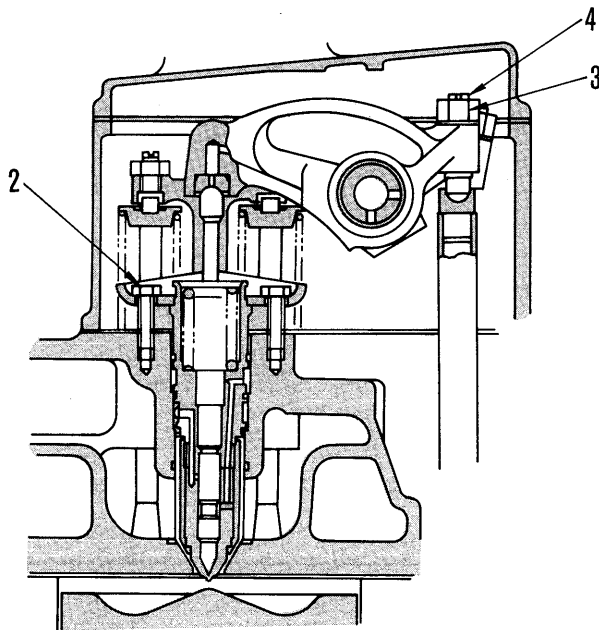


6710F023

Unit: mm

No.	Check item	Criteria				Remedy	
1	End play of wheel shaft	Standard size		Repair limit		Replace thrust parts	
		0.08 – 0.13		0.18			
2	Radial play of wheel shaft	0.25 – 0.43		0.60		Replace bearing parts	
3	Journal bearing center housing	Standard size	Tolerance		Repair limit		Replace bearing parts
			Shaft	Hole	Shaft	Hole	
30	-0.060 -0.080	+0.020 0	29.89	30.04			
4	Journal bearing turbine shaft	20	-0.030 -0.045	+0.015 0	19.95	20.05	
5	Thickness of thrust bearing	Standard size	Tolerance		Repair limit		
			Width	Groove	Width	Groove	
6	Thickness of seal ring	3	-0.08 -0.10	-0.03 -0.04	2.85	3.05	
7	Clearance between blower housing and impeller	Clearance limit: 0.20				Replace bearing parts	
8	Tightening torque of blower impeller lock nut	Target (kgm)		Range (kgm)		Retighten	
		8.5		8.0 – 9.0			
9	Tightening torque of insert bolt	1.25		1.0 – 1.5			
10	Tightening torque of V-band lock nut	0.95		0.9 – 1.0			

ENGINE BODY CYLINDER HEAD



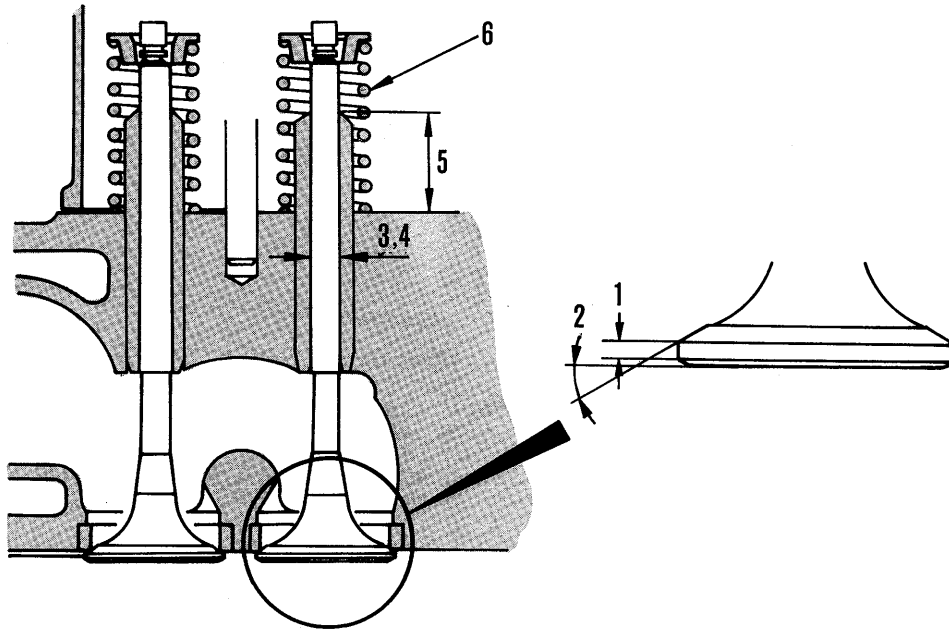
6710F024

6710F025

Unit: mm

No.	Check item	Criteria			Remedy		
		Order	Target (kgm)	Range (kgm)			
1	Tightening torque of cylinder head mounting bolts (coat bolt threads and washers with oil and tighten in sequence given in diagram above)	1st step	3.5	—			
		2nd step	12.5	11.1 – 13.8			
		3rd step	40.1	38.7 – 41.5			
2	Tightening torque of injector clamp	1.55 ± 0.05 kgm (Tighten 0.5 kgm each in turn)					
3	Tightening torque of injector adjustment locknut	4.8 ± 0.7 kgm (Using adapter: 4.1 ± 0.6 kgm)					
4	Adjustment torque of injector	Engine No.	Engine condition	Target (kgm)	Range (kgm)		
		26102754 – 26155791	Cold (20°C)	0.55			
			Warm (60°C)	0.69			
		26155792 and up	Cold (20°C)	0.83			
Warm (60°C)	0.83						
–	Injector timing	Engine	Cranking angle	Top gauge	Cam profile gauge		Adjust
					Rated side	Advance side	
		N-855-C	BTDC 19°	–5.16	–0.762	–0.711	
		NT-855-C	BTDC 19°	–5.16	–0.965	–0.864	

VALVE, VALVE GUIDE

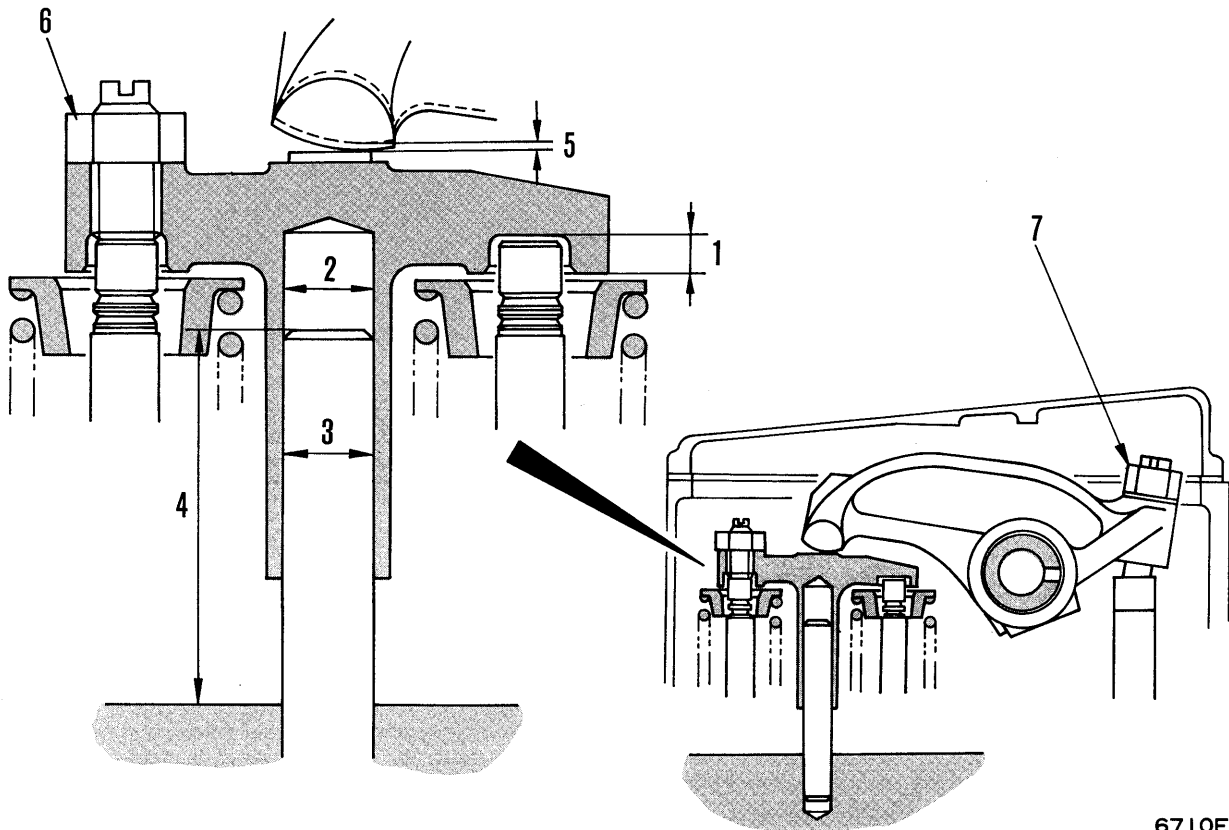


6710F026

Unit: mm

No.	Check item	Criteria				Remedy
		Standard size		Repair limit		
1	Thickness of valve head	Standard size		Repair limit		Replace
				2.67		
2	Valve seat angle	Standard	Tolerance	Repair limit		
		30°				
3	Valve stem outside diameter	Standard size	Tolerance	Repair limit		
		11.5	-0.045 -0.070	11.41		
4	Valve guide inside diameter	11.5	+0.011 -0.004	11.56		
5	Protrusion of valve guide	33.53	±0.13	-		
6	Valve spring	Standard size			Repair limit	
		Free length	Installed length	Installed load	Free length	Installed load
		68.20	57.15	70.3kg	-	64.9kg
	Squareness of valve spring	Repair limit: within 2°				

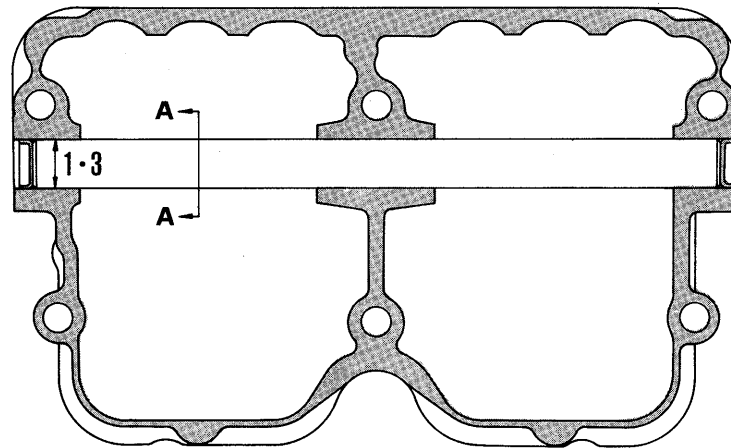
CROSSHEAD AND CROSSHEAD GUIDE



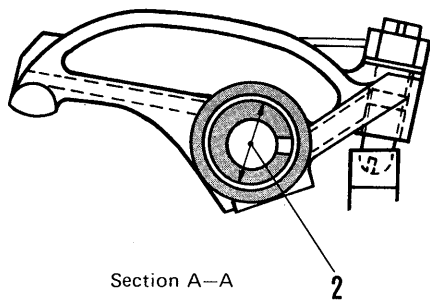
6710F027
Unit: mm

No.	Check Item	Criteria			Remedy	
		Standard size	Tolerance	Repair limit		
1	Depth of crosshead stem	3	+0.56 +0.05	3.61	Replace	
		2	+0.074 +0.024	11.18		
3	Outside diameter of grosshead guard	11	+0.010 0	10.97		
4	Protrusion of crosshead guide	47.5	± 0.25	—		
5	Valve clearance	Engine No.	Engine condition	Intake valve		Exhaust valve
		26102754 – 26155791	Cold (20°C)	0.41		0.74
			Warm (80°C)	0.36		0.69
		26155792 and up	Cold (20°C)	0.36	0.69	
Warm (60°C)	0.36		0.69			
6	Tightening torque of crosshead locknut	4.8 ± 0.7 kgm (Using adapter: 4.15 ± 0.65 kgm)			Adjust	
7	Tightening torque of locknut for rocker arm adjustment screw	3.15 ± 0.35 kgm				

ROCKER LEVER, SHAFT

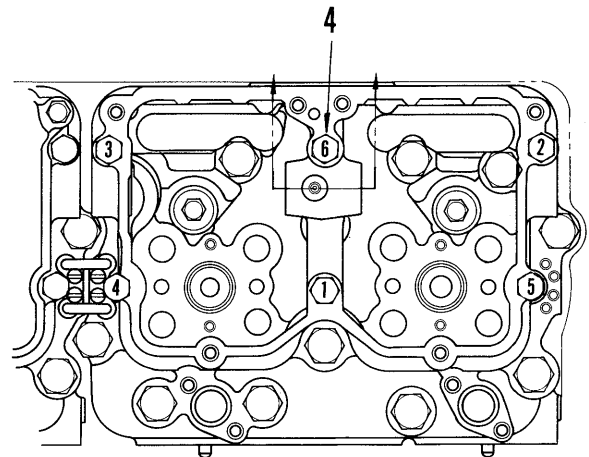


6710F028A



Section A-A

6710F116

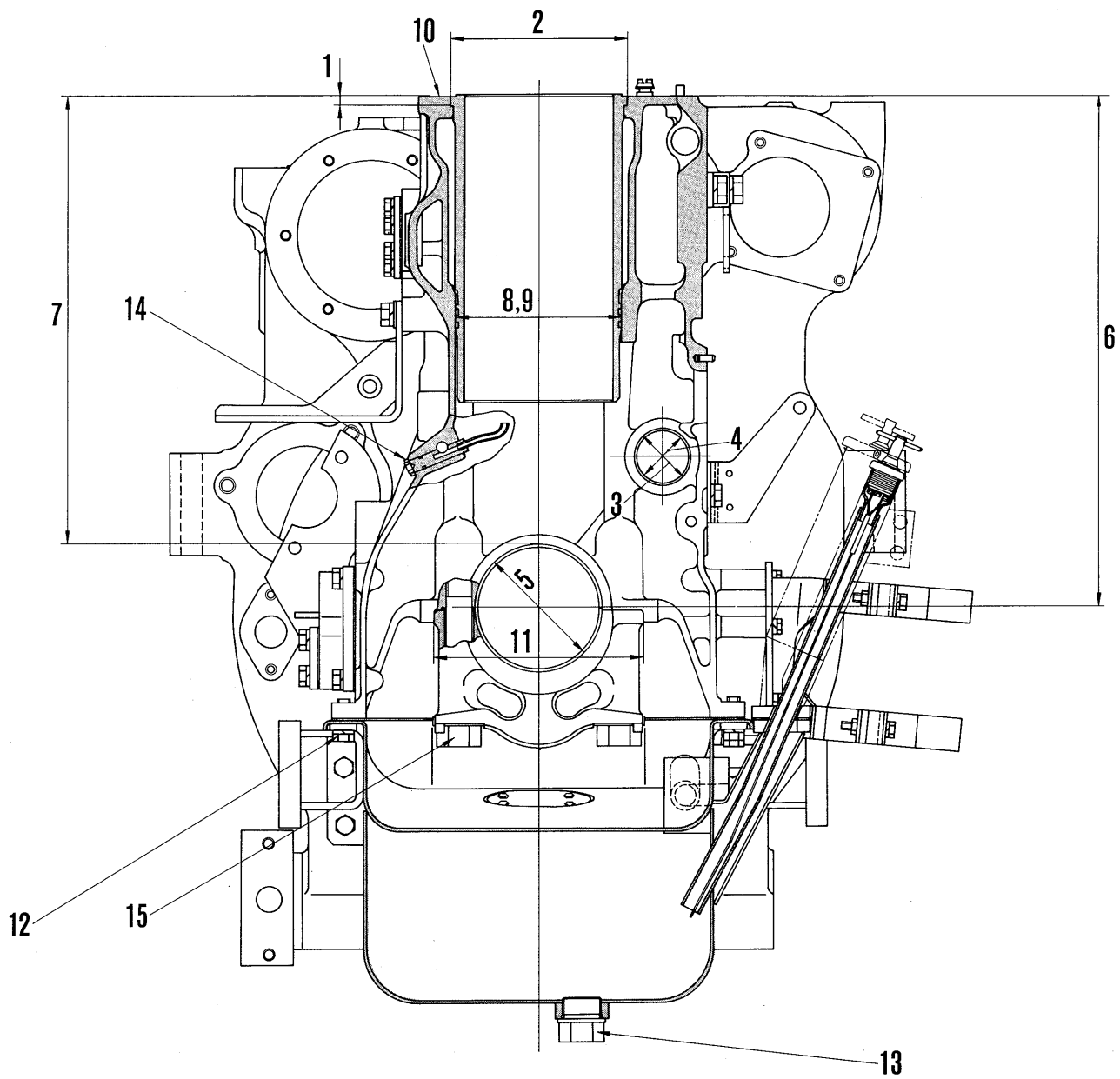


6710F029

Unit: mm

No.	Check item	Criteria			Remedy
		Standard size	Tolerance	Repair limit	
1	Lever shaft hole diameter in rocker housing	28.5	+0.065 +0.045		Replace
		28.5	+0.139 +0.062	28.66	
2	Rocker lever bushing bore	28.5	+0.037 +0.024	28.50	
3	Rocker lever shaft diameter	28.5	8.2 ± 0.7 kgm		
4	Tightening torque of rocker arm housing mounting bolts (coat bolt threads and washers with oil and tighten in sequence given in diagram above)				Retighten

CYLINDER BLOCK

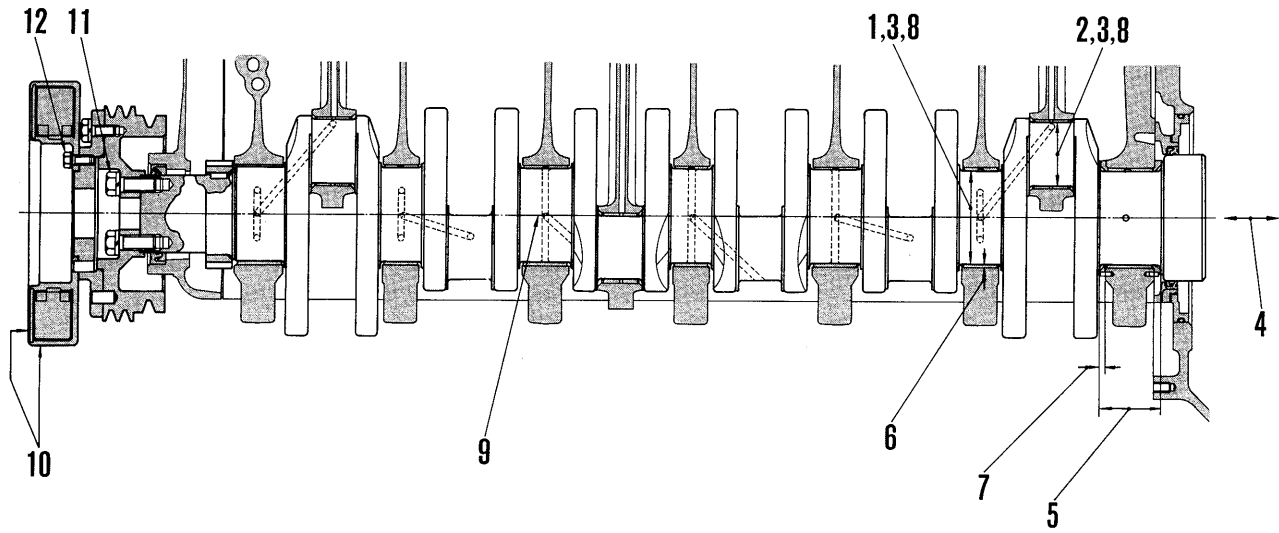


6710F030

Unit: mm

No.	Check Item	Criteria			Remedy	
		Standard size	Tolerance	Repair limit		
1	Counterbore depth				Repair by grinding or replace	
		9	+0.059 -0.110	10.46		
2	Inside diameter of counterbore (Measure at 6.5 mm from top face)	166.7	+0.013 -0.038	166.77		
3	Inside diameter of camshaft bushing mounting hole	54	+0.089 +0.064	54.11	Replace	
4	Inside diameter of camshaft bushing (When installed.)	50.8	+0.013 -0.025	50.84	Replace bushing	
5	Inside diameter of main bearing mounting hole	120.6	+0.050 +0.012	120.66		
6	Height of cylinder block (From main bearing center)	482.7	+0.050 +0.002	482.45	Replace	
7	Height of cylinder block (From checking ring)	422.4	+0.027 -0.023	422.12		
8	Inside diameter of cylinder block (Cylinder liner inserted portion)	155.6	0 -0.050	-		
9	Clearance between cylinder block and cylinder liner	Clearance limit: 0.05 – 0.20				
10	Distortion of cylinder head mounting surface	Repair limit: 0.052 (for 100 mm)			Repair by grinding	
11	Interference between cylinder block and main bearing cap	Interference limit: 0.10 – 0.18			Replace	
12	Tightening torque of oil pan mounting bolt	Block portion: 5.2 ± 0.3 kgm Rear plate portion: 2.0 ± 0.3 kgm				
13	Tightening torque of oil pan drain plug	9 ± 1 kgm				
14	Tightening torque of piston cooling nozzle	2.55 ± 0.35 kgm				
15	Tightening torque of main bearing cap bolt	Order	Target (kgm)	Range (kgm)		
		1st step	20.0	19.3 – 20.7		
		2nd step	42.2	41.5 – 42.9		
		3rd step	Loosen completely			
		4th step	20.2	19.3 – 20.7		
		5th step	42.2	41.5 – 42.9		

CRANKSHAFT AND VIBRATION DAMPER



6710F031

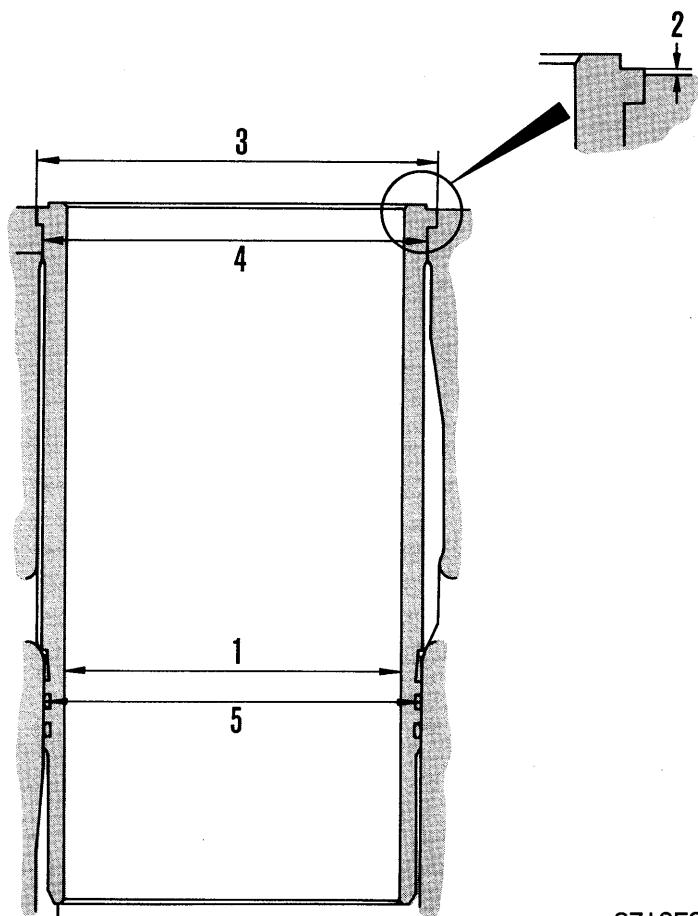
Unit: mm

No.	Check Item	Criteria				Remedy
		Size	Standard size	Tolerance	Repair limit	
1	Outside diameter of main journal	STD	114.00	+0.300 +0.262	114.22	Repair by using under size bearing or replace.
		0.25 U.S.	113.75	+0.296 +0.271	113.97	
		0.50 U.S.	113.50	+0.292 +0.267	113.72	
		0.75 U.S.	113.25	+0.288 +0.263	113.46	
		1.00 U.S.	113.00	+0.284 +0.259	113.21	

Unit: mm

No.	Check Item	Criteria				Remedy
		Size	Standard size	Tolerance	Repair limit	
2	Outside diameter of crank pin journal	Size	Standard size	Tolerance	Repair limit	Repair by using under size bearing or replace
		STD	79.00	+0.375 +0.337	79.30	
		0.25 U.S	78.75	+0.371 +0.346	79.05	
		0.50 U.S.	78.50	+0.367 +0.342	78.79	
		0.75 U.S.	78.25	+0.363 +0.338	78.54	
		1.00 U.S.	78.00	+0.359 +0.334	78.28	
3	Roundness of journal	Repair limit: Within 0.013 (Total indicator reading)				
4	End play of crankshaft	Standard clearance		Clearance limit		Repair by using over size bearing or replace
		0.18 – 0.43		0.56		
5	Width of journal at thrust journal	Size	Standard size	Tolerance	Repair limit	Repair by using over size bearing or replace.
		STD	76.20	+0.07 +0.02	76.35	
6	Thickness of main bearing	STD	3.10	+0.042 +0.024	3.09	
7	Thickness of thrust bearing	STD	6.20	+0.07 +0.02	Determine by crankshaft end play	Replace
		0.25 O.S.	6.45	+0.08 +0.03		
		0.50 O.S.	6.70	+0.08 +0.03		
8	Clearance of main journal	Standard clearance		Clearance limit		Repair by using under size bearing or replace.
		0.035 – 0.125		0.18		
	Clearance of crank pin journal	0.040 – 0.110		0.18		
9	Bend of crankshaft	Repair limit: 0.09 (Total indicator reading)				
10	Face runout of vibration damper	Repair limit: 0.25 (Total indicator reading)				Repair mounting flange or replace.
	Radial runout of vibration damper	Repair limit: 0.25 (Total indicator reading)				
11	Tightening torque of crankshaft pulley mounting bolt	26.5 ± 1.0 kgm				
12	Tightening torque of vibration damper mounting bolt	8.0 ± 0.2 kgm				

CYLINDER LINER

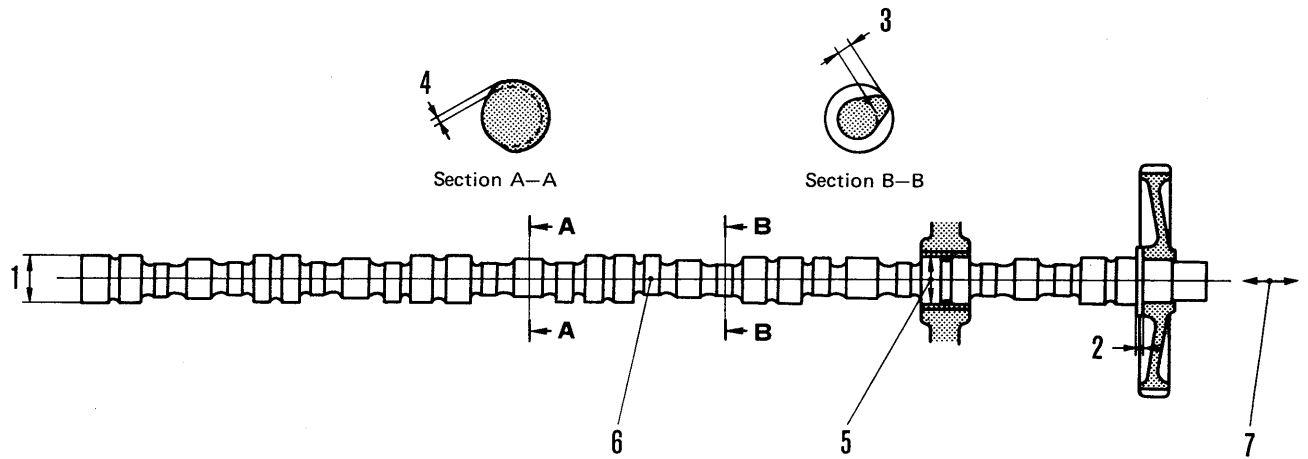


6710F032

Unit: mm

No.	Check item	Criteria			Remedy
		Standard size	Tolerance	Repair limit	
1	Inside diameter of cylinder liner	139.7	+0.025 -0.013	139.83	Replace
	Roundness of cylinder liner	Top of liner Repair limit: 0.08 At O-ring Repair limit: 0.05			
2	Protrusion of cylinder liner	Tolerance 0.08 – 0.15			Adjust with shims
3	Outside diameter of cylinder liner at top of counterbore	Standard size		Tolerance	Replace
		166.3		+0.30 +0.02	
4	Outside diameter of cylinder liner at bottom of counterbore	159.8		+0.19 +0.03	
5	Outside diameter of cylinder liner at O-ring	155.0		+0.45 +0.37	

CAMSHAFT

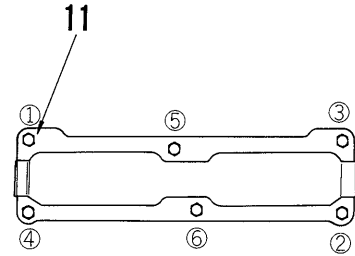
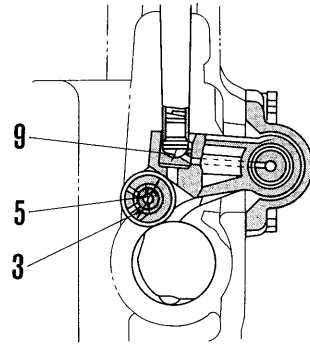
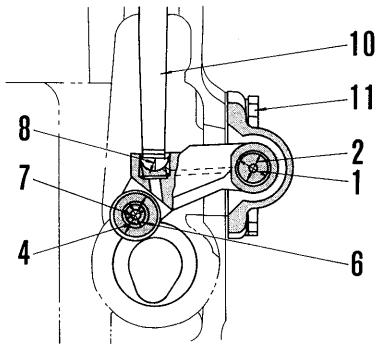


6710F033A

Unit: mm

No.	Check Item	Criteria			Remedy
		Standard size	Tolerance	Repair limit	
1	Outside diameter of camshaft journal	50.7	+0.049 +0.024	50.70	Replace
2	Thickness of thrust plate	2.4	+0.090 +0.038	2.11	
3	Valve cam lift				
4	Injector cam lift				
5	Clearance of camshaft journal	Standard clearance		Clearance limit	Replace bushing
		0.026 – 0.089		0.14	
6	Bend of camshaft	Repair limit: 0.10			Replace
7	End play	Standard: 0.20 – 0.33			Replace thrust plate

CAM FOLLOWER AND PUSH ROD



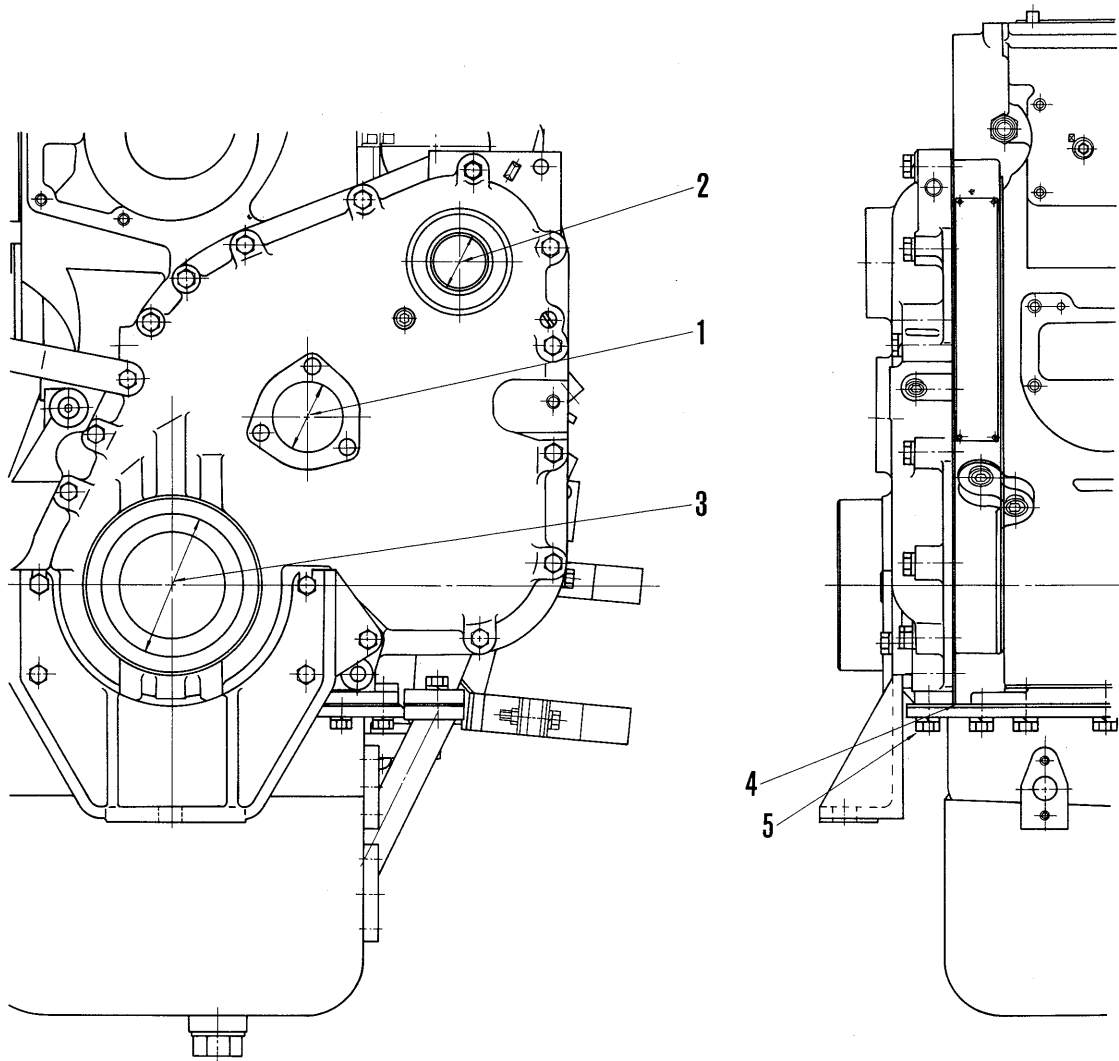
6710F034

6710F035

Unit: mm

No.	Check item	Criteria			Remedy
		Standard size	Tolerance	Repair limit	
1	Outside diameter of cam follower shaft	19	+0.025 +0.012	19.00	Replace
		19	+0.063 +0.037	19.09	
3	Outside diameter of cam roller (injector)	31.7	+0.075 +0.025	31.67	
4	Outside diameter of cam roller (valve)	31.7	+0.050 +0.025	31.67	
5	Inside diameter of cam roller (Injector)	12.8	+0.002 -0.024	12.83	
6	Inside diameter of cam roller (Valve)	12.7	+0.038 +0.013	12.78	
7	Outside diameter of cam follower pin	12.7	0 -0.013	12.62	
8	Radius of push rod ball end	15.8	+0.075 +0.024		
		13	+0.21 -0.17		
9	Radius of push rod socket end				
10	Bend of push rod	Repair limit: 0,64 (total deflection of indicator)			
11	Tightening torque of cam follower housing mounting bolt (Tighten in sequence given in diagram)	Order	Target (kgm)	Range (kgm)	Retighten
		Step 1	2.5	2.1 – 2.8	
		Step 2	4.5	4.1 – 4.8	

GEAR AND GEAR COVER

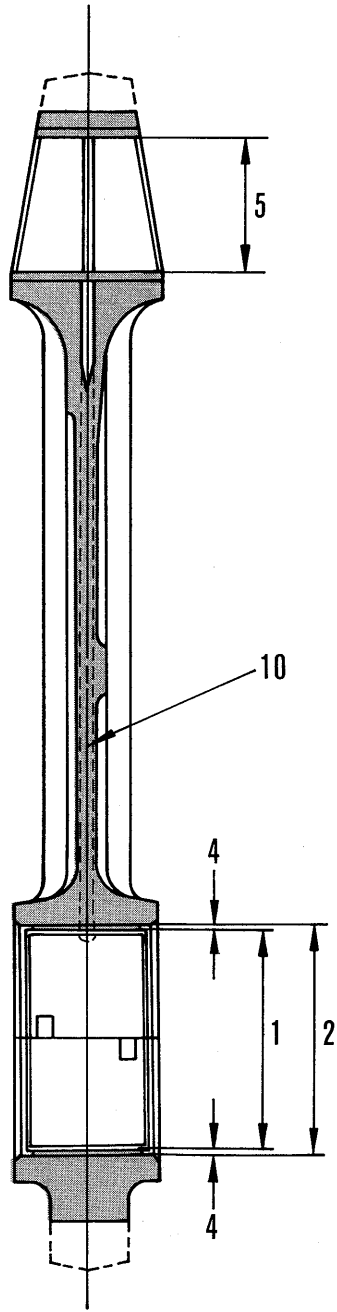


6710F036

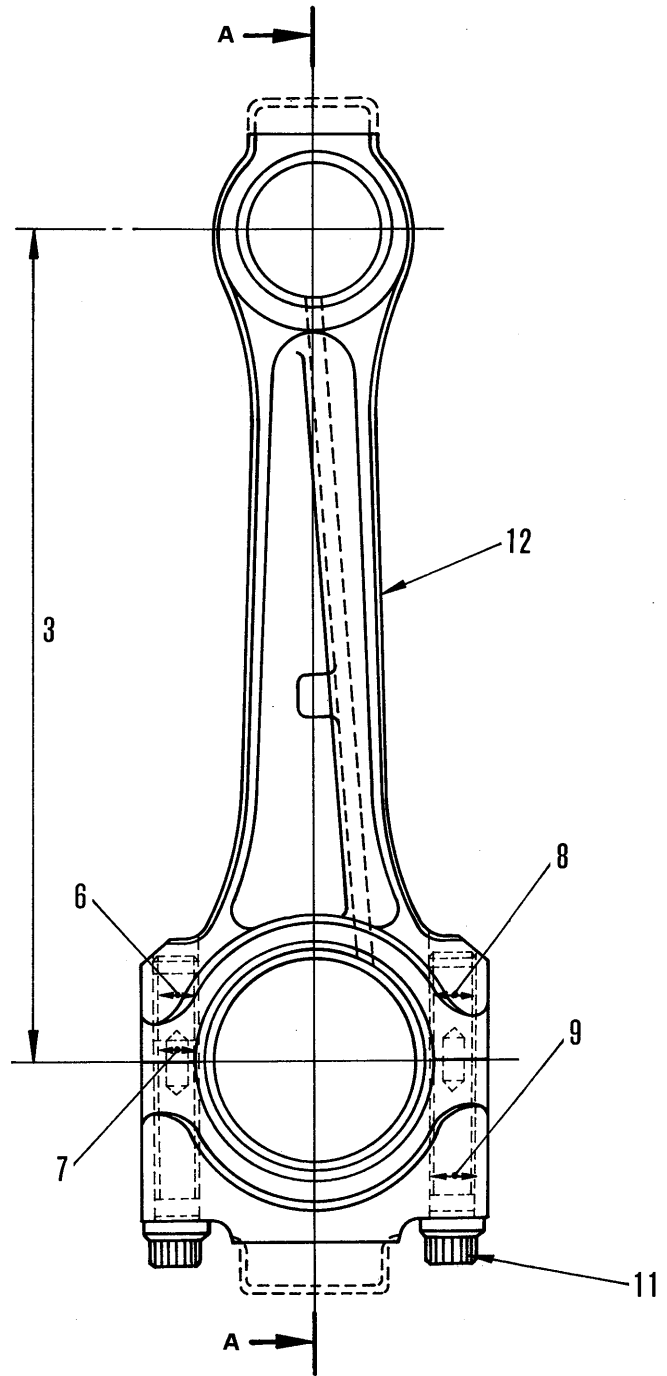
Unit: mm

No.	Check time	Criteria			Remedy
		Standard size	Tolerance	Repair limit	
1	Inside diameter of camshaft support hole	44.5	+0.052 -0.025	44.63	Replace
2	Inside diameter of accessory gear bushing	44.6	+0.015 -0.086	44.67	Replace bushing
3	Radial runout of front seal hole	Repair limit: Within 0.25			Replace
4	Difference in level between gear cover case and cylinder block face	Repair limit: Within 0.05			
5	Tightening torque of gear case cover mounting bolts	6.55 ± 0.35 kgm			Retighten

CONNECTING ROD



Section A-A

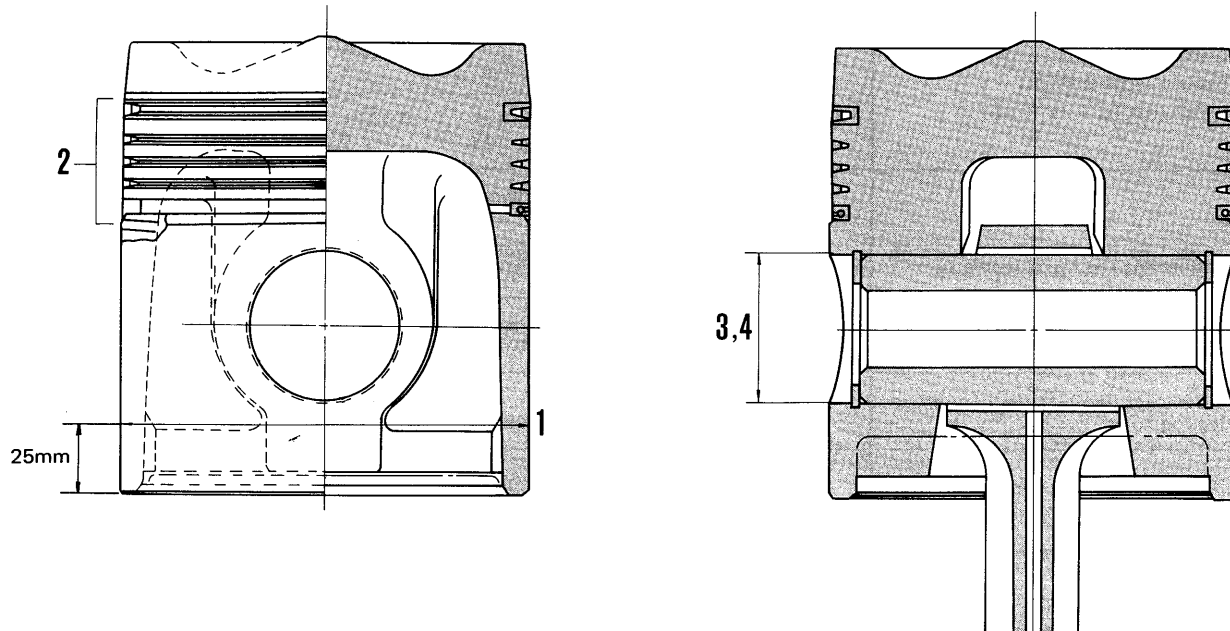


6710F038A

Unit: mm

No.	Check item	Criteria				Remedy		
1	Clearance between connecting rod bearing and crankshaft (when bearing is installed.)	Standard size	Tolerance		Standard	Clearance limit	Replace metal	
		79.3	Shaft +0.075 +0.035	Hole +0.179 +0.114	0.039 – 0.142	0.18		
2	Connecting rod inside diameter	Standard size	Tolerance		Repair limit		Replace as unit with cap	
		Engine No. – 26140896 83.1	+0.039 +0.014		–			
		Engine No. 26140897 – 84.2	+0.044 +0.019		–			
3	Distance between center of connecting rod holes	304.8	0 –0.050		304.57			
4	Thickness of connecting rod bearing	1.80	+0.052 +0.039		1.80		Replace bearing	
5	Connecting rod bushing inside diameter	50.8	+0.038 +0.025		50.86		Replace bushing	
6	Connecting rod bolt diameter	13.8	+0.040 –0.060		13.72		Replace as unit with bolt or cap)	
7	Connecting rod bolt diameter	15.8	+0.062 +0.052		15.86			
8	Connecting rod bolt hole inside diameter	15.8	+0.070 +0.057		15.87		Replace as unit with cap	
9	Connecting rod cap bolt hole inside diameter	15.8	+0.078 +0.065		15.88			
10	Bend of connecting rod				Repair limit		Replace as unit with cap	
		With bushing			0.10			
	Without bushing			0.25				
	Twist of connecting rod	With bushing			0.25			
Without bushing			0.51					
	Eccentricity of connecting rod	–			0.30			
11	Tightening torque of connecting rod cap	Procedrue	Target (kgm)		Range (kgm)		–	
		Step 1	10.1		9.7 – 10.4			
		Step 2	20.1		19.4 – 20.7			
		Step 3	Loosen completely					
		Step 4	3.8		3.5 – 4.1			
		Step 5	10.1		9.7 – 10.4			
		Step 6	20.1		19.4 – 20.7			
12	Weight					Replace		

PISTON, PISTON RING, PISTON PIN

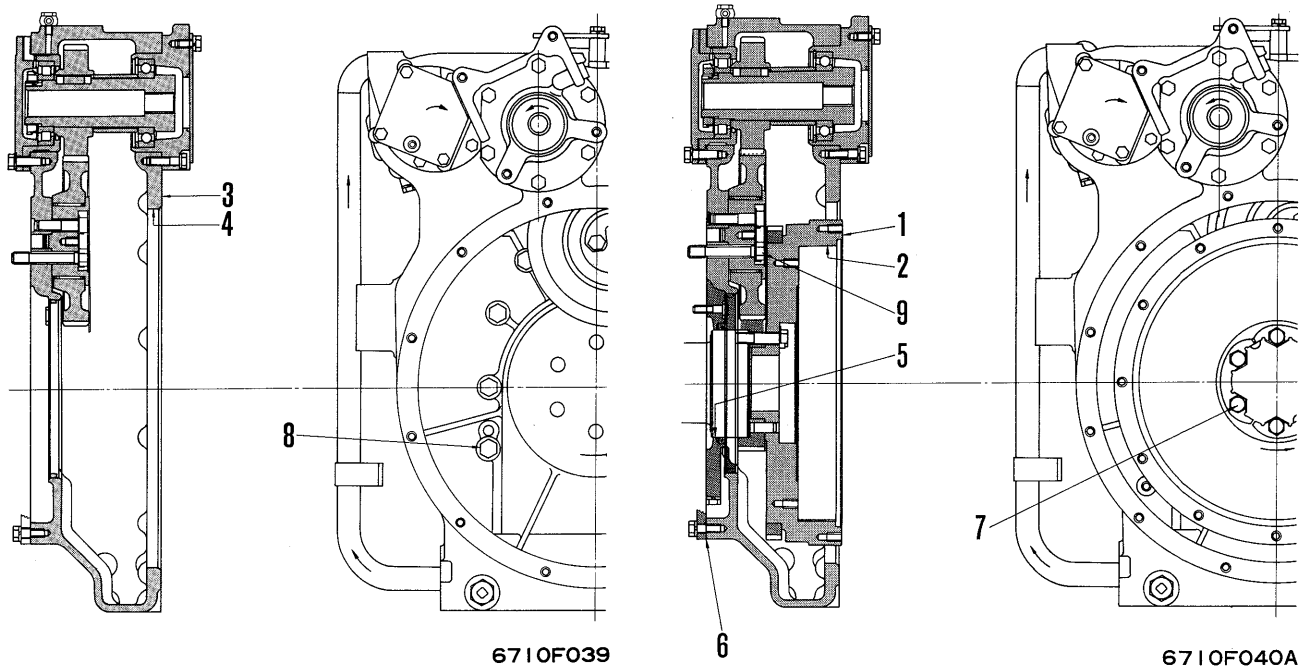


6710F037

Unit: mm

No.	Check item	Criteria			Remedy
		Standard size	Tolerance	Repair limit	
1	Outside diameter of piston	Standard size	Tolerance	Repair limit	
		139.4	-0.005 -0.030	139.27	
2	Piston ring gap clearance	Applicable engine	Number of ring	Standard clearance	Replace
		5-piston ring type	Top ring	0.43 – 0.69	
			No. 2, 3, 4 rings	0.33 – 0.58	
			Oil ring	0.25 – 0.51	
		4-piston ring type	Top ring	0.43 – 0.69	
			No. 2, 3 rings	0.48 – 0.74	
Oil ring	0.25 – 0.64				
3	Inside diameter of piston pin hole	Standard size	Tolerance	Repair limit	
		50.7	+0.072 +0.062	50.77	
4	Outside diameter of piston pin	50.7	+0.075 +0.070	50.75	

FLYWHEEL, FLYWHEEL HOUSING, REAR COVER



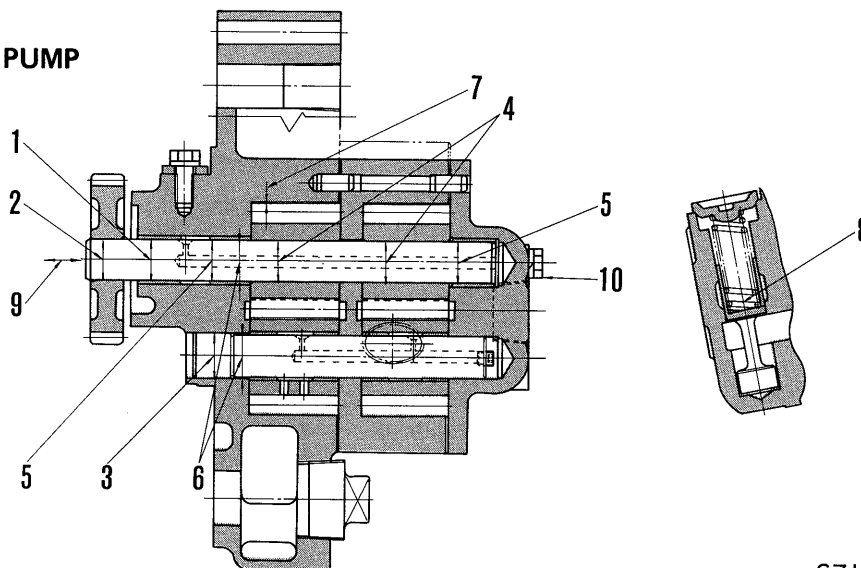
Unit: mm

No.	Check item	Criteria	Remedy
1	Face runout of flywheel	Limit: Within 0.13 (total deflection of indicator)	
2	Radial runout of flywheel	Limit: Within 0.13 (total deflection of indicator)	
3	Face runout of flywheel housing	Limit: Within 0.20 (total deflection of indicator)	Replace
4	Radial runout of flywheel housing	Limit: Within 0.20 (total deflection of indicator)	
5	Radial runout of rear cover	Limit: Within 0.13 (total deflection of indicator)	
6	Difference in level between rear cover and oil pan mounting surface	Limit: Within ± 0.05	
7	Tightening torque of flywheel mounting bolts (Coat bolt thread with engine oil)	27.0 ± 0.7 kgm	Retighten
8	Tightening torque of flywheel housing mounting bolts	20.7 ± 1.3 kgm	
9	Tightening torque of rear cover mounting bolts	3.75 ± 0.25 kgm	

LUBRICATION SYSTEM

OIL PUMP

WITH SCAVENGING PUMP

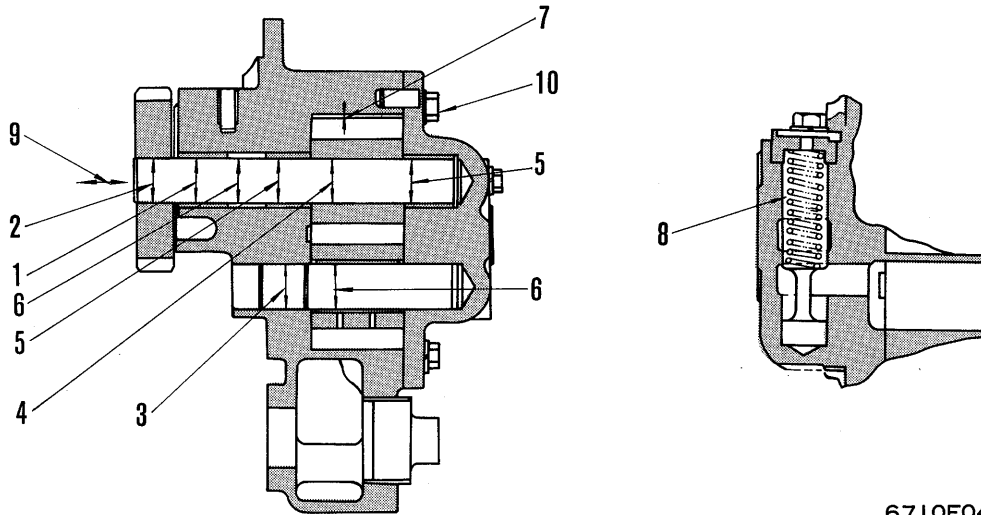


6710F041A

Unit: mm

No.	Check item	Criteria					Remedy
		Standard size	Tolerance		Standard interference	Repair limit	
1	Clearance between shaft and bushing		22	+0.225 +0.212			+0.294 +0.268
2	Interference between gear and shaft	22	+0.225 +0.212	+0.187 +0.162	0.025 – 0.063		
3	Interference between body and shaft	22	+0.314 +0.301	+0.289 +0.263	0.012 – 0.051	Replace	
4	Interference between shaft and gear	22	+0.225 +0.212	+0.220 +0.187	0.012 – 0.038		
5	Inside diameter of cover bushing	Standard size	Tolerance		Repair limit		
		22	+0.294 +0.268		22.33		
6	Outside diameter of shaft	22	+0.225 +0.212		22.17		
7	Clearance between gear and body	–	–		0.5		Replace gear or body
8	Regulator valve spring (when testing)	Standard size			Repair limit		
		Free length	Installed length	Installed load	Free length	Installed load	
		63.50	45.2	38.6 ± 1.1 kg			
9	End play of shaft	Limit: 0.04 – 0.09					Replace
10	Tightening torque of cover mounting bolts	2.5 ± 0.5 kgm					Retighten

WITHOUT SCAVENGING PUMP



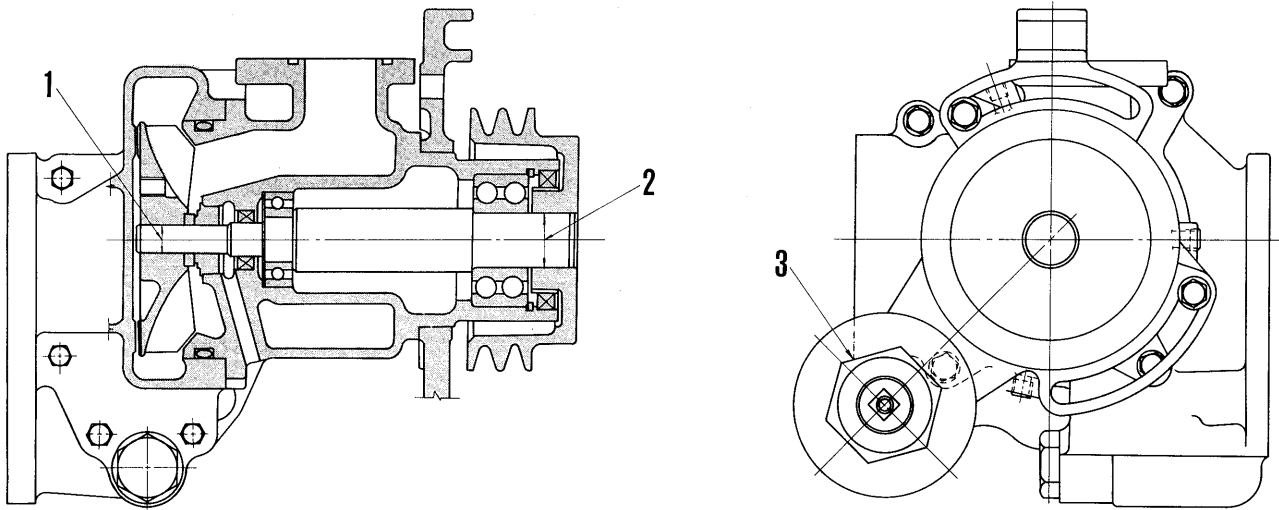
6710F042A

Unit: mm

No.	Check item	Criteria					Remedy
		Standard size	Tolerance		Standard	Repair limit	
Shaft	Hole						
1	Clearance between shaft and bushing	22	+0.225 +0.212	+0.294 +0.268	Clearance 0.043 – 0.082		
2	Interference between gear and shaft	22	+0.225 +0.212	+0.187 +0.162	Interference 0.025 ~ 0.063		
3	Interference between body and shaft	22	+0.314 +0.301	+0.289 +0.263	Interference 0.012 – 0.051	Replace	
4	Interference between gear and shaft	22	+0.225 +0.212	+0.220 +0.187	0.008 (clearance) –0.038 (interference)		
5	Inside diameter of cover bushing	Standard size	Tolerance		Repair limit		
		22	+0.294 +0.268		22.33		
6	Outside diameter of drive shaft	22	+0.225 +0.212		22.17		
7	Clearance between gear and body	–	–		0.5		Replace gear or body
8	Regulator valve spring (when testing)	Standard size			Repair limit		Replace
		Free length	Installed length	Installed load	Free length	Installed load	
		63.50	45.2	38.6 ± 1.1kg			
9	End play of drive shaft	Limit: 0.04 – 0.09					
10	Tightening torque of cover mounting bolts						–

COOLING SYSTEM

WATER PUMP AND IDLER PULLEY (NTA-855-C)



6710F043

Unit: mm

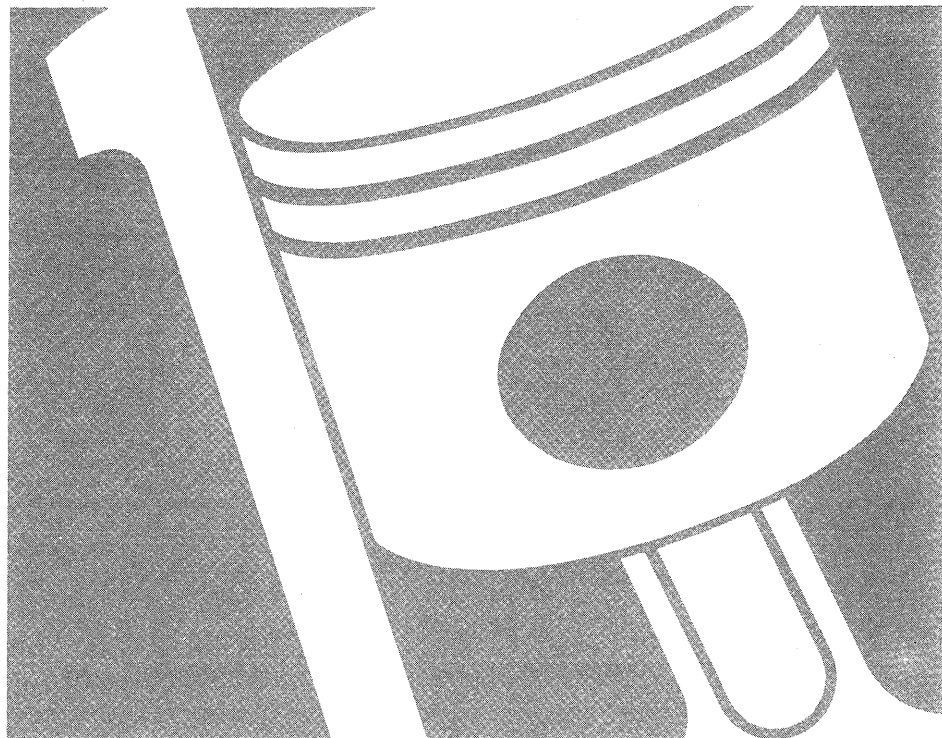
No.	Check item	Criteria				Remedy	
		Standard size	Tolerance		Standard interference		Interference limit
	Shaft		Hole				
1	Interference between pump shaft and impeller	15.9	+0.018 +0.008	-0.025 -0.048	0.033 – 0.066	0.025	Replace
2	Interference between pump shaft and pulley	30.0	+0.008 -0.003	-0.033 -0.061	0.030 – 0.069	0.025	
3	Tightening torque of idler pulley	4.15 ± 0.15 kgm				Retighten	

SHOP MANUAL

N-855 SERIES

Engine Serial No. 26100001 and up

15 ENGINE REPAIR AND REPLACEMENT



CONTENTS

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Replacing injector sleeves	15-009
Replacing valve guides	15-012
Replacing crosshead guides	15-013
Grinding and correcting valves	15-013
Replacing rocker lever bushings	15-013

CYLINDER BLOCK

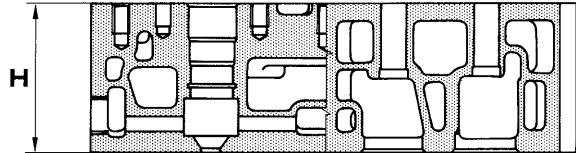
Grinding and correcting top face of cylinder block	15-014
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CYLINDER HEAD

GRINDING AND CORRECTING CYLINDER HEAD MOUNTING FACE

1. Grinding

- 1) Remove the valve seat inserts.
For details, see REPLACING VALVE SEAT INSERTS.
- 2) Remove the injector sleeves.
For details, see REPLACING INJECTOR SLEEVES.
- 3) Grind the cylinder head to remove deformation or rust. Do not exceed the repair limit of the cylinder head height **H**.
 - ★ **Repair limit of cylinder head height (H):**
110.24 mm
 - ★ **Grinding to limit for one time:**
0.10 – 0.15 mm
 - ★ **Roughness of grinding surface:** Within 6S
 - ★ **Flatness (deformation):** Within 0.05 mm
 - ★ **Grinding limit:** 0.3 mm
 - ★ **Difference in head height per unit:**
Within 0.15
- 4) Press-fit the next oversize inserts.
For details, see REPLACING VALVE SEAT INSERTS.
- 5) Press-fit injector sleeves.
For details, see REPLACING INJECTOR SLEEVES.



6710F50 I

2. Checking after grinding

- Check that the protrusion of injectors is within the standard value.
 - ★ **Protrusion of injector**
Allowed range: 1.52 – 1.78 mm

REPLACING VALVE SEAT INSERTS

Special tools

	Part Number	Part Name	Q'ty
A	795-100-4800	Valve seat puller	1
B	795-100-3003	Valve seat cutter	1
C		Push tool	1
D	795-134-1401	Caulking tool	1
D ₁	790-101-5821	Grip	1

- ★ When repairing and correcting the valve seat without replacing the valve seat insert, correct the valve seat as described in GRINDING AND CORRECTING VALVE SEATS.

1. Removing valve seat inserts

- 1) Using the grinder for valve seat puller A, make a groove in the insert as described below to facilitate the removal.
 - ★ Working air pressure: 5 – 6 kg/cm²
 - ★ When replacing the grindstone, be sure to cut off the air supply.



Before starting the grinding work, make a trial run of the grinder for a minute to confirm that it is in normal operating condition.

- After the grindstone is replaced, make a trial run of the grinder for three minutes.

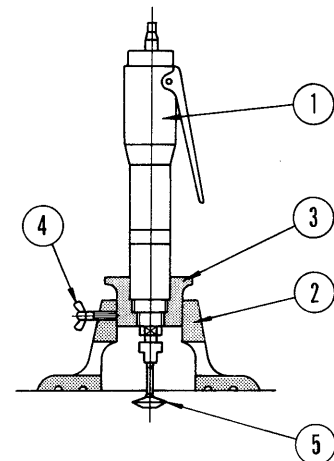


Confirm that the grindstone is not damaged, then install it to the grinder shaft securely.



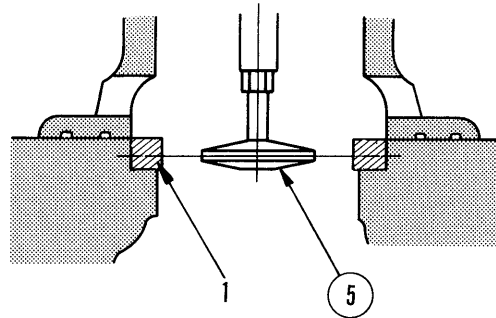
Use safety glasses when operating the grinder.

- i) Install grindstone ⑤ to grinder ①.
- ii) Align the groove on sleeve ③ with holder ② and install the sleeve and the grinder. Use set screw ④ to adjust the grinder position.



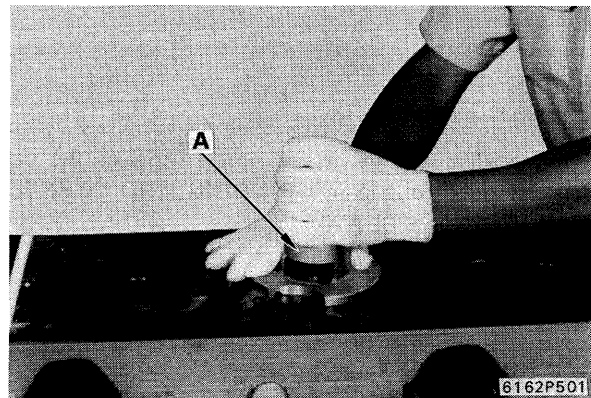
6162F504

- iii) Adjust the grinder position so that the horizontal center line of grindstone ⑤ is located at the center of valve seat insert (1), then secure the grinder by tightening the set screw.
- iv) Fully open the grinder throttle valve and slowly move the rotating grindstone towards insert (1) until it comes into contact.



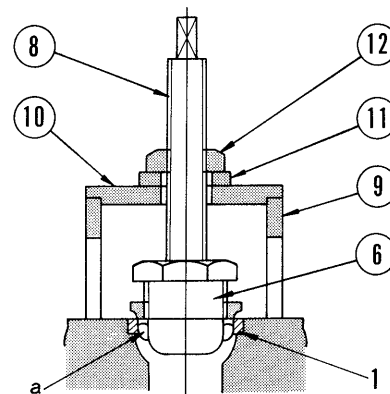
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- v) While pressing the grindstone lightly towards the inner surface of the insert, move the grindstone in a circle and make a groove in the circumference of the inner surface to a depth of about 1 mm.

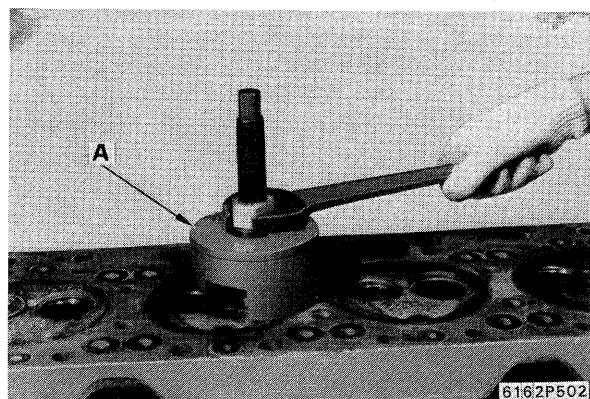


2) Using the puller head on valve seat puller A, remove the insert as follows:

- i) Press three claws (a) on puller head ⑥ inside by hand and fit the puller head into insert (1).
- ii) Tighten screw ⑧ so that the three claws will be pressed into the groove on the inside of the insert.
 - ★ Stop tightening the screw as soon as the claws fit completely into the groove. If the screw is overtightened, the insert may get damaged and it will be difficult to remove.
- iii) Place bridge ⑨ around the outside of the puller head, put plates ⑩ and ⑪ on the bridge, and tighten nut ⑫ until the insert is removed.

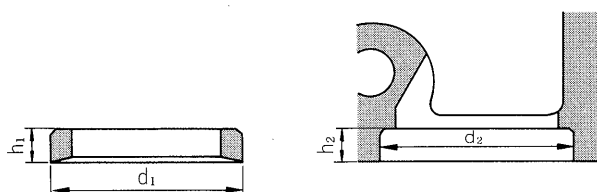


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2. Oversizing the mounting hole of the valve seat insert

- 1) Machine the hole to the next oversize by using valve seat cutter B.
- Machining sizes of the insert and the mounting hole.

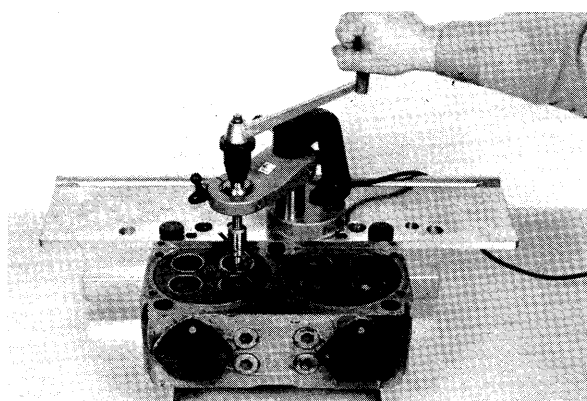


6710F502

Unit: mm

Stamp on insert	Insert		Insert mounting hole	
	O.D. (d ₁)	Height (h ₁)	I.D. (d ₂)	Depth (h ₂)
S.T.D	50.877 ± 0.125	7.1 ± 0.06	50.8 ± 0.013	7.3 ± 0.06
0.125 O.S	51.004 ± 0.125	7.1 ± 0.06	50.927 ± 0.013	7.3 ± 0.06
0.25 O.S	51.131 ± 0.125	7.1 ± 0.06	51.054 ± 0.013	7.3 ± 0.06
0.50 O.S	51.385 ± 0.125	7.225 ± 0.065	51.308 ± 0.013	7.43 ± 0.06
0.75 O.S	51.639 ± 0.125	7.355 ± 0.065	51.562 ± 0.013	7.56 ± 0.06
1.00 O.S	51.892 ± 0.125	7.48 ± 0.06	51.816 ± 0.013	7.68 ± 0.06

- ★ Roughness of the finished inner surface of the insert mounting hole: Within 6.3S
- ★ Roughness of bottom of mounting hole: Within 12.5S



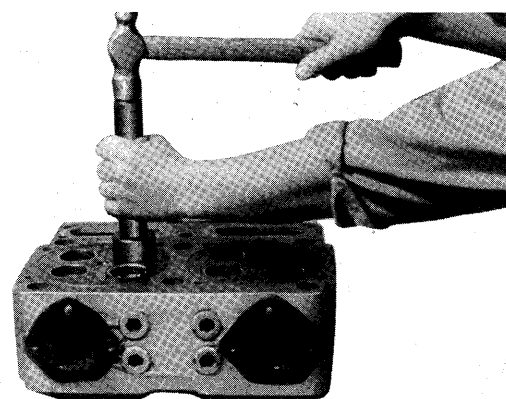
- 2) If the caulked section of the mounting hole is damaged, remove the damaged portion within an oversize allowance of 1.00 mm. If the damaged portion cannot be removed within an oversize allowance of 1.00 mm, replace the cylinder head.

3. Press-fitting the insert

Press-fit the insert by using insert push tool C.

4. Caulking around the insert

Insert caulking tool D into the valve guide hole and caulk around the insert by hitting with a hammer.



5. Finishing the seat surface

Finish the seat surface. For details, see GRINDING AND CORRECTING VALVE SEAT.

GRINDING AND CORRECTING VALVE SEAT SURFACE

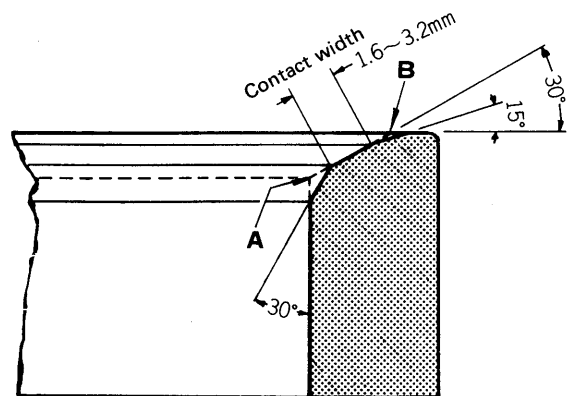
Special tool

	Part Number	Part Name	Q'ty
A	795-100-3003	Valve seat cutter	1

- When the valve seat is rough or when the insert is replaced, grind and correct the seat surface in the following manner.

- Using valve seat cutter A, finish the seat surface to the dimensions given in the drawing at right.

- ★ **Seat angle: 30°**
- ★ **Contact width: 1.6 – 3.20 mm**
- ★ **Concentricity of valve seat to the valve guide:
Within 0.05 mm**
- ★ When the contact width of the seat exceeds 3.2 mm, cut portions A and B as shown in the drawing.
If the cutting must be made as far as the chamfered portion of the insert, replace the insert.



6710F503

- Apply a coat of abrasive compound to the seat surface and grind the valve and the valve seat surface.
- Apply a coat of red lead to the seat surface and check the contact surface of the valve seat.
- Install the valve and conduct a vacuum test.

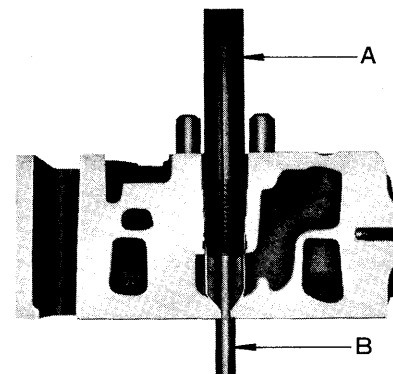
REPLACING INJECTOR SLEEVES

Special tools

	Part Number	Part Name	Q'ty
A	795-134-1510	Sleeve extractor	1
B	795-134-1520	Push bar	1
C	795-140-5260	Bead cutting tool	1
D	795-140-5520	Socket	1
E	795-140-5531	Pilot	1
F	795-134-1301	Grooving tool	1
G	795-130-5142	Sleeve driver	1
H	795-130-2501	Sleeve holding tool	1
I	795-132-2101	Sleeve expander	
J	795-140-5510	Sleeve cutter set	1
K	795-502-1121	Holder	1

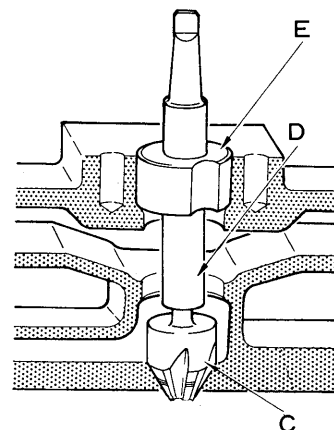
1. Extracting sleeves

- 1) Insert and screw sleeve extractor **A** into injector sleeve.
- 2) While pressing down the sleeve extractor, insert push bar **B** into the other side and hit the push bar lightly with a hammer to remove the sleeve.
- 3) Clean the sleeve seat surface to remove all foreign matter and grease.



2. Machining a bead (groove) in the sleeve seat face

- ★ If the groove in the seat face is damaged, machine the groove with the bead cutting tool.
 - 1) Install bead cutting tool **C** to a drilling machine using socket **D** and pilot **E**.
 - 2) Machine the groove using an even force while applying cutting oil.
 - 3) To achieve a better finish, keep the cutter rotating lightly for about 10 seconds after the machining.
- ★ Rotating speed of cutter: Max. 75 rpm
- ★ Cutting amount: Max. 0.25 mm

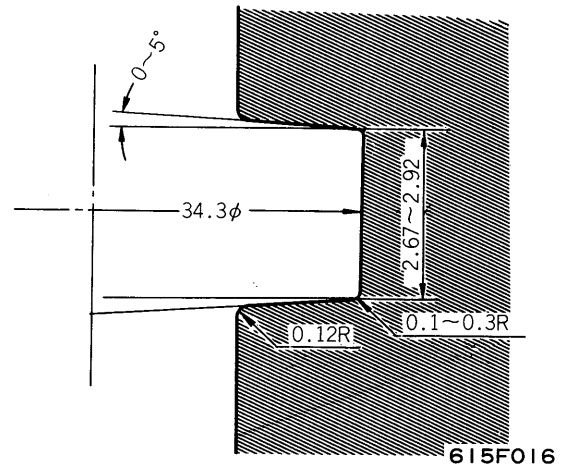


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- ★ When setting the cylinder head on the drilling machine, retain a sufficient clearance beneath the cylinder head so that the cutter tip can protrude through the workpiece.


3. Machining O-ring grooves

- 1) Using grooving tool **F**, finish the groove to the sizes shown in the drawing at right.
- 2) After grooving, clean and remove all chips and foreign matter from the injector mounting hole.

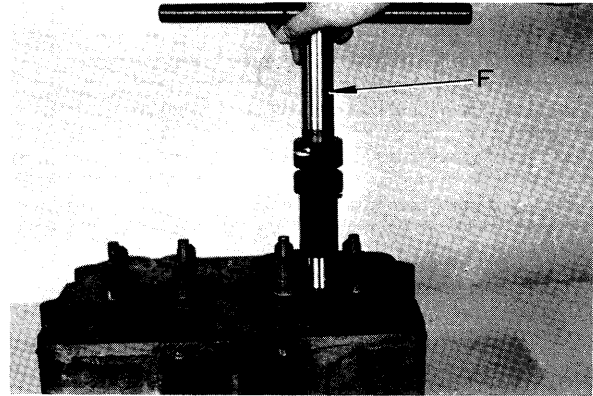


4. Press-fitting injector sleeves

- 1) Apply a coat of oil to an O-ring and fit the O-ring into the groove.
- 2) Insert sleeve into the cylinder head with sleeve driver **G**.
- 3) Set holding tool **H** in position and tighten the bolt.


 Mounting bolt: 5.2 ± 0.3 kgm

- 4) Insert a bar of the proper size (20 – 24 mm dia.) into the injector sleeve, attach it to the holding tool, and hit the bar lightly with a hammer until the sleeve seat face comes into snug contact.



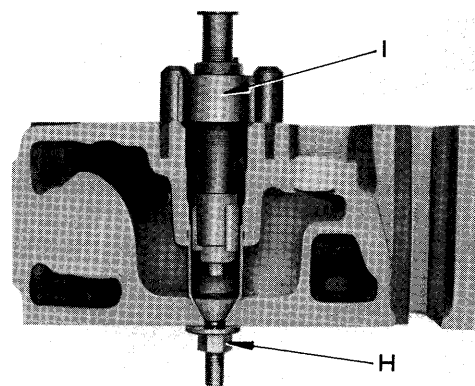
5. Caulking the upper part of injector sleeves

- 1) Set holding tool **H** to the lower part of the sleeve and tighten the bolt.

 Mounting bolt: 5.2 ± 0.3 kgm

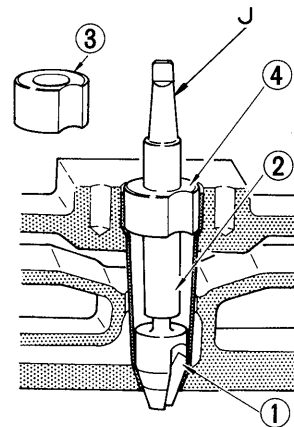
- 2) Adjust the press-fit height and the inside diameter of expander **I**.
- 3) Set the workpiece on a radial drilling machine or upright drilling machine and caulk the upper part of the sleeve.

- ★ Rotating speed: 300 – 350 rpm
- ★ Caulking force: 50 kg
- ★ Caulking time: 3 – 5 seconds



6. Cutting injector seat face

- 1) Install sleeve cutter set J on a drilling machine with sleeve cutter ① attached to socket ② and with pilot ③ or ④ as a guide.
 - 2) Cut the injector seat face using an even force while applying cutting oil to the cutter.
- ★ While cutting the injector seat face, insert an injector and measure the cup protrusion with holder K and a dial gauge.
 - ★ **Standard protrusion of injector cup:**
1.52 – 1.78 mm



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7. Checking contact and leakage of the seat surface

After the injector sleeve is replaced, confirm the contact width of the seat surface and check for water leakage.

- ★ **Standard contact width of injector seat surface:**
Min. 1.2 mm

REPLACING VALVE GUIDES

Special tools

	Part Number	Part Name	Q'ty
A	795-100-1820	Valve guide remover	1
B	795-136-5162	Valve guide driver	

1. Removing valve guides

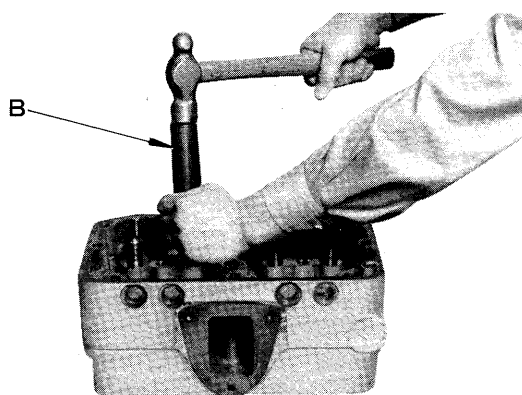
Remove the valve guide using valve guide remover **A**.

2. Press-fitting valve guides

- 1) Press-fit the valve guide until the tip of valve guide driver **B** comes into contact with the cylinder head.
- 2) Measure the protrusion of the valve guide and confirm that the protrusion is within the range of tolerance.

★ **Protrusion of valve guide**

Tolerance: 33.53 ± 0.13 mm



REPLACING CROSSHEAD GUIDES

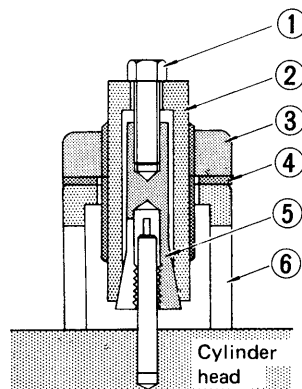
Special tools

	Part Number	Part Name	Q'ty
A	795-130-3300	Crosshead guide puller	1
B	795-140-1800	Crosshead guide driver	1

1. Removing crosshead guides

Using crosshead guide puller **A**, remove the cross-head guide.

- 1) Hold the crosshead guide with collet ⑤ on the puller as shown in the drawing.
- 2) Tighten the collet with bolt ① and lock sleeve ②.
- 3) Turn nut ③ and pull out the crosshead guide.
- 4) Remove burrs from the crosshead guide mount and clean the part.



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2. Press-fitting crosshead guides

- 1) Fit the crosshead guide to the cylinder head and set crosshead guide driver **B** in position.
- 2) Press-fit the crosshead guide until the tip of the driver comes into contact with the cylinder head.

- ★ **Protrusion of crosshead guide**
Tolerance: 47.5 ± 0.25 mm

GRINDING AND CORRECTING VALVES

Special tool

	Part Number	Part Name	Q'ty
A	(Commercially available)	Valve refacer	1

1. Grinding the seat face

Grind the seat face with valve refacer **A**.

- ★ **Valve seat angle: 30°**

2. Checking after grinding

Measure the thickness of the valve head and the contact width of the valve seat face and confirm that the measurements are within the ranges of the standard values.

- ★ **Thickness of valve head**
Repair limit: 2.67 mm
- ★ **Contact width of valve**
Standard width: 1.6 – 3.2 mm

REPLACING ROCKER LEVER BUSHING

Special tool

	Part Number	Part Name	Q'ty
A	795-130-3100	Mandrel set	1

1. Extract the bushing with the rocker lever mandrel set.
2. Remove burrs and foreign matter from the bushing hole.
3. Press-fit the bushing with the mandrel set.
 - ★ Align two oil holes.
Note, however, that the oil hole on the crosshead side is blinded for the intake valve.

Inside diameter of bushing: $28.5^{+0.139}_{+0.062}$ mm

CYLINDER BLOCK

GRINDING AND CORRECTING TOP FACE OF CYLINDER BLOCK

1. Grinding

Grind the top face of cylinder block to remove deformations and corrosion within the repair limit of cylinder block height (H).

- ★ **Repair limit of cylinder block height (H):**
482.45 mm
- ★ **Grinding limit for one time:** 0.03 – 0.08 mm
- ★ **Roughness of grind surface:** Max. 6.3 S
- ★ **Standard flatness (Deformation)**
Max. 0.05 mm

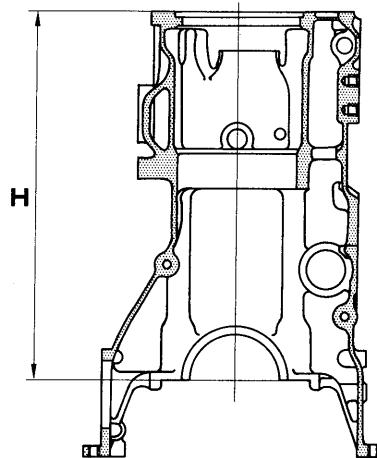
When grinding with a grindstone (Reference):

- ★ Grindstone speed: 1,650 – 1,950 m/min.
- ★ Table speed: 15 – 30 m/min.
- ★ Grinding limit for one time: 0.025 mm
- ★ Crossfeed for each grinding: 1 – 2 mm
- ★ Grindstone used: A46 1V
- ★ Grinding liquid used: Water soluble

2. Checking after grinding

Measure the protrusion of the cylinder liner. If the measurement deviates from the tolerance, correct part of the counterbore. For details, see CORRECTING CYLINDER BLOCK COUNTERBORE.

- ★ **Protrusion of cylinder liner**
Allowance: 0.08 – 0.15 mm
- Difference in protrusion between cylinders:**
Max. 0.05 mm



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CORRECTING CYLINDER LINER COUNTERBORE

Special tools

	Part Number	Part Name	Q'ty
A	795-230-4400	Counterbore tool	1
B	ST-681	Tool adapter	1

1. Grinding counterbore section

- 1) Check counterbore tool **A** to see if the following requirements are met.
 Portion **A**: 0.2 – 0.3 mm Radius
 Side face: To be flat
- 2) Install tool adapter **B** to the liner bore.
- 3) Turn socket head screw ① on the tool and tighten both the upper and lower positioning pins.
- 4) Adjust tool adjustment sleeve ② so that the cutter comes into contact with the counterbore bottom.
- 5) While pouring oil on the cutter, rotate the cutter clockwise and apply a constant pressure to machine the counterbore.

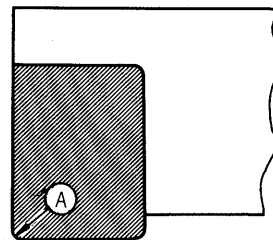
★ Depth of counterbore

When the top face is machined:

8.89 – 8.94 mm

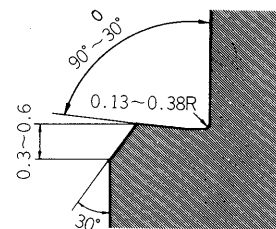
Adjustment with shims }
 Correcting roughness } Max. 10.46 mm
 and drooping }

- ★ To prevent damage to the cutter, do not rotate it counterclockwise while machining.
- 6) Chamfer the inside edge of the counterbore to a depth of 0.3 to 0.6 mm.



Portion **A**:
 0.2 – 0.3 mm Radius
 Side face:
 To be flat

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REPLACING MAIN BEARING CAPS

Special tools

	Part Number	Part Name	Q'ty
A	6600-03-3700	Reaming bar	1
B	6600-03-5290	Hand driver	1
C	6600-03-3600	Checking bar	1
D	CUST-136	Boring tool kit	1

- The main bearing cap for replacement is a semi-machined part whose inside diameter is 0.08 mm smaller and which is 0.13 mm longer.
- No. 7 main bearing cap for replacement has no dowel hole machined to mate with the cylinder block.
- ★ Do not ream the main bore more than necessary.

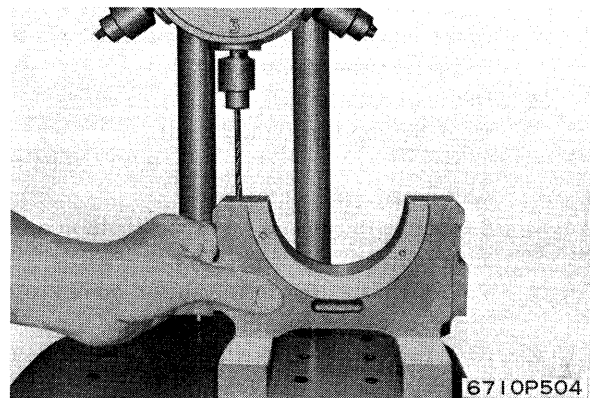
1. Modification of main bearing caps

- 1) To finish the main bearing cap to the required length, remove the same amount from both sides in each cutting and machine to within the interference allowance for the cylinder block.

★ **Interference allowance: 0.10 – 0.18 mm**

- 2) Machine a dowel hole on No. 7 main bearing cap in the following manner.
 - i) Machine the width of the bearing cap to make it level with the thrust face of the cylinder block.
 - ii) To determine the position of the dowel hole, apply a coat of red lead to the cap mounting surface on the cylinder block. Then install the cap, so that the mark of the dowel hole is made on the cap.
 - iii) Drill a 5 mm dia. hole on the cap.
 - iv) Install the cap on the cylinder block and machine the dowel hole on both the cap and the cylinder block.

Diameter of drilled hole: 7.5 mm
 Depth of hole on the block:
 12.3 – 13.1 mm
 Diameter of reamed hole: 7.92 – 7.95 mm
 Depth of hole on the block:
 9.15 – 9.90 mm
 - v) Countersink the dowel hole.
 Countersinking: 9.5 mm x 60°
 - vi) Install a dowel of 0.5 mm dia.



2. Reaming the main bore

- Install the bearing cap and tighten to the specified torque.
- Install a dowel pin on No. 7 bearing cap.

 Main bearing cap mounting bolt

kgm

Order	Target	Range
1	20	19.3 – 20.7
2	42	41.5 – 42.9
3	0	Loosen completely
4	20.2	19.3 – 20.7
5	42.2	41.5 – 42.9

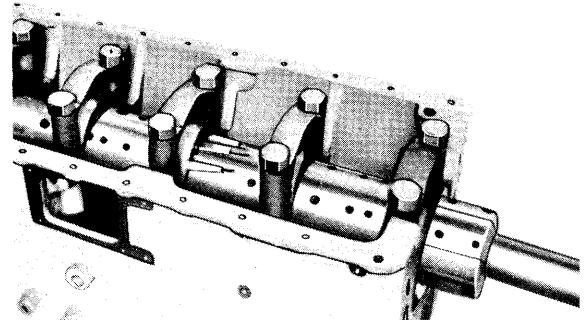
Reaming the main bore with a reaming bar

- 1) Insert reaming bar **A** into the cylinder block. Use two good cap holes behind the bar as guides.
- 2) Apply a coat of oil to the reaming cutter and the main bearing cap hole to prevent the hole from getting larger and to achieve a better finish.
- 3) Turn the reamer with hand driver **B** to finish the hole.
- ★ Ream all the main bearing cap holes.
- 4) After reaming is completed, use checking bar **C** to check for radial runout (misalignment).
- 5) Measure the inside diameter with a cylinder gauge and confirm that the measurement is within the tolerance.

★ **Inside diameter of main bearing cap hole**

Tolerance: 120.6 ^{+0.050}/_{+0.012} mm

★ **Surface roughness: Max. 3.3S**



Machining the main bore with the boring tool kit

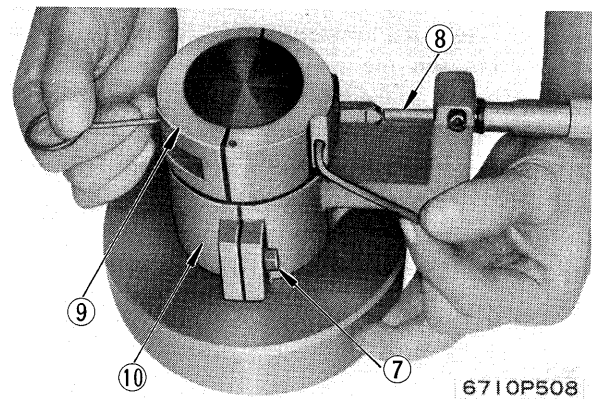
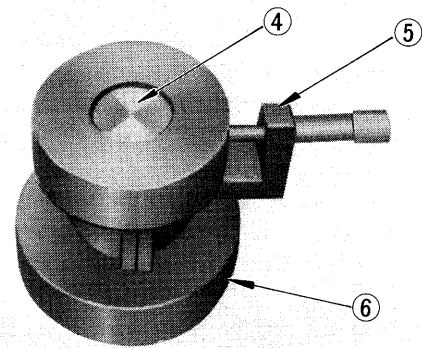
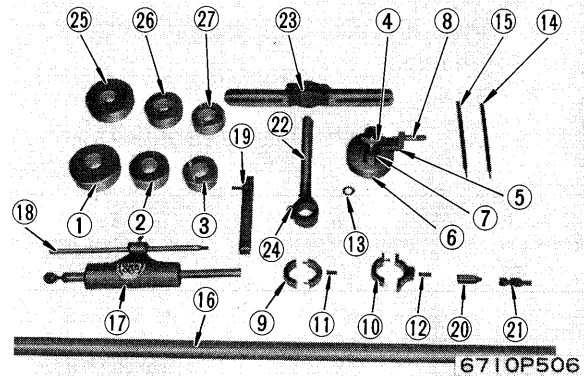
- With boring tool kit D, the radial runout (misalignment) and the inside diameter of the main bore are measured and machined.

1. Inserting center rings

- 1) Remove two of the undamaged main caps located as far apart from each other as possible.
- 2) Select center rings ①, ②, and ③ of suitable size from the tool kit, install the center rings to the places from which the two caps were removed, and install the main bearing caps and tighten to the specified torque.

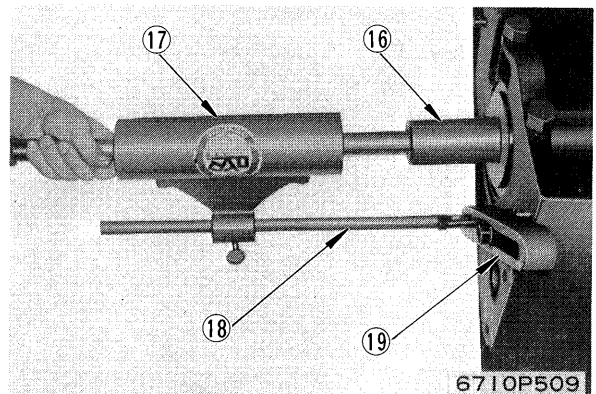
2. Setting up the cutter

- 1) Install bracket ⑤ and base ⑥ to micrometer base shaft ④.
- 2) Tighten socket head screw ⑦ until the bracket on base shaft ④ is secured.
- 3) Put the center ring on the base shaft.
- 4) Install micrometer ⑧ to the bracket and set the micrometer to the size of the center ring.
- 5) Remove the center ring and install cutter holders ⑨ and ⑩ to the base shaft.
- 6) Install cutters ⑨ and ⑩, adjust them to the size set on the micrometer by using cutter key ⑬, and tighten them with wrenches ⑭ and ⑮.

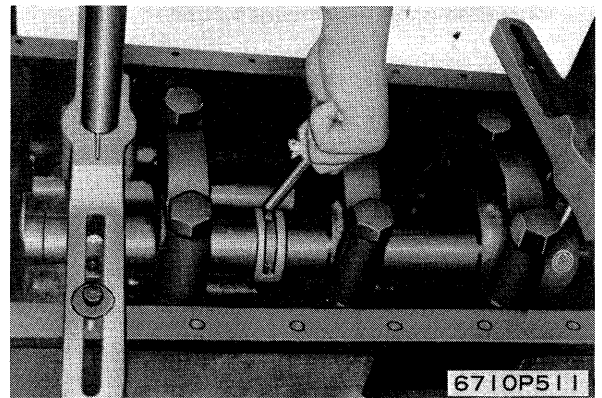
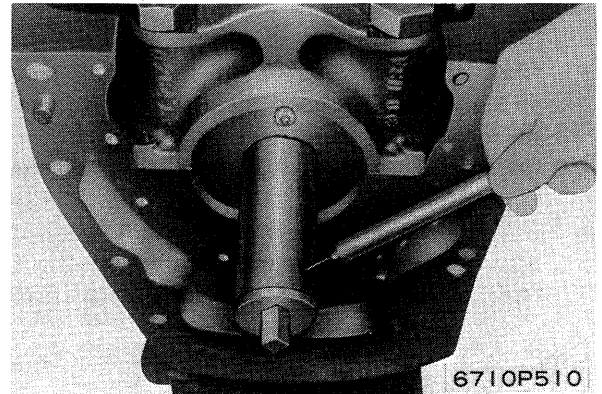


3. Installing the tool

- 1) Apply a coat of oil to the outer surface of boring bar ⑩ and slowly insert the boring bar into the main cap hole while rotating the bar.
- 2) Install feed assembly ⑪ to the end of the boring bar.
- 3) Install torsion bar ⑫ to the feed assembly and the feed assembly to the cylinder block.
- 4) Pull the knob on the feed assembly all the way and rotate it 1/4 turn.

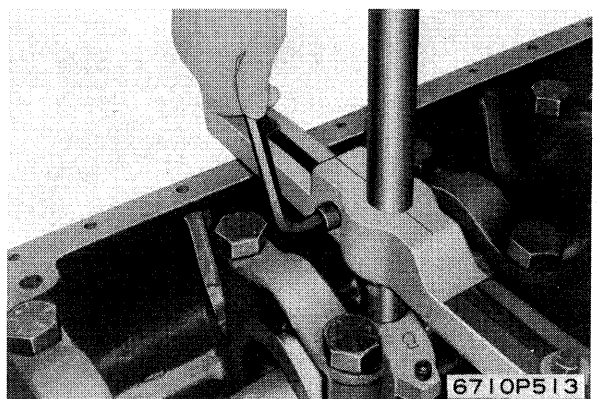
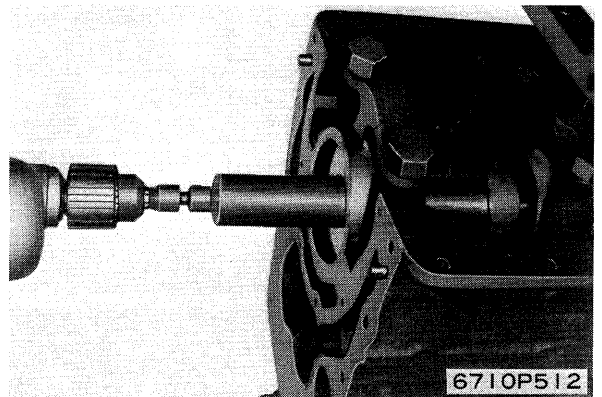


- 5) Pull the feed assembly all the way and tighten the set screw on the torsion bar.
- 6) Tighten the torsion bracket end with a bolt and secure the torsion assembly to the block.
- 7) Back off the knob on the feed assembly 1/4 turn and put it in the pin.
- 8) Install adapter ⑳ to the end of boring bar.
- 9) To make the cutting direction clockwise, install swivel joint ㉑ to the 1/2" drill chuck.
- 10) Install the tool holder (the cutter position is already set) before the main bearing cap hole to be machined with the boring bar.



4. Boring

- ★ The boring work is done by rotating the boring bar clockwise at a constant speed.
- Before machining the next main bearing cap hole,
 - a. Remove the tool holder.
 - b. Pull the knob on the feed assembly and rotate it 1/4 turn.
 - c. Push the shaft on the feed assembly all the way in, back off the knob 1/4 turn, and put it in the pin.
 - d. Install the tool holder and machine the work-piece in the same way as described above.
- ★ To prevent the occurrence of misalignment and the deformation of the block mount face of the oil pan during the machining operation, the use of the bridge included in the tools is recommended. When machining main bearing cap holes at the ends of cylinder block, be sure to use the bridge. The bridge consists of bearing bar ㉒, bore bridge ㉓, bearing bridge ㉔, anchoring bolts, and washers, assemble then as shown in the photo.



GRINDING AND CORRECTING CRANKSHAFT

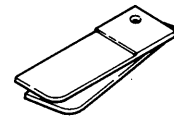
- When correcting wear, slight seizure, or damage on the crankshaft, grind the crankshaft to one of the following undersize dimensions:

Undersize dimensions: 0.25, 0.50, 0.75, 1.00 mm

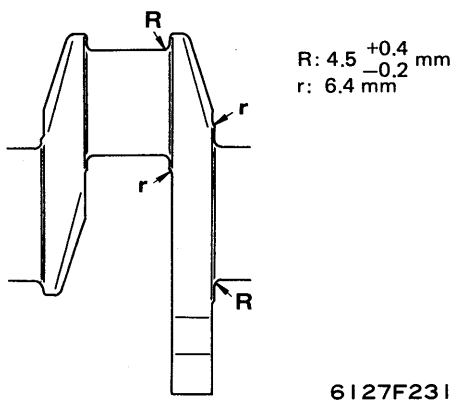
- If the crankshaft is bent or irregularly worn, it is better to replace the crankshaft than to correct it. (A lot of skill is required to correct the crankshaft.)
- Only the following damaged surfaces may be corrected by means of plating:
 - Rear seal journal section
 - Crankshaft gear mount section
- When correcting the crankshaft, pay particular attention to the finish of oil hole inlet R, fillet R, shoulder r, and zone R around the hole.
 - Finishing dimensions of fillet (corner weld)

★ Equipment and jigs required for grinding and correcting work

- Magnetic flaw detector
 - Shore hardness tester
 - Etching kit
 - Crankshaft milling machine
 - Crankshaft grinding machine
 - Roughness gauge
 - Ball gauges for measuring fillet R
- For minimum value: 8.74 ± 0.012 mm (0.35")**
For maximum value: 9.90 ± 0.012 mm (0.39")
- R gauges, as shown below, may be used in place of the ball gauges.



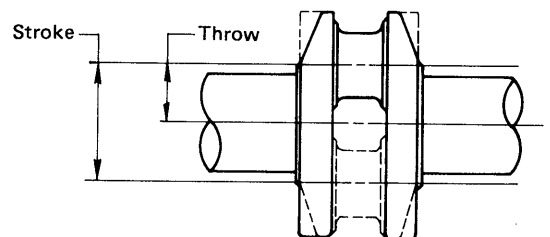
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1. Testing before grinding

- Visual check
Check the crankshaft for cracks, damage, and discoloration caused by seizure and wear, and determine whether or not it can be repaired by grinding.
- Hardness test on the journal surface
Hardness of journal surface (Shore hardness)
Allowable range: 60 – 67Hs
Repair limit: 60Hs
If the hardness is worse than the repair limit, replace the crankshaft.
- Torsion test



6127F233

Throw allowance: 76.2 ± 0.125 mm

Horizontal dislocation (Difference in throw between No. 1 cylinder and the rearmost cylinder): 0.50 mm

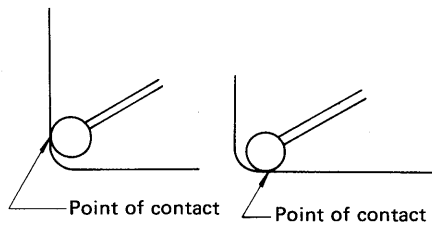
Variation of throw between cylinders:

Max. 0.20 mm

If measurements exceed the above limits, replace the crankshaft.

2. Testing during and after the correction

- 1) Checking R portion of fillet
 - i) Check that the R portion of the fillet connects smoothly with the shoulder of journal.
 - ii) Using the ball gauge for measuring fillet R, check that dimension R is between the dimension of the minimum value gauge and the dimension of the maximum value gauge.

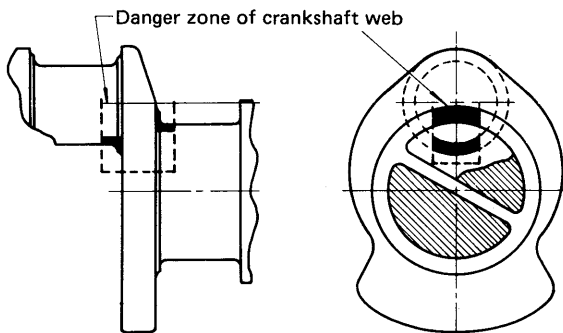


6127F234

Fillet R Min. radius: 4.37 mm
Max. radius: 4.95 mm

Undercut of journal section:
Max. 0.013 mm

- 2) Checking for traces of seizure by using etching
 - After correcting the crankshaft, carry out an etching inspection to check that there are no traces of grinding seizure.
 - If any trace of seizure is found, grind off about 0.02 mm and recorrect it to the next undersize dimension.
 - After the test, neutralize and clean the surface and apply a coat of anti-corrosion oil to the surface.
- 3) Magnetic flaw detection
 - Before using a corrected crankshaft, perform a magnetic flaw detection test to confirm that there are no cracks.
 - Use special care when checking the journal fillets which enter the danger zones of the web of the crankshaft.



6127F235

- 4) Measuring curvature (measuring alignment)
 - Measure the curvature of the crankshaft after milling and check that it is within the standard range.
 - Check the bend (alignment) at the following places:
 - i) Alignment of overall length
Allowance: Max. 0.09 mm
 - ii) Alignment of adjacent journals
Allowance: Max. 0.065 mm
 - iii) Alignment of front end
Allowance: Max. 0.025 mm
 - iv) Alignment of rear end
Allowance: Max. 0.025 mm

3. Machining main journals

- ★ Machine every main journal to the same undersize dimensions.
- ★ Allow 0.007 to 0.008 mm for finishing when milling.
- Undersize dimensions for the main journal
Unit: mm

Size	Standard size	Allowance
S.T.D	114.00	+0.300 +0.262
0.25US	113.75	+0.296 +0.271
0.50US	113.50	+0.292 +0.267
0.75US	113.25	+0.288 +0.263
1.00US	113.00	+0.284 +0.259

- Out of roundness of main journal (T.I.R.)
Tolerance: Max. 0.013 mm
- Milling conditions (reference)
Grindstone used: 19A46M
Rotating speed of grindstone:
2,000 – 2,700 m/min
Rotating speed of workpiece:
25 – 40 rpm
Feeding speed:
Outer diameter of journal (roughing):
0.3 mm/min
Outer diameter of journal (finishing):
0.04 mm/min

4. Cutting the thrust faces

- ★ It is not always necessary to cut the front and rear thrust faces to the same undersize.
- ★ When correcting the thrust faces, check that the end play of the crankshaft is within the permitted range.
(For details, see GENERAL ASSEMBLY)
- **Undersize dimensions of thrust faces**

Unit: mm

		Rear thrust face			
		S.T.D		0.250S	
Front thrust face	S.T.D	Standard size	76.2 ^{+0.076} / _{+0.025}	76.45 ^{+0.076} / _{+0.025}	
		Repair limit	76.35	76.60	
	0.250.S	Standard size	76.45 ^{+0.076} / _{+0.025}	76.70 ^{+0.076} / _{+0.025}	
		Repair limit	76.60	76.85	

- **Squareness of thrust face (T.I.R.)**
Tolerance: Max. 0.04 mm
Repair limit: 0.05 mm
- **Thickness of friction surface**
Repair limit: 0.13 mm

5. Grinding crankshaft pin journal

- ★ Grind every crankshaft pin journal to the same undersize dimensions.
- ★ Allow 0.007 to 0.008 mm for finishing when grinding.
- **Undersize dimensions of pin journal**

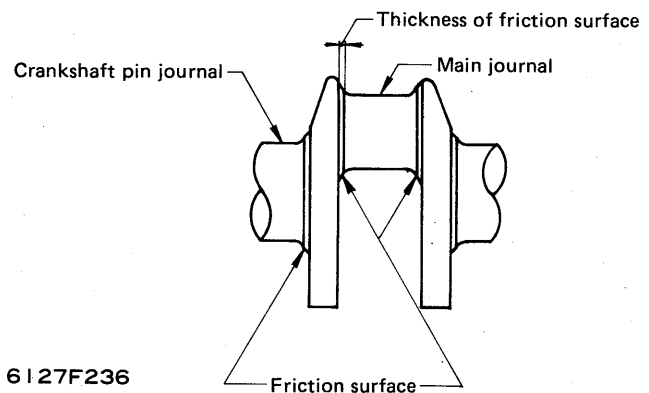
Unit: mm

Size	Standard size	Allowance
S.T.D	79.00	+0.375 +0.337
0.25US	78.75	+0.371 +0.346
0.50US	78.50	+0.367 +0.342
0.75US	78.25	+0.363 +0.338
1.00US	78.00	+0.359 +0.334

- **Out of roundness of pin journal (T.I.R.)**
Tolerance: Max. 0.013 mm
- Grinding conditions (reference)
The same conditions as in the main journal.

6. Cutting the width of the main journal and pin journal

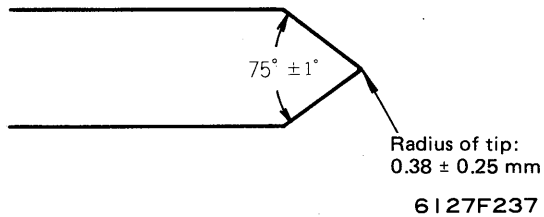
- When correcting the friction surface of the main journal and pin journal, correct them with a minimum of milling.
- **Width of crankshaft pin journal**
When cutting one side only:
Standard: 54 ^{+0.054}/_{-0.025} mm
Repair limit: 54.23 mm
When cutting both sides:
Repair limit: 54.48 mm
- **Thickness of friction surface**
Repair limit: 0.13 mm



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7. Correcting the grindstone

- Apply dressing to the grindstone after grinding each journal.
Dressing feed speed: 180 mm/min
Cutting: 0.02 mm
- Grindstone dresser
 - Angle of tip: $75^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
 - Radius of tip: 0.38 ± 0.25 mm
 - Use a tubular type with a built-in industrial diamond on the tip.



- Correct the edge of grindstone to match the fillet arc by adjusting the grindstone correcting device.
 - When checking and correcting the edge of the grindstone, first grind a piece of wood as a test while checking with a ball gauge.
- 8. Prevention of seizure when grinding**
- 1) Use the plunge method for grinding.
 - 2) Use the whole width of the grindstone when grinding.
Avoid grinding the surface of the boss, if possible.
 - 3) Apply a sufficient amount of oil to the tool when grinding.
 - 4) When the crankshaft is rotating at 50 rpm, the standard speed at the circumference of the grindstone should be 2,000 m/min.

9. Finishing the surface

- **Standard roughness of the surfaces**
Journal face, thrust face, and fillet: Max. 1.6S
Taper at tip, boss of pin, and main journal: Max. 3.2S
 - **Finishing allowance: 0.007 – 0.008 mm**
- 10. Actions after grinding**
- Check again that all dimensions are as specified.
 - Clean all parts and apply a coat of rust preventive oil to the crankshaft.
 - When storing for a long period, support at three points, or use a sling and it stand up vertically.

11. Balancing (reference)

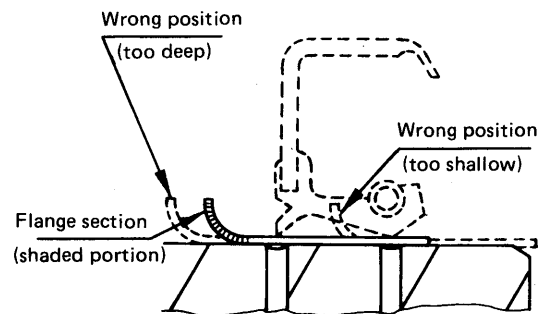
- (Do not make any repair which would affect balance of the crankshaft)
- Permissible limit of unbalance: 72 gcm
 - Requirements for obtaining accurate balance of crankshaft
Curvature of crankshaft: 0.05 mm (T.I.R.)
Rotating speed of crankshaft: Max. 325 rpm
 - Perform the balancing with the crankshaft gear mounted or with a weight (equivalent to the weight of the key on the gear) attached to the keyway.
 - The balance is adjusted either by drilling holes on the counterweight or by grinding it.
Grinding limit of counterweight: 56 g
Holes to be drilled:
 - Number of holes: Max. 5
 - Diameter of hole: Max. 19 mm
 - Depth of hole: Max. 50 mm
 - Distance between hole and side face: Min. 5 mm
 - Distance between holes: Min. 15° with respect to the center.

CORRECTING SLEEVES ON CRANKSHAFT REAR SEAL

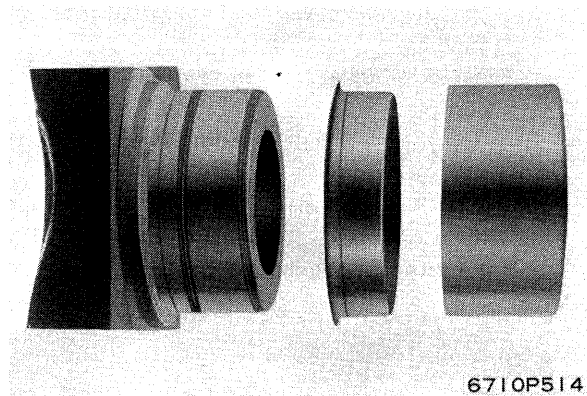
- When oil leakage occurs because of the wear of the rear seal surface of the crankshaft, the worn rear seal can be corrected by plating, by correcting the rear seal position, or by the following sleeve-fitting method.
- **Sleeve to be used for correcting the rear seal contact face (including press-fit tool)**
Part No.: 6610-29-1370

1. Press-fitting the sleeve

- 1) Clean the contact face of the crankshaft seal and remove burrs, sharp cuts, and dents from the surface.
- 2) If the seal face is worn with deep scratches, fill the scratches with a powdered metal epoxy filling agent.
★ Press-fit a sleeve before the filling agent hardens.
- 3) If the seal face is worn with shallow scratches, apply a thin coat of a non-hardening sealing agent to the circular face of the correction sleeve.
- 4) Fit a sleeve to the press-fitting tool and press-fit the sleeve by hitting the tool with a large plastic or wooden hammer until the trace of wear on the crankshaft is covered.



6710F510

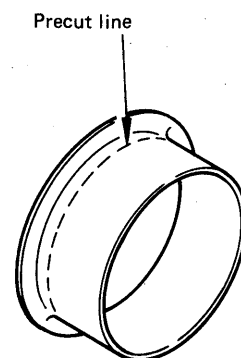


6710P514

- 5) Make a cut on the precut line of the sleeve flange with a cutter or knife and cut off the flange section by twisting with nippers.
- 6) Remove the excess amount of filling and sealing agents forced out.

2. Removing the sleeve

- When the correction sleeve is press-fit, remove the sleeve in the following way.
 - To remove the sleeve, attach a chisel having a tip radius of about 1.5 mm to the periphery of the sleeve and hit the chisel with a hammer. Repeat it at three to six different points on the periphery until the sleeve is removed.



6710F511

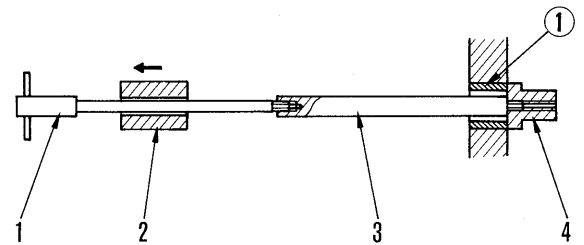
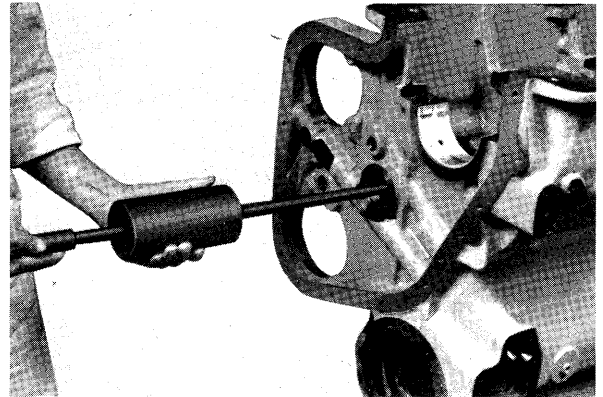
REPLACING CAMSHAFT BUSHING

Special tool

	Part Number	Part Name	Q'ty
A	795-230-3402	Bushing driver	1

1. Extracting bushing

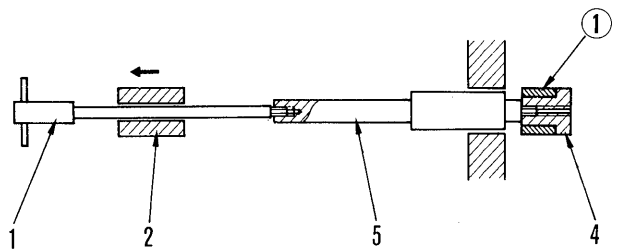
- 1) Insert handle (1) into hammer (2) and install rod (3) to the handle.
- 2) Insert rod (3) into camshaft bushing ①, insert mandrel (4) into the other side of the bushing, and screw in the mandrel to rod (3).
- 3) Slide hammer (2) on the handle and give shocks to the bushing until it is removed.
 - ★ Remove burrs from the bushing mount hole and clean the hole.



6710F512

2. Press-fitting the bushing

- 1) Insert handle (1) into hammer (2) and install guide rod (5) to the handle.
- 2) Insert guide rod (5) to a hole into which a bushing is inserted, set bushing ① on mandrel (4), and screw the mandrel into guide rod (5).
- 3) Slide hammer (2) on the handle and press-fit the bushing by giving shocks.
 - ★ Align the oil hole on bushing.
 - ★ Inside diameter of bushing: $50.8 \begin{matrix} +0.013 \\ -0.025 \end{matrix}$ mm



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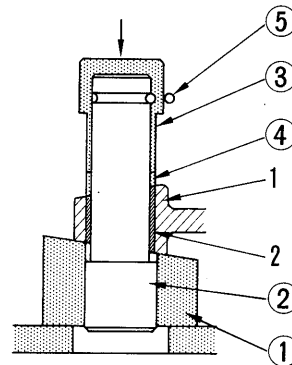
REPLACING CONNECTING ROD BUSHING

Special tool

	Part Number	Part Name	Q'ty
A	795-240-6200	Push tool	1

1. Extracting bushing

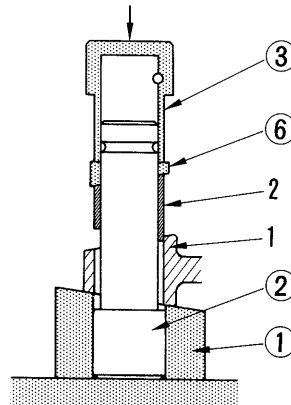
- As shown in the drawing, install block ①, mandrel ②, drivers ③ and ④, and pin ⑤ of push tool A on connecting rod (1).
- Push down the top face of driver ③ with a press and remove bushing (2).



6710F514

2. Press-fitting the bushing

- Clean and remove burrs from the bushing mount hole.
- Install new bushing (2), sleeve ⑥, block ①, mandrel ②, and driver ③ to connecting rod (1) as shown in the drawing.
 - ★ Place the connecting rod horizontally.
 - ★ Align the oil hole on the connecting rod with that on the bushing.
- Press-fit the bushing by pushing down the top face of driver ③ with a press until sleeve ⑥ comes into contact with the side face of connecting rod.
- Confirm that the oil holes are aligned with each other and remove burrs and foreign matter from the oil holes.
 - ★ Inside diameter of bushing: $50.8^{+0.038}_{+0.025}$ mm



6710F515

REPLACING CAM FOLLOWER LEVER BUSHING

Special tool

	Part Number	Part Name	Q'ty
A	795-240-2900	Block mandrel set	1

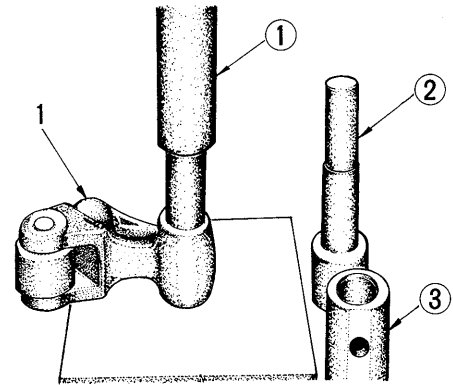
1. Extracting bushing

- 1) Assemble cam follower lever (1) and mandrel (1) in block mandrel set A and remove the bushing by pressing the mandrel with a press.

2. Press fitting bushing

- 1) Clean and remove burrs from the bushing mount hole.
- 2) Fit a new bushing and sleeve (3) to mandrel (2) for pressfitting, align the oil hole on the cam follower lever with that on the bushing, and press-fit the bushing until the sleeve comes into contact with the lever end.
- 3) Confirm that the oil holes are aligned with each other and remove burrs and foreign matter from the oil holes.

★ Inside diameter of bushing: $19^{+0.063}_{+0.037}$ mm

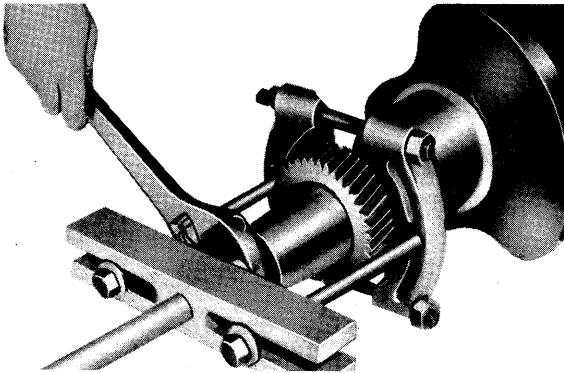


6710F516

REPLACING CRANKSHAFT GEAR

1. Removing gear

- Remove the gear either by using a gear puller or by making a cut on the gear tooth bottom with a grinder and cracking it with a chisel.



- ★ Be careful not to damage the shaft.

⚠ Use care in handling the grinder and chisel.

2. Press-fitting gear

- Check the mounting surface of the gear, keyway, and flange surface for damage. Repair with an oilstone, if damaged.
- Drive a new key into the keyway on the shaft.
- Heat the gear at the specified shrinking temperature for the given time.
 - ★ **Crankshaft gear shrink-fitting temperature:**
180 – 200°C
 - Heating time:** 30 min.
- Face the timing mark outside and press-fit the gear with a driving tool until the gear side face comes into snug contact with the shaft flange.
 - ★ Drive the gear quickly while it is hot.

REPLACING FLYWHEEL RING GEAR

⚠ Be careful not to drop the flywheel and or cause injury.

1. Removing the ring gear

- Make a cut on the gear tooth bottom with a grinder and crack it with a chisel to remove the gear.

⚠ Be careful when using the grinder and chisel.

2. Press-fitting the ring gear

- Check the ring gear mounting face for damage. If damaged, correct it with an oilstone.
- Heat the ring gear at the specified shrinking temperature for the given time.
 - ★ **Ring gear shrink-fitting temperature:**
280 – 300°C
 - Heating time:** 30 min.
- Face the tapered side of the ring gear to the flywheel side and press-fit the ring gear until the side face comes into snug contact with the flywheel.

REPLACING CAMSHAFT GEAR

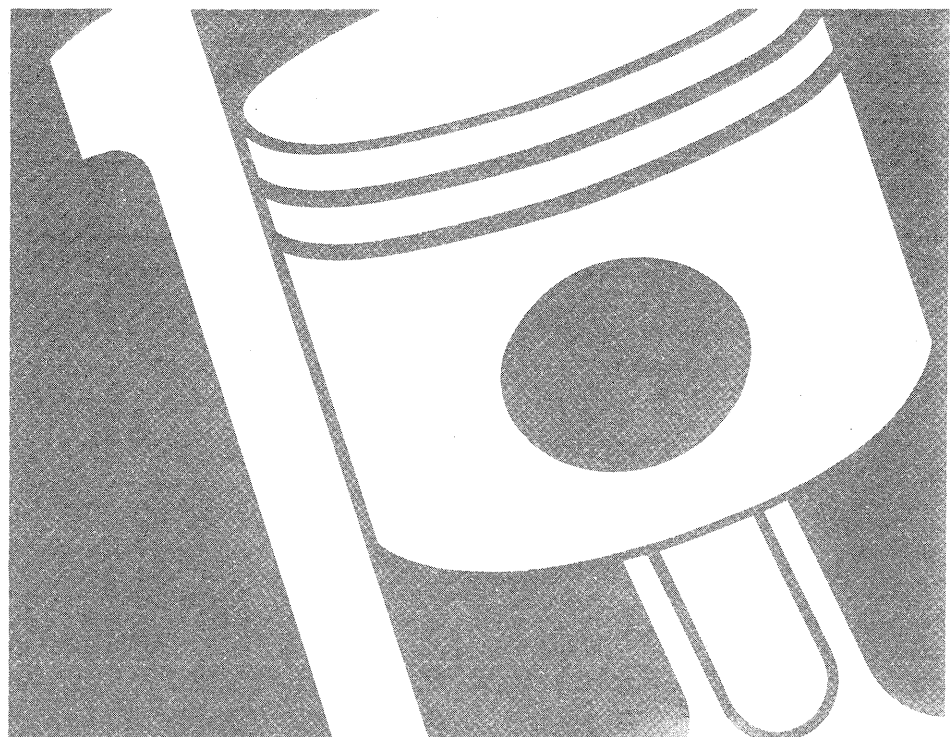
- ★ To remove the camshaft gear, follow the procedure for replacing the crankshaft gear.
- ★ **Camshaft gear shrink-fitting temperature:**
180 – 200°C
- Heating time:** 30 min.

SHOP MANUAL

N-855 SERIES

Engine Serial No. 26100001 and up

19 OTHERS



CONTENTS

Standard tightening torque	19-004
Adhesive compound	19-006

STANDARD TIGHTENING TORQUE

1. STANDARD TIGHTENING TORQUE OF BOLT AND NUT

(The bolts and nuts without specified torque values must be tightened to the specification of the standard torque value listed in the table below.)

Nominal diameter (mm)	Width across flats of bolt (mm)	Standard tightening torque ($\pm 10\%$) (kg.m)
6	10	1.35
8	13	3.2
10	17	6.7
12	19	11.5
14	22	18
16	24	28.5
18	27	39
20	30	56
22	32	76
24	36	94.5
27	41	135
30	46	175
33	50	225
36	55	280
39	60	335

- ★ Do not use nylon gaskets, seal washers or any other non-ferrous washers.
- ★ The above table shows figures when using a torque wrench.

2. TIGHTENING TORQUE OF SPLIT FLANGE CONNECTION

PRECAUTIONS WHEN TIGHTENING

- Examine split flanges, seal surfaces of flange heads and O-ring grooves to check that there is no damage or foreign material.
- Fit O-ring firmly in grooves.
- Install so that flange head is completely connected to contact face.
- Push split flange fully inside before installing.
- Tighten bolts evenly to avoid installing on a slant.
- Do not tighten beyond specified torque.

Unit: kg.m

Nominal size of piping	Size of bolt thread	Width across flats of bolt (mm)	Tightening torque (kg.m)
04, 05, 06	M 8 P 1.25	12	2.5 \pm 1
10, 12	M10 P 1.5	14	5.5 \pm 2
14, 20	M12 P 1.75	17	9.0 \pm 3.5